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ĐẠI HỌC QUỐC GIA HÀ NỘI
TRƯỜNG ĐẠI HỌC KHOA HỌC TỰ NHIÊN
Đề chính thức

ĐỀ THI TUYỂN SINH VÀO LỚP 10
TRƯỜNG THPT CHUYÊN KHTN NĂM 2026

Mã đề: 123

MÔN THI: TIẾNG ANH
Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút (không kể thời gian phát đề)
Đề thi gồm: 04 trang

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

Question 1. **A.** h<u>ea</u>lthy **B.** br<u>ea</u>d **C.** m<u>ea</u>ning **D.** b<u>ea</u>r
Question 2. **A.** attract<u>s</u> **B.** deal<u>s</u> **C.** become<u>s</u> **D.** believe<u>s</u>

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

Question 3. **A.** heritage **B.** tradition **C.** performance **D.** relation
Question 4. **A.** suggest **B.** decide **C.** answer **D.** require

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Question 5. Among its many other uses, fresh water is required by humans for drinking and _____.
A. agriculturist **B.** agriculture **C.** agricultural **D.** agricultural

Question 6. An artist does _____ tasks, such as painting or making music.
A. create **B.** creative **C.** creation **D.** creator

Question 7. My mom wondered _____ to pick up first, me or my younger brother.
A. that **B.** which **C.** when **D.** who

Question 8. If he doesn't tell me the reason why he came late, I _____ be angry.
A. could **B.** will **C.** ought **D.** will to

Question 9. Jack: "Let me show you how to use that library card."
Jill: "_____"
A. I can do myself. **B.** The librarian is not here.
C. That's very kind of you. **D.** No, I wouldn't.

Question 10. The luggage was _____ than the doorman had expected.
A. more heavy **B.** more heavier **C.** much heavy **D.** heavier

Question 11. My mother asked me what I _____ when she called last week.
A. was doing **B.** were doing **C.** doing **D.** am doing

Question 12. How _____ times have you watched that movie since its release?
A. much **B.** many **C.** few **D.** little

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 13 to 14.

Question 13. Put the sentences (a-c) in the correct order, then fill in the blank to make a logical text.
Last summer, I decided to find a part-time job to gain some work experience. I spent several days preparing my CV and looking for job advertisements online. _____
a. Although I was nervous at first, I soon learned how to communicate with customers.
b. I finally got a job at a small café near my house.
c. By the end of the summer, I had saved some money and learned many useful skills.
A. b-a-c **B.** a-b-c **C.** c-a-b **D.** a-c-b

Question 14. Choose the sentence that can end the text (in Question 13) most appropriately.
A. I decided never to work again because it was too tiring.
B. I forgot everything I learned from that job.
C. The experience helped me become more independent and responsible.

D. Working part-time is always a waste of time.***Read the following announcement and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 15 to 18.***PROTECTING YOURSELF ON SOCIAL MEDIA**•** Internet is Permanent: Once you **(15)** _____ something online, it may never go away, even if you delete it.• Be Selective with Friends: Only accept friend requests from people you know **(16)** _____ to avoid fake profiles.• Caution with Links: Be careful when clicking on links, even **(17)** _____ friends. Be skeptical of offers that seem too good to be true.• Manage Privacy Settings: Regularly check your privacy settings to ensure you're only sharing with **(18)** _____ friends and family.• Linked Information Across Networks: Be aware that sharing on one platform (like Instagram) might also mean sharing on another (like Facebook), depending on your settings.

Question 15.	**A.** taking	**B.** share at	**C.** look	**D.** share
Question 16.	**A.** person	**B.** personally	**C.** personal	**D.** personality
Question 17.	**A.** in	**B.** to	**C.** over	**D.** from
Question 18.	**A.** no article	**B.** the	**C.** a	**D.** an

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 19 to 24.

TOURISTS, GO HOME

In Spain, there **(19)** _____ a lot of news about overtourism recently. Overtourism happens when too many tourists visit a place, causing problems for local people and the environment.

Many residents are unhappy because the high number of tourists makes their daily life difficult. Streets and public places become very crowded, and prices for things like food and rent **(20)** _____. The local people feel that their city is changing in ways they don't like. Thousands of people in Spain are protesting against mass tourism. In Barcelona, residents have sprayed tourists in restaurants with water guns. On the island of Mallorca, 10,000 people went to the streets holding banners that read: "Enough is enough!" and "Mallorca is not for sale."

To solve this problem, the government is **(21)** _____. They are trying to limit **(22)** _____ tourists in some popular areas and encouraging visitors to explore less-known places. **(23)** _____, some new rules are being introduced to protect the environment and reduce the impact of tourism.

Local businesses are also helping by promoting activities that respect the local culture and environment. For example, some tour companies are offering **(24)** _____ tours and working to support local traditions.

It is important to balance tourism with the needs of local communities. By making changes, Spain hopes to improve the situation for both residents and tourists.

Question 19.	**A.** has been	**B.** were	**C.** had been	**D.** are
Question 20.	**A.** get up	**B.** use up	**C.** break up	**D.** go up
Question 21.	**A.** doing action	**B.** making action	**C.** taking action	**D.** drawing action
Question 22.	**A.** the amount of	**B.** number of	**C.** amount of	**D.** the number of
Question 23.	**A.** Conversely	**B.** Additionally	**C.** In contrast	**D.** Traditionally
Question 24.	**A.** friend-eco	**B.** eco-friendliness	**C.** eco-friendly	**D.** friendship-eco

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to the original sentence in each of the following questions.

Question 25. "Where did you go on vacation last summer?" I asked her.

A. I asked her where she had gone on vacation the previous summer.

B. I asked her where did she go on vacation the previous summer.

C. I asked her where she went on vacation the previous summer.

D. I asked her where had she gone on vacation the previous summer.

Question 26. They decorated the tree with colorful Christmas balls.

A. The tree was decorated with colorful Christmas balls.

B. Colorful Christmas balls had been decorated under the tree.

C. The tree had decorated with colorful Christmas balls.

D. They had decorated colorful Christmas balls and the tree.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is made from the given cues in each of the following questions.

Question 27. He/ advise/ his friend/ apologize/ her mistake.

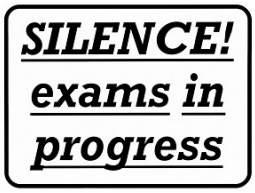
A. He advised his friend apologizing for her mistake.
B. He advised his friend to apologize for her mistake.
C. He advised his friend that she will apologize for her mistake.
D. He advised his friend to have apologized for her mistake.

Question 28. We/ hope/ our country/ switch to/ sustainable fossil fuel alternatives/ future.

A. We hope our country would have switched to sustainable fossil fuel alternatives in the future.
B. We hope our country would switched to sustainable fossil fuel alternatives in the future.
C. We hope our country had switched to sustainable fossil fuel alternatives in the future.
D. We hope our country will switch to sustainable fossil fuel alternatives in the future.

Read the following sign or notice and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Question 29. What does the sign say?



A. Do not walk into the exam area.
B. Do not tell questions to the examiner.
C. Please remain quiet during the examination.
D. Do not look at other students.

Question 30. What does the notice say?

A. It costs at least £50 to park here for two hours.
B. There are no parking charges after 2.00 p.m.
C. You have to pay a fine if you park here for three hours.
D. If you park for an hour, you have to pay £54.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 31 to 36.

Plants and animals are an essential part of Earth's ecology. When we speak about a specific habitat and time, we refer to them as flora and fauna. Flora refers to plants and fauna refers to animals. They are fascinating to study due to their beauty and significance to human life.

First, the flora and fauna on Earth create an ecological balance, making life possible for humans. Flora releases oxygen for humans. The carbon dioxide we breathe out is **vital** to plants. Humans also rely on the plants and animals for food, medicine, and more.

Second, plants and animals combine to create a food chain. In the food chain, the animals play an important part. They feed on plants and, in turn, are the prey of other animals. Their droppings become fertilizers for plants.

Finally, plants and animals add a lot of beauty to our Earth. People love and appreciate the natural beauty, the relaxed feeling in green spaces and water areas.

However, plants and animals are facing habitat loss, pollution, and climate **change**. To protect them, we should raise people's awareness of their significance, stop hunting, plant more trees, and build nature reserves for our wildlife.

(Source: English 9 - Student's book - Global Success)

Question 31. Which of the following is **TRUE** according to the passage?
A. Flora refers to animals and fauna refers to plants.
B. Plants and animals are not important to human life.
C. Flora and fauna help create ecological balance.
D. Humans do not depend on plants for oxygen.

Question 32. Which of the following is an example of the importance of flora?
A. Plants produce oxygen for humans. **B.** Animals only eat other animals.
C. Humans do not need plants. **D.** Plants destroy ecological balance.

Question 33. The word "**vital**" in paragraph 2 is **CLOSEST** in meaning to _____.
A. useless **B.** necessary **C.** dangerous **D.** interesting

Question 34. According to the passage, what role do animals play in the food chain?
A. They mainly eat other animals.
B. They help produce oxygen for plants.
C. They eat plants and are eaten by other animals.
D. They have little effect on plants.

Question 35. The word "**change**" in the last paragraph is **OPPOSITE** in meaning to _____.
A. stability **B.** development **C.** increase **D.** difference

Question 36. What is the main idea of the passage?
A. Plants and animals are beautiful but not important.
B. Flora and fauna are essential to life and need protection.
C. Only animals are important to humans.
D. Humans should stop using natural resources completely.

Four phrases/ sentences have been removed from the text below. For each question, mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 37 to 40.

SHOULD KIDS DO CHORES?

When you were a kid, did you help your parents around the house? Did you do the dishes, vacuum the floor, set the table, clean the bathroom, or do the laundry? **(37)** _____.

First of all, chores teach kids about responsibility. Life is not just fun and games! Sometimes, we do not want to do certain things, but we have to do them. You can give your child a simple task to teach this lesson. For example, you can ask them to make their bed every morning.

House chores also teach kids to help their family. When they are older, your kids will have to help society. They will also have to work with other people. You can prepare them for this when you ask them to set the table before dinner, or when you ask them to clean up the living room before guests arrive. **(38)** _____, but that they are part of a group.

Finally, chores help kids to be active at home. In today's world, it is easy for kids to spend all their time in front of a screen playing video games, watching videos, or messaging their friends. Relaxation is important, but we must be careful **(39)** _____.

In conclusion, **(40)** _____. They teach kids to be responsible. They teach them to help other people. And they teach them to be active around the home. A little housework can make a big difference!

A. chores teach kids important life skills and lessons
B. because too much relaxation can make people lazy
C. These are all important life skills, and they teach children useful life lessons
D. Kids need to learn that they are not kings and queens

Question 37. _____ **Question 38.** _____ **Question 39.** _____ **Question 40.** _____

---THE END---

Cán bộ coi thi không giải thích gì thêm

ĐÁP ÁN THAM KHẢO

Câu	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Đáp án	C	A	A	C	C	B	D	B	C	D
Câu	**11**	**12**	**13**	**14**	**15**	**16**	**17**	**18**	**19**	**20**
Đáp án	A	B	A	C	D	B	D	A	A	D
Câu	**21**	**22**	**23**	**24**	**25**	**26**	**27**	**28**	**29**	**30**
Đáp án	C	D	B	C	A	A	B	D	C	C
Câu	**31**	**32**	**33**	**34**	**35**	**36**	**37**	**38**	**39**	**40**
Đáp án	C	A	B	C	A	B	C	D	B	A

LỜI GIẢI THAM KHẢO

Question 1. Chọn C. meaning
Phần gạch chân **ea** trong *meaning* đọc là /i:/. Các từ *healthy*, *bread*, *bear* không đọc giống như vậy.
→ Chọn **C**.

Question 2. Chọn A. attracts
attracts có âm cuối **s** đọc là /s/. Các từ *deals*, *becomes*, *believes* có **s** đọc là /z/.
→ Chọn **A**.

Question 3. Chọn A. heritage
heritage nhấn âm 1: **HER**itage.
tradition, *performance*, *relation* đều nhấn âm 2.
→ Chọn **A**.

Question 4. Chọn C. answer
answer nhấn âm 1: **AN**swer.
suggest, *decide*, *require* đều nhấn âm 2.
→ Chọn **C**.

Question 5. Chọn C. agriculture
Câu cần danh từ chỉ lĩnh vực: "nước ngọt cần cho việc uống và **nông nghiệp**".
agriculture = nông nghiệp.
→ Chọn **C**.

Question 6. Chọn B. creative
Sau động từ *does* là cụm danh từ "_____ tasks". Trước danh từ *tasks* cần tính từ.
creative tasks = các công việc sáng tạo.
→ Chọn **B**.

Question 7. Chọn D. who
Câu: "Mẹ tôi băn khoăn không biết đón **ai** trước, tôi hay em trai tôi."
Đối tượng là người nên dùng *who*.
→ Chọn **D**.

Question 8. Chọn B. will
Câu điều kiện loại 1:
If + hiện tại đơn, S + will + V.
"If he doesn't tell me..., I **will** be angry."
→ Chọn **B**.

Question 9. Chọn C. That's very kind of you.
Jack đề nghị giúp: "Let me show you..."
Câu đáp phù hợp là lời cảm ơn lịch sự: "That's very kind of you."
→ Chọn **C**.

Question 10. Chọn D. heavier
So sánh hơn của *heavy* là *heavier*.
Không dùng *more heavy* hay *more heavier*.
→ Chọn **D**.

Question 11. Chọn A. was doing
Câu tường thuật: "My mother asked me what I _____ when she called last week."
Chủ ngữ là *I* nên dùng *was doing*, không dùng *were doing*.
→ Chọn **A**.

Question 12. Chọn B. many
times là danh từ đếm được số nhiều nên dùng *many*.
"How many times...?" = Bao nhiêu lần?
→ Chọn **B**.

Question 13. Chọn A. b-a-c
Trật tự hợp lí:
b. Tôi cuối cùng có việc ở quán cà phê.
a. Ban đầu lo lắng nhưng học được cách giao tiếp với khách.
c. Cuối mùa hè tiết kiệm được tiền và học nhiều kĩ năng.
→ Chọn **A**.

Question 14. Chọn C. The experience helped me become more independent and responsible.
Đoạn văn nói về trải nghiệm làm thêm và những điều học được. Câu kết phù hợp là trải nghiệm giúp người viết độc lập và có trách nhiệm hơn.
→ Chọn **C**.

Question 15. Chọn D. share
Cấu trúc: "Once you share something online..." = Một khi bạn chia sẻ điều gì đó lên mạng...
→ Chọn **D**.

Question 16. Chọn B. personally
Cụm đúng: *know someone personally* = biết ai đó một cách cá nhân, trực tiếp.
→ Chọn **B**.

Question 17. Chọn D. from
Cụm đúng: *links from friends* = đường link từ bạn bè.

"Be careful when clicking on links, even from friends."
→ Chọn **D**.

Question 18. Chọn A. no article
Cụm tự nhiên: *sharing with friends and family* = chia sẻ với bạn bè và gia đình.
Không cần mạo từ.
→ Chọn **A**.

Question 19. Chọn A. has been
news là danh từ không đếm được, xem như số ít. Có trạng từ *recently* nên dùng hiện tại hoàn thành:
"There **has been** a lot of news..."
→ Chọn **A**.

Question 20. Chọn D. go up
prices go up = giá cả tăng lên.
→ Chọn **D**.

Question 21. Chọn C. taking action
Cụm cố định: *take action* = hành động, thực hiện biện pháp.
"The government is taking action."
→ Chọn **C**.

Question 22. Chọn D. the number of
tourists là danh từ đếm được số nhiều, nên dùng *the number of tourists*.
"limit the number of tourists" = hạn chế số lượng khách du lịch.
→ Chọn **D**.

Question 23. Chọn B. Additionally
Câu sau bổ sung thêm biện pháp: "Ngoài ra, một số quy định mới..."
Additionally = thêm vào đó.
→ Chọn **B**.

Question 24. Chọn C. eco-friendly
Trước danh từ *tours* cần tính từ.
eco-friendly tours = các tour thân thiện với môi trường.
→ Chọn **C**.

Question 25. Chọn A. I asked her where she had gone on vacation the previous summer.
Câu trực tiếp ở quá khứ đơn: "Where did you go...?"
Khi tường thuật thường lùi thì thành quá khứ hoàn thành: *had gone*.
last summer đổi thành *the previous summer*.
→ Chọn **A**.

Question 26. Chọn A. The tree was decorated with colorful Christmas balls.
Câu chủ động quá khứ đơn chuyển sang bị động:
S + was/were + V3/V-ed.
"They decorated the tree..." → "The tree was decorated..."
→ Chọn **A**.

Question 27. Chọn B. He advised his friend to apologize for her mistake.
Cấu trúc: *advise somebody to do something*.
apologize for something = xin lỗi vì điều gì.
→ Chọn **B**.

Question 28. Chọn D. We hope our country will switch to sustainable fossil fuel alternatives in the future.
Sau *hope* nói về tương lai dùng *will + V*.
"We hope our country will switch..."
→ Chọn **D**.

Question 29. Chọn C. Please remain quiet during the examination.
Biển báo "SILENCE! exams in progress" nghĩa là cần giữ im lặng vì đang có kì thi.
→ Chọn **C**.

Question 30. Chọn C. You have to pay a fine if you park here for three hours.
Biển báo ghi đỗ xe tối đa 2 giờ. Nếu đỗ 3 giờ là quá thời gian, phải trả phí phạt £50.
→ Chọn **C**.

Question 31. Chọn C. Flora and fauna help create ecological balance.
Bài đọc nêu: "flora and fauna on Earth create an ecological balance".
→ Chọn **C**.

Question 32. Chọn A. Plants produce oxygen for humans.
Bài đọc nói: "Flora releases oxygen for humans."
flora là thực vật, nên ví dụ về tầm quan trọng của flora là cây tạo ra oxy.
→ Chọn **A**.

Question 33. Chọn B. necessary
vital = rất quan trọng, thiết yếu.
Gần nghĩa nhất với *necessary* = cần thiết.
→ Chọn **B**.

Question 34. Chọn C. They eat plants and are eaten by other animals.
Bài đọc nêu động vật ăn thực vật và sau đó là con mồi của động vật khác.
→ Chọn **C**.

Question 35. Chọn A. stability
change = sự thay đổi.
Từ trái nghĩa là *stability* = sự ổn định.
→ Chọn **A**.

Question 36. Chọn B. Flora and fauna are essential to life and need protection.
Toàn bài nói thực vật và động vật rất quan trọng với sự sống, đồng thời cần được bảo vệ.
→ Chọn **B**.

Question 37. Chọn C. These are all important life skills, and they teach children useful life lessons.
Trước chỗ trống là loạt việc nhà: rửa bát, hút bụi, dọn bàn, giặt đồ. Câu C liên kết tốt vì "These" chỉ các việc vừa nêu.
→ Chọn **C**.

Question 38. Chọn D. Kids need to learn that they are not kings and queens
Ghép vào câu:
"Kids need to learn that they are not kings and queens, but that they are part of a group."
Nghĩa: Trẻ cần học rằng mình không phải vua chúa, mà là một phần của tập thể.
→ Chọn **D**.

Question 39. Chọn B. because too much relaxation can make people lazy

Câu trước nói thư giãn là quan trọng, nhưng cần cẩn thận. Lí do là vì thư giãn quá nhiều có thể khiến con người lười biếng.

→ Chọn **B**.

Question 40. Chọn A. chores teach kids important life skills and lessons

Sau "In conclusion," cần câu tổng kết ý chính của toàn bài.

"Chores teach kids important life skills and lessons" phù hợp nhất, sau đó đoạn văn giải thích: chúng dạy trẻ trách nhiệm, giúp người khác và năng động hơn.

→ Chọn **A**.