

### Exercise 1:

1. **A.** square    **B.** cathedral    **C.** post office    **D.** postman  
2. **A.** teacher    **B.** better    **C.** larger    **D.** quieter  
3. **A.** lucky money    **B.** firework    **C.** decorate    **D.** kumquat tree  
4. **A.** bay    **B.** cave    **C.** mountain    **D.** calendar  
5. **A.** talkative    **B.** funny    **C.** helpful    **D.** thin

**Exercise 2: Choose the best answer A, B, C or D.**

6. At Tet, my mom and my grandma usually \_\_\_\_\_ many traditional dishes. We love it!
- A. eat                                  B. cook                                  C. decorate                                  D. wish
7. I was surprised with the fact that pigs are \_\_\_\_\_ than dogs.
- A. good                                  B. smart                                  C. smarter                                  D. gooder
8. My friend is interested in paintings so her dad takes her to the \_\_\_\_\_ on weekends.
- A. museum                                  B. cinema                                  C. station                                  D. art gallery
9. He decided to travel the world but then he realized that nowhere is \_\_\_\_\_ than Viet Nam.
- A. beautiful                                  B. peaceful                                  C. more beautiful                                  D. noisy
10. - “”  
- Go along this street. It’s on your right.  
A. Where are we now?  
B. Excuse me, I get lost!  
C. Excuse me, where is the nearest post office?  
D. I don’t know where I am now. Can you give me your address?
11. \_\_\_\_\_ is older, your grandfather or grandmother?
- A. Which                                  B. Who                                  C. How                                  D. What
12. This is a difficult question, so only \_\_\_\_\_ students can answer it.
- A. few                                  B. any                                  C. many                                  D. a few
13. Children \_\_\_\_\_ learn another language at the age of six.
- A. should                                  B. must                                  C. mustn’t                                  D. should be
14. \_\_\_\_\_ this street and turn left in the intersection. The park is on your right.
- A. You go along                                  B. Turn right                                  C. Take                                  D. Go along
15. Our country \_\_\_\_\_ many festivals and celebrations and I really want to know about the origins of them.
- A. has                                  B. include                                  C. contain                                  D. have

16. At Tet, in the northern part of Viet Nam, people usually decorate their house with \_\_\_\_\_flowers.

- A. apricot                                      B. peach                                      C. rose                                      D. sunflower

17. Nha Trang beach is one of the beautiful\_\_\_\_\_in Viet Nam.

- A. place                                      B. area                                      C. destination                                      D. destinations

18. You should\_\_\_\_\_the door before entering others' rooms.

- A. knocks                                      B. knock                                      C. knocking                                      D. visit

19. There\_\_\_\_\_two parks and a lake in my neighbourhood.

- A. is                                      B. are                                      C. am                                      D. be

20. Ha Long Bay has thousands of big and small\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. natural                                      B. nature                                      C. island                                      D. islands **Exercise**

**3: Read the email below and choose the best answer (A, B, C or D) to fill in the blanks.** Dear An,

Let's (21)\_\_\_\_\_on Sunday afternoon at An Café on Truong Cong Giai Street. There's a park on the corner of the street. The café is next to the park. We can also go for a walk after taking our drinks. There's also a cinema opposite the café (22)\_\_\_\_\_we can see a film after we have coffee. Which one do you prefer?

To (23)\_\_\_\_\_to the café, take bus (24)\_\_\_\_\_8 to Quang Trung Street. Get off at the bus stop in front of a park. Go along the street (25)\_\_\_\_\_ you get to the traffic lights and then turn right. Take the first turning on your right. Go straight ahead – just about 500 metres and it's on your left.

Your friend, Minh

- |                |           |            |             |
|----------------|-----------|------------|-------------|
| 21. A. meeting | B. see    | C. meet    | D. go       |
| 22. A. because | B. even   | C. despite | D. so       |
| 23. A. catch   | B. get    | C. drive   | D. be       |
| 24. A. number  | B. letter | C. address | D. sign     |
| 25. A. so      | B. until  | C. but     | D. although |

**Exercise 4: Read the passage then answer the questions.**

#### DA NANG

Da Nang has a population of nearly 800,000 people. The Han River flows through the city. The city part on the east bank is newer and more spacious. The city part on the west bank is more crowded. There are five bridges across the river. The Han River Bridge is the newest one now.

The cost of living in Da Nang is the lowest in Central Viet Nam. Da Nang has many beaches. Among

them, Non Nuoc Beach is one of the most beautiful beaches in the world. But walking in the streets on a summer afternoon is not a good idea in Da Nang. There are not many trees so there are not many shadows. It is often very hot at noon.

26. What is the population of Da Nang?
27. Which part of the city is more spacious?
28. Which part of the city is more crowded?
29. Which bridge is the newest?
30. What is Non Nuoc Beach like?

**Exercise 5: Identify the mistake in each sentence.**

31. There are some apple juice and some lemonade. Which one do you prefer?
32. I would like to give my sister some advices on some dishes she should try in Da Nang city.
33. My parents always tells us to keep quiet in a public place.
34. How many bread do you want?
35. Children should to do morning exercises to stay healthy.

**Exercise 6: Complete the second sentence so that it has the similar meaning to the first one.**

36. How many times a week do you go to the library? How.....

.....

37. We have no oil left in the kitchen.

There .....

38. She has three dolls and two teddy bears in her room.

There .....

39. It is good to finish your homework after school.

You should.....

40. Living in a city is noisier than living in a countryside.

Living in a countryside .....

**HƯỚNG DẪN GIẢI**

|               |                       |                   |                  |                 |
|---------------|-----------------------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 1. D          | 2. A                  | 3. C              | 4. D             | 5. D            |
| 6. B          | 7. C                  | 8. D              | 9. C             | 10. C           |
| 11. B         | 12. D                 | 13. A             | 14. D            | 15. A           |
| 16. B         | 17. D                 | 18. B             | 19. B            | 20. D           |
| 21. C         | 22. D                 | 23. B             | 24. A            | 25. B           |
| 31. are => is | 32. advices => advice | 33. tells => tell | 34. many => much | 35. to do => do |

26. The population of Da Nang is nearly 800,000 people.

27. The city part on the east bank is more spacious.

28. The city part on the west bank is more crowded.

29. The Han River Bridge is the newest one now.
30. Non Nuoc Beach is one of the most beautiful beaches in the world.
36. often do you go to the library?
37. isn't any oil left in the kitchen.
38. are three dolls and two teddy bears in her room.
39. finish your homework after school.
40. is quieter than living in a city.

## HƯỚNG DẪN GIẢI CHI TIẾT

### 1. D

**Kiến thức:** Từ khác loại

**Giải thích:**

- A. square (n): quảng trường
- B. cathedral (n): nhà thờ lớn
- C. post office (n): bưu điện
- D. postman (n): người đưa thư

Phương án D là danh từ chỉ người, còn lại đều là danh từ chỉ địa điểm Chọn D.

### 2. A

**Kiến thức:** Từ khác loại

**Giải thích:**

- A. teacher (n): giáo viên
- B. better (adj): tốt hơn
- C. larger (adj): to hơn
- D. quieter (adj): yên tĩnh hơn

Phương án A là danh từ chỉ người, còn lại đều là tính từ ở dạng so sánh hơn Chọn A.

### 3. C

**Kiến thức:** Từ khác loại

**Giải thích:**

- A. lucky money (n): tiền mừng tuổi
- B. firework (n): pháo hoa
- C. decorate (v): trang trí
- D. kumquat tree (n): cây quất

Phương án C là động từ, còn lại đều là danh từ Chọn C.

### 4. D

**Kiến thức:** Từ khác loại

**Giải thích:**

**A.** bay (n): vịnh

**B.** cave (n): hang động

**C.** mountain (n): núi

**D.** calendar (n): lịch

Phương án D là danh từ chỉ lịch/ tờ lịch, còn lại đều là danh từ chỉ sự vật trong tự nhiên Chọn D.

**5. D**

**Kiến thức:** Từ khác loại

**Giải thích:**

**A.** talkative (adj): nói nhiều

**B.** funny (adj): hài hước, buồn cười

**C.** helpful (adj): giúp ích, có ích

**D.** thin (adj): gầy, mỏng

Phương án D là tính từ chỉ ngoại hình, còn lại đều là tính từ chỉ tính cách Chọn D.

**6. B**

**Kiến thức:** Từ vựng

**Giải thích:**

**A.** eat (v): ăn

**B.** cook (v): nấu

**C.** decorate (v): trang trí

**D.** wish (v): ước

**Tạm dịch:** Vào dịp Tết, mẹ và bà tôi thường nấu nhiều món ăn truyền thống. Chúng tôi rất thích nó!  
Chọn B.

**7. C**

**Kiến thức:** So sánh hơn

**Giải thích:**

Dấu hiệu nhận biết: “than” => câu so sánh hơn

Cấu trúc so sánh hơn với tính từ ngắn: S1 + be + adj\_er + than + S2 so sánh hơn: “smart” => “smarter”

**Tạm dịch:** Tôi rất ngạc nhiên với một sự thật là loài heo thông minh hơn loài chó. Chọn C.

**8. D**

**Kiến thức:** Từ vựng

**Giải thích:**

**A.** museum (n): bảo tàng

**B.** cinema (n): rạp chiếu phim

**C.** station (n): nhà ga

**D.** art gallery (n): phòng triển lãm nghệ thuật

**Tạm dịch:** Bạn tôi thích tranh nên bố cô ấy đưa cô ấy đến phòng tranh vào mỗi cuối tuần. Chọn D.

**9. C**

**Kiến thức:** So sánh hơn

**Giải thích:**

**A.** beautiful (adj): đẹp

**B.** peaceful (adj): yên bình

**C.** more beautiful: đẹp hơn

**D.** noisy (adj): ồn ào, âm ỉ

Dấu hiệu nhận biết: “than” => câu so sánh hơn

Cấu trúc so sánh hơn với tính từ dài: S1 + be + more + adj + than + S2 so sánh hơn: “beautiful” => “more beautiful”

**Tạm dịch:** Anh ta đã quyết định đi du lịch khắp thế giới nhưng rồi anh nhận ra rằng không đâu đẹp hơn Việt Nam.

**Chọn C.**

**10. C**

**Kiến thức:** Ngôn ngữ giao tiếp

**Giải thích:**

- “\_\_\_\_\_”

- Đi dọc theo con đường này. Nó ở phía bên phải của bạn.

**A.** Bây giờ chúng ta đang ở đâu?

**B.** Xin lỗi, tôi bị lạc!

**C.** Xin lỗi, bưu điện gần nhất ở đâu?

**D.** Tôi không biết tôi đang ở đâu. Bạn có thể cho tôi địa chỉ của bạn? Chọn C.

**11. B**

**Kiến thức:** Từ để hỏi

**Giải thích:**

**A.** Which: Cái nào

**B.** Who: Ai

**C.** How: Như thế nào

**D.** What: Cái gì

**Tạm dịch:** Ai nhiều tuổi hơn, ông hay bà của bạn? Chọn B.

**12. D**

**Kiến thức:** Lượng từ

**Giải thích:**

- A. few + N đếm được dạng số nhiều: rất ít, không nhiều (ít hơn mức mong đợi)
- B. any + N đếm được dạng số nhiều/ N không đếm được: một chút (dùng trong câu phủ định, nghi vấn)
- C. many + N đếm được dạng số nhiều: nhiều
- D. a few + N đếm được dạng số nhiều: một vài (như mong đợi hoặc nhiều hơn)

**Tạm dịch:** Đây là một câu hỏi khó nên chỉ có một vài học sinh trả lời được. Chọn D.

**13. A**

**Kiến thức:** Động từ khuyết thiếu

**Giải thích:**

- A. should: nên
- B. must: phải
- C. mustn't: không được
- D. should be: nên là

**Tạm dịch:** Trẻ em nên học một ngôn ngữ khác khi sáu tuổi. Chọn A.

**14. D**

**Kiến thức:** Từ vựng

**Giải thích:**

- A. You go along: Bạn đi dọc
- B. Turn right: rẽ phải
- C. Take: lấy/cầm/nắm
- D. Go along: Đi dọc

**Tạm dịch:** Đi dọc theo con phố này và rẽ trái ở giao lộ. Công viên ở phía bên phải bạn. Chọn D.

**15. A**

**Kiến thức:** Từ vựng

**Giải thích:**

- A. has (v): có
- B. include (v): bao gồm
- C. contain (v): chứa
- D. have (v): có

Thì hiện tại đơn: S + V\_(s/es)

Chủ ngữ "Our country" – danh từ số ít

**Tạm dịch:** Đất nước chúng tôi có rất nhiều lễ hội và lễ kỷ niệm và tôi thực sự muốn biết về nguồn gốc của chúng.

Chọn A.

**16. B**

**Kiến thức:** Từ vựng

**Giải thích:**

**A.** apricot (n): quả mơ

**B.** peach (n): quả đào

**C.** rose (n): hoa hồng

**D.** sunflower (n): hoa hướng dương

**Tạm dịch:** Vào dịp Tết, ở miền Bắc Việt Nam, người ta thường trang trí nhà bằng hoa đào. Chọn B.

**17. B**

**Kiến thức:** Từ vựng

**Giải thích:**

**A.** place (n): địa điểm

**B.** area (n): khu vực

**C.** destination (n): điểm đến

**D.** destinations (n): những điểm đến

=> one of + N đếm được dạng số nhiều: một trong những ...

**Tạm dịch:** Bãi biển Nha Trang là một trong những điểm đến đẹp ở Việt Nam. Chọn D.

**18. B**

**Kiến thức:** To V/ V\_ing

**Giải thích:**

**A.** knocks (V\_s): gõ

**B.** knock (v): gõ

**C.** knocking (V\_ing): gõ

**D.** visit (v): thăm

should + V\_infinite: nên làm gì

**Tạm dịch:** Bạn nên gõ cửa trước khi vào phòng của người khác. Chọn B.

**19. B**

**Kiến thức:** Động từ “be”

**Giải thích:**

There is + N đếm được dạng số ít/ N không đếm được: Có cái gì ... There are + N đếm được dạng số nhiều: Có cái gì ...

**Tạm dịch:** Có hai công viên và một cái hồ trong khu tôi sống. Chọn B.

**20. D**

**Kiến thức:** Từ vựng

**Giải thích:**

- A. natural (adj): thuộc về tự nhiên
- B. nature (n): thiên nhiên, tự nhiên
- C. island (n): hòn đảo
- D. islands (n): những hòn đảo

**Tạm dịch:** Vịnh Hạ Long có hàng nghìn hòn đảo lớn nhỏ. Chọn D.

## 21. C

**Kiến thức:** Từ vựng

**Giải thích:**

- A. meeting (V\_ing): gặp gỡ
- B. see (v): nhìn thấy, gặp
- C. meet (v): gặp gỡ, gặp mặt
- D. go (v): đi

=> Let's + V\_infinitive: Hãy làm gì

Let's (21) meet on Sunday afternoon at An Café on Truong Cong Giai Street.

**Tạm dịch:** Hãy gặp nhau vào chiều Chủ Nhật tại An Café trên đường Trương Công Giai nhé. Chọn C.

## 22. D

**Kiến thức:** Liên từ

**Giải thích:**

- A. because + S + V: bởi vì ... (chỉ nguyên nhân)
- B. even (adv): thậm chí, kể cả
- C. despite + cụm danh từ/ V\_ing: mặc dù ... (chỉ sự nhượng bộ)
- D. so + S + V: vì vậy ... (chỉ kết quả)

There's also a cinema opposite the café (22) so we can see a film after we have coffee.

**Tạm dịch:** Đối diện quán cà phê cũng có một rạp chiếu phim do đó chúng ta có thể xem phim sau khi uống cà phê.

Chọn D.

## 23. B

**Kiến thức:** Từ vựng

**Giải thích:**

- A. catch (v): bắt, tóm
- B. get (v): đạt được, có được, đến
- C. drive (v): lái
- D. be (v): thì/ là/ ở

To (23) get to the café, ...

**Tạm dịch:** Để đến quán cà phê, ... Chọn B.

**24. A**

**Kiến thức:** Từ vựng

**Giải thích:**

**A.** number (n): con số, số

**B.** letter (n): chữ cái

**C.** address (n): địa chỉ

**D.** sign (n): kí hiệu

... take bus (24) number 8 to Quang Trung Street.

**Tạm dịch:** ... bạn bắt xe buýt số 8 đến đường Quang Trung. Chọn A.

**25. B**

**Kiến thức:** Liên từ

**Giải thích:**

**A.** so + S + V: vì vậy ... (chỉ kết quả)

**B.** until + S + V: cho đến khi ...

**C.** but + S + V: nhưng ...

**D.** although + S + V: mặc dù ... (chỉ sự nhượng bộ)

Go along the street (25) until you get to the traffic lights and then turn right.

**Tạm dịch:** Đi dọc theo con phố cho đến khi bạn đến chỗ đèn giao thông và sau đó rẽ phải.

**Chọn B.**

**Dịch bài đọc:**

**Nội dung dịch:**

An thân mến,

Hãy gặp nhau vào chiều Chủ Nhật tại An Café trên đường Trương Công Giai nhé. Có một công viên ở góc phố. Quán cà phê bên cạnh công viên. Chúng ta cũng có thể đi dạo sau khi lấy đồ uống. Đối diện quán cà phê cũng có một rạp chiếu phim do đó chúng ta có thể xem phim sau khi uống cà phê. Bạn thích như nào hơn?

Để đến quán cà phê, bạn bắt xe buýt số 8 đến đường Quang Trung. Xuống xe buýt trước cửa công viên. Đi dọc theo con phố cho đến khi bạn đến chỗ đèn giao thông và sau đó rẽ phải. Ở chỗ rẽ đầu tiên bạn rẽ bên phải. Đi thẳng về phía trước - chỉ khoảng 500 mét và nó nằm phía bên trái của bạn.

Bạn của bạn, Minh

26.

**Kiến thức:** Đọc hiểu

**Giải thích:**

Dân số Đà Nẵng là bao nhiêu?

**Thông tin:** Da Nang has a population of nearly 800,000 people.

**Tạm dịch:** Đà Nẵng có dân số gần 800.000 người.

**Đáp án:** The population of Da Nang is nearly 800,000 people.  
27.

**Kiến thức:** Đọc hiểu

**Giải thích:**

Phần nào của thành phố rộng rãi hơn?

**Thông tin:** The city part on the east bank is newer and more spacious.

**Tạm dịch:** Phần thành phố ở bờ đông mới hơn và rộng hơn.

**Đáp án:** The city part on the east bank is more spacious.

28.

**Kiến thức:** Đọc hiểu

**Giải thích:**

Phần nào của thành phố đông đúc hơn?

**Thông tin:** The city part on the west bank is more crowded.

**Tạm dịch:** Phần thành phố ở bờ tây đông đúc hơn.

**Đáp án:** The city part on the west bank is more crowded.

29.

**Kiến thức:** Đọc hiểu

**Giải thích:**

Cây cầu nào là mới nhất?

**Thông tin:** The Han River Bridge is the newest one now.

**Tạm dịch:** Cầu sông Hàn là cầu mới nhất hiện nay. **Đáp án:** The Han River Bridge is the newest one now. 30.

**Kiến thức:** Đọc hiểu

**Giải thích:**

Bãi biển Non Nước như thế nào?

**Thông tin:** Among them, Non Nuoc Beach is one of the most beautiful beaches in the world.

**Tạm dịch:** Trong số đó, bãi biển Non Nước là một trong những bãi biển đẹp nhất thế giới.

**Đáp án:** Non Nuoc Beach is one of the most beautiful beaches in the world.

**Dịch bài đọc:**

## ĐÀ NẴNG

Đà Nẵng có dân số gần 800.000 người. Dòng sông Hàn chảy qua thành phố. Phần thành phố ở bờ đông mới hơn và rộng hơn. Phần thành phố ở bờ tây đông đúc hơn. Có năm cây cầu bắc qua sông. Cầu sông

Hàn là cầu mới nhất hiện nay.

Chi phí sinh hoạt tại Đà Nẵng thấp nhất miền Trung Việt Nam. Đà Nẵng có nhiều bãi biển. Trong số đó, bãi biển Non Nước là một trong những bãi biển đẹp nhất thế giới. Nhưng dạo phố vào một buổi trưa hè không phải là ý kiến hay ở Đà Nẵng. Không có nhiều cây nên không có nhiều bóng râm. Trời thường rất nóng vào buổi trưa.

31.

**Kiến thức:** Cấu trúc với “there + be”

**Giải thích:**

There is + N đếm được dạng số ít/ N không đếm được There are + N đếm được dạng số nhiều

Sửa: are => is

**Tạm dịch:** Có một ít nước táo và một ít nước chanh. Bạn thích cái nào hơn?

**Đáp án:** are

32.

**Kiến thức:** Danh từ

**Giải thích:**

“advice”: lời khuyên => là danh từ không đếm được Sửa: advices => advice

**Tạm dịch:** Tôi muốn đưa cho chị tôi một vài lời khuyên về một số món ăn mà chị ấy nên thử ở Đà Nẵng.

**Đáp án:** advices

33.

**Kiến thức:** Sự hoà hợp giữa chủ ngữ và động từ

**Giải thích:**

Dấu hiệu nhận biết: “always” => chia thì hiện tại đơn Thì hiện tại đơn: S + V\_(s/es)

Chủ ngữ “My parents”: Bố mẹ của tôi => chủ ngữ số nhiều Sửa: tells => tell

**Tạm dịch:** Bố mẹ tôi luôn dặn chúng tôi phải giữ im lặng khi ở nơi công cộng.

**Đáp án:** tells

34.

**Kiến thức:** Lượng từ

**Giải thích:**

How many + N đếm được dạng số nhiều: Bao nhiêu How much + N không đếm được: Bao nhiêu

“bread”: bánh mì => danh từ không đếm được

Sửa: many => much

**Tạm dịch:** Cậu muốn bao nhiêu bánh mì?

**Đáp án:** many

35.

**Kiến thức:** To V/ V\_ing

**Giải thích:**

should + V\_infinite: nên làm gì Sửa: to do => do

**Tạm dịch:** Trẻ em nên tập thể dục buổi sáng để khỏe mạnh.

**Đáp án:** to do

36.

**Kiến thức:** Cấu trúc viết lại câu

**Giải thích:**

How many times a week: Bao nhiêu lần 1 tuần = How often

**Tạm dịch:** Bạn đến thư viện bao nhiêu lần một tuần?

= Bạn đến thư viện thường xuyên như thế nào?

**Đáp án:** often do you go to the library?

37.

**Kiến thức:** Cấu trúc viết lại câu

**Giải thích:**

Cấu trúc: S + have/ has + no + \_\_\_\_\_ + in + địa điểm: Ai đó không có cái gì ở đâu

= There + be + not + \_\_\_\_\_ + in + địa điểm: Không có cái gì ở đâu

**Tạm dịch:** Chúng tôi không còn dầu trong nhà bếp.

= Không có chút dầu nào trong nhà bếp. **Đáp án:** isn't any oil left in the kitchen. 38.

**Kiến thức:** Cấu trúc viết lại câu

**Giải thích:**

Cấu trúc: S + have/ has + \_\_\_\_\_ + in + địa điểm: Ai đó có cái gì ở đâu

= There + be + \_\_\_\_\_ + in + địa điểm: Có cái gì ở đâu

**Tạm dịch:** Cô ấy có ba con búp bê và hai con gấu bông trong phòng của mình.

= Có ba con búp bê và hai con gấu bông trong phòng của cô ấy.

**Đáp án:** are three dolls and two teddy bears in her room.

39.

**Kiến thức:** Cấu trúc viết lại câu

**Giải thích:**

Cấu trúc: It + be + adj + to V\_infinite: Thật là làm sao khi làm gì S + should + V\_infinite: Ai đó nên làm gì

**Tạm dịch:** Sẽ rất tốt nếu bạn hoàn thành bài tập về nhà sau giờ học.

= Bạn nên hoàn thành bài tập về nhà sau giờ học.

**Đáp án:** finish your homework after school.

40.

**Kiến thức:** So sánh hơn

**Giải thích:**

So sánh hơn với tính từ ngắn: S1 + be + adj\_er + than + S2 noisy (adj): ồn ào >< quiet (adj): yên tĩnh

**Tạm dịch:** Sống ở thành phố ồn ào hơn sống ở nông thôn.

= Sống ở nông thôn yên tĩnh hơn sống ở thành phố.

**Đáp án:** is quieter than living in a city.

**ĐỀ 2**

**ĐỀ ÔN TẬP CUỐI HỌC KỲ I NĂM HỌC 2025-2026**

**MÔN: TIẾNG ANH 6**

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.*

**Question 1.** A. cosy

B. sky

C. balcony D. laundry

**Question 2.** A. mystery

B. fantasy

C. music D. sign

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in position of primary stress in each of the following questions.*

**Question 3.** A. parade

B. special

C. sometimes D. candy

**Question 4.** A. restaurant

B. delicious

C. hamburger D. customer

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.*

**Question 5.** Before Tết, Vietnamese people usually decorate their houses \_\_\_\_\_ peach trees or apricot trees.

A. for

B. by

C. with

D. on

**Question 6.** I often eat \_\_\_\_\_ apple after lunch.

A. a

B. some

C. any

D. an

**Question 7.** What is \_\_\_\_\_ region in Viet Nam?

A. the driest

B. most dry

C. the most dry

D. drier

**Question 8.** Ninh Binh is cheaper but I think Da Nang is \_\_\_\_\_ interesting.

A. the most

B. the more

C. more

D. most

**Question 9.** Lucy: "What would you like to eat now?" - Alex: "\_\_\_\_\_"

A. Noodles, please

B. No, thanks

C. Yes, please

D. Milk, please

**Question 10.** It is raining heavily outside, so you ..... go out for dinner.

A. aren't

B. should

C. shouldn't

D. must

**Question 11.** I need some tea. Please give me a ..... of tea.

A. cup

B. bar

C. tube

D. bunch

**Question 12.** A: Excuse me, where is the supermarket? - B: Well, you go along this street and take the first \_\_\_\_\_ on the right.

A. direction

B. walk

C. turning

D. corner

*Read the following announcement and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 13 to 16.*

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The (14) \_\_\_\_\_ people of Vietnam, the great and cheap food, together with the variety of landscapes, make it one of our favourite destinations (15) \_\_\_\_\_ the world. And you, have you been to Vietnam yet? We hope you find our tips helpful and don't forget to download the travel guide.

Visit us at [nomadsrtw.com](http://nomadsrtw.com) for (16) \_\_\_\_\_ useful travel tips.

- Question 13.** A. should                      B. must                      C. can    D. have to  
**Question 14.** A. friendlier                  B. friendly                  C. friend                      D. unfriendly  
**Question 15.** A. on                              B. in                              C. of                              D. at  
**Question 16.** A. most                              B. much                              C. few                              D. more

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 17 to 18.*

**Question 17.** Put the sentences (a-d) in the correct order to make a logical text.

Hue is the oldest city in Central Vietnam. ....

- a. If you visit Hue, you should take a trip on Huong River in the evening.
- b. It has the most famous river in Central Vietnam - Huong River.
- c. Moreover, you can find a lot of temples, museums, and galleries.

A. b - a - c                              B. a - b - c                              C. c - b - a                              D. b - c - a

**Question 18.** Choose the sentence that can end the text (in Question 17) most appropriately.

- A. This area is known for its delicious seafood.
- B. Visiting Hue is a great experience.
- C. The city is not very popular with tourists.
- D. Hue is a big city in my country.

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 19 to 24.*

Tet holiday is the (19) \_\_\_\_\_ celebration in Vietnam because it is an occasion for (20) \_\_\_\_\_, for human love and for better hope. People seem to forget the hatred, (21) \_\_\_\_\_ and then try to be nice to others. Everyone is eager to take part (22) \_\_\_\_\_ many special activities, which are expected to bring good luck (23) \_\_\_\_\_ success in the New Year. Tet is also the time for us (24) \_\_\_\_\_ and enjoy our special foods, warm atmosphere after a hard-working year.

- Question 19.** A. more important    B. importanter                      C. most important                      D. importantest  
**Question 20.** A. family reunion    B. atmosphere                      C. first footer                      D. dinner  
**Question 21.** A. lucky                              B. best friend                      C. party                              D. bad luck  
**Question 22.** A. at                                      B. in                                      C. on                                      D. of  
**Question 23.** A. but                                      B. because                              C. and                                      D. or  
**Question 24.** A. to relaxing                      B. to relaxed                              C. to relax                              D. relaxing

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to the original sentence in each of the following questions. **Question 25.** No one in my class is taller than Peter.

- A. Peter is tallest student in my class.
- B. Peter is shorter than me in my class.
- C. Peter is the tallest student in my class.
- D. Peter is the shortest student in my class.

**Question 26.** Cheating in the exam is forbidden.

- A. You should cheat in the exam.
- B. You musn't cheat in the exam.

- C. You can cheat in the exam.
- D. You don't have to cheat in the exam.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is made from the given cues in each of the following questions.

**Question 27.** This/ big/ house/ ever/ see.

- A. This is a bigger house than I have ever seen.
- B. This is the most biggest house I have ever seen.
- C. This is the biggest house I have ever seen.
- D. This is a biggest house I have ever seen.

**Question 28.** Weather/ today/ good/ it/ yesterday.

- A. The weather today is gooder than it was yesterday.
- B. The weather today is better than it was yesterday.
- C. The weather today is the best than it was yesterday.
- D. The weather today is not good than it was yesterday.

Read the following signs or notices and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions

**Question 29.** What does the sign say?



- A. You shouldn't smoke here.
- B. You must smoke here.
- C. You mustn't smoke here.
- D. Smoking is useful here.

**Question 30.** What does the notice say?



- A. The City Zoo is closed on Mondays.
- B. The City Zoo is open on weekends only.
- C. Children can visit the City Zoo without their parents.
- D. The City Zoo is open until late night.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 31 to 36.

A new shopping mall is opening in my neighbourhood today. It is very different from the present shopping area. All the shops are under one roof. That will be very **convenient**, especially during the hot and humid summer months. Customers will shop in comfort and won't notice the weather.

Some people in the neighbourhood, however, are not happy about the changes. The owners of the small stores on Paddington Street think the mall will take their business. Some of the goods in the new stores will be the same as the ones in the small shops, but the stores in the mall will offer a wider **selection** of products, some at cheaper prices.

The residents and store owners have been concerned about the new mall for a few months. **They** have organised a community meeting in order to discuss the situation.

**Question 31.** What is the passage mainly about?

- A. People are happy about the new shopping mall.
- B. A new shopping mall that may change the neighbourhood.
- C. A new place for shopping that people can go to every weekend.
- D. Why people love going shopping.

**Question 32.** The word '**convenient**' in paragraph 1 is OPPOSITE in meaning to \_\_\_\_.

- A. uncomfortable
- B. conveniently
- C. inconvenient
- D. important

Why are store owners on Paddington Street not happy about the new shopping mall?

- A. Because they prefer traditional markets.
- B. Because they are working at the old shopping mall.
- C. Because they are afraid that the mall will take their business.
- D. Because they can no longer sell products at higher prices.

**Question 34.** The word '**selection**' in paragraph 2 is CLOSEST in meaning to A. choice B. price

C. quality D. brand **Question 35.** What is NOT an advantage of the new shopping mall?

- A. Customers don't have to notice the weather while shopping in the mall.
- B. There are more kinds of products to choose from in the new shopping mall.
- C. Customers can shop online on the mall's website.
- D. Some of the goods in the new stores will be cheaper than the ones in the small shops.

**Question 36.** The word '**They**' in paragraph 3 refers to \_\_\_\_.

- A. residents
- C. stores owners
- D. residents and store owners
- B. products

*Four phrases/ sentences have been removed from the text below. For each question, write the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct option that fits each of the numbered blanks from 37 to 40.*

Hello everybody. Let me tell you about what we can do here in Phong Nha, Ke Bang today.

(37) \_\_\_\_ We will take a walk in the jungle of the Botanic Garden. It is a beautiful place (38) \_\_\_\_\_. After a hard day's exploring, we will return to our Farmstay. (39)

\_\_\_\_\_ We can also have live music that starts at sunset. Then let's go to the restaurant (40) \_\_\_\_\_. I'm sure we will have a great time here.

- A. with many plants and flowers
- B. First, we will explore Phong Nha cave by boat.
- C. It's time for us to relax with a cold beer or cocktail.
- D. for a delicious dinner with outdoor music or movies

**Question 37.** \_\_\_\_ **Question 38.** \_\_\_\_ **Question 39.** \_\_\_\_ **Question 40.** \_\_\_\_

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

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**Question 2.** A. mystery B. fantasy C. music D. sign

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A. the driest B. most dry C. the most dry D. drier

**Question 8.** Ninh Binh is cheaper but I think Da Nang is \_\_\_\_\_ interesting.

A. the most B. the more C. more D. most

**Question 9.** Lucy: "What would you like to eat now?" - Alex: " \_\_\_\_\_ "

A. Noodles, please B. No, thanks C. Yes, please D. Milk, please

**Question 10.** It is raining heavily outside, so you ..... go out for dinner.

A. aren't B. should C. shouldn't D. must

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A. cup B. bar C. tube D. bunch

**Question 12.** A: Excuse me, where is the supermarket? - B: Well, you go along this street and take the first \_\_\_\_\_ on the right.

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|  |                                                                                                                          |
|--|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  | <p>A. You shouldn't smoke here. B. You must smoke here.</p> <p>C. You mustn't smoke here. D. Smoking is useful here.</p> |
|--|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

**Question 30.** What does the notice say?

|  |                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|--|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  | <p>A. The City Zoo is closed on Mondays.</p> <p>B. The City Zoo is open on weekends only. C. Children can visit the City Zoo without their parents.</p> <p>D. The City Zoo is open until late night.</p> |
|--|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

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**Question 32.** The word ‘convenient’ in paragraph 1 is OPPOSITE in meaning to .

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**Question 33.** Why are store owners on Paddington Street not happy about the new shopping mall?

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- B. Because they are working at the old shopping mall.
- C. Because they are afraid that the mall will take their business.
- D. Because they can no longer sell products at higher prices.

**Question 34.** The word ‘selection’ in paragraph 2 is CLOSEST in meaning to

- A. choice
- B. price
- C. quality
- D. brand

**Question 35.** What is NOT an advantage of the new shopping mall?

- A. Customers don’t have to notice the weather while shopping in the mall.
- B. There are more kinds of products to choose from in the new shopping mall.
- C. Customers can shop online on the mall’s website.
- D. Some of the goods in the new stores will be cheaper than the ones in the small shops. **Question 36.**

The word ‘They’ in paragraph 3 refers to .

- A. residents
- B. products
- C. stores owners
- D. residents and store owners

*Four phrases/ sentences have been removed from the text below. For each question, write the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct option that fits each of the numbered blanks from 37 to 40.*

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\_\_\_\_\_ We can also have live music that starts at sunset. Then let’s go to the restaurant (40) \_\_\_\_\_. I’m sure we will have a great time here.

- A. with many plants and flowers
- B. First, we will explore Phong Nha cave by boat.
- C. It’s time for us to relax with a cold beer or cocktail.
- D. for a delicious dinner with outdoor music or movies

**Question 37. B**

**Question 38. A**

**Question 39. C**

**Question 40. D**

|                         |                                                  |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ĐỀ 3</b>             | <b>ĐỀ ÔN TẬP CUỐI HỌC KỲ I NĂM HỌC 2025-2026</b> |
| <b>MÔN: TIẾNG ANH 6</b> |                                                  |

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose*

*underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.*

**Question 1.** A. teachers B. windows C. houses D. galleries

**Question 2.** A. winter B. kitchen C. picnic D. ice

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in position of primary stress in each of the following questions.*

**Question 3.** A. music B. outdoor C. novel D. correct

**Question 4.** A. friendly B. swimming C. helpful D. tonight

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.*

**Question 5.** My neighbourhood is much \_\_\_\_\_ than his

A. more peaceful B. peacefuller C. most peaceful D. peaceful

**Question 6.** My parents always say that I \_\_\_\_\_ take things without asking.

A. needn't B. mayn't C. shouldn't D. won't

**Question 7.** I don't like that city because it has \_\_\_\_\_ traffic.

A. fast B. heavy C. light D. jam

**Question 8.** I am having an important competition tomorrow, so I \_\_\_\_\_ get up early in the morning.

A. don't have to B. can't C. must D. may

**Question 9.** They often visit their \_\_\_\_\_ on Tet holiday.

A. relatives B. workers C. shops D. singers

**Question 10.** – ' \_\_\_\_\_ ' - 'First turn right, then turn left. It's on your right.'

A. I don't know any bakery near here.

B. Can you tell me the way to the nearest bakery?

C. Do you know there's a bakery near here?

D. I want to go to a bakery in your neighbourhood.

**Question 11.** There are \_\_\_\_\_ buildings in this city. There aren't enough parks for children.

A. many B. much C. a D. any

**Question 12.** Trang An in Ninh Binh is a popular tourist \_\_\_\_\_ of North Viet Nam.

A. landscape B. attraction C. beauty D. attention

*Read the following announcement and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 13 to 16.*

### Volunteers Needed – Community Clean-Up Day Attention Brooklawn

Residents!

❖ Join us as we get (13) \_\_\_\_\_ together for a few hours and spring cleaning. Clean your property, sidewalk and street, (14) \_\_\_\_\_ let's keep Brooklawn Beautiful!

❖ We are looking (15) \_\_\_\_\_ volunteers to be part of a team that will focus on \_\_\_\_\_ targeted areas throughout (16) \_\_\_\_\_ that need some loving care. Date of Community Clean-up Day to be announced.

Sign up at [brooklawn-nj.com](http://brooklawn-nj.com)

**Question 13.** A. indoors B. outdoors C. inside D. in-house

- Question 14.** A. and B. or C. so D. but  
**Question 15.** A. at B. up C. after D. for  
**Question 16.** A. town B. supermarket C. library D. museum

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 17 to 18.*

**Question 17.** Put the sentences (a-d) in the correct order to make a logical text.

My favourite holiday is a summer trip to the seaside with my family. .... a. In the afternoons, we go swimming and build sandcastles on the beach.

b. After that, we eat ice cream and watch the sunset together.

c. We stay in a small hotel near the ocean.

- A. b-a-c B. a-b-c C. c-b-a D. c-a-b

**Question 18.** Choose the sentence that can end the text (in Question 17) most appropriately.

A. The beach is always crowded with tourists.

B. We often go fishing in the early morning.

C. The seafood at the local restaurants is delicious.

D. It is a fun and relaxing time for our family.

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 19 to 24.*

I live in a small village called Northville. There are about 2000 people here. I love the village (19) \_\_\_\_\_ it is very quiet and life is slow and easy. The village is always clean; people look (20) \_\_\_\_\_ it with great care. The air is always clean, too. People are much (21) \_\_\_\_\_ here than in a city because everyone knows the others, and if someone has a problem, there are always people who can help. There are only (22) \_\_\_\_\_ things that I don't like about Northville. One thing is that we have not got many things to do in the evening; we haven't got any (23) \_\_\_\_\_ or theatres. The other thing is that people always talk about the others, and everyone knows what everyone else is doing. But I still prefer village life to life in a (24) \_\_\_\_\_.

- Question 19.** A. so B. and C. because D. but  
**Question 20.** A. after B. for C. about D. under  
**Question 21.** A. more friendlier B. friendly C. friendlier D. friendlier  
**Question 22.** A. a few B. a little C. lot of D. more  
**Question 23.** A. camping B. cinemas C. movie D. schools  
**Question 24.** A. countryside B. big city C. rural area D. city big

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to the original sentence in each of the following questions. Question 25.* Your car is expensive, but my car is even more expensive than yours. A. Your car is more expensive than my car.

B. Your car is cheaper than my car.

C. My car is cheaper than your car.

D. My car is not as expensive as yours.

**Question 26.** It's good for us to drink more water every day.

A. We have to drink less water every day.

B. We can drink more water every day.

C. We should drink more water every day.

D. We mustn't drink any water every day.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is made from the given cues in each of the following questions.

**Question 27.** There/ large playground/ neighbourhood.

- A. There is a large playground in my neighbourhood.
- B. There are a large playground in my neighbourhood.
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**Question 28.** If/ read/ much/ vocabulary/ good/ every day.

- A. If you read more, your vocabulary will get gooder every day.
- B. If you read much, your vocabulary will get best every day.
- C. If you read more, your vocabulary will get better every day.
- D. If you read more, your vocabulary will get well every day.

Read the following signs or notices and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions

**Question 29.** What does the sign say?



- A. Only vehicles which turn left have to stop.
- B. You should stop and turn left.
- C. You mustn't turn left.
- D. You can turn left at this point.

**Question 30.** What does the notice say?



- A. This parking area is for everyone.
- B. Staff must not park here.
- C. No one can park in this area.
- D. Only people who work here can park in this area.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 31 to 36.

The most important holiday in China is Lunar New Year. At this time, shops are closed. People celebrate by having parties, by paying friendly phone calls to their neighbours, and by visiting the temples or pagodas to make promises for the New Year. Children walk

through the streets, carrying **colourful** lanterns and paper figures. Fireworks are also set off to light up the sky.

The time of the New Year is also the time at which Chinese people decorate their homes. For example, the windows, which are made of thick paper, are torn down, and new ones are put up. This is also the time during which people pay their debts. Everyone tries to settle all his bills before the **beginning** of the New Year. Before New Year's Eve, people make their homes attractive by decorating them with flowers and plants, and hanging brightly-coloured decorations.

54. 55.

**Question 31.** What is the main idea of the passage?

A. paying debts

B. Pagodas in China

C. Chinese New Year

D. New Year's promises

**Question 32.** The word 'colourful' in paragraph 1 is OPPOSITE in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

A. vivid

B. lively

C. black and white D. beautiful **Question**

**33.** Which of these sentences is NOT true?

A. Fireworks are set off to light up the sky.

C. Chinese houses are made of paper.

B. Chinese people pay debts at New Year's.

D. People also decorate the windows.

**Question 34.** The word 'beginning' in paragraph 2 is CLOSEST in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

A. start

B. middle

C. end D. time **Question 35.** How can

people make their homes attractive?

A. By decorating them with flowers and plants.

B. By decorating them with brightly-coloured decorations.

C. By hanging brightly-coloured decorations outside their homes.

D. By decorating them with flowers and plants, and hanging brightly-coloured decorations.

**Question 36.** What can we infer from the passage?

A. The Chinese have only one holiday.

B. Chinese New Year is not special.

C. Chinese New Year celebration lasts seven days.

D. People don't go to church during Lunar New Year.

*Four phrases/ sentences have been removed from the text below. For each question, write the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct option that fits each of the numbered blanks from 37 to 40.*

Thai is a student. (37) \_\_\_\_\_ Last year he had a very interesting summer holiday with his friends in a mountainous area in Hoa Binh province. They went there (38) \_\_\_\_\_. It was very difficult because there was no water to drink and no shops where they could buy food. (39) \_\_\_\_\_ He stayed in the mountains for 6 weeks. It was hard work, (40) \_\_\_\_\_. He is hoping to return next year to do some more work there.

A. but he says it was his best thing he has ever done B. He is 20 years old.

C. to help make a road through a forest between two villages D. It was also very cold and wet.

**Question 37.** \_\_\_\_ **Question 38.** \_\_\_\_ **Question 39.** \_\_\_\_ **Question 40.** \_\_\_\_

## ĐÁP ÁN

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.*

**Question 1.** A. teachers

B. windows

C. houses D. galleries

**Question 2.** A. winter

B. kitchen

C. picnic D. ice

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in position of primary stress in each of the following questions.*

**Question 3.** A. music

B. outdoor

C. novel D. correct

**Question 4.** A. friendly

B. swimming

C. helpful D. tonight

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.*

**Question 5.** My neighbourhood is much \_\_\_\_\_ than his

A. more peaceful B. peacefuller C. most peaceful D. peaceful

**Question 6.** My parents always say that I \_\_\_\_\_ take things without asking.

A. needn't B. mayn't C. shouldn't D. won't

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- |                                        |             |               |               |
|----------------------------------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|
| <b>Question 19.</b> A. so              | B. and      | C. because    | D. but        |
| <b>Question 20.</b> A. after           | B. for      | C. about      | D. under      |
| <b>Question 21.</b> A. more friendlier | B. friendly | C. friendlier | D. friendlyer |
| <b>Question 22.</b> A. a few           | B. a little | C. lot of     | D. more       |
| <b>Question 23.</b> A. camping         | B. cinemas  | C. movie      | D. schools    |
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|  |                                                                                                                                                                     |
|--|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  | <p>A. Only vehicles which turn left have to stop. B. You should stop and turn left.</p> <p>C. You mustn't turn left.</p> <p>D. You can turn left at this point.</p> |
|--|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

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|  |                                                                                                                                                                                     |
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|  | <p>A. This parking area is for everyone.</p> <p>B. Staff must not park here.</p> <p>C. No one can park in this area.</p> <p>D. Only people who work here can park in this area.</p> |
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**Question 31.** What is the main idea of the passage?

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A. vivid

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**Question 33.** Which of these sentences is NOT true?

A. Fireworks are set off to light up the sky.

C. Chinese houses are made of paper.

B. Chinese people pay debts at New Year's.

D. People also decorate the windows.

**Question 34.** The word 'beginning' in paragraph 2 is CLOSEST in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

A. start

B. middle

C. end D. time

**Question 35.** How can people make their homes attractive?

- A. By decorating them with flowers and plants.
- B. By decorating them with brightly-coloured decorations.
- C. By hanging brightly-coloured decorations outside their homes.
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- C. Chinese New Year celebration lasts seven days.
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Thai is a student. (37) \_\_\_\_\_ Last year he had a very interesting summer holiday with his friends in a mountainous area in Hoa Binh province. They went there (38) \_\_\_\_\_. It was very difficult because there was no water to drink and no shops where they could buy food. (39) \_\_\_\_\_ He stayed in the mountains for 6 weeks. It was hard work, (40) \_\_\_\_\_. He is hoping to return next year to do some more work there.

- A. but he says it was his best thing he has ever done
- B. He is 20 years old.
- C. to help make a road through a forest between two villages
- D. It was also very cold and wet.

**Question 37. B**

**Question 38. C**

**Question 39. D**

**Question 40. A**

**ĐỀ 4**

**ĐỀ ÔN TẬP CUỐI HỌC KỲ I NĂM HỌC 2025-2026**

**MÔN: TIẾNG ANH 6**

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.*

**Question 1.** A. suncream /ɪ:/ B. meat /ɪ:/ C. bread /e/ D. clean /ɪ:/

**Question 2.** A. sugar /f/ B. ocean /f/ C. surround /s/ D. sure /f/

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in position of primary stress in each of the following questions.*

**Question 3.** A. back'yard B. 'outdoor C. in'door D. en'joy

**Question 4.** A. ex'citing B. 'neighbourhood C. ex'pensive D. fan'tastic

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each*

of the following questions.

**Question 5.** Which country is \_\_\_\_\_, Vietnam or Japan?

- A. large                      B. larger                      C. largest                      D. the largest

**Question 6.** You can buy stamps or send letters in a \_\_\_\_\_ .

- A. cinema                      B. post office                      C. hospital                      D. market

**Question 7.** The Sahara is the third largest \_\_\_\_\_ in the world.

- A. island                      B. desert                      C. valley                      D. mountain

**Question 8.** You \_\_\_\_\_ talk during the exam, it's not allowed.

- A. should                      B. shouldn't                      C. must                      D. mustn't

**Question 9.** This is a difficult question, so only \_\_\_\_\_ students can answer it.

(Đây là một câu hỏi khó, vì vậy chỉ có **một vài** học sinh có thể trả lời được nó.)

=> Loại 'A và C vì 'many' và 'much' đều mang nghĩa là 'nhiều'

=> B và D có 'a few' và 'a little' nghĩa là **một vài**

Nhưng từ 'students' có 's' là N(danh từ) đếm được số nhiều

=> Loại D vì 'a little' + N(danh từ) không đếm được

- A. many                      B. a few                      C. much                      D. a little

**Question 10.** A city house is \_\_\_\_\_ than a country house.

- A. more modern                      B. moderner                      C. more moderner                      D. modern

**Question 11.** Lan: "Let's go to Cuc Phuong National Park this Sunday." - Nga: "\_\_\_\_\_"

- A. That's a good idea.                      C. I usually go there.  
B. I know it.                      D. What can I do?

**Question 12.** Turn left \_\_\_\_\_ the traffic light and the restaurant is \_\_\_\_\_ your right.

- A. in - on                      B. at - in                      C. at - on                      D. on - in

*Read the following announcement and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 13 to 16.*

**TET FAIR 2024**

Duration: 12/01 - 04/02/2024

Location: 1st Floor - Saigon Centre

★ Get ready to welcome the Year of the Dragon. (13)                      brands release

various Tet gifts and Spring 2024 fashion collections.

★ This Friday, let's go to Saigon Centre (14) \_\_\_\_\_ buy the ideal presents for yourself, family, and business partners.

★ Whenever you spend from VND 2.5 million (15) \_\_\_\_\_ Tet Fair, don't forget to redeem (lấy lại, đổi lại) a Saigon Centre (16) \_\_\_\_\_ card.

**Question 13.** A. Much                      B. Little                      C. Many                      D. Any

**Question 14.** A. and                      B. but                      C. or                      D. so

**Question 15.** A. on                      B. in                      C. to                      D. at

**Question 16.** A. decoration    B. gift                      C. black                      D. business

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 17 to 18.*

**Question 17.** Put the sentences (a-d) in the correct order to make a logical text.

My neighbourhood is a wonderful place to live. \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. It's a great place to relax and enjoy the fresh air.
- b. There is a park with a playground and basketball court.
- c. There are also many shops and restaurants nearby.

A. b-c-a                      B. c-b-a                      C. a-c-b                      D. b-a-c

**Question 18.** Choose the sentence that can end the text (in *Question 17*) most appropriately.

- A. I love living in my neighbourhood because it has everything I need.
- B. However, the traffic can get bad during rush hour.
- C. Many people come to the park to have picnics and play sports.
- D. The shops sell a variety of goods, from groceries to electronics.

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 19 to 24.*

### OAK CITY

Oak City is a great city. There's so (19) \_\_\_\_\_ things to do! There are cinemas, parks and discos. It's got some great clothes and music (20) \_\_\_\_\_, too. Oak City is very modern and beautiful. There aren't any (21) \_\_\_\_\_ buildings and there's some beautiful scenery around the city. Is there any pollution in Oak City? There isn't much pollution (22) \_\_\_\_\_ there isn't much traffic. Everyone travels (23) \_\_\_\_\_ bikes and walks, so there aren't many accidents. No one works, so everyone has got a lot of free time. Are there (24) \_\_\_\_\_ unfriendly people in Oak City? No - so come and spend a little time here!

- Question 19.** A. much                      B. many                      C. some                      D. any
- Question 20.** A. schools                      B. libraries                      C. shops                      D. galleries
- Question 21.** A. beautiful                      B. ugly                      C. pretty                      D. unpleasant
- Question 22.** A. so                      B. because                      C. although                      D. if
- Question 23.** A. on                      B. in                      C. with                      D. by
- Question 24.** A. a lot of                      B. an                      C. some                      D. any

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to the original sentence in each of the following questions.*

**Question 25.** The streets in Ha Noi are larger than the ones in Hoi An.

- A. The streets in Hoi An are more narrow than the ones in Ha Noi.
- B. The streets in Hoi An are more narrower than the ones in Ha Noi.
- C. The streets in Hoi An are narrower than the ones in Ha Noi.
- D. The streets in Hoi An are more narrow the ones in Ha Noi.

**Question 26.** It's important to bring an umbrella.

- A. You needn't bring an umbrella.
- B. You shouldn't bring an umbrella.
- C. You must bring an umbrella.
- D. You need to bring an umbrella.

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is made from the given cues in each of the following questions.*

**Question 27.** How many/ houses/ your/ neighbourhood/?/

- A. How many houses in your neighbourhood?
- B. How many houses are there on your neighbourhood?
- C. How many houses are there in your neighbourhood?
- D. How many houses you have in your neighbourhood?

**Question 28.** You/ do your homework/ going/ class.

- A. You may do your homework before going to class.
- B. You must do your homework before going to class.
- C. You ought do your homework before going to class.
- D. You should do your homework before going to class.

*Read the following signs or notices and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer*

sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.



**Question 29.** What does the sign say?

- A. You don't need to litter in this place.
- B. Littering is not good for the environment.
- C. Waste is not available in this place.
- D. You mustn't throw trash on the ground.



**Question 30.** What does the notice say?

- A. You can buy burgers and chips today only.
- B. Chips and burgers are free - today only.
- C. If you buy a burger today, you will get chips for free.
- D. Every burger is served with chips in this restaurant.

*Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 31 to 36.*

Do you sometimes have problems with your neighbour such as noise or littering? Well, the people of Pilton Somerset, England have such problems every summer. For three or four days every year, the village is full of people of all ages who come here for the **annual** Glastonbury pop music festival. They usually stay in tents, caravans and motorhomes. They leave drink cans and papers all over the street. The music plays until the early hours of the morning, and you can hear people talking and singing all night. The **peaceful** country village becomes a nightmare to live in and some villagers are even thinking of moving to another village. A villager said that last year; "I don't want to stop the Glastonbury Festival. I just want the fans to enjoy the festival without disturbing normal village life".

**Question 31.** What can be the best title (tiêu đề) for the passage?

- A. Noisy Neighbours
- B. Amazing Music Show
- C. My Hometown
- D. Village Life

**Question 32.** How long is the pop music festival every year?

- A. One night
- B. The whole summer
- C. Three or four days
- D. The whole year

**Question 33.** The word '**annual**' in line 3 is CLOSEST in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_

- A. daily
- B. weekly
- C. monthly
- D. yearly

**Question 34.** In which do the visitors NOT stay when they come to the village?

- A. tents
- B. caravans
- C. motorhomes
- D. country houses

**Question 35.** The word ‘peaceful’ in line 6 is OPPOSITE in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_

- A. silent                      B. quiet                      C. noisy                      D. boring

**Question 36.** What do the villagers want?

- A. They want to have a normal life as usual  
B. They want to stop the fans enjoy the festival  
C. They want move far away  
D. They want to put an end to the festival

*Four phrases/ sentences have been removed from the text below. For each question, write the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct option that fits each of the numbered blanks from 37 to 40.*

My brother and I are now very excited to prepare for Tet. First, I will sweep the floor, and my brother will clean it. (37) \_\_\_\_\_. I will then clean the sofa. (38) \_\_\_\_\_. It is not hard because we have the washing machine. He will hang up the clothes (39) \_\_\_\_\_. Then, we will plant some trees and flowers. We have a small garden in front of our house, (40) \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. because he is taller than me  
B. and we always plant something new when Tet comes  
C. After that, he will wash the clothes  
D. He likes to clean the floor

**Question 37.** D              **Question 38.** C              **Question 39.** A              **Question 40.** B

----- THE END -----

### ĐÁP ÁN

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.*

**Question 1.** A. suncream /ɪ:/    B. meat /ɪ:/                      C. bread /e/                      D. clean /ɪ:/

**Question 2.** A. sugar /ʃ/                      B. ocean /ʃ/                      C. surround /s/ D. sure /ʃ/

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in position of primary stress in each of the following questions.*

**Question 3.** A. back'yard                      B. 'outdoor                      C. in'door                      D. en'joy

**Question 4.** A. ex'citing                      B. 'neighbourhood                      C. ex'pensive                      D. fan'tastic

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.*

**Question 5.** Which country is \_\_\_\_\_, Vietnam or Japan?

(so sánh hơn, 'large': tính từ ngắn)

- A. large                      B. larger                      C. largest                      D. the largest

**Question 6.** You can buy stamps or send letters in a \_\_\_\_\_.

(từ khóa được bôi đậm 'stamps' và 'letters' => liên quan đến 'post office' bưu điện)

- A. cinema                      B. post office                      C. hospital                      D. market

**Question 7.** The Sahara is the third largest \_\_\_\_\_ in the world.

(Sahara là tên của sa mạc => chọn B. desert)

- A. island                      B. desert                      C. valley                      D. mountain

**Question 8.** You \_\_\_\_\_ talk during the exam, it's not allowed.

(not allowed không được phép/cấm => dùng mustn't)

- A. should                      B. shouldn't                      C. must                      D. mustn't

**Question 9.** This is a difficult question, so only \_\_\_\_\_ students can answer it.

(Đây là một câu hỏi khó, vì vậy chỉ có một vài học sinh có thể trả lời được nó.)

=> Loại 'A và C vì 'many' và 'much' đều mang nghĩa là 'nhiều'

=> B và D có 'a few' và 'a little' nghĩa là một vài

Nhưng từ 'students' có 's' là N(danh từ) đếm được số nhiều

=> Loại D vì 'a little' + N(danh từ) không đếm được

- A. many                      B. a few                      C. much                      D. a little

**Question 10.** A city house is \_\_\_\_\_ than a country house.

('modern' là tính từ có 2 âm tiết nhưng KHÔNG có đuôi 'et, er, le, ow, y' => tính từ dài)

- A. more modern                      B. moderner                      C. more moderner                      D. modern

**Question 11.** Lan: "Let's go to Cuc Phuong National Park this Sunday." - Nga: "\_\_\_\_\_"

(Câu 'giao tiếp' có "Let's Go / How about ....?" => chọn đáp án có "Sure" hoặc "That's fine/That's great" hoặc "That's a good idea.")

- A. That's a good idea.                      C. I usually go there.

- B. I know it.                      D. What can I do?

**Question 12.** Turn left \_\_\_\_\_ the traffic light and the restaurant is \_\_\_\_\_ your right.

(Rẽ trái tại đèn giao thông và nhà hàng ở bên tay phải của bạn; rẽ tại vị trí cụ thể nào đó)

=> dùng "at" + cụm từ "It's ON your left/right" sử dụng giới từ "ON" => loại A, B và D)

- A. in - on                      B. at - in                      C. at - on                      D. on - in

Read the following announcement and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 13 to 16.

### TET FAIR 2024

Duration: 12/01 - 04/02/2024

Location: 1st Floor - Saigon Centre

★ Get ready to welcome the Year of the Dragon. (13) \_\_\_\_\_ brands release various Tet gifts and Spring 2024 fashion collections.

★ This Friday, let's go to Saigon Centre (14) \_\_\_\_\_ buy the ideal presents for yourself, family, and business partners.

★ Whenever you spend from VND 2.5 million (15) \_\_\_\_\_ Tet Fair, don't forget to redeem (lấy lại, đổi lại) a Saigon Centre (16) \_\_\_\_\_ card.

**Question 13.** A. Much                      B. Little                      C. Many                      D. Any

(sau ô trống: 'brands' là N đếm được số nhiều => loại 'much, little' + câu này không có 'NOT' => loại 'any')

**Question 14.** A. and                      B. but                      C. or                      D. so

(Liệt kê 2 động từ 'go' và 'buy' => dùng từ nối 'and')

**Question 15.** A. on                      B. in                      C. to                      D. at

(Địa điểm cụ thể Tet Fair)

**Question 16.** A. decoration    B. gift                      C. black                      D. business

(Dịch theo nghĩa: 'gift card' = thẻ quà)

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 17 to 18.

**Question 17.** Put the sentences (a-d) in the correct order to make a logical text.

My neighbourhood is a wonderful place to live. \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. It's a great place to relax and enjoy the fresh air.
- b. There is a park with a playground and basketball court.
- c. There are also many shops and restaurants nearby.

A. b-c-a                      B. c-b-a                      C. a-c-b                      D. b-a-c

(also nghĩa là “cũng” để tiếp nối/ đứng sau 1 câu có ý nghĩa tương đồng “b. There is a park with ....”

=> Loại B và C

“a. It’s a great place to relax and enjoy the fresh air.” \_ “Nó là một nơi tuyệt vời để thư giãn và tận hưởng bầu không khí trong lành.” Vậy câu này nói về ‘a park’ công viên và phải đứng liền sau câu “b. There is a park...”

=> Loại A)

**Question 18.** Choose the sentence that can end the text (in *Question 17*) most appropriately.

**A.** I love living in my neighbourhood because it has everything I need.

(câu này nói về cảm nghĩ/cảm xúc của người viết)

**B.** However, the traffic can get bad during rush hour.

**C.** Many people come to the park to have picnics and play sports.

**D.** The shops sell a variety of goods, from groceries to electronics.

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 19 to 24.*

### OAK CITY

Oak City is a great city. There’s so (19) \_\_\_\_\_ things to do! There are cinemas, parks and discos. It’s got some great clothes and music (20) \_\_\_\_\_, too. Oak City is very modern and beautiful. There aren’t any (21) \_\_\_\_\_ buildings and there’s some beautiful scenery around the city. Is there any pollution in Oak City? There isn’t much pollution (22) \_\_\_\_\_ there isn’t much traffic. Everyone travels (23) \_\_\_\_\_ bikes and walks, so there aren’t many accidents. No one works, so everyone has got a lot of free time. Are there (24) \_\_\_\_\_ unfriendly people in Oak City? No - so come and spend a little time here!

(Tương tự như các bài trước: xác định từ đứng trước/sau ô trống => phân tích nghĩa/ngữ pháp để làm)

**Question 19.** **A.** much                      **B.** many                      **C.** some                      **D.** any

**Question 20.** **A.** schools                      **B.** libraries                      **C.** shops                      **D.** galleries

**Question 21.** **A.** beautiful                      **B.** ugly                      **C.** pretty                      **D.** unpleasant

**Question 22.** **A.** so                      **B.** because                      **C.** although                      **D.** if

**Question 23.** **A.** on                      **B.** in                      **C.** with                      **D.** by

**Question 24.** **A.** a lot of                      **B.** an                      **C.** some                      **D.** any

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to the original sentence in each of the following questions.*

**Question 25.** The streets in Ha Noi are larger than the ones in Hoi An.

(Những con phố ở Hà Nội thì rộng hơn những con phố ở Hội An.)

= Những con phố ở Hội An thì hẹp hơn những con phố ở Hà Nội

=> narrow: hẹp tính từ ngắn vì có 2 âm tiết + đuôi 'ow')

- A. The streets in Hoi An are more narrow than the ones in Ha Noi.
- B. The streets in Hoi An are more narrower than the ones in Ha Noi.
- C. The streets in Hoi An are narrower than the ones in Ha Noi.
- D. The streets in Hoi An are more narrow the ones in Ha Noi.

**Question 26. It's important to bring an umbrella.**

(có từ 'important' quan trọng => dùng 'must')

- A. You needn't bring an umbrella.
- B. You shouldn't bring an umbrella.
- C. You must bring an umbrella.
- D. You need to bring an umbrella.

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is made from the given cues in each of the following questions.*

**Question 27. How many/ houses/ your/ neighbourhood/?/**

- A. How many houses in your neighbourhood?
- B. How many houses are there on your neighbourhood?
- C. How many houses are there in your neighbourhood?

(Có bao nhiêu ngôi nhà ở trong khu xóm của bạn => cấu trúc cố định "How many + N đếm được số nhiều + are there in ...?")

- D. How many houses you have in your neighbourhood?

**Question 28. You/ do your homework/ going/ class.**

- A. You may do your homework before going to class.
- B. You must do your homework before going to class.

(Bạn phải làm bài tập về nhà trước khi đến lớp. => dùng 'must' vì chỉ điều cần thiết/quan trọng)

- C. You ought do your homework before going to class.
- D. You should do your homework before going to class.

*Read the following signs or notices and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.*



**Question 29. What does the sign say?**

- A. You don't need to litter in this place.
- B. Littering is not good for the environment.
- C. Waste is not available in this place.
- D. You mustn't throw trash on the ground.

(biển cấm => chọn đáp án có 'mustn't')



**Question 30. What does the notice say?**

- A. You can buy burgers and chips today only.
- B. Chips and burgers are free - today only.
- C. If you buy a burger today, you will get chips for free.  
(Nếu bạn mua 1 bánh burger, bạn sẽ được tặng miễn phí chips)
- D. Every burger is served with chips in this restaurant.

*Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 31 to 36.*

Do you sometimes have problems with your neighbour such as noise or littering? Well, the people of Pilton Somerset, England have such problems every summer. For three or four days every year, the village is full of people of all ages who come here for the **annual** Glastonbury pop music festival. They usually stay in tents, caravans and motorhomes. They leave drink cans and papers all over the street. The music plays until the early hours of the morning, and you can hear people talking and singing all night. The **peaceful** country village becomes a nightmare to live in and some villagers are even thinking of moving to another village. A villager said that last year; "I don't want to stop the Glastonbury Festival. I just want the fans to enjoy the festival without disturbing normal village life".

**Question 31. What can be the best title (tiêu đề) for the passage?**

- A. Noisy Neighbours
- B. Amazing Music Show
- C. My Hometown
- D. Village Life

(Tiêu đề thường sẽ nằm ở đầu đoạn văn)

**Question 32. How long is the pop music festival every year?**

- A. One night
- B. The whole summer
- C. Three or four days
- D. The whole year

(nhìn từ khóa ở câu hỏi => tìm câu có chứa các từ khóa để tìm đáp án)

**Question 33. The word 'annual' in line 3 is CLOSEST in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_**

- A. daily
- B. weekly
- C. monthly
- D. yearly

(CLOSEST từ gần nghĩa nhất => từ gần nghĩa của 'annual' là 'yearly' hàng năm)

**Question 34.** In which do the visitors NOT stay when they come to the village?

- A. tents                      B. caravans                      C. motorhomes                      D. country houses

(Câu hỏi có 'NOT' hoặc 'EXCEPT' => chọn đáp án không được đề cập trong đoạn văn)

**Question 35.** The word 'peaceful' in line 6 is OPPOSITE in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_

- A. silent                      B. quiet                      C. noisy                      D. boring

(OPPOSITE từ trái nghĩa => từ trái nghĩa của 'peaceful' là 'noisy')

**Question 36.** What do the villagers want?

- A. They want to have a normal life as usual

(Dựa vào câu cuối của đoạn văn)

- B. They want to stop the fans enjoy the festival  
C. They want move far away  
D. They want to put an end to the festival

*Four phrases/ sentences have been removed from the text below. For each question, write the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct option that fits each of the numbered blanks from 37 to 40.*

My brother and I are now very excited to prepare for Tet. First, I will sweep the floor, and my brother will clean it. (37) \_\_\_\_\_. I will then clean the sofa. (38) \_\_\_\_\_. It is not hard because we have the washing machine. He will hang up the clothes (39) \_\_\_\_\_. Then, we will plant some trees and flowers. We have a small garden in front of our house, (40) \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. because he is taller than me  
B. and we always plant something new when Tet comes  
C. After that, he will wash the clothes  
D. He likes to clean the floor

**Question 37.** D                      **Question 38.** C                      **Question 39.** A                      **Question 40.** B

(Đáp án A và B các chữ cái đầu KHÔNG in hoa => KHÔNG đứng đầu câu. Vậy loại (37) và (38))

⇒ 39. A (Anh ấy cao hơn tôi.); 40. B (sau đó chúng tôi luôn trồng một thứ mới khi Tết đến.)

Đáp án C và D có chữ cái đầu IN HOA => đứng đầu câu.

⇒ 37. D (Câu đằng trước có nhắc đến 'floor' => câu sau cũng nói đến 'floor'; 38. B (Câu trước có nhắc đến 'clothes' => câu sau cũng nói đến 'clothes'))

----- THE END -----

**Exercise 1: Choose the word which has the different sound in the underlined part.**

- |                         |                            |                             |                              |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1. A. <u>a</u> dvice    | B. <u>p</u> rice           | C. <u>d</u> ecide           | D. <u>p</u> olice            |
| 2. A. <u>s</u> ure      | B. <u>s</u> ink            | C. <u>s</u> pecial          | D. <u>s</u> uburb            |
| 3. A. <u>b</u> reak     | B. <u>m</u> ean            | C. <u>r</u> ep <u>e</u> at  | D. <u>p</u> ea <u>c</u> eful |
| 4. A. <u>h</u> oliday   | B. <u>m</u> od <u>e</u> rn | C. <u>e</u> du <u>c</u> ate | D. <u>c</u> ale <u>n</u> dar |
| 5. A. <u>t</u> alkative | B. <u>r</u> ooster         | C. <u>f</u> urniture        | D. <u>f</u> estival          |

**Exercise 2: Choose the best answer A, B, C or D.**

6. My father thinks we \_\_\_\_\_ paint our bedroom blue instead of orange.  
A. should                                      B. may                                      C. shoulds                                      D. might
7. If you practise English conversations every day, I believe your speaking skill will get \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. good                                      B. the better                                      C. better                                      D. gooder
8. My mom asks me to buy some fruit when we go to the \_\_\_\_\_ this afternoon.  
A. school                                      B. bookshop                                      C. post office                                      D. supermarket
9. I live in a \_\_\_\_\_ neighbourhood. There are a lot of stores near my house.  
A. quiet                                      B. peaceful                                      C. quite                                      D. noisy
10. Students \_\_\_\_\_ copy others' work during every examination.  
A. should                                      B. shouldn't                                      C. mustn't                                      D. must
11. You should bring your \_\_\_\_\_ when you go to the beach to protect your skin.  
A. compass                                      B. sunscreen                                      C. sunburnt                                      D. ice-cream
12. My foreign friends \_\_\_\_\_ really excited to celebrate Tet with us this year.  
A. be                                      B. are                                      C. is                                      D. am
13. I don't think that you \_\_\_\_\_ up all night to study before the exam even though you feel nervous.  
A. should                                      B. stay                                      C. should stay                                      D. should be
14. \_\_\_\_\_ apples do you have, little Max? – I have three.  
A. How much                                      B. How                                      C. What                                      D. How many
15. "Mom, \_\_\_\_\_ flour do you need to make that cake?" – About 300 grams.  
A. How much                                      B. How                                      C. What                                      D. How many
16. Mary always brings her blue pen to the examination. It is her \_\_\_\_\_ pen.  
A. lucky                                      B. expensive                                      C. better                                      D. gooder

17. On New Year's\_\_\_\_\_, our family usually gather together and eat a big meal.

- A. night                                      B. day                                      C. Eve                                      D. evenings

18. I really want to\_\_\_\_\_Ha Long Bay when the pandemic ends.

- A. visits                                      B. visit                                      C. going                                      D. go

19. We usually\_\_\_\_\_our house with colorful plants and flowers in Tet.

- A. build                                      B. express                                      C. decorate                                      D. decide

20. Nam, can you check the fridge for me please! Is there\_\_\_\_\_milk left?

- A. some                                      B. a bottle                                      C. a can                                      D. any

**Exercise 3: Read the passage and choose the best answer (A, B, C or D) to fill in the blanks.**

My neighbourhood is in the suburbs of Da Nang city. I like (21)\_\_\_\_here because of many interesting things in my neighbourhood. There are many tall (22)\_\_\_\_\_and big houses here. My neighbourhood also has many stores, two markets, a post office, a bank, a stadium so it is very (23)\_\_\_for local people. There are many trees around here so the air is very fresh. In my neighbourhood there is a big flower field with many kinds of flowers, therefore it is very (24)\_\_\_in the spring. Moreover the people here are friendly and (25)

\_\_\_\_. The visitors always come to visit my neighbourhood and they want to stay here longer.

- |                     |             |               |               |
|---------------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|
| 21. A. stay         | B. stays    | C. living     | D. lives      |
| 22. A. buildings    | B. building | C. shop       | D. store      |
| 23. A. inconvenient | B. comfort  | C. impossible | D. convenient |
| 24. A. comfortable  | B. stinky   | C. beautiful  | D. warm       |
| 25. A. unfriendly   | B. helpful  | C. cruel      | D. rude       |

**Exercise 4: Read the passage then choose the best answer (A, B, C or D) to each question.**

Experts think that it is a good idea for children to learn not just one, but two foreign languages. **They** say that learning two foreign languages develops children's minds and increases their knowledge of other culture. The experts also believe that the two foreign languages children learn should be completely different from one another, for example, English and Chinese, or French and Japanese. In addition, they say that children should start to learn foreign languages as early as possible, from the age of about six.

26. According to experts, children\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. shouldn't learn foreign languages  
 B. should learn two foreign languages  
 C. shouldn't learn more than two foreign languages  
 D. should learn just one foreign language

27. What does the word "**they**" in bold refer to?

- A. children                                      B. cultures                                      C. languages                                      D. experts

28. Children should learn\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. two foreign languages which are the same
- B. two foreign languages which are completely different from one another
- C. all other options are correct
- D. one language

29. Which of the following is not true?

- A. Learn foreign languages is good for children.
- B. Children should start to learn foreign languages from the age of about six.
- C. Children should start to learn foreign languages early.
- D. Children should start to learn foreign languages late.

30. According to the experts, when should children begin exploring a new language?

- A. as early as possible
- B. about six years old
- C. not mentioned
- D. about seven years old

**Exercise 5: Identify the mistake in each sentence.**

31. Despite being the youngest, Nam is the tall person in his family.

32. Because Mary listens to that song repeatedly, she never gets bored of it.

33. Would you like any yogurt after dinner? My mom has just made some.

34. Children should stay up late at night because they will feel tired the next day.

35. My parents always tell us that we shouldn't respect others' opinions and be kind to everyone around.

**Exercise 6: Complete the second sentence so that it has the similar meaning to the first one.**

36. It is good if we can use less plastic bags.

-> We should .....

37. Peter thinks reading books is more boring than watching movies.

-> Peter thinks .....

38. There are twenty-five classrooms in our school.

-> Our school.....

39. It is wrong of students to copy others' answers during examinations.

-> Students must .....

40. My neighbourhood is noisier than yours.

-> Your neighbourhood .....

**HƯỚNG DẪN GIẢI**

|       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1. D  | 2. A  | 3. A  | 4. C  | 5. C  |
| 6. A  | 7. C  | 8. D  | 9. D  | 10. C |
| 11. B | 12. B | 13. C | 14. D | 15. A |

|          |             |             |            |               |
|----------|-------------|-------------|------------|---------------|
| 16. A    | 17. C       | 18. B       | 19. C      | 20. D         |
| 21. C    | 22. A       | 23. D       | 24. C      | 25. B         |
| 26. B    | 27. D       | 28. B       | 29. D      | 30. A         |
| 31. tall | 32. Because | 33. Because | 34. should | 35. shouldn't |

36. use less the plastic bags.

37. watching movies is more interesting than reading books.

38. has twenty-five classrooms.

39. not copy others' answers during examinations.

40. is quieter than mine.

## HƯỚNG DẪN GIẢI CHI TIẾT

### 1. D

**Kiến thức:** Cách phát âm “i”

**Giải thích:**

A. advice /əd'vaɪs/

B. price /praɪs/

C. decide /dɪ'saɪd/

D. police /pə'li:s/

Phần gạch chân phương án D được phát âm là /i:/, còn lại phát âm là /aɪ/. Chọn D.

### 2. A

**Kiến thức:** Cách phát âm “s”

**Giải thích:**

A. sure /ʃʊə(r)/

B. sink /sɪŋk/

C. special /'speʃl/

D. suburb /'sʌbɜ:b/

Phần gạch chân phương án A được phát âm là /ʃ/, còn lại phát âm là /s/. Chọn A.

### 3. A

**Kiến thức:** Cách phát âm “ea”

**Giải thích:**

A. break /breɪk/

B. mean /mi:n/

C. repeat /rɪ'pi:t/

D. peaceful /'pi:sfl/

Phần gạch chân phương án A được phát âm là /eɪ/, còn lại phát âm là /i:/. Chọn A.

## 4. C

**Kiến thức:** Cách phát âm “d”

**Giải thích:**

A. holiday /'hɒlədeɪ/

B. modern /'mɒdn/

C. educate /'edʒukeɪt/

D. calendar /'kælɪndə(r)/

Phần gạch chân phương án C được phát âm là /dʒ/, còn lại phát âm là /d/. Chọn C.

## 5. C

**Kiến thức:** Cách phát âm “t”

**Giải thích:**

A. talkative /'tɔ:kətv/

B. rooster /'ru:stə(r)/

C. furniture /'fɜ:nɪʃə(r)/

D. festival /'festɪvl/

Phần gạch chân phương án C được phát âm là /tʃ/, còn lại phát âm là /t/. Chọn C.

## 6. A

**Kiến thức:** Động từ khuyết thiếu

**Giải thích:**

A. should (v): nên

B. may (v): có thể

C. shoulds => sai ngữ pháp

D. might (v): đã có thể

**Tạm dịch:** Cha tôi nghĩ rằng chúng tôi nên sơn phòng ngủ của mình màu xanh lam thay vì màu cam.

Chọn A.

## 7. C

**Kiến thức:** So sánh hơn

**Giải thích:**

get + tính từ so sánh: trở nên làm sao so sánh hơn: “good” => “better”

**Tạm dịch:** Nếu bạn thực hành các đoạn hội thoại tiếng Anh mỗi ngày, tôi tin rằng kỹ năng nói của bạn sẽ ngày càng tốt hơn.

Chọn C.

## 8. D

**Kiến thức:** Từ vựng

**Giải thích:**

- A. school (n): trường học
- B. bookshop (n): hiệu sách
- C. post office (n): bưu điện
- D. supermarket (n): siêu thị

**Tạm dịch:** Mẹ tôi bảo tôi mua một ít trái cây khi chúng tôi đi siêu thị vào chiều nay. Chọn D.

**9. D**

**Kiến thức:** Từ vựng

**Giải thích:**

- A. quiet (adj): yên tĩnh
- B. peaceful (adj): yên bình
- C. quite (adv): khá, hơi
- D. noisy (adj): ồn ào, ồn ã

**Tạm dịch:** Tôi sống trong một khu phố ồn ào. Có rất nhiều cửa hàng gần nhà tôi. Chọn D.

**10. C**

**Kiến thức:** Động từ khuyết thiếu

**Giải thích:**

- A. should: nên
- B. shouldn't: không nên
- C. mustn't: không được
- D. must: phải

**Tạm dịch:** Học sinh không được sao chép bài của người khác trong mỗi kỳ kiểm tra. Chọn C.

**11. B**

**Kiến thức:** Từ vựng

**Giải thích:**

- A. compass (n): cái com-pa, cái la bàn
- suncream (n): kem chống nắng
- B. sunburnt (n): cháy nắng
- C. ice-cream (n): kem

**Tạm dịch:** Bạn nên mang theo kem chống nắng khi đi biển để bảo vệ làn da của mình. Chọn B.

**12. B**

**Kiến thức:** Động từ "be"

**Giải thích:**

Thì hiện tại đơn với động từ "be": I + am + cụm danh từ/ tính từ/ giới từ/ ... You/ We/ They + are + cụm danh từ/ tính từ/ giới từ/ ...

He/ She/ It + is + cụm danh từ/ tính từ/ giới từ/ ... Chủ ngữ “My foreign friends” – danh từ số nhiều

**Tạm dịch:** Những người bạn nước ngoài của tôi thực sự rất háo hức đón Tết cùng chúng tôi năm nay.

Chọn B.

### 13. C

**Kiến thức:** Từ vựng

**Giải thích:**

A. should (v): nên

B. stay (v): ở tại

C. should stay: nên ở tại

D. should be: nên là

Cụm “stay up late”: thức khuya

**Tạm dịch:** Tôi không nghĩ rằng bạn nên thức cả đêm để học trước kỳ thi dù cho là bạn cảm thấy lo lắng.

Chọn C.

### 14. D

**Kiến thức:** Từ để hỏi

**Giải thích:**

A. How much + N không đếm được: Bao nhiêu

B. How: Như thế nào

C. What: Cái gì

D. How many + N đếm được dạng số nhiều: Bao nhiêu “apples” – những quả táo => danh từ đếm được dạng số nhiều

**Tạm dịch:** Cháu có bao nhiêu quả táo hả Max? – Cháu có ba quả. Chọn D.

### 15. A

**Kiến thức:** Từ để hỏi

**Giải thích:**

A. How much + N không đếm được: Bao nhiêu

B. How: Như thế nào

C. What: Cái gì

D. How many + N đếm được dạng số nhiều: Bao nhiêu “flour” – bột mì => danh từ không đếm được

**Tạm dịch:** “Mẹ ơi, mẹ cần bao nhiêu bột mì để làm ra chiếc bánh đó?” - Khoảng 300 gam. Chọn A.

### 16. A

**Kiến thức:** Từ vựng

**Giải thích:**

A. lucky (adj): may mắn

**B.** expensive (adj): đắt đỏ

**C.** better (adj): tốt hơn

**D.** gooder => sai ngữ pháp

**Tạm dịch:** Mary luôn mang theo cây bút màu xanh lam để làm bài kiểm tra. Đó là cây bút *may mắn* của cô

ấy.

Chọn A.

**17. C**

**Kiến thức:** Từ vựng

**Giải thích:**

**A.** night (n): ban đêm, buổi tối

**B.** day (n): ngày

**C.** Eve (n): tối

**D.** evenings (n): các buổi tối

=> New Year's Eve: tối/ đêm giao thừa

**Tạm dịch:** Vào đêm giao thừa, gia đình chúng tôi thường quây quần bên nhau và ăn một bữa ăn thịnh soạn. Chọn C.

**18. B**

**Kiến thức:** To V/ V\_ing

**Giải thích:**

**A.** visits (V\_s): thăm

**B.** visit (v): thăm

**C.** going (V\_ing): đi

**D.** go (v): đi (go to + địa điểm) want + to V\_infinite: muốn làm gì

**Tạm dịch:** Tôi rất muốn đến thăm Vịnh Hạ Long khi đại dịch kết thúc. Chọn B.

**19. C**

**Kiến thức:** Từ vựng

**Giải thích:**

**A.** build (v): xây dựng

**B.** express (v): bộc lộ

**C.** decorate (v): trang trí

**D.** decide (v): quyết định

**Tạm dịch:** Chúng tôi thường trang trí nhà bằng những loại cây, hoa nhiều màu sắc vào dịp Tết. Chọn C.

**20. D**

**Kiến thức:** Từ vựng

**Giải thích:**

**A.** some + N đếm được dạng số nhiều/ N không đếm được: một ít (dùng trong câu khẳng định, câu mời mọc)

**B.** a bottle + of something: một chai

**C.** a can + of something: một lon

**D.** any + N đếm được dạng số nhiều/ N không đếm được: một ít/ chút (dùng trong câu phủ định, nghi vấn)

**Tạm dịch:** Nam ơi, cậu kiểm tra tủ lạnh giúp tớ nhé! Có còn chút sữa nào không? Chọn D.

**21. C**

**Kiến thức:** To V/ V\_ing

**Giải thích:**

**A.** stay (v): ở tại

**B.** stays (V\_s): ở tại

**C.** living (V\_ing): sống

**D.** lives (V\_s): sống

like + V\_ing: thích làm gì

I like (21) **living** here because of many interesting things in my neighbourhood.

*(Tôi thích sống ở đây vì nhiều điều thú vị trong khu phố.)*

Chọn C.

**22. A**

**Kiến thức:** Từ vựng

**Giải thích:**

**A.** buildings (n): những toà nhà

**B.** building (n): toà nhà

**C.** shop (n): cửa hàng

**D.** store (n): cửa hàng

=> many + N đếm được dạng số nhiều: nhiều ...

There are many tall (22) **buildings** and big houses here. *(Ở đây có rất nhiều nhà cao tầng và những ngôi nhà lớn.)* Chọn A.

**23. D**

**Kiến thức:** Từ vựng

**Giải thích:**

**A.** inconvenient (adj): không thuận tiện

**B.** comfort (n): sự thoải mái

**C.** impossible (adj): bất khả thi

**D. convenient** (adj): thuận tiện

My neighbourhood also has many stores, two markets, a post office, a bank, a stadium so it is very (23) **convenient** for local people.

*(Khu tôi ở cũng có nhiều cửa hàng, hai cái chợ, một cái bưu điện, một ngân hàng, một cái sân vận động nên rất thuận tiện cho người dân địa phương.)*

Chọn D.

## 24. C

**Kiến thức:** Từ vựng

**Giải thích:**

**A. comfortable** (adj): thoải mái

**B. stinky** (adj): có mùi khó chịu, tẻ

**C. beautiful** (adj): đẹp

**D. warm** (adj): ấm áp

In my neighbourhood there is a big flower field with many kinds of flowers, therefore it is very (24) **beautiful** in the spring.

*(Ở xóm tôi có một cánh đồng hoa lớn với nhiều loại hoa do đó nó rất đẹp vào mùa xuân.)*

Chọn C.

## 25. B

**Kiến thức:** Từ vựng

**Giải thích:**

**A. unfriendly** (adj): không thân thiện

**B. helpful** (adj): có ích, hay giúp đỡ

**C. cruel** (adj): độc ác

**D. rude** (adj): thô lỗ

Moreover the people here are friendly and (25) **helpful**.

*(Hơn nữa người dân ở đây rất thân thiện và hay giúp đỡ mọi người.)*

Chọn B.

**Dịch bài đọc:**

Khu phố của tôi ở ngoại ô thành phố Đà Nẵng. Tôi thích sống ở đây vì nhiều điều thú vị trong khu phố. Ở đây có rất nhiều nhà cao tầng và những ngôi nhà lớn. Khu tôi ở cũng có nhiều cửa hàng, hai cái chợ, một cái bưu điện, một ngân hàng, một cái sân vận động nên rất thuận tiện cho người dân địa phương. Xung quanh đây có nhiều cây xanh nên không khí rất trong lành. Ở xóm tôi có một cánh đồng hoa lớn với nhiều loại hoa do đó nó rất đẹp vào mùa xuân. Hơn nữa người dân ở đây rất thân thiện và hay giúp đỡ mọi người. Những vị khách luôn đến thăm khu phố của tôi và họ muốn ở lại đây lâu hơn.

**26. B****Kiến thức:** Đọc hiểu**Giải thích:**

Theo các chuyên gia, trẻ em\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. không nên học ngoại ngữ
- B. nên học hai ngoại ngữ
- C. không nên học nhiều hơn hai ngoại ngữ
- D. chỉ nên học một ngoại ngữ

**Thông tin:** Experts think that it is a good idea for children to learn not just one, but two foreign languages.*(Các chuyên gia cho rằng việc cho trẻ học không chỉ một mà hai ngoại ngữ là ý tưởng tuyệt vời.)*

Chọn B.

**27. D****Kiến thức:** Đọc hiểu**Giải thích:**Từ “**they**” in đậm ám chỉ điều gì?

- A. children (n): trẻ em
- B. cultures (n): các nền văn hóa
- C. languages (n): các ngôn ngữ
- D. experts (n): các chuyên gia

**Thông tin:** **They** say that learning two foreign languages develops children's minds and increases their knowledge of other culture.*(Họ nói rằng việc học hai ngoại ngữ sẽ phát triển trí não của trẻ em và nâng cao hiểu biết của chúng về các nền văn hóa khác.)*

Chọn D.

**28. B****Kiến thức:** Đọc hiểu**Giải thích:**

Trẻ em nên học\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. hai ngoại ngữ giống nhau
- B. hai ngoại ngữ hoàn toàn khác nhau
- C. tất cả các phương án khác đều đúng
- D. một ngôn ngữ

**Thông tin:** The experts also believe that the two foreign languages children learn should be completely different from one another, for example, English and Chinese, or French and Japanese.

(Các chuyên gia cũng cho rằng hai ngoại ngữ mà trẻ em học nên hoàn toàn khác nhau, chẳng hạn như tiếng Anh và tiếng Trung, hoặc tiếng Pháp và tiếng Nhật.)

Chọn B.

**29. D**

**Kiến thức:** Đọc hiểu

**Giải thích:**

Điều nào sau đây không đúng?

- A. Học ngoại ngữ rất tốt cho trẻ em.
- B. Trẻ em nên bắt đầu học ngoại ngữ từ khoảng sáu tuổi.
- C. Trẻ em nên bắt đầu học ngoại ngữ sớm.
- D. Trẻ em nên bắt đầu học ngoại ngữ muộn.

**Thông tin:** In addition, they say that children should start to learn foreign languages as early as possible, from the age of about six.

(Ngoài ra, họ nói rằng trẻ em nên bắt đầu học ngoại ngữ càng sớm càng tốt, từ khoảng sáu tuổi.)

Chọn D.

**30. A**

**Kiến thức:** Đọc hiểu

**Giải thích:**

Theo các chuyên gia, khi nào trẻ nên bắt đầu khám phá một ngôn ngữ mới?

- A. càng sớm càng tốt
- B. khoảng sáu tuổi
- C. không được đề cập
- D. khoảng bảy tuổi.

**Thông tin:** In addition, they say that children should start to learn foreign languages as early as possible, from the age of about six.

(Ngoài ra, họ nói rằng trẻ em nên bắt đầu học ngoại ngữ càng sớm càng tốt, từ khoảng sáu tuổi.)

Chọn A.

**Dịch bài đọc:**

Các chuyên gia cho rằng việc cho trẻ học không chỉ một mà hai ngoại ngữ là ý tưởng tuyệt vời. Họ nói rằng việc học hai ngoại ngữ sẽ phát triển trí não của trẻ em và nâng cao hiểu biết của chúng về các nền văn hóa khác. Các chuyên gia cũng cho rằng hai ngoại ngữ mà trẻ em học nên hoàn toàn khác nhau, chẳng hạn như tiếng Anh và tiếng Trung, hoặc tiếng Pháp và tiếng Nhật. Ngoài ra, họ nói rằng trẻ em nên bắt đầu học ngoại ngữ càng sớm càng tốt, từ khoảng sáu tuổi.

31.

**Kiến thức:** So sánh nhất

**Giải thích:**

So sánh nhất với tính từ ngắn: S + be + the + adj\_est + N Sửa: tall => tallest

**Tạm dịch:** Tuy nhỏ tuổi nhất nhưng Nam lại là người cao nhất trong gia đình.

**Đáp án:** tall => tallest

32.

**Kiến thức:** Liên từ

**Giải thích:**

Because + S + V, S + V: Bởi vì ... Although + S + V, S + V: Mặc dù ... Sửa: Because => Although

**Tạm dịch:** Mặc dù Mary nghe đi nghe lại bài hát đó nhiều lần nhưng cô ấy không bao giờ cảm thấy nhàm chán.

**Đáp án:** Because

33.

**Kiến thức:** Lượng từ

**Giải thích:**

any + N đếm được dạng số nhiều/ N không đếm được: một chút (dùng trong câu phủ định, nghi vấn)

some + N đếm được dạng số nhiều/ N không đếm được: một vài (dùng trong câu khẳng định, mời mọc)

Sửa: any => some

**Tạm dịch:** Bạn có muốn một ít sữa chua sau bữa tối không? Mẹ tớ vừa làm một ít.

**Đáp án:** any

34.

**Kiến thức:** Động từ khuyết thiếu

**Giải thích:**

should + (not) + V\_infinite: (không) nên làm gì Sửa: should => shouldn't

**Tạm dịch:** Trẻ em không nên thức khuya vì chúng sẽ cảm thấy mệt mỏi vào ngày hôm sau.

**Đáp án:** should

**Kiến thức:** Động từ khuyết thiếu

**Giải thích:**

should + (not) + V\_infinite: (không) nên làm gì Sửa: shouldn't => should

**Tạm dịch:** Cha mẹ tôi luôn bảo chúng tôi rằng chúng tôi nên tôn trọng ý kiến của người khác và đối xử tốt với mọi người xung quanh.

**Đáp án:** shouldn't

35.

**Kiến thức:** Động từ khuyết thiếu

**Giải thích:**

S + should + (not) + V\_infinite: Ai đó (không) nên làm gì

**Tạm dịch:** Sẽ rất tốt nếu chúng ta có thể dùng ít túi ni lông hơn.

= Chúng ta nên dùng ít túi ni lông hơn.

**Đáp án:** use less plastic bags.

36.

**Kiến thức:** So sánh hơn

**Giải thích:**

So sánh hơn với tính từ dài: S1 + be + more + adj + than + S2 boring (adj): chán >< interesting (adj): thú vị

**Tạm dịch:** Peter cho rằng đọc sách còn chán hơn xem phim.

= Peter cho rằng xem phim thú vị hơn đọc sách.

**Đáp án:** watching movies is more interesting than reading books.

37.

**Kiến thức:** Cấu trúc viết lại câu

**Giải thích:**

Cấu trúc: There + be + \_\_\_\_\_ + in + địa điểm: Có cái gì ở đâu

= Địa điểm + have/ has + \_\_\_\_\_: Ở đâu có cái gì

**Tạm dịch:** Có 25 phòng học trong trường của chúng tôi.

= Trường chúng tôi có 25 phòng học. **Đáp án:** has twenty-five classrooms. 39.

**Kiến thức:** Cấu trúc viết lại câu

**Giải thích:**

Cấu trúc: It + is + adj + of + somebody + to V\_infinite: Ai đó thật làm sao khi làm gì S + mustn't +

V\_infinite: Ai đó không được làm gì

**Tạm dịch:** Học sinh sao chép bài của người khác trong kì thi là sai.

= Học sinh không được chép bài của người khác trong kì thi.

**Đáp án:** not copy others' answers during examinations.

40.

**Kiến thức:** So sánh hơn

**Giải thích:**

So sánh hơn với tính từ ngắn: S1 + be + adj\_er + than + S2 noisy (adj): ồn ào >< quiet (adj): yên tĩnh  
my neighbourhood = mine

**Tạm dịch:** Khu nhà tôi ở ồn ào hơn khu nhà bạn.

= Khu nhà bạn ở yên tĩnh hơn khu nhà tôi.

**Đáp án:** is quieter than mine.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

**Question 1.** A. reading B. meat C. bread D. seat

**Question 2.** A. sugar B. ocean C. surround D. sure

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

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**Question 7.** The Sahara is the third largest \_\_\_\_\_ in the world.

A. island B. desert C. valley D. mountain

**Question 8.** You \_\_\_\_\_ talk during the exam, it's forbidden.

A. should B. shouldn't C. must D. mustn't

**Question 9.** This is a difficult question, so only \_\_\_\_\_ students can answer it.

A. many B. a few C. much D. a little

**Question 10.** A city house is \_\_\_\_\_ than a country house.

A. more modern B. moderner C. more moderner D. modern

**Question 11.** Lan: "Let's go to Cuc Phuong National Park this Sunday." - Nga: "\_\_\_\_\_"

A. That's a good idea C. I usually go there

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**Question 12.** Turn left \_\_\_\_\_ the traffic light and the restaurant is \_\_\_\_\_ your right.

A. in - on B. at - in C. at - on D. on - in

Read the following announcement and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 13 to 16.

### TET FAIR 2024

Duration: 12/01 - 04/02/2024

Location: 1st Floor - Saigon Centre

★ Get ready to welcome the Year of the Dragon. (13) \_\_\_\_\_ brands release various Tet gifts and Spring 2024 fashion collections.

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★ Whenever you spend from VND 2.5 million (15) \_\_\_\_\_ Tet Fair, don't forget to



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- Question 13.** A. Much B. Little C. Many D. Any  
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**Question 16.** A. decoration B. gift C. black D. business

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 17 to 18.*

**Question 17.** Put the sentences (a-d) in the correct order to make a logical text.

- My neighbourhood is a wonderful place to live. .... a. It's a great place to relax and enjoy the fresh air.  
 b. There is a park with a playground and basketball court.  
 c. There are also many shops and restaurants nearby.

- A. b-c-a B. c-b-a C. a-c-b D. b-a-c

**Question 18.** Choose the sentence that can end the text (in Question 17) most appropriately.

- A. I love living in my neighbourhood because it has everything I need.  
 B. However, the traffic can get pretty bad during rush hour.  
 C. Many people come to the park to have picnics and play sports.  
 D. The shops sell a variety of goods, from groceries to electronics.

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 19 to 24.*

### OAK CITY

Oak City is a great city. There's so (19) \_\_\_\_\_ things to do! There are cinemas, parks and discos. It's got some great clothes and music (20) \_\_\_\_\_, too. Oak City is very modern and beautiful. There aren't any (21) \_\_\_\_\_ buildings and there's some beautiful scenery around the city. Is there any pollution in Oak City? There isn't much pollution (22) \_\_\_\_\_ there isn't much traffic. Everyone travels (23) \_\_\_\_\_ bike and walks, so there aren't many accidents. No one works, so everyone has got a lot of free time. Are there (24) \_\_\_\_\_ unfriendly people in Oak City? No - so come and spend a little time here!

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**Question 21.** A. beautiful B. ugly C. pretty D. unpleasant  
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- B. How many houses are there on your neighbourhood?
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**Question 28.** You/ do your homework/ going/ class.

- A. You may do your homework before going to class.
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- C. You ought do your homework before going to class.
- D. You should do your homework before going to class.

**Read the following signs or notices and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions**

**Question 29.** What does the sign say?

|  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|--|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  | <p><b>A.</b> You don't need to litter in this place.</p> <p><b>B.</b> Littering is not good for the environment.</p> <p><b>C.</b> Waste is not available in this place.</p> <p><b>D.</b> You mustn't throw trash on the ground.</p> |
|--|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

**Question 30.** What does the notice say?

|  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|--|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  | <p><b>A.</b> You can buy burgers and chips today only.</p> <p><b>B.</b> Chips and burgers are free - today only.</p> <p><b>C.</b> If you buy a burger today, you will get chips for free.</p> <p><b>D.</b> Every burger is served with chips in this restaurant.</p> |
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Do you sometimes have problems with your neighbour such as noise or littering? Well, the people of Pilton Somerset, England have such problems every summer. For three or four days every year, the village is full of people of all ages who come here for the **annual** Glastonbury pop music festival. They usually stay in tents, caravans and motorhomes. They leave drink cans and papers all over the street. The music plays until the early hours of the morning, and you can hear people talking and singing all night. The **peaceful** country village becomes a nightmare to live in and some villagers are even thinking of moving to another

village. A villager said that last year; "I don't want to stop the Glastonbury Festival. I just want the fans to enjoy the festival without disturbing normal village life".

**Question 31.** What can be the best title for the passage?

- A. Noisy Neighbours  
D. Village Life

C. My Hometown B. Amazing Music Show

**Question 32.** How long is the pop music festival every year?

- A. One night  
C. Three or four days B. The whole summer  
D. The whole year

**Question 33.** The word 'annual' in line 3 is CLOSEST in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_

- A. daily  
B. weekly  
C. monthly D. yearly

**Question 34.** In which do the visitors NOT stay when they come to the village?

- A. tents  
B. caravans  
C. motorhomes D. country houses

**Question 35.** The word 'peaceful' in line 6 is OPPOSITE in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_

- B. quiet  
C. noisy D. boring A. silent

**Question 36.** What do the villagers want?

- A. They want to have a normal life as usual  
B. They want to stop the fans enjoy the festival  
C. They want move far away  
D. They want to put an end to the festival

*Four phrases/ sentences have been removed from the text below. For each question, write the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct option that fits each of the numbered blanks from 37 to 40.*

My brother and I are now very excited to prepare for Tet. First, I will sweep the floor, and my brother will clean it. (37) \_\_\_\_\_. I will then clean the sofa. (38) \_\_\_\_\_. It is not hard because we have the washing machine. He will hang up the clothes (39) \_\_\_\_\_.

Then, we will plant some trees and flowers. We have a small garden in front of our house, (40) \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. because he is taller than me  
B. and we always plant something new when Tet comes.  
C. After that, he will wash the clothes  
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**Question 37.** \_\_\_\_ **Question 38.** \_\_\_\_ **Question 39.** \_\_\_\_ **Question 40.** \_\_\_\_

### ĐÁP ÁN

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- |                                  |              |                         |
|----------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|
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| <b>Question 20.</b> A. schools   | B. libraries | C. shops D. galleries   |
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|--|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  | <p><b>A.</b> You don't need to litter in this place.</p> <p><b>B.</b> Littering is not good for the environment. <b>C.</b> Waste is not available in this place.</p> <p><b>D.</b> You mustn't throw trash on the ground.</p> |
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|  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
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- A.** One night **C.** Three or four days **B.** The whole summer  
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**Question 33.** The word 'annual' in line 3 is CLOSEST in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_ **B.** weekly

- C.** monthly **D.** yearly **A.** daily **Question 34.** In which do the visitors NOT stay when they come to the village?

- A.** tents **B.** caravans **C.** motorhomes **D.** country houses **Question**

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- A.** silent **B.** quiet **C.** noisy

**D.** boring **Question 36.** What do the villagers want?

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A. because he is taller than me

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Question 39. A Question 40. B Question 37. D Question 38. C

## ĐÁP ÁN

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B. Amazing Music Show

**Question 32.** How long is the pop music festival every year?

- A. One night C. **Three or four days** B. The whole summer  
D. The whole year

**Question 33.** The word 'annual' in line 3 is CLOSEST in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_ B. weekly

- C. monthly D. **yearly** A. daily **Question 34.** In which do the visitors NOT stay when they come to the village?

- A. tents B. caravans C. motorhomes D. **country houses** **Question**

**35.** The word 'peaceful' in line 6 is OPPOSITE in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_

- A. silent B. quiet C. **noisy**

D. boring **Question 36.** What do the villagers want?

- A. **They want to have a normal life as usual**  
B. They want to stop the fans enjoy the festival  
C. They want move far away  
D. They want to put an end to the festival

*Four phrases/ sentences have been removed from the text below. For each question, write the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct option that fits each of the numbered blanks from 37 to 40.*

My brother and I are now very excited to prepare for Tet. First, I will sweep the floor, and my brother will clean it. (37) \_\_\_\_\_. I will then clean the sofa. (38) \_\_\_\_\_. It is not hard because we have the washing machine. He will hang up the clothes (39) \_\_\_\_\_. Then, we will plant some trees and flowers. We have a small garden in front of our house, (40) \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. because he is taller than me  
B. and we always plant something new when Tet comes.  
C. After that, he will wash the clothes  
D. He likes to clean the floor

**Question 39. A Question 40. B Question 37. D**

**Question 38. C**