

SECTION I: LISTENING (2.0 pts)

PART 1: For questions 1-5, listen to a radio talk about urbanisation. Choose the correct answer A, B, C or D. You will hear the recording twice.

Question 1. What is the talk about?

- A. The world's urbanisation B. Advantages of urbanisation
C. Urban population D. Rural development

Question 2. How has the urban population changed over the past few decades?

- A. It has grown rapidly B. It has increased slightly
C. It has remained stable D. It has decreased gradually

Question 3. Which of the following is a disadvantage of urbanisation mentioned in the transcript?

- A. Better healthcare services B. Increased access to public transport
C. Higher levels of pollution D. Lower salaries in urban areas

Question 4. Which of the following is mentioned as an advantage of urbanisation?

- A. City dwellers can afford expensive houses
B. City residents have better health
C. Road conditions are improved
D. Buses and trains run more often

Question 5. What does the speaker say about the air quality in big cities?

- A. Smog and higher carbon emissions in the air are making traffic conditions worse
B. Pollution levels are being controlled
C. Air quality is improving because the number of private cars has decreased
D. City residents can develop health problems if exposed to air pollution over a long period

PART 2: Listen to a conversation between Mai and Kevin about the Go Green campaign.

Mark the letter A or B on your answer sheet to indicate whether the following statements are True or False. You will listen TWICE.

Question 6. Kevin is wearing a green T-shirt.

- A. True B. False

Question 7. The Go Green campaign promotes a lifestyle friendly to the environment.

- A. False B. True

Question 8. Green technology uses renewable resources and creates eco-friendly products.

- A. False B. True

Question 9. The schools participating in the campaign use regular cleaning products.

- A. False B. True

Question 10. Kevin is unsure how he can contribute to the Go Green campaign.

- A. True B. False

SECTION II: LANGUAGE: (2.0pts)

Question 11. Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in the following question.

- A. applicant B. challenging C. fafactory D. quality

Question 12. Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in the following question.

- A. military B. volunteer C. habitat D. medicine

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 11 to 20.

Question 13. He is on the night _____ at the hospital, which means he starts work at 10 p.m. and finishes at 6 a.m.

- A. rest B. shift C. break D. meal

Question 14. Many people move to the city seeking better _____ that they can't find in rural areas.

- A. friendships B. tips C. traditions D. opportunities

Question 15. People in small towns or villages live a happy life _____ they lack modern facilities.

- A. therefore B. despite C. although D. because of

Question 16. While it is very hard to _____ plastic completely, you can always reduce your plastic waste.

- A. give up B. rinse out C. throw away D. put away

Question 17. _____ air makes people unpleasant to breathe.

- A. Polluting B. Pollute C. Polluted D. Pollution

Question 18. The green space in this city is getting _____.

- A. smallest and smallest B. more small and small
C. small and small D. smaller and smaller

Question 19. I _____ him again since we _____ school ten years ago.

- A. hadn't met- leave B. didn't meet- left
C. haven't met- had left D. haven't met- left

Question 20. *Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word in the following question.*

The bus sytem in our city is very good and reliable. I often get around the city by bus.

- A. changeable B. can be trusted C. inconvenient D. can be seen

SECTION III: READING: (2.0 pts)

PART 1: *Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 21 to 25.*

Vietnam is a country with a rich and diverse culture, shaped by its history and the many ethnic groups that call it home. The majority of the population is made up of the Kinh people, but there are 53 other ethnic minority groups, each with their own unique traditions and customs. The Kinh people are primarily located in the (21) _____, while the minority groups are scattered throughout the mountainous regions. This diverse mix of cultures has created a fascinating tapestry of traditions, languages, and beliefs.

The Vietnamese culture is deeply rooted in family and community. Traditional families often have three or four generations living (22) _____ the same roof, with a strong emphasis on respect for elders. Confucianism has also played a significant role in shaping Vietnamese society, particularly in the traditional roles of men and women. (23) _____, in recent years, there has been a growing movement towards gender equality, with the government enacting laws to promote more equitable family relations.

Vietnamese culture is also characterized by a strong emphasis on community and living in harmony with nature. This is reflected in the traditional costumes of many ethnic groups, (24) _____ are often made from natural fibers like silk, cotton, and pineapple yarn. These materials are durable, breathable, and well-suited to the tropical climate of Vietnam.

Despite the differences between the various ethnic groups, there is a strong sense of solidarity and (25) _____ among them. This unity has been forged through centuries of shared history, including times of war and peace. The Vietnamese government is working to bridge the gap between the lowland and mountainous communities, striving to ensure that all citizens have access to the same opportunities and resources.

(Source: <https://vietnamembassy-usa.org/culture/ethnic-groups>)

Question 21. A. lowlands B. cities C. communities D. countries

Question 22. A. on B. behind C. under D. with

Question 23. A. However B. Although C. Because D. Moreover

Question 24. A. whom B. that C. who D. which

Question 25. A. cooperation B. cooperative C. cooperating D. cooperate

PART 2: Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 26 to 30.

Job interviews can be challenging, but with the right preparation, you can significantly increase your chances of success. One of the most crucial steps is to research the company thoroughly. Understanding their mission, values, and recent achievements will help you **tailor** your answers to align with their goals. This effort shows the interviewers that you are genuinely interested in the position and that you've taken the time to learn about them.

Practicing common interview questions is another essential tip. Questions like "Tell me about yourself" or "What are your strengths and weaknesses?" are often asked, and having well-prepared responses will make you feel more confident. It's also wise to prepare a few questions to ask **them** about the role or the company. This not only shows your engagement but also helps you determine if the job is the right fit for you.

Dressing appropriately and arriving early are simple yet effective ways to make a good impression. First impressions matter, so wearing professional attire and being punctual demonstrate respect for the interview process. Arriving a few minutes early also gives you time to relax and compose yourself before the interview begins. During the interview, maintain a positive and confident attitude, even if you feel nervous. They are evaluating not just your skills but also how you handle pressure and interact with others.

By following these tips, you can approach your interview with confidence and increase your chances of securing the job. Preparation and a positive mindset are key to making a strong impression.

(Reference: huzzle)

Question 26. What is the main idea of the passage?

- A. The importance of dressing appropriately
- B. Tips for increasing your chances of success in a job interview
- C. The benefits of researching the company before an interview
- D. The challenges of answering common interview questions

Question 27. The word "**tailor**" in paragraph 1 is **CLOSEST** in meaning to _____.

- A. create
- B. adjust
- C. disregard
- D. follow

Question 28. The word "**them**" in paragraph 2 refers to _____.

- A. questions
- B. interviewees
- C. interviewers
- D. responses

Question 29. According to the passage, why is it important to practice common interview questions?

- A. To make a good first impression
- B. To show off your skills
- C. To avoid any difficult questions
- D. To feel more confident during the interview

Question 30. It can be inferred from the passage that _____.

- A. Preparing for an interview can help reduce nervousness.
- B. Researching the company guarantees you will get the job.
- C. Asking questions during an interview is unnecessary.
- D. Interviews are always stressful and impossible to prepare for.

SECTION IV: WRITING (2.0 pts)

PART 1: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct arrangement of the sentences to make meaningful letter for the following question.(0,4 pt)

Question 31. a. **Emma:** Hey, Jack! I haven't seen you in ages.

b. **Emma:** That's fantastic! I need to get back to the gym, too.

c. **Jack:** Hi, Emma! Yeah, I've been busy with work, but I've also started going to the gym regularly.

A. a-c-b

B. c-a-b

C. a-b-c

D. b-c-a

Question 32:

- Second, it prevents environmental destruction by promoting sustainable practices.
- Making small changes today can lead to a more sustainable and prosperous tomorrow.
- By reducing single-use items, we conserve resources and minimise waste.
- Going green offers numerous advantages for both individuals and the planet.
- First, it helps reduce our carbon footprint, lessening the harm caused by greenhouse gases.
- Additionally, going green raises awareness about environmental issues, fostering a sense of responsibility towards the Earth.
- Finally, embracing eco-friendly habits not only benefits the environment but also promotes healthier lifestyles for ourselves and future generations.

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PART 2: *Finish each of the following sentences as instructed in such a way that it means the same as the sentence printed before it. (0.8 pt)*

Question 33. We clear more land for buildings, so we have less land for farming. (Use **Double comparatives**)

→ The _____.

Question 34. She last saw her best friend two months ago. (Use **the Present perfect**)

→ She has _____.

Combine the following simple sentence, using the words in brackets.

Question 35. The job requires vocational qualifications. It also requires work experience. (Use **not only...but also**)

→ The job _____.

Question 36. He performed his duty at work very efficiently. He was promoted after only one month. (Use **as a result**)

→ He _____.

PART 3: **Urbanization has led to an increase in the number of people living in cities. Write a paragraph (about 120-150 words) about the disadvantages of this trend. (0.8 pt)**

You should include:

- + *The strain on infrastructure and public services*
- + *Environmental impacts*
- + *Social issues*
- + *Economic challenges*

----- **THE END** -----
ĐÁP ÁN

A/ TRẮC NGHIỆM: (6,4 điểm)

Mỗi câu trả lời đúng được 0,2 đ

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SECTION IV: WRITING (2.0 pts)

PART 1: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct arrangement of the sentences to make meaningful letter for the following question. (0,4 pt)

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b. Emma: That's fantastic! I need to get back to the gym, too.

c. Jack: Hi, Emma! Yeah, I've been busy with work, but I've also started going to the gym regularly.

- A. a-c-b
- B. c-a-b
- C. a-b-c
- D. b-c-a

Question 32:

- h. Second, it prevents environmental destruction by promoting sustainable practices.
- i. Making small changes today can lead to a more sustainable and prosperous tomorrow.
- j. By reducing single-use items, we conserve resources and minimise waste.

- k. Going green offers numerous advantages for both individuals and the planet.
 l. First, it helps reduce our carbon footprint, lessening the harm caused by greenhouse gases.
 m. Additionally, going green raises awareness about environmental issues, fostering a sense of responsibility towards the Earth.
 n. Finally, embracing eco-friendly habits not only benefits the environment but also promotes healthier lifestyles for ourselves and future generations.

A. d – e – a – b – c – f – g

B. b – d – e – a – c – f – g

C. d – e – a – c – f – g – b

D. d – e – a – c – g – f – b

B/ TỰ LUẬN: (1,6 điểm)

PART 2: Finish each of the following sentences as instructed in such a way that it means the same as the sentence printed before it. (0.8 pt)

Question 33. We clear more land for buildings, so we have less land for farming. (Use **Double comparatives**)

→ The **more land we clear for buildings, the less land we have for farming.**

Question 34. She last saw her best friend two months ago. (Use **the Present perfect**)

→ She **hasn't seen her best friend for two months.**

Combine the following simple sentence, using the words in brackets.

Question 35. The job requires vocational qualifications. It also requires work experience. (Use **not only...but also**)

→ The job **requires not only vocational qualifications but also work experience.**

Question 36. He performed his duty at work very efficiently. He was promoted after only one month. (Use **as a result**).

→ He **performed his duty at work very efficiently; as a result, he was promoted after only one month.**

PART 3: Urbanization has led to an increase in the number of people living in cities. Write a paragraph (about 120-150 words) about the disadvantages of this trend. (0,8pt)

Tổng: 1 điểm	Nhận biết	Thông hiểu	Vận dụng	Vận dụng cao
Nội dung (0,2đ)	(0,05đ)	(0,1đ)	(0,15đ)	(0,2đ)
	- Trả lời ở mức tối thiểu yêu cầu của bài viết. Bài viết có câu chủ đề và các thành phần cơ bản. -Viết được 1 số ý chính nhưng có chỗ diễn đạt không rõ, bị lặp ý, không liên quan, gây khó hiểu cho người đọc.	- Trả lời được cơ bản yêu cầu của bài. Bài viết có câu chủ đề. Các thành phần cơ bản đều được phát triển, đôi khi có chỗ phát triển chưa cân xứng. - Viết được cơ bản đủ ý chính. Có một vài ý không liên quan, gây khó hiểu cho người đọc.	- Trả lời khá đầy đủ yêu cầu của bài. Bài viết có câu chủ đề. Các thành phần cơ bản được phát triển tương đối kỹ, logic và cân xứng. - Viết đủ ý chính, các ý có liên quan đến chủ đề. - Dẫn chứng phù hợp, khá thuyết	- Trả lời đầy đủ yêu cầu của bài. Bài viết có câu chủ đề. Các thành phần cơ bản được phát triển kỹ, logic, cân xứng. - Đầy đủ, các ý thống nhất, có liên quan chặt chẽ. - Dẫn chứng hay và thuyết phục.

			phục.	
Tổ chức thông tin và tính liên kết (0,2đ)	NB (0,05đ) - Thông tin bị lặp và ảnh hưởng đến diễn đạt. - Sắp xếp ý thiếu logic, thiếu tính liên kết. - Ít sử dụng hoặc sử dụng lặp các phương tiện kết nối hoặc sử dụng các phương tiện kết nối chưa chính xác.	TH (0,1đ) - Thông tin còn bị lặp. - Sắp xếp các ý có logic, có tính liên kết, mặc dù tính mạch lạc giữa các câu còn thấp hoặc máy móc. - Sử dụng các phương tiện kết nối tuy còn đơn giản nhưng đúng nghĩa.	VD (0,15đ) - Thông tin ít khi bị lặp. - Sắp xếp ý logic, mạch lạc, dễ đọc, dễ hiểu. - Sử dụng khá đa dạng và chính xác các phương tiện kết nối.	VDC (0,2đ) - Thông tin không bị lặp. - Sắp xếp ý logic, mạch lạc cao. Bài viết có tổng thể hài hòa, trôi chảy, tự nhiên. - Sử dụng đa dạng và chính xác các phương tiện kết nối.
Từ vựng (0,2đ)	NB (0,05đ) - Từ vựng liên quan đến chủ đề hạn chế, lặp hoặc không phù hợp. - Dạng từ, chính tả còn viết chưa đúng, gây hiểu lầm cho người đọc.	TH (0,1đ) - Từ vựng tạm đủ để diễn đạt thông tin liên quan đến chủ đề. Một số chỗ dùng từ chưa phù hợp hoặc viết không đúng dạng từ.	VD (0,15đ) - Từ vựng đa dạng có liên quan đến chủ đề. - Có sử dụng từ đồng/trái nghĩa, kết hợp từ, thành ngữ,... - Ít lỗi sai về chính tả.	VDC (0,2đ) - Từ vựng phong phú có liên quan đến chủ đề, diễn đạt tự nhiên. Dùng từ phù hợp, chính xác. - Sử dụng đa dạng và chính xác các phương tiện kết nối.
Ngữ pháp (0,2đ)	NB (0,05đ) - Sử dụng cấu trúc câu đơn giản. - Khá nhiều lỗi về ngữ pháp và gây khó hiểu cho người đọc.	TH (0,1đ) - Sử dụng cấu trúc câu khác nhau. - Nhiều lỗi về ngữ pháp và gây khó hiểu cho người đọc.	VD (0,15đ) - Sử dụng đa dạng các cấu trúc câu. - Còn vài lỗi về ngữ pháp nhưng người đọc vẫn có thể hiểu.	VDC (0,2đ) - Sử dụng đa dạng, linh hoạt các cấu trúc câu. - Còn vài lỗi nhỏ về ngữ pháp.

SECTION I: LISTENING (Tapescript)**PART 1**

Hello and welcome to FM radio. I'm Jenifer Ha, your host today. I'll talk about urbanisation in the global world. You probably know that in 1950, only about 30 per cent of the world's population lived in urban areas. But over the past few decades, the urban population has increased rapidly, and the rural population has decreased. Today, over 55 per cent of the world's population lives in cities. This figure is expected to reach around 70 per cent by 2050. So you can see that urbanisation is happening very quickly.

So, what are the advantages of urbanisation?

Well, urbanised areas usually have better facilities, such as good schools and modern hospitals. City residents also have access to better health and communication services, clean water and waste management facilities. When urban infrastructure is well-planned, people's quality of life is also improved. Local authorities expand roads trying to make driving easier. At the same time, they try to get more people into public transport by making bus and train services more convenient and frequent. As many city residents earn higher salaries, they can also afford to buy a nice house or a flat in the many high-rise buildings.

Now, let's talk about the disadvantages of urbanisation. When too many people live in urban areas, traffic conditions become worse and worse. As a result, public transport may not be as reliable as residents would wish. Smog, high carbon emissions, increased number of private cars and waste from the large population can all lead to higher levels of pollution. Long-term exposure to air pollution can cause a range of diseases. In addition, home prices become higher, and goods and services cost more. So cities tend to be more expensive to live in.

But what can local authorities do to solve these problems?

PART 2

Kevin: Hey, why are you both wearing green T-shirts?

Mai: Aren't they cool? We are launching the Go Green campaign this week.

Maria: We want to promote a green lifestyle in our entire neighbourhood.

Kevin: A green lifestyle? You mean a lifestyle that is friendly to the environment?

Mai: That's right. We believe that the conservation and preservation of natural resources and habitats should be part of technological and economic development. This will help to delay any dangerous climate change ...

Maria: And save our planet for future generations.

Mai: Exactly! Green technology uses renewable resources that are never depleted. It also creates eco-friendly products.

Maria: Some of the participating schools have also decided to use green cleaning products, which are safer since they do not release harmful chemicals into the environment.

Kevin: It sounds interesting, but I'm still not sure how students like me can contribute to your campaign.

Mai: You can start by simply checking for mould and mildew, and cleaning surfaces with natural products such as vinegar, lemon juice or olive oil. Find out if any hazardous chemicals are used for cleaning at your school and start campaigning for their disposal and replacement with eco-friendly products.

Maria: Chemicals can affect the air quality and cause health problems like asthma and skin rushes. You can also organise cleaning days to remove any clutter and keep airflow pathways clear in your household or school.

Kevin: Well, I can't wait to join your campaign. Are there any green T-shirts left?

TOPIC SPEAKING ENGLISH 12**V/ ORAL TEST: (2pts)****PART 1: Introduce yourself (0.4pt)**

PART 2: Present the topic (0.8 pt)

PART 3: Answer the questions (0.8pt)

Topic 1: Describe a national hero in your country.

You should say:

- Who this person is
- What they did to become a national hero
- Why they admire him/her
- And explain how they have influenced your country

Follow-up questions:

1. Who is considered the most famous national hero in your country?
2. What qualities make someone a national hero in your opinion?
3. Why do you admire this national hero?
4. What specific qualities of this person inspire you the most?
5. Do you think younger generations still respect and look up to this hero? Why or why not?
6. Do you think your country needs more modern heroes? Why or why not?

Topic 2: Describe a cultural event you have experienced.

You should say:

- What the event was
- When and where it was
- Who you were with
- And explain why it was important to you

Follow-up questions:

1. How often is this cultural event celebrated?
2. What was your favorite part of the event?
3. How did you feel during the celebration?
4. What did you learn from experiencing this cultural event?
5. Do you think cultural events like this one should be promoted internationally? Why or why not?
6. What would you say to someone from another country to encourage them to experience this event?

Topic 3: Talk about a way you try to live a greener life.

You should say:

- What it is
- How you started doing it
- How it helps the environment
- And explain how you feel about it

Follow-up questions:

1. What inspired you to start living a greener life?
2. Can you describe the specific way you are contributing to environmental protection?
3. What challenges did you face when you started this eco-friendly practice?
4. Have you encouraged others to follow this green practice as well?
5. Do you believe small actions like yours can make a big difference? Why or why not?
6. How do you feel knowing you are contributing to environmental protection?
7. Do you feel proud of your efforts to live a greener life? Why?

-----**THE END**-----