

Choose the word A, B, C or D whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.

Question 1.

A. wrap B. programme C. artist D. attraction

Question 2.

A. house B. hour C. horror D. happiness

Choose the best option to complete each of the following sentences.

Question 3. The community decided to _____ the amount of plastic bag produced.

A. cut down on B. pass down C. put on D. take up

Question 4. The _____ a tourist site is, the more crowded it becomes.

A. most popular B. more popular C. popularer D. popular

Question 5. To stay active, try to _____ at least four times a week.

A. wait for B. look after C. gain weight D. work out

Question 6. Unless she _____ her diet, she _____ feel weak.

A. changes – will B. change – might C. changes – might D. will change – might

Question 7. If you _____ time for hobbies, you will feel more relaxed.

A. will make B. make C. makes D. must make

Question 8. The more polluted the air gets, the _____ the layer of dust you see in the city

A. more thick B. thick C. thickest D. thicker

Question 9. He wondered _____ to solve the traffic problem near the school gate.

A. who B. when C. where D. how

Question 10. The _____ the sports facilities are, the _____ the students' health becomes.

A. fewer / lower B. fewer / higher C. more / higher D. more / lower

Question 11. A: Thank you for showing me around Bat Trang craft village. -B: _____

A. My pleasure B. That's right C. It's great place D. Yes, please

Question 12. A: Do you need help with carrying these boxes? -B: _____

A. Never mind

B. Of course. I'd be happy to help you C. Thanks a lot. It's really heavy for me.

D. Sure. Please give me these boxes

Question 13. Could you tell me where to eat Chinese food near our school?

A. Chinese food is great!

B. OK! Let's go to eat Chinese food. C. Sure. There's a nice restaurant across the street.

D. I don't think so.

Question 14. A: Sorry, I didn't catch that. Could you repeat what you said? -B: _____

A. Sorry? What did you say?

B. Pardon? I didn't quite catch that C. I can catch many fish.

D. Sure. I was saying the class is at 9 a.m.

Choose the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the the underlined part that needs correction following sentences.

Question 15. If you stay up too late, you will has trouble waking up in the morning.

A. stay up B. late C. will has D. in

Question 16. The higher the air pollution, the difficult it is to enjoy outdoor activities.

A. higher B. difficult C. to D. activities

Choose the word (A, B, C, or D) whose main stress is different from the others in the group.

Question 17.

A. mental B. optimistic C. liveable D. distraction

Question 18.

A. pottery B. preserve C. artisan D. handicraft

Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words

Question 19. The _____ events often help to preserve local traditions and culture. (CULTURE)

Question 20. The garbage _____ is essential for managing waste and keeping the city clean. (COLLECT)

Question 21. An optimistic mindset can help you overcome _____ in life. (DIFFICULT)

Question 22. When stressed, it's helpful to talk to a _____ who can offer support. (COUNSEL)

Read and complete each blank in the passage with the correct answer A, B, C or D.

Van Phuc is a traditional silk weaving village in Ha Noi. It is (23) _____ for its silk products and skilled craftsmanship. The village is characterised by its narrow streets lined with old houses. They are also used as family-run silk shops. (24) _____ into Van Phuc feels like entering a world frozen in time, where the art of silk weaving has been passed down through generations. The silk produced in Van Phuc is best-selling for its quality and beauty with vibrant colours. The villagers pride themselves on (25) _____ attention to detail and their commitment to preserving traditional techniques. Visitors to Van Phuc can explore the various silk shops and witness the weaving process first-hand. They can (26) _____ the use of traditional wooden looms, the dyeing of silk threads using natural materials, and the delicate hand embroideries. Apart from silk production, Van Phuc also offers a range of other attractions such as charming pagodas, tranquil ponds, and (27) _____ gardens. Thus, visitors can purchase unique silk souvenirs to take home. All in all, tradition and creativity thrive in Van Phuc.

Question 23.

A. know B. knows C. knew D. known

Question 24.

A. Step B. To step C. Stepping D. Steps

Question 25.

A. they B. them C. theirs D. their

Question 26.

A. observe B. observes C. to observe D. observing

Question 27.

A. large B. picturesque C. modern D. abundant

Read the following passage and choose the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

The local newspaper carried out a survey with city dwellers about how to make the city a more liveable place. Most participants in the survey talked about the city's traffic.

First, they wanted stricter traffic laws to stop drivers from ignoring traffic lights and breaking speed limits. This would help reduce road accidents. In addition, they hoped their city would improve its public transport system. For example, buses should be clean and have air conditioners. There should be bus lines that reach almost all areas in the city, so it would be easy for people to get around. They said that good public transport could also save the city money. The local authority wouldn't need to construct new parking lots and widen roads to cater for the increasing number of private cars. Finally, the survey participants suggested the local authority build traffic apps. The apps could recommend to drivers the best routes to avoid **traffic congestion**. The sooner the government started implementing these, the more convenient it would be to travel around the city.

The participants also mentioned the importance of encouraging people to use bicycles for short distances. They believed that building more bike lanes would make cycling safer and more attractive. Moreover, the local authority should run public campaigns to raise citizens' awareness

about traffic safety. With these combined efforts, the city could become not only more liveable but also more environmentally friendly.

Question 28. What was the main topic of the survey carried out by the local newspaper?

- A. The cost of public transport
- B. The construction of new roads
- C. How to save the city's money
- D. How to make the city more liveable

Question 29. According to the survey, what could stricter traffic laws help reduce?

- A. Air pollution
- B. Road accidents
- C. Traffic congestion
- D. Car parking fees

Question 30. The phrase "traffic congestion" in the passage 2 line 7 is closest in meaning to _____

- A. Road accidents
- B. Car parking
- C. Traffic jams
- D. Speed limits

Question 31. Why did participants recommend building more bike lanes?

- A. To make cycling safer and encourage its use
- B. To stop people from walking long distances
- C. To reduce the number of buses in the city
- D. To make the city more modern

Question 32. Which one is NOT true according to the passage?

- A. The participants suggested building traffic apps to avoid congestion.
- B. They wanted stricter traffic laws to reduce accidents.
- C. They believed good public transport could save the city money.
- D. They recommended building more parking lots for private cars.

Choose the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is best made form the given cues in each of following questions

Question 33. Many / volunteer / community / help / people / contribute / local project.

- A. Many volunteer in the community help people and contribute to local project
- B. Many volunteers in the community help people and contribute to local projects.
- C. Many volunteers in the community help people to contribute to local projects.
- D. Many volunteer in the community help people to contribute to local project.

Question 34. The / busy / city center / long / it / take / get / through traffic

- A. The busy the city center, the longer it takes to get through traffic.
- B. The busier the city center, the more longer it takes to get through trafic.
- C. The busier the city center, the longer it takes to get through traffic.
- D. The more busier the city center, the more longer it takes to get through traffic.

Question 35. Sally / win / contest / she / have / enough money / go travelling / Singapore.

- A. If Sally wins the contest, she might have enough money to go travelling in Singapore.
- B. If Sally win the contest, she could have enough money to go travelling in Singapore.
- C. If Sally wins the contest, she could have enough money to go travelling in Singapore.
- D. If Sally win the contest, she might have enough money to go travelling in Singapore.

Question 36. Ross / still / know / where / travel / during / summer / holiday

- A. Ross still don't know where to travel during his summer holiday.
- B. Ross still doesn't know where travelling during his summer holiday.
- C. Ross still don't know where to travelling during his summer holiday.
- D. Ross still doesn't know where to travel during his summer holiday.

Complete the second sentences so that it has a similar meaning to the first one, using the given words/phrases

Question 37. You shouldn't feed wild animals in the national park. (if)

→

Question 38. A dictionary tells you how you should pronounce the words. (to)

→

Question 39. If the tickets are more expensive, fewer people will come.

→ **The more**

Question 40. The doctor advised me to cut down on my caffeine intake to reduce my anxiety. (decrease)

→

ĐÁP ÁN

Choose the word A, B, C or D whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.

Question 1.

A. wrap B. programme C. **artist** D. attraction

Giải thích: A. /ræp/ B. /'prəʊ.græm/ C. /'ɑ:.tɪst/ D. /ə'træk.ʃən/

Đáp án C là âm /ɑ:/. Các đáp án còn lại là âm /æ/.

Question 2.

A. house B. **hour** C. horror D. happiness

Giải thích: A. /haʊs/ B. /aʊər/ C. /'hɒr.ər/ D. /'hæp.i.nəs/

Đáp án B âm /h/ là âm câm.

Choose the best option to complete each of the following sentences.

Question 3. The community decided to _____ the amount of plastic bag produced.

A. **cut down on** B. pass down C. put on D. take up

Giải thích: “Cut down on” = giảm bớt

Question 4. The _____ a tourist site is, the more crowded it becomes.

A. most popular B. **more popular** C. popularer D. popular

Giải thích: Cấu trúc so sánh tương quan: The + comparative ..., the + comparative ...

Question 5. To stay active, try to _____ at least four times a week.

A. wait for B. look after C. gain weight D. **work out**

Giải thích: “Work out” = tập thể dục; phù hợp với “stay active”.

Question 6. Unless she _____ her diet, she _____ feel weak.

A. changes – will B. change – might C. **changes – might** D. will change – might

Giải thích: Với unless dùng thì hiện tại đơn ở mệnh đề phụ: “Unless she changes her diet,”

Question 7. If you _____ time for hobbies, you will feel more relaxed.

A. will make B. **make** C. makes D. must make

Giải thích: If-clause loại 1: If you make time..., you will... (không dùng will trong mệnh đề if).

Question 8. The more polluted the air gets, the _____ the layer of dust you see in the city

A. more thick B. thick C. thickest D. **thicker**

Giải thích: So sánh: “the more ... , the thicker ...” — dùng tính từ so sánh “thicker”.

Question 9. He wondered _____ to solve the traffic problem near the school gate.

A. who B. when C. where D. **how**

Giải thích: “How to solve” = cách/ phương pháp giải quyết, phù hợp với ngữ cảnh.

Question 10. The _____ the sports facilities are, the _____ the students' health becomes.

A. fewer / lower B. fewer / higher C. **more / higher** D. more / lower

Giải thích: “The more (sports facilities) ..., the higher (students' health) ...”

Question 11. A: Thank you for showing me around Bat Trang craft village. -B: _____

A. **My pleasure** B. That's right C. It's great place D. Yes, please

Giải thích: Đáp lại lời cảm ơn: “My pleasure” (Rất vui) là phù hợp.

Question 12. A: Do you need help with carrying these boxes? -B: _____

A. Never mind

B. Of course. I'd be happy to help you

C. **Thanks a lot. It's really heavy for me.**

D. Sure. Please give me these boxes

Giải thích: Người được hỏi trả lời khi được đề nghị giúp: lời cảm ơn + giải thích vì sao cần giúp (nặng). Các phương án khác là lời đề nghị giúp chứ không phải trả lời khi được hỏi.

Question 13. Could you tell me where to eat Chinese food near our school?

A. Chinese food is great!

B. OK! Let's go to eat Chinese food. **C. Sure. There's a nice restaurant across the street.**

D. I don't think so.

Giải thích: Trả lời đúng yêu cầu "Could you tell me where to eat Chinese food..." — cung cấp địa điểm.

Question 14. A: Sorry, I didn't catch that. Could you repeat what you said? -B: _____

A. Sorry? What did you say?

B. Pardon? I didn't quite catch that C. I can catch many fish.

D. Sure. I was saying the class is at 9 a.m.

Giải thích: Người nghe yêu cầu lặp lại; đáp án D lặp lại thông tin (phù hợp). A/B là cách xin nói lại; C không liên quan.

Choose the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the the underlined part that needs correction following sentences.

Question 15. If you stay up too late, you will has trouble waking up in the morning.

A. stay up B. late **C. will has** D. in

Giải thích: Sau "will" phải là động từ nguyên mẫu: "will have", không phải "will has".

Question 16. The higher the air pollution, the difficult it is to enjoy outdoor activities.

A. higher **B. difficult** C. to D. activities

Giải thích: Cần so sánh tương quan: "The higher the air pollution, the more difficult it is to enjoy outdoor activities."

Choose the word (A, B, C, or D) whose main stress is different from the others in the group.

Question 17.

A. mental **B. optimistic** C. liveable D. distraction

Question 18.

A. pottery **B. preserve** C. artisan D. handicraft

Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words

Question 19. The cultural events often help to preserve local traditions and culture.

(CULTURE)

Giải thích: Từ gốc CULTURE → tính từ cultural để bổ nghĩa cho events.

Question 20. The garbage collection is essential for managing waste and keeping the city clean. (COLLECT)

Giải thích: collection (sự thu gom) phù hợp với ngữ cảnh; chú ý sửa lỗi chính tả trong đề: managing waste.

Question 21. An optimistic mindset can help you overcome difficulties in life.

(DIFFICULT)

Giải thích: Danh từ số nhiều difficulties = những khó khăn.

Question 22. When stressed, it's helpful to talk to a counsellor who can offer support.

(COUNSEL)

Giải thích: counsellor là danh từ chỉ người tư vấn

Read and complete each blank in the passage with the correct answer A, B, C or D.

Van Phuc is a traditional silk weaving village in Ha Noi. It is (23)_____ for its silk products and skilled craftsmanship. The village is characterised by its narrow streets lined with old houses. They are also used as family-run silk shops. (24)_____ into Van Phuc feels like entering a world frozen in time, where the art of silk weaving has been passed down through generations. The silk produced in Van Phuc is best-selling for its quality and beauty with vibrant colours. The villagers pride themselves on (25)_____ attention to detail and their commitment to preserving traditional techniques. Visitors to Van Phuc can explore the various silk shops and witness the weaving process first-hand. They can (26)_____ the use of traditional wooden looms, the dyeing

of silk threads using natural materials, and the delicate hand embroideries. Apart from silk production, Van Phuc also offers a range of other attractions such as charming pagodas, tranquil ponds, and (27)_____gardens. Thus, visitors can purchase unique silk souvenirs to take home. All in all, tradition and creativity thrive in Van Phuc.

Question 23.

- A. know B. knows C. knew **D. known**

Giải thích: Cần tính từ phân từ known trong cấu trúc “It is known for ...”

Question 24.

- A. Step B. To step **C. Stepping** D. Steps

Giải thích: Stepping into Van Phuc feels like entering a world frozen in time. – dùng danh động từ/gerund làm chủ ngữ cho câu.

Question 25.

- A. they B. them C. theirs **D. their**

Giải thích: “pride themselves on their attention” — their là tính từ sở hữu đi với attention.

Question 26.

- A. observe** B. observes C. to observe D. observing

Giải thích: Câu muốn nói “They can observe the use of traditional wooden looms...” → động từ nguyên thể observe phù hợp.

Question 27.

- A. large **B. picturesque** C. morden D. abundant

Giải thích: charming pagodas, tranquil ponds, and picturesque gardens — picturesque (đẹp như tranh) hợp nghĩa nhất.

Read the following passage and choose the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

The local newspaper carried out a survey with city dwellers about how to make the city a more liveable place. Most participants in the survey talked about the city’s traffic.

First, they wanted stricter traffic laws to stop drivers from ignoring traffic lights and breaking speed limits. This would help reduce road accidents. In addition, they hoped their city would improve its public transport system. For example, buses should be clean and have air conditioners. There should be bus lines that reach almost all areas in the city, so it would be easy for people to get around. They said that good public transport could also save the city money. The local authority wouldn’t need to construct new parking lots and widen roads to cater for the increasing number of private cars. Finally, the survey participants suggested the local authority build traffic apps. The apps could recommend to drivers the best routes to avoid **traffic congestion**. The sooner the government started implementing these, the more convenient it would be to travel around the city.

The participants also mentioned the importance of encouraging people to use bicycles for short distances. They believed that building more bike lanes would make cycling safer and more attractive. Moreover, the local authority should run public campaigns to raise citizens’ awareness about traffic safety. With these combined efforts, the city could become not only more liveable but also more environmentally friendly.

Question 28. What was the main topic of the survey carried out by the local newspaper?

- A. The cost of public transport
B. The construction of new roads C. How to save the city’s money
D. How to make the city more liveable

Giải thích: Toàn bài nói về kết quả khảo sát: đề xuất để thành phố trở nên dễ sống hơn (traffic, public transport, bike lanes, apps,...).

Question 29. According to the survey, what could stricter traffic laws help reduce?

- A. Air pollution **B. Road accidents** C. Traffic congestion D. Car parking fees

Giải thích: Đề xuất luật giao thông nghiêm ngặt để ngăn tài xế phá luật, reduce road accidents.

Question 30. The phrase “traffic congestion” in the passage 2 line 7 is closest in meaning to _____

- A. Road accidents
- B. Car parking
- C. Traffic jams**
- D. Speed limits

Giải thích: Traffic congestion = traffic jams (kẹt xe).

Question 31. Why did participants recommend building more bike lanes?

- A. To make cycling safer and encourage its use**
- B. To stop people from walking long distances
- C. To reduce the number of buses in the city
- D. To make the city more modern

Giải thích: Đoạn nêu: building more bike lanes → make cycling safer & more attractive → khuyến khích dùng xe đạp.

Question 32. Which one is NOT true according to the passage?

- A. The participants suggested building traffic apps to avoid congestion.
- B. They wanted stricter traffic laws to reduce accidents.
- C. They believed good public transport could save the city money.
- D. They recommended building more parking lots for private cars.**

Giải thích: Đây là ý không đúng; ngược lại, khảo sát nói rằng nếu có hệ thống giao thông công cộng tốt thì không cần xây thêm bãi đỗ xe hay mở rộng đường cho xe cá nhân.

Choose the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is best made from the given cues in each of following questions

Question 33. Many / volunteer / community / help / poor people / contribute / local project

- A. Many volunteer in the community help poor people and contribute to local project.
- B. Many volunteers in the community help poor people and contribute to local projects.**
- C. Many volunteers in the community help poor people to contribute.
- D. Many volunteer in the community help poor people to contribute.

Giải thích: Many + danh từ số nhiều. Dịch: Nhiều tình nguyện viên trong cộng đồng giúp người nghèo và đóng góp cho nhiều dự án địa phương

Question 34. The / busy / city center / long / it / take / get / through traffic

- A. The busy the city center, the longer it takes to get through traffic.
- B. The busier the city center, the more longer it takes to get through traffic.
- C. The busier the city center, the longer it takes to get through traffic.**
- D. The more busier the city center, the more longer it takes to get through traffic.

Giải thích: The busier the city centre, the longer it takes to get through traffic. — đúng cấu trúc so sánh tương quan: The + comparative ..., the + comparative ... (mình sửa lỗi chính tả traffic → traffic).

Question 35. Sally / win / contest / she / have / enough money / go travelling / Singapore.

- A. If Sally wins the contest, she might have enough money to go travelling in Singapore.**
- B. If Sally win the contest, she could have enough money to go travelling in Singapore.
- C. If Sally wins the contest, she could have enough money to go travelling in Singapore.
- D. If Sally win the contest, she might have enough money to go travelling in Singapore.

Giải thích: If Sally wins the contest, she might have enough money to go travelling in Singapore. — câu điều kiện loại 1/khả năng: nếu thắng thì có thể có đủ tiền.

Question 36. Ross / still / know / where / travel / during / summer / holiday

- A. Ross still don't know where to travel during his summer holiday.
- B. Ross still doesn't know where travelling during his summer holiday.
- C. Ross still don't know where to travelling during his summer holiday.
- D. Ross still doesn't know where to travel during his summer holiday.**

Giải thích: Ross still doesn't know where to travel during his summer holiday. — sắp xếp đúng các thành phần, bổ sung cấu trúc phủ định thích hợp.

Complete the second sentences so that it has a similar meaning to the first one, using the given words/phrases

Question 37. You shouldn't feed wild animals in the national park. (if)

→ If you visit a national park, you shouldn't feed wild animals.

Giải thích: Câu gốc cảnh báo (không nên làm). Viết lại với if ta diễn đạt hành động bị cấm bằng hậu quả “bạn sẽ vi phạm/vi phạm nội quy”.

Question 38. A dictionary tells you how you should pronounce the words. (to)

→ A dictionary tells you how to pronounce the words.

Giải thích: Thay how you should pronounce bằng cấu trúc rút gọn how to pronounce — nghĩa giữ nguyên.

Question 39. If the tickets are more expensive, fewer people will come.

→ The more expensive the tickets are, the fewer people will come.

Giải thích: Dùng cấu trúc đảo đặc biệt: The + comparative A, the + comparative B → biểu đạt quan hệ tỷ lệ nghịch giữa giá vé và số người.

Question 40. The doctor advised me to cut down on my caffeine intake to reduce my anxiety. (decrease)

→ The doctor advised me to decrease my caffeine intake to reduce my anxiety.

Giải thích: Decrease = giảm, thay thế cho cụm cut down on mà giữ nguyên nghĩa; cấu trúc câu không đổi.

ĐỀ 2

ĐỀ KIỂM TRA GIỮA HỌC KỲ I NĂM HỌC 2025-2026 MÔN: TIẾNG ANH 9

Choose the word A, B, C or D whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.

Question 1.

A. pack B. park C. cattle D. chat

Question 2.

A. crowded B. outdoor C. locate D. council

Choose the best option to complete each of the following sentences.

Question 3. The (early) you get up, the more energetic you feel during the day.

A. more early B. earlier C. early D. most early

Question 4. _____ we go to the beach if I _____ (finish) my work?

A. Could/ finish B. Could/ finishes C. Can/ finishes D. Can/ finish

Question 5. The _____ helped us fix the lights after the storm.

A. delivery person B. doctor C. artisan D. electrician

Question 6. Hanoi is a _____ city with lots of activities day and night.

A. bustling B. pricey C. liveable D. itchy

Question 7. The (clean) _____ the kitchen is, the (pleasant) _____ cooking becomes.

A. cleaner/pleasant B. cleaner/more pleasant C. clean/ more pleasant D. cleaner/pleasanter

Question 8. My sisters didn't understand _____ to do.

A. what B. who C. where D. when

Question 9. They don't know _____ to preserve the natural beauty of their area.

A. what B. who C. where D. how

Question 10. _____ you look after the baby if we go to the supermarket?

A. should B. might C. may D. must

Question 11. A: Can you help me lift this chair, please? -B: _____

A. You're welcome B. Yes, I can't C. The chair is nice D. Of course

Question 12. A: Could you lend me your pen for a moment? -B: _____

A. Do you have pen? B. Here you are C. Thanks a lot D. I have a good idea

Question 13. A: Shall I open the window for you? -B: _____

A. No, I don't

B. Yes, please. It's really hot in here C. The window is closed.

D. There are 3 windows in the room.

Question 14. Could you explain this exercise to me? -B: _____

A. Yes, thanks a lot.

B. Sure, let's go through it together. C. Not at all.

D. That's a good idea

Choose the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the the underlined part that needs correction following sentences.

Question 11. If you want to have a good heart, you can eat less salt and sugar.

A. want B. a C. can D. less

Question 12. I fear that the more modern city life is, the more friendly people are to one another.

A. more modern B. is C. more friendly D. another

Choose the word (A, B, C, or D) whose main stress is different from the others in the group.

Question 13.

A. achieve B. additional C. calendar D. celebrity

Question 14.

A. bustling B. coastal C. discount D. commuter

Give the word form of these words in brackets

Question 15. My grandfather used to hand down the family _____ of making pottery to my father. (TRADITIONAL)

Question 16. Exercising regularly is important for both _____ and mental health. (PHYSIC)

Question 17. The city's most popular _____ is the Marison Old Quarter (ATTRACT)

Question 18. Vacouver is one of the most _____ city in the world (LIVE)

Read and complete each blank in the passage with the correct answer A, B, C or D.

Hello, welcome to today's podcast. In this episode, we will (23) _____ life in some of the major cities in Vietnam, focusing on the unique characteristics and what makes them special. Let's start with Hanoi, the capital city of Vietnam. Hanoi is known for its rich history, (24) _____ temples and architecture. It's also famous for delicious street food. Moving to the south, we have Ho Chi Minh City. It's the (25) _____ city in Vietnam and known for its skyscrapers, shopping malls and a lively nightlife. It's also a great place to experience modern Vietnamese cuisine. Now, let's talk about Da Nang, a (26) _____ city known for its beautiful beaches and relaxed atmosphere. Da Nang is known for the Dragon Bridge, which breathes fire on weekends. The city is a popular (27) _____ for both domestic and international tourists. In general, although all cities have the common elements of Vietnamese culture and hospitality, each has its own charm and attractions, making Vietnam a fascinating country to explore. That's a short introduction about life in some of Vietnam's major cities.

Question 23.

A. explore B. explores C. to explore D. explored

Question 24.

A. liveable B. modern C. ancient D. popular

Question 25.

A. large B. largest C. larger D. most large

Question 26.

A. mountainous B. famous C. big D. coastal

Question 27.

A. food B. culture C. destination D. town

Read the following passage and choose the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

The world is full of lively cities, and each offers a unique blend of culture, infrastructure, and opportunities. However, some cities stand out for their exceptional liveability.

Vienna, the capital city of Austria, consistently ranks as the most liveable city in the world. It boasts excellent education, health services, and a rich culture. Copenhagen, the capital city of Denmark, is considered one of the best places to live in the world. It is known for its high quality of life, **sustainable** practices, and beautiful architecture. Melbourne and Sydney, two Australian cities, are famous for their high living standards, excellent education systems, and wonderful places for entertainment. Vancouver, Canada, is praised for its stunning natural beauty, clean environment, and a rich culture. Zürich, Switzerland, offers a high standard of living, excellent services, and a strong connection.

These cities, while diverse in culture and geography, share common traits that make them highly liveable. They offer a balance of economic prosperity, cultural richness, safety, and a high quality of life. However, what makes a city "liveable" can vary greatly depending on personal preferences and needs.

Question 28. Which city is mentioned as the most liveable city in the world?

- A. Zürich B. Vancouver C. Melbourne D. Vienna

Question 29. The word "sustainable" in the passage 2 line 3 in the meaning to

- A. lasting B. unsustainable C. unstable D. clean

Question 30. Which country do Melbourne and Sydney belong to?

- A. Canada
B. Switzerland
C. Australia
D. Denmark

Question 31. According to the passage, what do the cities mentioned have in common?

- A. They are all in Europe.
B. They all have large populations. C. They are all capital cities.
D. They all offer high standards of living.

Question 32. Which of the following is NOT true according to the passage?

- A. Vancouver is praised for its natural beauty and clean environment.
B. Vienna is known for poor health services. C. Copenhagen is famous for sustainable practices and architecture.
D. Zürich offers excellent services and high living standards.

Choose the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is best made from the given cues in each of following questions

Question 33. If / community helper / work / hard / they / make / village / better place.

- A. If community helper works hard, they may make the village better place.
B. If community helpers work hard, they can make the village a better place.
C. If community helper work hard, they should make the village better place.
D. If community helpers works hard, they might make the village a better place.

Question 34. The / more / bustling / city / become / the / more / difficult / people / get around.

- A. The bustling the city becomes, the more difficult people can get around.
B. The more bustling the city becomes, the more difficult people may get around.
C. The more bustling the city becomes, the more difficult it is for people to get around.
D. The bustling the city becomes, the more difficult it should get around.

Question 35. If / you / eat / too many / fattening / foods / you / gain / weight.

- A. If you eats too many fattening foods, you might gain weight.
B. If you eat too many fattening foods, you may gain weight.
C. If you eating too many fattening foods, you can gain weight.
D. If you ate too many fattening foods, you will gain weight.

Question 36. The / more / you / minimise / distractions / the / better / you / accomplish / assignment.

- A. The more you minimise distractions, the better you may accomplish your assignment.
- B. The more you minimise distractions, the better you can accomplish your assignment.
- C. The more you minimise distractions, the better you should accomplish your assignment.
- D. The more you minimise distractions, the better you might accomplish your assignment.

Complete the second sentences so that it has a similar meaning to the first one, using the given words/phrases

Question 37. If you read many books, you will have much knowledge.

→ The more

Question 38. If she studies efficiently, she will understand complex exercises well.

→ The more

Question 39. Finish your homework, and you can hang out with your friends.

→ If

Question 40. Is Sam going to enter the race? He'll probably win it.

→ If

ĐÁP ÁN

Choose the word A, B, C or D whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.

Question 1.

- A. pack B. park C. cattle D. chat

Giải thích: Các từ A, C, D có nguyên âm ngắn /æ/, trong khi “park” có nguyên âm dài /ɑ:/. Vì vậy khác biệt là ở B.

- A. pack – /pæk/
- B. park – /pɑ:k/
- C. cattle – /'kætl/
- D. chat – /tʃæt/

Question 2.

- A. crowded B. outdoor C. locate D. council

Giải thích: “crowded, outdoor, council” có nguyên âm đôi /aʊ/, còn “locate” có nguyên âm đôi /əʊ/. Vì vậy khác biệt là C.

- A. crowded – /'kraʊdɪd/
- B. outdoor – /'aʊtɔ:ɪr/
- C. locate – /ləʊ'keɪt/
- D. council – /'kaʊnsl/

Choose the best option to complete each of the following sentences.

Question 3. The (early) you get up, the more energetic you feel during the day.

- A. more early B. earlier C. early D. most early

Giải thích: Cấu trúc so sánh kép: “The + comparative..., the + comparative...”. Dùng earlier (so sánh hơn của early).

Question 4. _____ we go to the beach if I _____ (finish) my work?

- A. Could/ finish B. Could/ finishes C. Can/ finishes D. Can/ finish

Giải thích: Câu điều kiện loại 1: If + S + V (hiện tại đơn), S + can/may/will + V. Đúng là “Can we go ... if I finish ...?”.

Question 5. The _____ helped us fix the lights after the storm.

- A. delivery person B. doctor C. artisan D. electrician

Giải thích: Người sửa đèn điện là “electrician” (thợ điện). Các đáp án khác không phù hợp ngữ cảnh.

Question 6. Hanoi is a _____ city with lots of activities day and night.

A. bustling B. pricey C. liveable D. itchy

Giải thích: “bustling” = nhộn nhịp, sôi động → phù hợp với Hà Nội.

Question 7. The (clean) _____ the kitchen is, the (pleasant) _____ cooking becomes.

A. cleaner/pleasant B. cleaner/more pleasant C. clean/ more pleasant D. cleaner/pleasanter

Giải thích: Cấu trúc so sánh kép → “The cleaner..., the more pleasant...”.

Question 8. My sisters didn't understand _____ to do.

A. what B. who C. where D. when

Giải thích: “understand what to do” = hiểu phải làm gì.

Question 9. They don't know _____ to preserve the natural beauty of their area.

A. what B. who C. where D. how

Giải thích: “how to preserve” = làm thế nào để bảo tồn.

Question 10. _____ you look after the baby if we go to the supermarket?

A. should B. might C. may D. must

Giải thích: “Should you look after the baby ...?” là cách lịch sự để nhờ giúp. Các từ “might/may/must” không hợp ngữ cảnh.

Question 11. A: Can you help me lift this chair, please? -B: _____

A. You're welcom B. Yes, I can't C. The chair is nice D. Of course

Giải thích: Đáp lại lời nhờ vả → “Of course” (chắc chắn rồi).

Question 12. A: Could you lend me your pen for a moment? -B: _____

A. Do you have pen? B. Here you are C. Thanks a lot D. I have a good idea

Giải thích: Khi đưa đồ cho ai đó, ta nói “Here you are”.

Question 13. A: Shall I open the window for you? -B: _____

A. No, I don't

B. Yes, please. It's really hot in here C. The window is closed.

D. There are 3 windows in the room.

Giải thích: Lời đề nghị → đồng ý lịch sự “Yes, please”.

Question 14. Could you explain this exercise to me? -B: _____

A. Yes, thanks a lot.

B. Sure, let's go through it together. C. Not at all.

D. That's a good idea

Giải thích: Đáp lại yêu cầu giúp đỡ bằng cách đồng ý và sẵn sàng giúp.

Choose the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the the underlined part that needs correction following sentences.

Question 11. If you want to have a good heart, you can eat less salt and sugar.

A. want B. a C. can D. less

Giải thích: Ý nghĩa: “để có trái tim khỏe mạnh, bạn nên ăn ít muối và đường”. Phải dùng should thay vì “can”.

Question 12. I fear that the more modern city life is, the more friendly people are to one another.

A. more modern B. is C. more friendly D. another

Giải thích: “Friendly” là tính từ dài → dùng more friendly cũng đúng nhưng chuẩn mực hơn là friendlier. Trong câu so sánh kép nên sửa thành the friendlier.

Choose the word (A, B, C, or D) whose main stress is different from the others in the group.

Question 13.

A. achieve B. additional C. calendar D. celebrity

Giải thích: A. achieve → /ə'tʃi:v/ → trọng âm rơi vào âm tiết 2

B. additional → /ə'dɪʃənl/ → trọng âm rơi vào âm tiết 2

C. calendar → /'kælɪndər/ → trọng âm rơi vào âm tiết 1

D. celebrity → /sə'lebrəti/ → trọng âm rơi vào âm tiết 2

Question 14.

A. bustling B. coastal C. discount D. commuter

Giải thích: A. bustling → /'bʌslɪŋ/ → trọng âm âm tiết 1

B. coastal → /'kəʊstl/ → trọng âm âm tiết 1

C. discount → /'dɪskaʊnt/ (n) → trọng âm âm tiết 1

D. commuter → /kə'mju:tər/ → trọng âm âm tiết 2

Give the word form of these words in brackets

Question 15. My grandfather used to hand down the family **traditonal** of making pottery to my father. (TRADITIONAL).

Giải thích: Danh từ “tradition” phù hợp với “family tradition of making pottery”.

Question 16. Exercising regularly is important for both **physical** and mental health. (PHYSIC)

Giải thích: cần điền 1 tính từ. Dịch: Tập luyện thường xuyên rất quan trọng cho cả sức khỏe thể chất và tinh thần.

Question 17. The city's most popular **attraction** is the Marison Old Quarter (ATTRACT)

Giải thích: Danh từ “attraction” = điểm hấp dẫn. Dịch: Địa điểm phổ biến nhất của thành phố là phố cổ Marison.

Question 18. Vacouver is one of the most **livealbe** city in the world (LIVE)

Giải thích: Tính từ “liveable” = đáng sống. Dịch: Vancouver là 1 trong những thành phố đáng sống nhất thế giới.

Read and complete each blank in the passage with the correct answer A, B, C or D.

Hello, welcome to today's podcast. In this episode, we will (23)_____ life in some of the major cities in Vietnam, focusing on the unique characteristics and what makes them special. Let's start with Hanoi, the capital city of Vietnam. Hanoi is known for its rich history, (24)_____ temples and architecture. It's also famous for delicious street food. Moving to the south, we have Ho Chi Minh City. It's the (25)_____ city in Vietnam and known for its skyscrapers, shopping malls and a lively nightlife. It's also a great place to experience modern Vietnamese cuisine. Now, let's talk about Da Nang, a (26)_____ city known for its beautiful beaches and relaxed atmosphere. Da Nang is known for the Dragon Bridge, which breathes fire on weekends. The city is a popular (27)_____ for both domestic and international tourists. In general, although all cities have the common elements of Vietnamese culture and hospitality, each has its own charm and attractions, making Vietnam a fascinating country to explore. That's a short introduction about life in some of Vietnam's major cities.

Question 23.

A. explore B. explores C. to explore D. explored

Giải thích: “we will explore life in ...” là hợp ngữ pháp.

Question 24.

A. liveable B. modern C. ancient D. popular

Giải thích: Hà Nội nổi tiếng với “ancient temples and architecture”.

Question 25.

A. large B. largest C. larger D. most large

Giải thích: so sánh nhất “the largest city in Vietnam”.

Question 26.

A. mountainous B. famous C. big D. coastal

Giải thích: Đà Nẵng là “coastal city” (thành phố biển)

Question 27.

A. food B. culture C. destination D. town

Giải thích: “popular destination for both domestic and international tourists” (là điểm đến phổ biến cho cả du khách trong nước và quốc tế)

the following passage and choose the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

The world is full of lively cities, and each offers a unique blend of culture, infrastructure, and opportunities. However, some cities stand out for their exceptional liveability.

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These cities, while diverse in culture and geography, share common traits that make them highly liveable. They offer a balance of economic prosperity, cultural richness, safety, and a high quality of life. However, what makes a city "liveable" can vary greatly depending on personal preferences and needs.

Tạm dịch: Thế giới tràn ngập những thành phố sôi động, mỗi thành phố mang đến sự pha trộn độc đáo giữa văn hóa, cơ sở hạ tầng và cơ hội. Tuy nhiên, một số thành phố nổi bật với mức sống đáng mơ ước.

Vienna, thủ đô của Áo, liên tục được xếp hạng là thành phố đáng sống nhất thế giới. Thành phố tự hào với nền giáo dục xuất sắc, dịch vụ y tế và nền văn hóa phong phú. Copenhagen, thủ đô của Đan Mạch, được coi là một trong những nơi đáng sống nhất thế giới. Nơi đây nổi tiếng với chất lượng cuộc sống cao, các hoạt động bền vững và kiến trúc tuyệt đẹp. Melbourne và Sydney, hai thành phố của Úc, nổi tiếng với mức sống cao, hệ thống giáo dục xuất sắc và những địa điểm giải trí tuyệt vời. Vancouver, Canada, được ca ngợi vì vẻ đẹp thiên nhiên tuyệt đẹp, môi trường trong lành và nền văn hóa phong phú. Zürich, Thụy Sĩ, mang đến mức sống cao, dịch vụ xuất sắc và sự kết nối mạnh mẽ.

Những thành phố này, mặc dù đa dạng về văn hóa và địa lý, nhưng có những đặc điểm chung khiến chúng trở nên rất đáng sống. Chúng mang đến sự cân bằng giữa thịnh vượng kinh tế, sự phong phú về văn hóa, an toàn và chất lượng cuộc sống cao. Tuy nhiên, những yếu tố làm nên một thành phố "đáng sống" có thể rất khác nhau tùy thuộc vào sở thích và nhu cầu cá nhân.

Question 28. Which city is mentioned as the most liveable city in the world?

- A. Zürich B. Vancouver C. Melbourne **D. Vienna**

Giải thích: đoạn văn nói Vienna consistently ranks the most liveable city.

Question 29. The word "sustainable" in the passage 2 line 3 in the meaning to

- A. lasting** B. unsustainable C. unstable D. clean

Giải thích: "sustainable" = bền vững, lâu dài → lasting.

Question 30. Which country do Melbourne and Sydney belong to?

- A. Canada
B. Switzerland
C. Australia
D. Denmark

Giải thích: Melbourne và Sydney là ở Úc.

Question 31. According to the passage, what do the cities mentioned have in common?

- A. They are all in Europe.
B. They all have large populations. C. They are all capital cities.
D. They all offer high standards of living.

Giải thích: Đoạn cuối văn bản nói: "They offer a balance of economic prosperity, cultural richness, safety, and a high quality of life." → tất cả đều mang lại tiêu chuẩn sống cao.

Question 32. Which of the following is NOT true according to the passage?

- A. Vancouver is praised for its natural beauty and clean environment.
B. Vienna is known for poor health services. C. Copenhagen is famous for sustainable practices and architecture.
D. Zürich offers excellent services and high living standards.

Giải thích: Văn bản nói Vienna nổi tiếng vì dịch vụ y tế excellent, không phải "poor". Đây là thông tin trái với văn bản

Choose the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is best made from the given cues in each of following questions

Question 33. If / community helper / work / hard / they / make / village / better place.

- A. If community helper works hard, they may make the village better place.
- B. If community helpers work hard, they can make the village a better place.**
- C. If community helper work hard, they should make the village better place.
- D. If community helpers works hard, they might make the village a better place.

Giải thích: Chủ ngữ số nhiều → “helpers work”. Câu điều kiện loại 1.

Question 34. The / more / bustling / city / become / the / more / difficult / people / get around.

- A. The bustling the city becomes, the more difficult people can get around.
- B. The more bustling the city becomes, the more difficult people may get around.
- C. The more bustling the city becomes, the more difficult it is for people to get around.**
- D. The bustling the city becomes, the more difficult it should get around.

Giải thích: Cấu trúc so sánh kép + thêm chủ ngữ “it is for people”.

Question 35. If / you / eat / too many / fattening / foods / you / gain / weight.

- A. If you eats too many fattening foods, you might gain weight.
- B. If you eat too many fattening foods, you may gain weight.**
- C. If you eating too many fattening foods, you can gain weight.
- D. If you ate too many fattening foods, you will gain weight.

Giải thích: Câu điều kiện loại 1, đáp án A, C, D sai ngữ pháp chia theo thì

Question 36. The / more / you / minimise / distractions / the / better / you / accomplish / assignment.

- A. The more you minimise distractions, the better you may accomplish your assignment.
- B. The more you minimise distractions, the better you can accomplish your assignment.**
- C. The more you minimise distractions, the better you should accomplish your assignment.
- D. The more you minimise distractions, the better you might accomplish your assignment.

Giải thích: So sánh kép + động từ “can accomplish”.

Complete the second sentences so that it has a similar meaning to the first one, using the given words/phrases

Question 37. If you read many books, you will have much knowledge.

→ **The more books you read, the more knowledge you will have.**

Giải thích:

Câu gốc là câu điều kiện loại 1: If + S + V (hiện tại đơn), S + will + V. Khi viết lại bằng cấu trúc so sánh kép: The more + N + S + V, the more + N + S + V.

Dịch: Càng đọc nhiều sách, bạn sẽ càng có nhiều kiến thức.

Question 38. If she studies efficiently, she will understand complex exercises well.

→ **The more efficiently she studies, the better she will understand complex exercises.**

Giải thích:

Câu gốc cũng là câu điều kiện loại 1. Khi viết lại bằng so sánh kép, ta đưa trạng từ “efficiently” vào sau the more → the more efficiently she studies.

Dịch: Cô ấy học càng hiệu quả thì cô ấy sẽ càng hiểu tốt các bài tập khó.

Question 39. Finish your homework, and you can hang out with your friends.

→ **If you finish your homework, you can hang out with your friends**

Giải thích:

Câu gốc có cấu trúc câu mệnh lệnh + and + kết quả.

Dịch: Nếu bạn làm xong bài tập, bạn có thể đi chơi với bạn bè.

Question 40. Is Sam going to enter the race? He'll probably win it.

→ **If Sam is going to enter the race, he'll probably win it.**

Giải thích:

Câu gốc gồm hai câu: (1) câu hỏi về khả năng Sam tham gia cuộc thi, (2) dự đoán rằng anh ấy sẽ thắng.

Khi viết lại, gộp thành câu điều kiện loại 1: If + S + be going to + V, S + will + V.
 Dịch: Nếu Sam tham gia cuộc thi, anh ấy có lẽ sẽ thắng.

ĐỀ 3

ĐỀ KIỂM TRA GIỮA HỌC KỲ I
NĂM HỌC 2025-2026
MÔN: TIẾNG ANH 9

Choose the word A, B, C or D whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.

Question 1. A. pack B. park C. marry D. chart

Question 2. B. about B. shout C. through D. around

Choose the best option to complete each of the following sentences.

Question 3. I live in a _____ street which is full of people and vehicles moving around all day.

A. quiet B. calm C. bustling D. empty

Question 4. All the students in the _____ joined the campaign to protect the environment.

A. suburb B. community C. craft village D. local club

Question 5. A: Could you give me a hand with these rubbish bins? **B:** _____

A. Certainly. Where do you want to put them?

B. Sure. I don't like them much C. No, I couldn't. They're over there.

D. . Yes, I could give you the bins.

Question 6. Bat Trang is a famous _____ in Hanoi, known for its beautiful pottery.

A. attraction B. community C. craft village D. suburb

Question 7. A: Your plumber is broke, right? I can tell you a good plumber. **-B:** _____

A. Plumber is my favorite job

B. Sure, I'll do it now. C. Thanks a lot.

D. Yes, please

Question 8. The faster he walks, _____

A. more tired he gets B. more tired he gets C. the more tired he gets D. he get tired

Question 9. This picture really _____ me _____ my childhood in the countryside.

A. remind / of B. reminded / of C. reminds / of D. to remind / of

Question 10. I don't know _____ I can get to the supermarket.

A. when B. what C. who D. how

Question 11. A: Can you give me a lift? **-B:** _____

A. Of course. Let's go

B. Thanks a lot C. The lift is over there

D. Yes, I

Question 12. If Mike _____ good grade in final exam, his parents _____ him a toy car.

A. get / buy B. gets / buy C. get / may buy D. gets / may buy

Question 13. If he _____ enough sleep, he _____ more focused.

A. get / be B. gets / can be C. gets / is D. get / can be

Question 14. A: I need some assistance, please. **- B:** _____

A. Yes, please.

B. Thanks. That would be great. C. Sure. How can I help you?

D. Don't worry. I'll do it now.

Choose the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction following sentences.

Question 15. We should cut down of plastic bags to protect the environment.

A. cut B. of C. bags D. to

Question 16. Jane must be very excited if we invite her to our party

A. must B. excited C. invite D. to

Choose the word A, B, C or D whose main stress is pronounced differently from the others.

Question 17. A. community B. artisan C. attraction D. original

Question 18. A. museum B. handicraft C. pottery D. balance

GIVE THE WORD FORM OF THESE WORDS IN BRACKETS

Question 19. Bun cha is a local _____ of this area, so you must try it one time (SPECIAL)

Question 20. My father is an _____ he repairs electrical facilities very well (ELECTRIC)

Question 21. There are lots of _____ near our school, so it's quite noisy (CONSTRUCT)

Question 22. Do exercise regularly to maintain a _____ weight. (HEALTH)

Read and complete each blank in the passage with the correct answer A, B, C or D.

Hi Elle,

How are you? In your last email, you asked me about places of interest in my community. Now I'll tell you about them.

I live in a suburb of Ha Noi. (1) _____ it's a small community, there are enough places of interest. Near my house there is a park with a lot of trees and (2) _____ facilities. People of all ages go there to enjoy the fresh air, do exercise, and play football or badminton. I also go to these parks to play badminton with my sister. Another place which people like in our community is the (3) _____ library. It has many new books of all kinds. In addition, it holds (4) _____ activities for book lovers, such as book review competitions or meetings with famous authors. Therefore, it (5) _____ a lot of readers each weekend. When you visit Ha Noi, I'll take you to these places. Tell me about the places of interest in your area in your next email.

Best wishes,

Alice

Question 23. A. but B. and C. or D. although

Question 24. A. sport B. sporty C. sports D. sporting

Question 25. A. local B. international C. country D. foreign

Question 26. A. differ B. different C. differently D. differents

Question 27. A. attract B. attracted C. attracts D. attraction

Read the following passage and choose the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

Being in Cong Thanh village in Tam Quan Bac commune, Hoai Nhon district of Binh Dinh province on sunny days, visitors will see sedge plants and flowery sedge mats drying in every available open space, on the roadside or drying yards.

For years, the local people, old and young, have earned their living by growing sedge plants and weaving flowery mats. In the houses, women, old and young are working at the weaving looms, their hands feeding threads to and fro on the looms so skillfully. To have a nice, **durable** mat, there should be a total of three jobs combined together: the first is to grow sedge plants, harvest, split and dry them; the second is to dye rush threads and the last is to weave mats. A **skillful** weaver who works from early morning till late in the afternoon can weave three pairs of mats (mats are often sold in pairs). In most cases, the mats are weaved with colorful, flowery designs.

Cong Thanh sedge mats are famous throughout the southern region of Central Viet Nam. If you leave Cong Thanh village late in the afternoon, you still see many people busily working. They transport sedge plants into a store house and sort them, or pack mats to deliver to consumers. All make up a nice picture of a traditional craft village.

Question 28. Where is Cong Thanh village located?

A. Hoai Nhon district, Binh Dinh province

B. Tam Quan Nam commune, Quang Ngai province

C. Hoai An district, Binh Dinh province

D. Phu Cat district, Binh Dinh province

Question 29. The word "durable" in the paragraph 2, line 3 is closest in meaning to:

A. Strong and long-lasting

B. Expensive and rare

C. Small and light

D. Bright and colorful

Question 30. The word “skillfully” in the paragraph 2, line 5 is opposite in meaning to:

A. Carefully and expertly

B. Slowly and lazily

C. Loudly and proudly

D. Quickly and carelessly

Question 31. What is special about Cong Thanh sedge mats?

A. They are plain and simple

B. They are made only from plastic

C. They are mostly exported abroad

D. They are famous for colorful, flowery designs

Question 32. Which one is NOT true according to the passage?

A. Cong Thanh mats are often decorated with colorful designs.

B. Only young women work at the weaving looms.

C. The mats are often sold in pairs.

D. People still work in the late afternoon, packing and transporting mats.

Rearrange the words to make complete sentences

Question 33. Many volunteer / the community / help people / contribute.

A. Many volunteer in the community help people to contribute.

B. Many volunteer in the community help people and contribute.

C. Many volunteers in the community help people and contribute.

D. Many volunteers the community help people to contribute.

Question 34. He / show / me / how / use / new machine

A. He shows me how to use the new machine.

B. He showed me how to use the new machine.

C. He showed me how use the new machine.

D. He shows me how to use the new machine.

Question 35. Remember / turn / light / before/ you / leave / room.

A. Remember turn off the lights before you leaving the room.

B. Remember to turn on the lights before you leaving the room.

C. Remember to turn off the lights before you leaving the room.

D. Remember to turn on the light before you leaving the room.

Question 36. If / you / do / exercise / regular / you / lose / weight

A. If you does exercise regularly, you can lose weight.

B. If you do exercise regularly, you should lose weight.

C. If you do exercise regularly, you can lose weight.

D. If you does exercise regularly, you should lose weight.

Rewrite the sentences with the words given

Question 37. Could you tell me who I should ask for advice?

→ Could you tell me who

Question 38. “Should I discuss this matter with my roommates?”

→ She wondered

Question 39. In order to have a good relationship with our neighbours, we bought flowers to give them in this event. (get on with)

→

Question 40. Mary usually drinks soft drinks before bedtime. She often has a toothache

→ If she

ĐÁP ÁN

Choose the word A, B, C or D whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.

Question 1. A. pack B. park C. dark D. chart

“park” /pɑ:k/, “chart” /tʃɑ:t/, “dark” /dɑ:k/

“pack” /pæk/ có nguyên âm /æ/

Question 2. B. about B. shout **C. through** D. around

“about” /ə'baʊt/, “shout” /ʃaʊt/, “around” /ə'raʊnd/ → đều có nguyên âm /aʊ/

“through” /θru:/ có nguyên âm /u:/ → khác.

Choose the best option to complete each of the following sentences.

Question 3. I live in a _____ street which is full of people and vehicles moving around all day.

A. quiet B. calm **C. bustling** D. empty

Giải thích: full of people and vehicles moving around all day: nhiều người và phương tiện giao thông đi lại ngày → bustling (náo nhiệt, sầm uất)

Question 4. All the students in the _____ joined the campaign to protect the environment.

A. suburb **B. community** C. craft village D. local club

Giải thích: Ở đây chỉ tập thể học sinh trong cộng đồng.

Question 5. A: Could you give me a hand with these rubbish bins? B: _____

A. Certainly. Where do you want to put them?

B. Sure. I don't like them much C. No, I couldn't. They're over there.

D. . Yes, I could give you the bins.

Giải thích: Câu hỏi nhờ giúp đỡ → phản hồi giúp người khác

Question 6. Bat Trang is a famous _____ in Hanoi, known for its beautiful pottery.

A. attraction B. community **C. craft village** D. suburb

Giải thích: craft village: làng nghề

Question 7. A: Your plumber is broke, right? I can tell you a good plumber. -B: _____

A. Plumber is my favorite job

B. Sure, I'll do it now. **C. Thanks a lot.**

D. Yes, please

Giải thích: Dịch: A: Ông nước của bạn bị vỡ phải không? Tôi có thể nói cho bạn 1 thợ sửa ống nước giỏi → phản hồi sự giúp đỡ bằng lời cảm ơn

Question 8. The faster he walks, _____

A. more tired he gets B. more tired he gets **C. the more tired he gets** D. he get tired

Giải thích: Cấu trúc so sánh kép: The + comparative + S + V, the + comparative + S + V.

Question 9. This picture really _____ me _____ my childhood in the countryside.

A. remind / of B. reminded / of **C. reminds / of** D. to remind / of

Giải thích: remind + sb + of + sth = gợi nhớ ai về cái gì. Chủ ngữ số ít → chia động từ 'remind'

Question 10. I don't know _____ I can get to the supermarket.

A. when B. what C. who **D. how**

Giải thích: how = bằng cách nào

Question 11. A: Can you give me a lift? -B: _____

A. Of course. Let's go

B. Thanks a lot C. The lift is over there

D. Yes, I

Giải thích: take a lift: đi nhờ xe → phản hồi lại lời nhờ giúp đỡ

Question 12. If Mike _____ good grade in final exam, his parents _____ him a toy car.

A. get / buy B. gets / buy C. get / may buy **D. gets / may buy**

Giải thích: Câu điều kiện loại 1: If + S + V(s/es), S + may/can/will + V.

Question 13. If he _____ enough sleep, he _____ more focused.

A. get / be **B. gets / can be** C. gets / is D. get / can be

Giải thích: Câu điều kiện loại 1: If + S + V(s/es), S + may/can/will + V.

Question 14. I need some assistance, please.

A. Yes, please.

B. Thanks. That would be great. **C. Sure. How can I help you?**

D. Don't worry. I'll do it now.

Giải thích: assistance: sự trợ giúp → phản hồi lại lời nhờ giúp đỡ

Choose the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction following sentences.

Question 15. We should cut down of plastic bags to protect the environment.

A. cut B. of C. bags D. to

Giải thích: We should cut down **on** plastic bags to protect the environment.

cut down on + N = giảm bớt, hạn chế.

Question 16. Jane must be very excited if we invite her to our party

A. must B. excited C. invite D. to

Giải thích “must be” = chắc chắn (phỏng đoán hiện tại), không phù hợp trong câu điều kiện.

Sửa: Jane **will** be very excited if we invite her to our party.

If + S + V(present), S + will/can + V.

Choose the word A, B, C or D whose main stress is pronounced differently from the others.

Question 17. A. community B. artisan C. attraction D. original

Giải thích: A. community → /kə'mju:.nə.ti/ → trọng âm rơi vào âm tiết thứ 2

B. artisan → /'ɑ:.tɪ.zən/ → trọng âm rơi vào âm tiết thứ 3

C. attraction → /ə'træk.fən/ → trọng âm rơi vào âm tiết thứ 2

D. original → /ə'ɹɪdʒ.ɪ.nəl/ → trọng âm rơi vào âm tiết thứ 2

Question 18. A. museum B. handicraft C. pottery D. balance

Giải thích: A. museum → /mju:'zi:.əm/ → trọng âm rơi vào âm tiết thứ 2

B. handicraft → /'hæn.dɪ.kra:ft/ → trọng âm rơi vào âm tiết thứ 1

C. pottery → /'pɒt.ər.i/ → trọng âm rơi vào âm tiết thứ 1

D. balance → /'bæl.əns/ → trọng âm rơi vào âm tiết thứ 1

Give the word form of these words in brackets

Question 19. Bun cha is a local specialty of this area, so you must try it one time (SPECIAL)

Giải thích: local + N. Specialty (n): đặc sản

Question 20. My father is an electrician he repairs electrical facilities very well (ELECTRIC)

Giải thích: an + N. Repairs electrical facilities very well: sửa chữa thiết bị điện rất giỏi → thợ điện

Question 21. There are lots of constructions near our school, so it's quite noisy (CONSTRUCT)

Giải thích: lots of + N số nhiều

Question 22. Do exercise regularly to maintain a healthy weight. (HEALTH)

Giải thích: ADJ + weight

Read and complete each blank in the passage with the correct answer A, B, C or D.

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Best wishes,

Alice

Question 23. A. but B. and C. or D. although

Giải thích: Mình sống ở ngoại ô Hà Nội. _____ đây là một cộng đồng nhỏ, nhưng cũng có nhiều nơi thú vị." Phải dùng although (mặc dù).

Question 24. A. sport B. sporty **C. sports** D. sporting

Giải thích: sports facilities” = cơ sở vật chất thể thao.

Question 25. **A. local** B. international C. country D. foreign

Giải thích: Thư viện gần nhà → local library (thư viện địa phương).

Question 26. A. differ **B. different** C. differently D. differents

Giải thích: cần tính từ bổ nghĩa cho danh từ “activities” → different activities.

Question 27. A. attract B. attracted **C. attracts** D. attraction

Giải thích: Chủ ngữ “it” (thư viện) →: attracts.

Read the following passage and choose the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

Being in Cong Thanh village in Tam Quan Bac commune, Hoai Nhon district of Binh Dinh province on sunny days, visitors will see sedge plants and flowery sedge mats drying in every available open space, on the roadside or drying yards.

For years, the local people, old and young, have earned their living by growing sedge plants and weaving flowery mats. In the houses, women, old and young are working at the weaving looms, their hands feeding threads to and fro on the looms so skillfully. To have a nice, **durable** mat, there should be a total of three jobs combined together: the first is to grow sedge plants, harvest, split and dry them; the second is to dye rush threads and the last is to weave mats. A **skillful** weaver who works from early morning till late in the afternoon can weave three pairs of mats (mats are often sold in pairs). In most cases, the mats are woven with colorful, flowery designs.

Cong Thanh sedge mats are famous throughout the southern region of Central Viet Nam. If you leave Cong Thanh village late in the afternoon, you still see many people busily working. They transport sedge plants into a store house and sort them, or pack mats to deliver to consumers. All make up a nice picture of a traditional craft village.

Dịch: Đến làng Công Thành, xã Tam Quan Bắc, huyện Hoài Nhơn, tỉnh Bình Định vào những ngày nắng đẹp, du khách sẽ bắt gặp những cây cỏ và chiếu cỏ hoa phơi khắp nơi, ven đường hay sân phơi.

Từ bao đời nay, người dân địa phương, già trẻ lớn bé, đều mưu sinh bằng nghề trồng cỏ và dệt chiếu cỏ hoa. Trong nhà, những người phụ nữ, già trẻ đều tất bật bên khung cửi dệt, tay đưa sợi qua lại trên khung cửi một cách khéo léo. Để có được một tấm chiếu đẹp, bền, cần tổng cộng ba công đoạn kết hợp: thứ nhất là trồng cỏ, thu hoạch, chẻ và phơi khô; thứ hai là nhuộm sợi cỏ và cuối cùng là dệt chiếu. Một người thợ dệt lành nghề, làm việc từ sáng sớm đến chiều muộn có thể dệt được ba đôi chiếu (chiếu thường được bán theo đôi). Hầu hết, chiếu được dệt với họa tiết hoa văn sắc sảo.

Chiếu cỏ Công Thành nổi tiếng khắp miền Nam Trung Bộ. Rời làng Công Thành vào buổi chiều muộn, bạn vẫn thấy rất nhiều người đang tất bật làm việc. Họ vận chuyển cây cỏ vào kho để phân loại, hoặc đóng kiện chiếu để giao cho người tiêu dùng. Tất cả tạo nên một bức tranh đẹp về một làng nghề truyền thống.

Question 28. Where is Cong Thanh village located?

A. Hoai Nhon district, Binh Dinh province

B. Tam Quan Nam commune, Quang Ngai

province

C. Hoai An district, Binh Dinh province

D. Phu Cat district, Binh Dinh province

Giải thích: Đoạn 1: “Cong Thanh village in Tam Quan Bac commune, Hoai Nhon district of Binh Dinh province.”

Question 29. The word “durable” in the paragraph 2, line 3 is closest in meaning to:

A. Strong and long-lasting

B. Expensive and rare

C. Small and light

D. Bright and colorful

Giải thích: durable = strong and long-lasting (bền, dùng lâu).

Question 30. The word “skillfully” in the paragraph 2, line 5 is opposite in meaning to:

A. Carefully and expertly

B. Slowly and lazily

C. Loudly and proudly

D. Quickly and carelessly

Giải thích: skillfully = một cách khéo léo.

Từ trái nghĩa = quickly and carelessly (vội vàng và cẩu thả).

Question 31. What is special about Cong Thanh sedge mats?

A. They are plain and simple

B. They are made only from plastic

C. They are mostly exported abroad

D. They are famous for colorful, flowery designs

Giải thích: Đoạn 2: “the mats are weaved with colorful, flowery designs.”

Question 32. Which one is NOT true according to the passage?

A. Cong Thanh mats are often decorated with colorful designs.

B. Only young women work at the weaving looms.

C. The mats are often sold in pairs.

D. People still work in the late afternoon, packing and transporting mats.

Giải thích:

A. đúng → có màu sắc

B. sai → không chỉ phụ nữ trẻ, cả phụ nữ già cũng làm

C. đúng → chiếu bán theo đôi

D. đúng → người dân vẫn làm muộn buổi chiều

Rearrange the words to make complete sentences

Question 33. Many volunteer / the community / help people / contribute.

A. Many volunteer in the community help people to contribute.

B. Many volunteer in the community help people and contribute.

C. Many volunteers in the community help people and contribute.

D. Many volunteers the community help people to contribute.

Giải thích: Ở đây chủ ngữ là Many volunteers (dạng số nhiều), nên động từ phải chia cho số nhiều — câu dùng help (đúng) chứ không phải helps.

Dịch: Nhiều tình nguyện viên trong cộng đồng giúp đỡ mọi người và đóng góp.

Question 34. He / show / me / how / use / new machine

A. He shows me how to use the new machine.

B. He showed me how to use the new machine.

C. He showed me how use the new machine.

D. He shows me how to use the new machine.

Giải thích: how + to-infinitive (how to do sth) là cách đúng để diễn đạt "cách làm gì

Dịch: Anh ấy đã chỉ cho tôi cách sử dụng máy mới.

Question 35. Remember / turn / light / before/ you / leave / room.

A. Remember turn off the lights before you leaving the room.

B. Remember to turn on the lights before you leaving the room.

C. Remember to turn off the lights before you leaving the room.

D. Remember to turn on the light before you leaving the room.

Giải thích: Remember + to-infinitive: Dùng để yêu cầu/nhắc ai đó làm điều gì: Remember to lock the door.

Dịch: Hãy nhớ tắt đèn trước khi rời khỏi phòng.

Question 36. If / you / do / exercise / regular / you / lose / weight

A. If you does exercise regularly, you can lose weight.

B. If you do exercise regularly, you should lose weight.

C. If you do exercise regularly, you can lose weight.

D. If you does exercise regularly, you should lose weight.

Giải thích: Câu điều kiện loại 1 (real present → possible future): If + present simple, main clause: will / can / may + V. Ở đây dùng can diễn tả khả năng: you can lose weight.

Dịch: Nếu bạn tập thể dục đều đặn, bạn có thể giảm cân.

Rewrite the sentences with the words given

Question 37. Could you tell me who I should ask for advice?

→ Could you tell me who to ask for advice?

Giải thích: Sử dụng: wh-word + to-infinitive để rút gọn câu.

Dịch: Bạn có thể nói cho tôi biết cần hỏi ai để nhận lời khuyên không?

Question 38. “Should I discuss this matter with my roommates?”

→ She wondered whether she should discuss that matter with her roommates.

Giải thích: Chuyển câu hỏi yes/no sang lời tường thuật: Dùng wonder / ask + whether / if + mệnh đề (s + V).

Dịch: Cô ấy tự hỏi liệu cô ấy có nên bàn chuyện này với bạn cùng phòng hay không.

Question 39. In order to have a good relationship with our neighbours, we bought flowers to give them in this event. (get on with)

→ We bought flowers to get on with our neighbours in this event.

Dịch: Để hòa thuận/quan hệ tốt với hàng xóm, chúng tôi đã tặng họ hoa tại sự kiện đó.

Giải thích: Dùng get on with someone = có quan hệ tốt, hòa thuận với ai đó.

Cấu trúc mục đích: Dùng to + V (infinitive) chỉ mục đích: We bought flowers to get on with our neighbours.

Question 40. Mary usually drinks soft drinks before bedtime. She often has a toothache

→ If she doesn't soft drink before bedtime, she won't have a toothache.

Giải thích: Sử dụng câu điều kiện loại 1: If S + V, S + will _ V

Dịch: Nếu Mary không uống nước ngọt trước khi đi ngủ, cô ấy sẽ không bị đau răng.