

I. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại. (1,0 điểm)

1. A. process B. economic C. optimistic D. priority
2. A. castle B. lack C. army D. demanding
3. A. virtual B. question C. nature D. habitat
4. A. fixed B. picked C. exchanged D. replaced

II. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ/ cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành câu. (3,0 điểm)

5. The performance we saw last night was very _____. All of us enjoyed it.
A. impressive B. impress C. impressed D. impressively
6. According to our school's regulations, students _____ use mobile phones in class.
A. mustn't B. shouldn't C. needn't D. won't
7. _____ the traffic was terrible, they managed to arrive at the airport on time.
A. Despite B. Although C. Because D. Because of
8. Climate change is a pressing global issue that requires immediate environmental _____.
A. action B. active C. actively D. act
9. Helmets are essential to protect bikers _____ head injuries in case of accidents.
A. with B. by C. from D. about
10. Tomorrow we are going to meet Maryam, _____ comes from Malaysia.
A. who B. whom C. whose D. that
11. Modern technology is widening the _____ gap between parents and their children.
A. age B. gender C. generation D. tradition
12. My aunt is a _____ teacher.
A. history B. historic C. historical D. historian
13. You are _____ only two pieces of luggage on the plane.
A. allowed B. made C. agreed D. received
14. I was late for school this morning because my alarm clock didn't _____.
A. come on B. go off C. put away D. take up
15. What does the note say?



- A. You can't buy any shoes in this place.
- B. Please take off your shoes when entering this place.
- C. You don't have to wear shoes in this place.
- D. Please put on your shoes when entering this place.

16. What does the notice say?

Lift service starts at ground floor today. For basement, please use the stairs.

- A. It is not possible to use the lift above the ground floor today.
 B. The lift will not be going to the upper floors today.
 C. The lift will only operate between the ground floor and upper floors today.
 D. The stairs between the basement and the ground floor are closed today.

III. Viết dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành câu. (1,0 điểm)

17. If she had some more money, she (**buy**) _____ a better car.
 18. I would love (**visit**) _____ Japan someday and experience its rich culture.
 19. While she (**read**) _____ a book, the phone suddenly rang.
 20. Our smart TV might help us (**order**) _____ food from the supermarket.

IV. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D để điền vào chỗ trống trong văn bản sau. (1,0 điểm)

Bill Gates is the co-founder of Microsoft, the world's largest PC software company. He is among the richest people in the world. Bill Gates' interest in computers started when he was a teenager. After high school, he (21) _____ to several top colleges in the USA: Harvard, Yale, and Princeton. He chose to go to Harvard to study law. At Harvard, he focused more on his interest in computers than on coursework. He often (22) _____ by playing video games in Harvard's computer lab. He left Harvard before graduating because he wanted to open a software company with his friend Paul Allen. (23) _____ he later said 'I don't think dropping out is a good idea.' In 2007, he received an honorary degree from Harvard. He began his speech by saying this to his father in the audience. 'I've been waiting more than 30 years to say this: Dad, I always told you I'd come back and get my degree.' Bill Gates is no longer working full time for Microsoft. He is now, with his wife, running The Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation which aims to (24) _____ healthcare, reduce poverty, and promote education around the world.

21. A. was accepted B. is accepted C. accepted D. accepts
 22. A. relaxed B. worked C. developed D. punished
 23. A. Moreover B. However C. In addition D. Therefore
 24. A. help B. provide C. decrease D. improve

V. Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn câu trả lời đúng cho các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

The local environment affects our health, quality of life, and the sustainability of the planet. Clean air and water are essential for our health and the health of ecosystems. A well-maintained environment contributes to beautiful landscapes and thriving wildlife, making our communities more enjoyable places to live. Additionally, by caring for our local environment, we help combat climate change and protect the planet's natural resources.

Despite **its** importance, our local environment faces various challenges. Pollution from factories, vehicles, and improper waste disposal can harm the air, soil, and water. Deforestation and urbanization can lead to loss of biodiversity and disruption of ecosystems. As communities grow, the demand for resources can put a strain on the environment. However, there are steps we can take to address these challenges and create a healthier local environment such as reducing, reusing and recycling, using eco-friendly transportation, or simply planting trees and gardens.

Preserving our local environment is a shared responsibility. Every small action we take can have a positive impact on our surroundings. By making conscious choices and adopting sustainable practices, we can create a cleaner, healthier, and more **vibrant** local environment for ourselves

and future generations. Let's work together to protect the natural beauty and resources that make our communities special.

25. Which title best represents the content of the passage?

- A. "Challenges Facing Urban Development"
- B. "The Importance of a Healthy Local Environment"
- C. "How to Reduce Industrial Pollution"
- D. "The Future of Renewable Energy"

26. Which of the following is NOT mentioned in the passage as a challenge or solution related to the local environment?

- A. Pollution from factories and vehicles
- B. Deforestation and urbanization
- C. The use of eco-friendly transportation
- D. Increasing industrial production of goods

27. What does the word "its" in paragraph 2 refer to?

- A. The sustainability of the planet
- B. Our local environment
- C. The quality of life
- D. Natural resources

28. The word "vibrant" in the last paragraph is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. dull
- B. lively
- C. unchanging
- D. problematic

VI. Đọc văn bản sau và trả lời các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

Thomas Edison was born on February 11, 1847 in Milan, Ohio. He struggled at school, but learned to love reading and conducting experiments from his mother at home. At age 15, Edison became a "tramp telegrapher." Edison began working on the telegraph, and invented a version that could send four messages at once, lie smiled his famous laboratory al Menlo Park, New Jersey. In 1877, Edison invented the phonograph. The phonograph was a machine that recorded and played back sounds. In 1878, Edison invented the light bulb as well as the power grid system, which could Generate electricity and deliver it to homes through a network of wires. He subsequently started the Edison Electric Light Company in October of 1878. Edison continued to invent and make significant contributions to x-ray technology, storage batteries and motion pictures. Edison worked until his death on October 18, 1931.

29. Where was Thomas Edison born?

→

30. Did Thomas Edison hate reading and conducting experiments?

→

31. When did Edison invent the phonograph?

→

32. What could generate electricity and deliver it to homes through a network of wires?

→

VII. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với câu viết đúng nhất từ những từ cho sẵn. (0,5 điểm)

33. What / he / do / 6 o'clock yesterday morning?

- A. What is he doing at 6 o'clock yesterday morning?
- B. What does he do at 6 o'clock yesterday morning?
- C. What was he doing at 6 o'clock yesterday morning?
- D. What did he do at 6 o'clock yesterday morning?

34. By 2030, the way I teenagers / communicate / each other / different I now.

- A. By 2030, the way teenagers communicate with each other will be different from now.
- B. By 2030, the way teenagers communicate with each other is different from now.
- C. By 2030, the way teenagers communicate to each others will be different from now.

D. By 2030, the way teenagers communicate to each other will be different than now.

VIII. Hoàn thành câu thứ hai sao cho nghĩa không thay đổi so với câu đã cho. (1,5 điểm)

35. People believe that the Chinese invented paper in 105 A.D.

→ Paper is

36. “Why don’t you put your luggage under the seat?”, he asked.

→ He suggested

37. I have little time so I don’t surf the Internet much.

→ If I

38. I last saw my sister when I was in New York.

→ I

39. Although they worked very hard, they earned little money.

→ In spite

40. It takes Lan 15 minutes to travel to work by bike every day.

→ Lan

ĐỀ SỐ 2

ĐỀ LUYỆN THI VÀO LỚP 10
MÔN: TIẾNG ANH

I. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại. (1,0 điểm)

- | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 1. A. dial <u>s</u> | B. call <u>s</u> | C. talk <u>s</u> | D. play <u>s</u> |
| 2. A. arrang <u>e</u> | B. want <u>e</u> | C. clim <u>b</u> | D. stay <u>e</u> |
| 3. A. garb <u>a</u> | B. stand <u>a</u> | C. sol <u>a</u> | D. lun <u>a</u> |
| 4. A. sch <u>o</u> | B. ch <u>i</u> | C. ch <u>e</u> | D. ch <u>u</u> |

II. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ/ cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành câu. (3,0 điểm)

5. Children are very _____. They are good at acting out stories.
A. create B. creation C. creative D. creatively
6. He is keen _____ playing the guitar and spends hours practicing every day.
A. for B. in C. of D. on
7. My father never lets _____ borrow money from my friends.
A. me B. mine C. I D. my
8. The doctor treated my mother _____ was very kind and knowledgeable.
A. who B. whose C. whom D. which
9. She’s _____ to get the job. The interview went really well.
A. certain B. unsure C. relieved D. astonished
10. Children are very _____. They are good at acting out stories.
A. create B. creation C. creative D. creatively
11. It was impossible for her to tell the truth, so she had to _____ a story.
A. invent B. combine C. manage D. lie

12. _____ I was really tired, I couldn't sleep.
 A. Even though B. So C. Therefore D. Because of
13. After graduation, Lan works as an _____ assistant in an organization.
 A. administration B. administering C. administrative D. administrator
14. She asked her friends to _____ the radio as she wanted to focus on her lesson.
 A. go on B. turn off C. put on D. get over
15. What does the sign say?

	<p>A. You must look after your cameras in this area. B. Cameras can only be used for security purposes. C. Cameras can be used in this area. D. This area is supervised by camera.</p>
---	---

16. What is true according to the sign?

	<p>A. The conference room is accessible through the escalator. B. The ball room is on same floor as the conference room. C. You can take the elevator to get to the ball room. D. The stairs lead to the conference room, not the ball room.</p>
--	---

III. Viết dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành câu. (1,0 điểm)

17. While the kids (play) _____ in the garden, their mother came.
 18. We are too late. The plane (take) _____ off ten minutes ago.
 19. She promised (come) _____ to my birthday party, but she didn't.
 20. They are interested in (save) _____ money for poor children in our village.

IV. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D để điền vào chỗ trống trong văn bản sau. (1,0 điểm)

Lunar New Year, more commonly known by its shortened name Tet, (21) _____ is the most important and (22) _____ holiday and festival in Viet Nam. Tet takes place from the first day of the first month of the Lunar calendar (around late January or early February) until at least the third day. Many Vietnamese (23) _____ for Tet by cooking special foods and cleaning the house. There are lots of customs practicing during Tet, like visiting a person's house on the first day of the New Year, wishing New Year's greetings (24) _____ giving lucky money to children and elderly people. During Tet, Vietnamese visit their relatives and temples, forgetting about the trouble of the past year and hoping for a better upcoming year.

21. A. who B. which C. that D. whom
 22. A. popular B. dangerous C. difficult D. boring
 23. A. prepare B. preparation C. preparative D. preparing
 24. A. or B. so C. but D. and

V. Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn câu trả lời đúng cho các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

The environment is the natural world dial surrounds us, consisting of the air we breathe, the water we drink, the land we live on, and the ecosystems dial support life. **It** is essential for the well-being of all living beings on Earth.

One of the issues concerning the environment is climate change. Human activities, such as burning fossil fuels and deforestation, contribute to the release of greenhouse gases, leading to global warming and the change of ecosystems. Climate change has serious consequences, including extreme weather events, sea-level rise, and the loss of biodiversity. Another important aspect of die environment is pollution. Industrial activities, and the use of harmful chemicals **contaminate** die air, waler, and soil. Pollution has negative effects on human health, wildlife, and the overall balance of ecosystems.

Preserving and protecting the environment requires collective actions. Conservation efforts, such as sustainable resource management and afforestation, play a crucial role in reducing environmental damage. Besides, individual actions, such as reducing waste, and adopting eco-friendly practices, contribute to a more sustainable future. It is essential to raise awareness and educate the public about environmental issues. By this way. individuals can make informed choices and lake steps to minimize their ecological footprint.

25. Which of the following can be the best title for the passage?

- A. The Importance of Environmental Preservation
- B. Pollution and Its Impact on the Environment
- C. Climate Change: A Global Crisis
- D. Raising Awareness for a Sustainable Future

26. The word “**It**” in the first paragraph refers to _____.

- A. the air
- B. the environment
- C. life
- D. the land

27. The word “**contaminate**” is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. protect
- B. pollute
- C. destroy
- D. improve

28. According to the passage, pollution _____.

- A. contaminates the environment
- B. does not affect the air
- C. has no effect on human health
- D. does not change ecosystems

VI. Đọc văn bản sau và trả lời các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

Vietnamse peasants used to have a lot of free after the busy crop time past, and prepare some nosh to eat is a certain result of the circumstance. Sweet potato is an prime example for the case. It is considered the most popular nosh in the countryside. Ever experience Vietnam home-staying? You must realize boiled sweet potato, cassava and peanuts are the most typically Vietnamese snacks - of course without salt or sugar added. And if you dare venture beyond the standard ones, there are surely bizarre things to try. The best place to taste purely Vietnamese snacks is to have them right in a family or on the sidewalks along every street. Tasting a fertilized egg at 4pm in a breezy afternoon may scare you, yet it is one of the most popular snacks out here and is considered

Besides varieties of wonderful noodle, made-of-rice cakes, bean sweet soups you may be too shy to eat a bowl of pig raw blood soups. Does it originate from Totem belief? Not many Vietnamese questions that when eating the dish. All they want to do is to choose a right restaurant and wait to be served the raw blood soups with Vietnamese spirit.

29. When do Vietnamese farmers used to have lots of free time?

→

30. What is considered the most popular nosh in the countryside?

→

31. What are the most typically Vietnamese snacks?

→

32. Are blood soups can be served in restaurants?

→

VII. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với câu viết đúng nhất từ những từ cho sẵn. (0,5 điểm)

33. This dish/ remind/ time/ our family/ lived/ Taipei.

- A. This dish reminds me of the time our family lived in Taipei.
- B. This dish remind me about the time our family lived in Taipei.
- C. This dish reminds me of the time which our family lived in Taipei.
- D. This dish reminds me about the time our family live in Taipei.

34. I/ know/ boy/ work/ tour guide/ China.

- A. I know a boy who works as a tour guide in China.
- B. I know a boy works as a tour guide in China.
- C. I know a boy that is working as tour guide in China.
- D. I know a boy who works as a tour guide China

VIII. Hoàn thành câu thứ hai sao cho nghĩa không thay đổi so với câu đã cho. (1,5 điểm)

35. I can't answer all the questions.

→ I wish

36. You must tell me the whole truth or I won't help you.

→ Unless

37. The last time I saw my uncle was in 1990.

→ I haven't

38. My brother isn't old enough to ride a motorbike.

→ My brother

39. "Why don't you watch more English films?"

→ He suggested

40. Although he has a very important job, he isn't particularly well-paid.

→ In spite

ĐỀ SỐ 3**ĐỀ LUYỆN THI VÀO LỚP 10**
MÔN: TIẾNG ANH

I. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại. (1,0 điểm)

1. A. campaigns B. wastes C. dangers D. vacations
 2. A. garbage B. gorgeous C. fragrance D. energy
 3. A. decorative B. homage C. consistent D. technology
 4. A. delivered B. delayed C. dismissed D. returned

II. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ/ cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành câu. (3,0 điểm)

5. Now that she has done well in the exam she is feeling much more _____.
 A. confide B. confidence C. confidently D. confident
 6. _____ his busy schedule, he always finds time to help others in need.
 A. Although B. Because C. Despite D. Because of
 7. They had to _____ the music because it was disturbing the neighbors.
 A. go on B. turn down C. give up D. deal with
 8. The local government is introducing together _____ to preserve historical sites.
 A. steps B. actions C. plans D. measures
 9. After a hard-working study, John can relax in his bed _____.
 A. comfortably B. comfortable C. comfort D. uncomfortable
 10. Today we have the Internet, _____ is something past writers did not imagine.
 A. that B. which C. what D. this
 11. The lack of rainfall this year has _____ affected crops in the south.
 A. helpfully B. necessarily C. negatively D. newly
 12. We cannot clean up our _____ rivers and seas overnight.
 A. pollute B. polluting C. pollution D. polluted
 13. I find it hard to write _____ time pressure.
 A. on B. under C. down D. with
 14. My family really loves Japanese food, _____ we order it twice a week.
 A. but B. because C. so D. or
 15. What does the notice say?

<p>NOTICE: The library is closed because of problems in the building. It will stay closed until March next year.</p>	<p>A. There were problems building the library, so it is not open until next March. B. The library won't open until next March due to problems in the building. C. The library will close next March because of problems in the building. D. The library is open until next March due to problems in the building</p>
---	--

16. What does the sign say?

	<p>A. Dogs are not safe for children in this play area. B. Dogs can't be taken into this place as it is a children's play area. C. Don't let your children play here because of the dogs. D. Dogs are not allowed to play with children in this area.</p>
---	--

III. Viết dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành câu. (1,0 điểm)

17. Tom (cross) _____ the road when I called out to him.
 18. Williams used (live) _____ in a small village in the north of Canada.
 19. Up to now, we (hear) _____ about any information from the murder yet.
 20. By (eat) _____ 1,500,000 tons of insects a year, birds greatly help American farming.

IV. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D để điền vào chỗ trống trong văn bản sau. (1,0 điểm)

The Great Pyramid of Giza, one of the world's wonders, has captivated humanity for ages. Rising proudly from Egypt's sands, it showcases the (21) _____ of ancient architecture. Created as Pharaoh Khufu's tomb, its construction puzzles experts. Precisely aligned and built from (22) _____ massive limestone blocks, its secrets remain debated, from ramps to math techniques.

The grandeur of the pyramid (23) _____ everyone's breath away. Once nearly 480 feet tall, it comprises 2.3 million limestone blocks. Beyond size, the pyramid holds cultural value. It's not just a tomb; it symbolizes the pharaoh's might and divine link. Its precision highlights ancient Egypt's grasp of astronomy and geometry. (24) _____, The Great Pyramid of Giza stands as a mesmerizing puzzle and a testament to human skill, echoing the achievements of our past

21. A. brilliant B. brilliance C. brilliantine D. brilliantly
 22. A. many B. much C. few D. little
 23. A. makes B. gains C. takes D. gets
 24. A. But B. Still C. Thus D. And

V. Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn câu trả lời đúng cho các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

The traditions of Viet Nam are affected by Chinese culture for a long time. In my family, women had to do all the housework, take care of their children, fathers and husbands. They had to obey and respect their fathers and husbands in solving family problems. Women had no choice in controlling the number of babies they needed, partly they had little knowledge about contraception and as a result of religious and economic requirements.

Concerning work and education, in the past, women almost stayed at home and did housework, looked after children and did agriculture jobs like cultivation, livestock breeding, agricultural process and selling agricultural produce. People thought that women should not study high, what women should learn was how to cook well, how to become a good wife, mother. As a consequence, few women finished secondary school and some studied primary school. In making decisions, women in the past had no right to decide any social and family problems. Their fathers and husbands would decide all problems related to family and society.

25. What is the passage mainly about?

- A. Traditional roles of Vietnamese women in the past.
- B. Traditional roles of Chinese women in the past.
- C. Vietnamese women's roles in work and education.
- D. Vietnamese women's roles in the family.

26. The word **obey** is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. argue
- B. discuss
- C. follow
- D. support

27. What does the word **they** in the first paragraph refer to?

- A. women
- B. husbands
- C. babies
- D. fathers

28. What were the women's roles in the past EXCEPT for _____?

- A. looked after children
- B. sold agricultural produce
- C. decide social and family problems
- D. did housework

VI. Đọc văn bản sau và trả lời các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

HEARTY BREAKFAST

Americans, in general, are big eaters and one of the greatest pleasures of the day is sitting down to the hearty breakfast. Most neighborhood diners and cafeterias offer breakfast specials. Some can be as simple as buttered toast with coffee. Others can almost be equivalent to a full course meal which can provide enough calories for the entire day. The breakfast special is offered daily and run usually from seven until eleven in the morning after which the prices change and everything is ordered a la carte.

Some fast-food restaurants offer an "all-you-can-eat" buffet breakfast which may include more than thirty choices of every breakfast item imaginable. For a set price one can get as many refills as one wants. A complete breakfast will cost less than five dollars with tips included.

Some regional favorites also add variety to the American breakfast. In the south grits with butter may replace hash browns, and hot spicy biscuits and gravy seasoned with bits of meat make up a meal in themselves. Fortified with a hearty breakfast, Americans find it easier to face the challenges of another day.

29. At what time during the day are "breakfast specials" usually offered?

→

30. What is meant by an "all-you-can-eat" breakfast?

→

31. About how much will a complete breakfast cost with tips included?

→

32. What is popular for breakfast in the southern states of America?

→

VII. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với câu viết đúng nhất từ những từ cho sẵn. (0,5 điểm)

33. There/ some/ difference/ vocabulary/ American English/ British English.

- A. There are some differences in vocabulary of American English and British English.
- B. There are some differences in vocabulary between American English and British English.
- C. There are some differences from vocabulary in American English and British English.

D. There are some differences from vocabulary of American English and British English.

34. You/ should/ sleep early,/ eat/ healthy diet/ do/ physical exercise/ regularly.

A. You should sleeps early, eats a healthy diet and does physical exercise regularly.

B. You should sleep early, eat a healthy diet, do physical exercise regularly.

C. You should sleep early, eat a healthy diet and do physical exercise regularly.

D. You should sleep early, eat healthy diet, and do physical exercise regularly.

VIII. Hoàn thành câu thứ hai sao cho nghĩa không thay đổi so với câu đã cho. (1,5 điểm)

35. I advise you to enroll in that school.

→ If I

36. It isn't necessary for you to talk so loudly.

→ You don't

37. During the film on TV, the phone rang.

→ While I

38. I go out less than I used to.

→ I don't

39. It takes Nam two hours to play basketball with his friends every day.

→ Nam

40. I bought a new bike last week.

→ A

I. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại. (1,0 điểm)

1. A. match B. graze C. habit D. carol
2. A. ploughs B. contacts C. stops D. talks
3. A. escaped B. faced C. sunbathed D. fetched
4. A. pollution B. suggestion C. edition D. limitation

II. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ/ cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành câu. (3,0 điểm)

5. The recent economic policies have _____ impacted the country's GDP growth.
A. significantly B. naturally C. differently D. intellectually
6. No one told lies to the police, _____?
A. didn't they B. did they C. weren't they D. were they
7. This _____ is a place of great holiness for the religion's followers.
A. resort B. religion C. temple D. language
8. _____ the restaurant was fully booked, we had to find an alternative place to have dinner.
A. Because B. Despite C. Although D. Because of
9. They had to _____ the invitation to the party as they already had plans.
A. turn down B. turn in C. turn off D. turn up
10. The restaurant, _____ specializes in seafood dishes, is always crowded during weekends.
A. where B. which C. whose D. that
11. Hydroelectric dams in Viet Nam have provided power _____ millions of homes and businesses.
A. for B. to C. with D. of
12. Thanks to the satellites, football games come to us _____ on TV.
A. living B. lively C. alive D. live
13. The first _____ of the farm was my great-grandfather, who built the house.
A. inhabit B. inhabitable C. inhabitation D. inhabitant
14. Of all the shoes that I have tried on, these ones are _____.
A. comfortable B. less comfortable
C. more comfortable D. the most comfortable
15. What does the sign say?

	<p>A. You don't have to run in this area. B. You don't need to run in this area. C. Running is not good for you to do. D. You are not allowed to run in this area.</p>
---	--

16. What does the notice say?

**NO BICYCLES
AGAINST
GLASS PLEASE**

- A. Do not leave your bicycle touching the window.
B. Broken glass may damage your bicycle tyres.
C. Your bicycle may not be safe here.
D. Do not break the glass using your bicycle.

III. Viết dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành câu. (1,0 điểm)

17. They (move) _____ here last month when their daughter was born.
18. The management board decided (choose) _____ him from the list of potential interviewees.
19. You sometimes help your mother (do) _____ the housework.
20. I promise I (go) _____ to school on time.

IV. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D để điền vào chỗ trống trong văn bản sau. (1,0 điểm)

A job interview is a chance for you to prove that you can satisfy all the requirements of the job you are (21) _____ for. That is why it is essential to be well-prepared for the job interview. Preparing means knowing about the industry, the employer, and yourself. It also means paying attention to details like personal appearance, punctuality and behaviour. Before the interview, you should gather (22) _____ information about the company and the employer as possible. Not only will you appear informed and intelligent but you will also (23) _____ a decision if a job offer is eventually made. You might also want to prepare for answering questions by listing some of your attributes. Remember that appearance is very important. (24) _____ we like it or not, it is the first thing people notice about us. You should match your dress to employees in the workplace where you are applying. You should come on time for the interview.

21. A. requiring B. applying C. begging D. asking
22. A. too many B. as much C. as many D. too much
23. A. gain B. do C. make D. get
24. A. Whether B. What C. Which D. However

V. Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn câu trả lời đúng cho các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

A good deal of fascinating research has been done into reading patterns of young people, and it is surprising to discover at what an early age children start expressing preferences for particular kinds of book. A recent report which examined in detail the reading habit of primary school children, showed that even seven-year-old boys and girls have clear views about what they want to read. Girls, in general, read more and far more girls than boys preferred reading stories. Boys were showing a taste for the more instant appeal of picture stories, or else books about their hobbies. These tastes continue unchanged until the children are teenagers. Apparently, girls read more in general, but more fiction in particular. You could say that there are more opportunities for girls to read fiction: magazines encourage the fiction habit in girls in **their** early teens, and by their late teens they have probably moved on to the adult women's magazines. Teenage boys tend to buy magazines about their hobbies: motorcycles, heavy transport and so on.

25. What is the best title for the passage?
A. What books children should read
B. Children's favorite type of books
C. The difference between the reading habits of girls and boys
D. How young children change their reading habits
26. According to the research, when do children show their taste in reading?
A. at an early age B. in their late teens
C. in teenager years D. when they are seven

27. Which type of book attracts more girls than boys?

- A. picture stories B. sports C. transport D. fiction

28. The word “**their**” in the passage refers to _____.

- A. magazines B. girls C. teenagers D. boys

VI. Đọc văn bản sau và trả lời các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

Three Things to Do in New York

There are so many things to see and do in New York, sometimes it is difficult to know where to start. In this week’s guide, we look at three things you can’t miss when you visit the city.

Start by spending some time in Central Park. With over 25,000 trees and lots of different types of birds, it’s easy to forget you’re in a big city. Relax and enjoy the fresh air or go for a tour in a horse and carriage. In summer you can go out on the lake in a boat or kayak, and in winter you can go ice-skating. After all those activities you’ll be hungry, so have lunch at the famous Tavern on the Green. Great concerts take place in Central Park, too. Every year the New York Philharmonic Orchestra gives a free open-air concert and there’s also the New York Shakespeare Festival at the theatre in the park.

They say that Paris has the Eiffel Tower, London has the London Eye and New York has the Empire State Building. But many people think the best views of the city are from the ‘Top of the Rock’ - the top floor of the GE (General Electric) building, a skyscraper in the middle of the city. At 260 metres high, it’s the fourteenth tallest building in New York, and from the top you can have a fantastic view of the city.

Many people visit the famous Statue of Liberty by ferry, but also on the way is the Immigration Museum on Ellis island. This was the place where people first arrived from 1892 to 1954, many after a long and difficult journey from other countries. Most of the island is closed to the general public, but you can visit the museum and find out about the many people who arrived here. You can also go on a tour with a guide to visit some of the old, unused buildings on the island. A very interesting day out for everyone.

29. Why is it ‘easy to forget you’re in a big city’ when you visit Central Park?

→

30. What can you do in Central Park in winter?

→

31. What is the GE building?

→

32. How do you get to Ellis Island and the Statue of Liberty?

→

VII. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với câu viết đúng nhất từ những từ cho sẵn. (0,5 điểm)

33. You/know/who/live/ house/when/we/move?

- A. Did you know who lived in the house when we move in?
 B. Do you know who did live in the house when we moved to?
 C. Did you know who lives in the house when we moved in?
 D. Do you know who were living in the house when we moved in?

34. think/ meet/ requirements/ write/ apply/ the position/ English-speaking guide/.

- A. I think I can meet your requirements so I am writing to apply for the position of an English-speaking guide.
 B. I think I can meet your requirements because I am writing to apply for the position of an English-speaking guide.

C. I think I can meet your requirements so that I am writing to apply to the position of an English-speaking guide.

D. I think I can meet your requirements although I am writing to apply for the position of an English-speaking guide.

VIII. Hoàn thành câu thứ hai sao cho nghĩa không thay đổi so với câu đã cho. (1,5 điểm)

35. If you don't put the food into the fridge, it will go off quickly.

→ Unless

36. It is very hot at noon, but the workers still continue their work.

→ Although

37. Daisy bought a new bike last Sunday.

→ A new bike

38. "I will be on vacation in Sa Pa.", she said.

→ She said that

39. Minh doesn't know how to play the guitar, so he can't enter this contest.

→ If Minh

40. He can find the solutions to Maths problems faster than me.

→ I can't find

ĐỀ SỐ 5

**ĐỀ LUYỆN THI VÀO LỚP 10
MÔN: TIẾNG ANH**

I. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại. (1,0 điểm)

- | | | | |
|------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| 1. A. <u>heart</u> | B. <u>research</u> | C. <u>earthquake</u> | D. <u>earn</u> |
| 2. A. <u>preserved</u> | B. <u>delayed</u> | C. <u>pursued</u> | D. <u>processed</u> |
| 3. A. <u>growth</u> | B. <u>throw</u> | C. <u>narrow</u> | D. <u>knowledge</u> |
| 4. A. <u>belongs</u> | B. <u>disturbs</u> | C. <u>jumps</u> | D. <u>screams</u> |

II. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ/ cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành câu. (3,0 điểm)

5. I am the boy _____ is wearing a white T-shirt.
A. whom B. which C. whose D. who
6. It all depends _____ my parents. Anyway, we'll keep in touch.
A. in B. at C. of D. on
7. The telephone _____ by Alexander Graham Bell.
A. invented B. invent C. was invented D. is invented
8. If you work hard, you _____ in the final examination.
A. will succeed B. succeed C. would succeed D. had succeeded
9. I am _____ that people have spoiled this area.
A. disappointed B. disappointment C. disappointing D. disappoint

10. Hoa failed her math test. _____, she has to do the test again.
A. However B. Because C. Moreover D. Therefore
11. His doctor _____ him to eat less and do more exercise.
A. said B. suggested C. advised D. insisted
12. The curriculum at the public school is as good _____ of any private school.
A. or better than B. as or better than
C. as or better than that D. as or better than those
13. We'll let you buy a motorbike _____ you ride it carefully.
A. as if B. whenever C. although D. as long as
14. They are _____ of watching documentaries to expand their knowledge.
A. keen B. excited C. fond D. interested
15. What does the sign say?

	<p>A. Smoking is useful here. B. Smoking is not permitted here. C. Smoking is compulsory here. D. Smoking is optional here.</p>
---	---

16. Students who do not sign up before Friday lunchtime ...

<p>Sign up for next week's afternoon activities before Friday lunchtime. If not, we will select activities for you</p>	<p>A. won't be able to choose their afternoon activities next week. B. will not be able to do afternoon activities next week. C. will have to work in the afternoons next week. D. will be selected for certain activities next week.</p>
--	---

III. Viết dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành câu. (1,0 điểm)

17. Mr. Brown (work) _____ as a doctor since 2016.
18. The doctor suggested that his patients (stop) _____ smoking.
19. She asked her husband (pick) _____ up some groceries on his way home.
20. He went back to work in his country after he (finish) _____ his course on Advanced Engineering in London.

IV. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D để điền vào chỗ trống trong văn bản sau. (1,0 điểm)

KEEPING FIT

Bodies are made to move! They are not (21) _____ for sitting around in front of the television or reading magazines. Keeping fit doesn't mean have to be a super-athlete, and even a little exercise can give you a lot of fun. When you are fit and healthy, you will find you look better and feel better. You will develop more energy and self-confidence.

Every time you move, you are exercising. The human body is designed to bend, stretch, run, jump and climb. More it does, the stronger and fitter it will become. Best of all, exercise is fun. It's what your body likes doing most-keeping on the move.

Physical exercise is (22) _____ good for your body. People who take regular exercise are usually happier, more relaxed and more alert than people who sit around all day.

Try an experiment next time when you are in a bad mood, go for a walk or play a ball game in the park. See how much better you feel after an hour.

A good (23) _____ of achievement is yet another benefit of exercise. People feel good about themselves when they know they have improved their fitness. People (24) _____ exercise regularly will tell you that they have more energy to enjoy life. So have a go, you'll soon see and feel the benefits!

21. A. planned B. designed C. programmed D. caused
 22. A. not only B. if C. either D. both
 23. A. piece B. feel C. lot D. sense
 24. A. whom B. which C. who D. whose

V. Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn câu trả lời đúng cho các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

Leonardo da Vinci began painting the Mona Lisa, one of the most famous paintings of all time, in 1503. He was working on a special painting for a church at the time, but it was not going well. The woman who can be seen in the Mona Lisa is said to be Madonna Lisa del Giocondo. She was the wife of an Italian businessman who asked da Vinci to paint a portrait of her.

After Leonardo da Vinci finished the painting in 1506, he was invited by the French King, Francois I, to visit France, and he took the painting with him. Today, the Mona Lisa is kept in the Louvre, an art museum in Paris, and **it** is seen by about six million visitors a year.

The painting measures only 77 centimeters by 53 centimeters and is painted with oil on wood. In 1911, it was stolen by a worker at the Louvre, Vincenzo Peruggia, who took it out of the museum by **hiding** it under his coat. Two years later, police found the painting under Peruggia's bed after he tried to sell it.

In 1962, the Mona Lisa was taken to Washington and New York for an exhibition. For the journey, it was insured for 100 million dollars, making it the most valuable painting ever!

25. What is the best title for this passage?

- A. Leonardo da Vinci - A Famous Painter
 B. The Louvre - An Art Museum
 C. Vincenzo Peruggia - the Man Who Stole the Mona Lisa
 D. The Mona Lisa - the Valuable Painting of All Time

26. The word "**it**" in paragraph 2 refers to _____.

- A. the Louvre B. an art museum C. the Mona Lisa D. France

27. The word "**hiding**" in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. covering B. revealing C. showing D. taking

28.; According to the passage, Leonardo da Vinci _____.

- A. spent 3 years completing the Mona Lisa
 B. painted the portrait of his wife
 C. sold the Mona Lisa to the French King.
 D. painted the Mona Lisa for a church

VI. Đọc văn bản sau và trả lời các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

In the 1970s, skateboarding suddenly became very popular. At first, skateboarders moved slowly on flat, smooth areas. Then they began to ride quickly. This is called 'freestyle' skateboarding. Soon they were skateboarding skillfully up ramps and doing tricks in the air. This is called 'ramp' skateboarding. Then they started skateboarding and doing tricks on the street. This was 'street-style' skateboarding - a combination of freestyle and ramp. For this, the skateboarders needed protective clothing such as knee and elbow pads and helmets. This allowed them to skateboard safely.

Today skateboarding is still a very popular sport, and there are lots of competitions.

Note: *skateboarding* (n) = môn trượt ván

29. When did skateboarding become very popular?

→

30. What are the three styles of skateboarding?

→

31. What was 'street-style' skateboarding?

→

32. Why do 'street-style' skateboarders need protective clothing?

→

VII. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với câu viết đúng nhất từ những từ cho sẵn. (0,5 điểm)

33. He/ advise/ his friend/ apologize/ her mistake.

A. He advised his friend apologizing for her mistake.

B. He advised his friend to apologize for her mistake.

C. He advised his friend that she will apologize for her mistake.

D. He advised his friend to have apologized for her mistake.

34. We/ hope/ our country/ switch to/ sustainable fossil fuel alternatives/ future.

A. We hope our country would have switched to sustainable fossil fuel alternatives in the future.

B. We hope our country would switched to sustainable fossil fuel alternatives in the future.

C. We hope our country had switched to sustainable fossil fuel alternatives in the future.

D. We hope our country will switch to sustainable fossil fuel alternatives in the future.

VIII. Hoàn thành câu thứ hai sao cho nghĩa không thay đổi so với câu đã cho. (1,5 điểm)

35. They have just finished the project.

→ The project

36. If Jack doesn't change his working style, he will get the sack sooner or later.

→ Unless

37. Please don't play your music so loudly.

→ Would you mind

38. Let's go camping tomorrow.

→ Why don't

39. Children shouldn't swim in this pool because it is too deep.

→ This pool is not

40. They often went to school by bike when they were young.

→ They used

ĐỀ SỐ 6**ĐỀ LUYỆN THI VÀO LỚP 10**
MÔN: TIẾNG ANH

I. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại. (1,0 điểm)

- | | | | |
|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| 1. A. <u>a</u> nxiety | B. <u>a</u> dditional | C. <u>r</u> elative | D. <u>i</u> inerary |
| 2. A. <u>e</u> xpects | B. <u>i</u> nvolves | C. <u>e</u> njoys | D. <u>h</u> urries |
| 3. A. <u>g</u> enerate | B. <u>b</u> enefit | C. <u>c</u> ongested | D. <u>e</u> xplore |
| 4. A. <u>c</u> ooked | B. <u>w</u> atched | C. <u>s</u> topped | D. <u>l</u> asted |

II. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ/ cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành câu. (3,0 điểm)

5. Our lives _____ since the invention of the Internet.
 A. have been improved B. be improved
 C. will be improved D. was improving
6. One of the attractions in my hometown is the traditional market _____ is open every Sunday.
 A. whom B. whose C. who D. which
7. We will live a happier and healthier life _____ we keep our environment clean.
 A. although B. unless C. if D. however
8. _____ energy can be easily used in tropical countries where there is a lot of sunlight.
 A. Nuclear B. Fossil fuel C. Wind D. Solar
9. Television can _____ people with the latest information in an inexpensive and convenient way.
 A. apply B. interact
 C. provide D. communicate
10. The university has an international _____ for academic excellence.
 A. knowledge B. edition C. tuition D. reputation
11. The journalist posted this article on the website yesterday, _____?
 A. don't they B. didn't they C. didn't he D. doesn't he
12. A fire in the _____ building could be a problem for firefighters.
 A. ninety-story-tall B. ninety-tall-story
 C. ninety-stories-tall D. ninety stories
13. Despite his efforts, he made _____ progress in solving the complex mathematical problem.
 A. many B. a few C. little D. several
14. _____ studying diligently, she didn't perform as well as she had hoped on the exam.
 A. Despite B. Because C. Even though D. Because of
15. What does the sign say?

	<p>A. You are allowed to wear shoes in this area. B. You should wear shoes in this area because of safety. C. You have to wear shoes that can provide protection in this area. D. You have to keep your shoes safe in this area.</p>
---	---

16. What does the notice say?

<p style="text-align: center;">We accept cash, cheques, and all major credit card!</p>	<p>A. We prefer you to pay with a credit card or in cash. B. You must have a credit card and a cheque as well as cash. C. You may pay with a credit card, cheque or cash. D. You can only use a credit card to pay.</p>
--	--

III. Viết dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành câu. (1,0 điểm)

17. Our team leader suggested that we (organize) _____ a show to raise money for poor people in the village.
 18. I wish my sister (work) _____ harder for her examination.
 19. After the storm (pass) _____, the sky cleared up and the sun came out.
 20. Mark (complete) _____ half of his new project so far.

IV. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D để điền vào chỗ trống trong văn bản sau. (1,0 điểm)

Not long ago, open-air markets played an important (21) _____ in the lives of the Vietnamese. Wherever there was open space, the local people could start their own market. There, you could find almost everything from local (22) _____ and home-grown products to those that the sellers bought wholesale from somewhere and resold them for a profit. (23) _____ the locals went there nearly every day, they knew one another, and the sellers even remembered the customers' (24) _____.

21. A. game B. place C. part D. act
 22. A. home-bought B. home-collected C. home-made D. home-removed
 23. A. Since B. However C. Although D. Therefore
 24. A. friends B. preferences C. hobbies D. address

V. Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn câu trả lời đúng cho các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

The most fascinating change in societies in developing countries is undoubtedly the significant rise in women's participation in work and education. In these nations, an increasing number of women are attending college, earning advanced degrees, and finding employment. **They** are no longer content to be housewives who only stay at home. The socioeconomic situation in these countries will be significantly impacted by this abrupt change.

The financial burden placed on the male 'breadwinners' in the family will decrease as more women enter the workforce. However, they will also learn to share household duties and stop acting as the household's dominant figures and decision-makers. Children will undoubtedly benefit from this change. Their fathers will show them more love and attention. Because both parents will be working, they will also become more independent.

As a result, the service industry will face challenges first. There will be an increase in demand for after-school programs, tutoring, convenience foods, and housekeeping services. People who are more educated and have more money to spend will demand better products and higher living standards. Consequently, this will aid in the economic growth of the nations.

25. What can be the title of the passage?

- A. The Changing Role of Women in Developing Countries
- B. The Impact of Women's Work on the Family
- C. Women's Education and Economic Growth
- D. The Future of Women in Developed Countries

26. According to the passage, which of the following is the main effect of the rise of women's participation in work and education in developing countries?

- A. The financial burden on male breadwinners will decrease.
- B. Women will learn to share household duties.
- C. Children will receive more attention and become less independent.
- D. The service industry will face countless challenges.

27. The economic growth of the developing nations will be _____.

- A. decelerated by the changing roles of women
- B. the same irrespective of the changing roles of women
- C. aided by the changing roles of women
- D. perplexed by the changing roles of women

28. What does the word "they" in paragraph I refer to?

- A. nations
- B. women
- C. work and education
- D. housewives

VI. Đọc văn bản sau và trả lời các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

Some doctors think that you should drink a glass of water each morning. You should drink this water first, before doing anything else, the temperature of the water should be similar to body temperature; neither too hot nor too cold.

Why should you drink this water? Water helps your body in many ways. It helps clean out your kidneys. It prepares your stomach for digestion. Water can also help your intestines work better. After drinking water, the intestines can more easily take out nutrients from our food. Water also helps us go to the bathroom more easily.

Scientists suggest that people take in 1,600 milliliters of water each day. But don't drink all of that water in one sitting. If you do, your kidneys will have to work much harder to eliminate it. It's better to drink some in the morning and some in the afternoon. Some people think it's better to drink between meals and not during meals. They think water dilutes the juices produced in our stomachs. This can interfere with normal digestion.

Are you drinking enough water every day? Check the color of your urine. If it is light yellow, you are probably drinking enough. If your urine is very dark yellow, you probably need to drink more water. A little more water each day could make you much healthier.

29. What do the doctors advise us to do every morning?

→

30. According to the passage, what can the intestines do after we drink water?

→

31. How much water do the scientists suggest that people should drink a day?

→

32. What organ will have to work much harder to eliminate water if we drink it too much?

→

VII. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với câu viết đúng nhất từ những từ cho sẵn. (0,5 điểm)

33. If/ Lan/ want/ focus/ her homework/ should/ turn off/ TV.

- A. If Lan wants to focus on her homework, she should turn off the TV.
- B. If Lan wanted to focus on her homework, she should be turning off the TV.

- C. If Lan wants to focus on her homework, she should turn off the TV.
D. If Lan would want to focus on her homework, she should turn off the TV.

34. My dad/ meet/ my mum/ when/ he/ visit/ Hoi An Ancient Town.

- A. My dad was meeting my mum when he was visiting Hoi An Ancient Town.
B. My dad meets my mum when he visited Hoi An Ancient Town.
C. My dad would have met my mum when he had visited Hoi An Ancient Town.
D. My dad met my mum when he was visiting Hoi An Ancient Town.

VIII. Hoàn thành câu thứ hai sao cho nghĩa không thay đổi so với câu đã cho. (1,5 điểm)

35. Her living conditions were not good, but she studied very well.

→ She

36. They say that he invented the digital camera.

→ It

37. The game was called off because of heavy rain.

→ It rained

38. I don't have a boat. I won't sail around the world.

→ If

39. They couldn't do anything to stop people polluting the river.

→ Nothing

40. When did your friends eat that chocolate cake?

→ When was

ĐỀ SỐ 7

ĐỀ LUYỆN THI VÀO LỚP 10

MÔN: TIẾNG ANH

I. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại. (1,0 điểm)

- | | | | |
|----------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. A. gar ba ge | B. pa ss enger | C. ha ndi craft | D. la ng uage |
| 2. A. co ll ection | B. su gg estion | C. na tu ral | D. fu rn iture |
| 3. A. de str uction | B. se ns ation | C. in st itution | D. vi si ble |
| 4. A. ho pe d | B. ki ck ed | C. mi ss ed | D. de ci ded |

II. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ/ cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành câu. (3,0 điểm)

5. Peter _____ come with us tonight, but he isn't quite sure yet.

- A. can B. may C. will D. must
6. _____ the Internet is very popular, many older people do not know how to use it.
- A. Despite B. Because C. Although D. However
7. If people shared household chores, the family life _____ happier.
- A. had been B. would have been C. will be D. would be
8. All of my friends have got smartphones. I wish I _____ one too!
- A. have B. had had C. have had D. had
9. The man son is my classmate _____ is a very famous scientist.
- A. which B. whom C. that D. whose
10. Our class _____ into four groups when we have English lessons
- A. is divided B. be divided C. divides D. is dividing
11. We should educate the public about wildlife, _____?
- A. shouldn't we B. should we C. don't we D. do we
12. Is your son _____ in French and English?
- A. master B. bilingual C. keen D. fond
13. My grandparents don't _____ of people who have bad manners.
- A. respect B. admire C. approve D. appreciate
14. If you decide you don't like it, bring it back and we'll give you a _____.
- A. receipt B. refund C. guarantee D. reward
15. What does the sign say?

SILENCE!
exams in
progress

- A. Do not walk into the exam area.
B. Do not tell questions to the examiner.
C. Please remain quiet during the examination.
D. Do not talk to the other students.

16. What does the notice say?

PARKING °
2 hours maximum
£4 per hour
Parking penalty charge
notice: £50

- A. It costs at least £50 to park here for two hours.
B. There are no parking charges after 2.00 p.m.
C. You have to pay a fine if you park here for three hours.
D. If you park for an hour, you have to pay £54.

III. Viết dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành câu. (1,0 điểm)

17. At 5 o'clock yesterday evening, my elder sister (iron) _____ her clothes.
18. The environmental club suggested (collect) _____ plastic waste from the beach to clean it up.
19. The city that they visited on vacation (be) _____ full of historical landmarks.
20. The local community decided (restore) _____ the ancient pagoda to its original state.

IV. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D để điền vào chỗ trống trong văn bản sau. (1,0 điểm)

Tropical rain forests (21) _____ found in the Amazon region of South America, central America, Africa, South and Southeast Asia. Rain forests are very important to the world's (22) _____. The Amazon rain forests alone receive about 30 to 40 percent of the total rainfall on the Earth and produce about the same (23) _____ the world's oxygen. Some scientists believe that the decreased size of rainforests will affect the climate on the Earth, making it uncomfortable or even dangerous for life. Saving our rain forests is an international problem. One country, or even a few countries, cannot solve the problem alone. The nations of the world must work together to (24) _____ a solution before it is too late.

21. A. were B. have been C. are D. is
 22. A. home B. climate C. habitat D. environment
 23. A. percent in B. percentage at C. percent on D. percentage of
 24. A. come up with B. get away with C. figure it out D. make do with

V. Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn câu trả lời đúng cho các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

Clothing is more than just a practical necessity; it's a form of self-expression and cultural identity. From the vibrant saris of India to the sleek business suits of Western countries, clothing carries stories and traditions.

In my own life, I've found that what I wear can reflect my mood and personality. On confident days, I might choose bold colors and statement pieces, while on quieter days, I opt for cozy sweaters and muted tones. Each garment holds memories too - the concert tee that reminds me of an unforgettable night, or the **worn-out** sneakers that have traveled the world with me. Beyond personal expression, clothing plays a crucial role in society. It can signify occupation, like a doctor's white coat or a chef's apron. It can also convey social norms and expectations, such as the formal attire worn to weddings or the uniforms students don at school. Moreover, clothing trends evolve with time, reflecting changes in culture, technology, and values.

However, the fashion industry's environmental impact has raised concerns. The fast-paced cycle of trends contributes to waste and pollution. As a response, sustainable fashion movements are gaining momentum, encouraging mindful consumption and eco-friendly production.

25. The passage mainly discusses _____.
 A. Clothing: More Than Just a Practical Necessity
 B. The environmental impact of the fashion industry
 C. Different types of traditional clothing from around the world
 D. The evolution of clothing trends over time
 26. According to the text, movements for sustainable fashion are _____.
 A. dwindling B. disappearing C. picking up steam D. unchanged
 27. What does the word "**worn-out**" used in the second paragraph mean?
 A. dirty and need to be washed.
 B. comfortable, well-worn or in good condition.
 C. too small and needs to be replaced.
 D. shabby, no longer new or in good condition.
 28. All the following sentences are the purposes of clothing except _____.
 A. To protect the body from the elements.
 B. To express personal style and identity.
 C. To signify occupation or social status.
 D. To live greener or protect the environment.

VI. Đọc văn bản sau và trả lời các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

Ten-day Chinese Traffic Jam (24th August, 2010)

Motorists in China are experiencing a traffic jam from hell. Thousands of drivers have been stuck in their cars for ten days on the Beijing-Tibet Expressway just outside the Chinese capital. The gridlock started on August 14th when roadworks began. The bad news is that the chaos will continue for another month. The tailbacks stretch back for 100km. The situation has been made worse by dozens of cars breaking down or overheating. Around 400 traffic police have been assigned to patrol the jam to make sure tensions don't rise too far. The horrendous snarl-up is the result of the explosion in the number of cars on Chinese roads. As China becomes wealthier, more people are buying cars, thus causing more traffic problems.

Drivers trapped in the traffic jam know they have to be patient and sit for long hours in their cars. There are no showers for them to use and if they need to use a toilet, they have to lock their car and wander off to the nearest café. There are many complaints of local people taking advantage of the stranded motorists by charging them more than double prices for drinks and snacks. People are keeping themselves busy by playing cards or board games. Some have reported feeling homesick. One truck driver, Juang Shao expressed his frustration over the situation: "I've missed my daughter's birthday and the food in my truck has probably turned into soup," he said. He said he was worried his truck could be stuck in the traffic forever.

29. When did the traffic jam in China begin?

→

30. What caused traffic congestion on those days?

→

31. How many traffic police patrol the gridlock?

→

32. What do drivers have to do when they are stuck in a traffic jam?

→

VII. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với câu viết đúng nhất từ những từ cho sẵn. (0,5 điểm)

33. Please/ not go out / until / rain / stop.

A. Please was not going out until the rain had stopped.

B. Please did not go out until the rain stops.

C. Please do not go out until the rain stops.

D. Please do not go out until the rain is stopping.

34. The noise / the traffic/ prevented /me/ go to sleep/

A. The noise from the traffic prevented me from going to sleep.

B. The noise from the traffic is preventing me from go to sleep.

C. The noise from the traffic will preventing me from going to sleep.

D. The noise of the traffic prevents me from going to sleep.

VIII. Hoàn thành câu thứ hai sao cho nghĩa không thay đổi so với câu đã cho. (1,5 điểm)

35. My brother can not speak French.

→ I wish

36. John said: "How about collecting these waste things for recycling?"

→ John suggested

37. Although he was experienced, he could not get the job.

→ In spite of

38. We last saw our cousin three months ago.

→ We haven't

39. I met a famous singer yesterday.

→ The singer

40. The performance was so impressive that we all stood up to clap our hands.

→ It was such

ĐỀ SỐ 8**ĐỀ LUYỆN THI VÀO LỚP 10**
MÔN: TIẾNG ANH

I. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại. (1,0 điểm)

- | | | | |
|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1. A. <u>a</u> rea | B. <u>a</u> rrange | C. <u>a</u> rrive | D. <u>a</u> llow |
| 2. A. <u>f</u> loor | B. <u>d</u> oor | C. <u>n</u> oodles | D. <u>b</u> oard |
| 3. A. <u>e</u> ight | B. <u>w</u> eight | C. <u>h</u> eight | D. <u>s</u> traight |
| 4. A. <u>w</u> alks | B. <u>c</u> ups | C. <u>s</u> tudents | D. <u>p</u> ens |

II. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ/ cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành câu. (3,0 điểm)

5. I wish I _____ trilingual in Vietnamese, English and Japanese ten years from now.
A. were B. am C. will be D. would be
6. Based on what I've read, the Industrial Revolution began _____ the late 18th century.
A. at B. in C. for D. on
7. If plastic waste is not properly managed, oceans _____ more polluted.
A. becomes B. are becoming C. became D. will become
8. Food in Northern Vietnam is not as _____ as that in Central and Southern Vietnam, as black pepper is often used rather than chillies.
A. strong B. flavour C. spicy D. exciting
9. Such _____ as sugar, sugarcane, and coconut water are mostly used in Southern Vietnamese food than in Northern and Central Vietnam.
A. dishes B. courses C. ingredients D. menus
10. He is very stubborn, so it is very difficult to _____ him to go.
A. persuade B. suggest C. make D. prevent
11. Instead of admitting his mistake, he always tries to put the _____ on others.
A. charge B. guilt C. fault D. blame

12. In 1950, Alan Turing published his work, _____ eventually became The Turing Test, a tool to measure computer intelligence.

- A. what B. who C. when D. which

13. Women's contribution to our society has been _____ better these days.

- A. naturally B. intellectually C. significantly D. differently

14. Maria and her sister are always quarreling. They've never _____ each other.

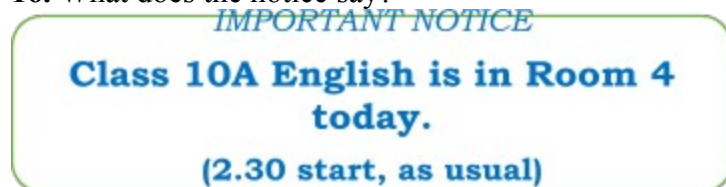
- A. got along with B. went along with
C. went down with D. came up with

15. What does the sign say?



- A. Dogs are welcome everywhere and can go anywhere.
B. Dogs are not allowed to enter or be in this area.
C. You may bring dogs here if they are on a leash.
D. Only small dogs are allowed in this area.

16. What does the notice say?



- A. This lesson is in a different place today.
B. This lesson is not happening today.
C. This lesson begins a bit later today.
D. This lesson is only for class 10A.

III. Viết dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành câu. (1,0 điểm)

17. Environmentalists all over the world (protect) _____ the rich and diverse wildlife of national parks for decades.

18. My father loves (go) _____ sightseeing in new places in the central part of Vietnam.

19. She suggested that he (raise) _____ money for the poor in the neighbourhood.

20. I wish I (be) _____ able to speak more than a language.

IV. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D để điền vào chỗ trống trong văn bản sau. (1,0 điểm)

Traditionally, rural villages in Vietnam (21) _____ handicrafts when they were not busy with planting or harvesting crops. Over time, (22) _____ villages developed the expertise to make specialized products and so particular villages became famous for such things as weaving, woodwork, lacquer work and metal products. With industrialization, many villagers moved to the cities but maintained their craft skills and networks to produce products for the city market, for example, craft villages make furniture, grow flowers or make utensils for the urban population. Other villages changed from (23) _____ traditional crafts to producing different products desired by an industrialized (24) _____.

21. A. produced B. produce C. have produced D. will produce
 22. A. much B. lot of C. many D. a
 23. A. make B. to making C. to make D. making
 24. A. society B. social C. sociable D. socially

V. Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn câu trả lời đúng cho các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

Obesity increases a person's risk of cancer, heart disease and other diseases. About 2.6 billion people globally - 38% of the world population - are already overweight or obese. But on current trends that is expected to rise to more than 4 billion people (51%) in 12 years' time, according to research by the World Obesity Federation.

Obesity among children and young people is likely to increase faster than **that** among adults. By 2035 it is expected to be at least double the rate seen in 2020 - it will rise by 100% among boys under 18, but go up even more sharply, by 125%, among girls the same age.

Switzerland, Norway, Finland, Iceland and Sweden are among the best prepared countries to deal with obesity while Niger, Nigeria, Somalia and Central African Republic are examples of the world's poorest countries that are the least prepared. Professor Louise Baur, the federation's president, says that the sharpest increases in obesity will be seen in low- and middle-income countries where lack of preparedness and resources will create a perfect storm that will negatively impact obese people the most.

The rising obesity globally is caused by factors such as climate change. Covid restrictions and chemical pollutants, as well as the promotion of unhealthy foods. It is suggested that governments should **restrict** the marketing of foods that are high in fat, salt or sugar, and provide healthy food in schools.

25. Which of the following is the best title for the passage?

- A. The great future of overweight young children
 B. More than half of humans to be overweight by 2035
 C. How the world's poorest countries fight against obesity
 D. The World Obesity Federation's world-class researchers

26. The word "**that**" in paragraph 2 refers to _____.

- A. obesity B. boy C. girl D. child

27. According to paragraph 3, which countries have more chances to win the fight against obesity?

- A. High-income countries B. Low-income countries
 C. Middle-income countries D. African countries

28. The word "**restrict**" in paragraph 4 is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. support B. prohibit C. limit D. increase

VI. Đọc văn bản sau và trả lời các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

An ecodistrict is an urban area designed to promote sustainability and environmental responsibility. These districts incorporate green infrastructure, energy-efficient buildings, and waste reduction systems to minimize their ecological footprint. By using renewable energy sources such as solar and wind power, ecodistricts aim to reduce greenhouse gas emissions and support a healthier urban environment.

One of the key features of an ecodistrict is its focus on efficient resource use. Many ecodistricts implement water conservation strategies, such as rainwater harvesting and wastewater recycling, to reduce water consumption. Additionally, sustainable transportation options, including bike lanes, electric public transit, and pedestrian-friendly pathways, help decrease air pollution and traffic congestion. These efforts contribute to creating more livable and resilient urban communities.

Despite their benefits, ecodistricts face challenges such as high initial costs and the need for public participation. Developing an ecodistrict requires careful planning and collaboration between governments, businesses, and residents. However, as more cities recognize the long-term advantages of sustainable urban planning, ecodistricts are becoming an essential model for future urban development.

29. What is an ecodistrict?

→

30. Which renewable energy sources are mentioned in the passage?

→

31. Why do ecodistricts implement water conservation strategies?

→

32. How do sustainable transportation options in ecodistricts help the environment?

→

VII. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với câu viết đúng nhất từ những từ cho sẵn. (0,5 điểm)

33. The woman / live / next door / donate / thousands of dollars / local charities / every year.

A. The woman who lives next door donates thousands of dollars to local charities every year.

B. The woman lives next door donates thousands of dollars to local charities every year.

C. The woman who lives next door donating thousands of dollars to local charities every year.

D. The woman which lives next door donates thousands of dollars to local charities every year.

34. Those students / volunteer / provide meals / schoolchildren / remote areas.

A. Those students volunteered to provide meals with schoolchildren in remote areas.

B. Those students volunteered to provide meals for schoolchildren in remote areas.

C. Those students volunteered provide meals for schoolchildren in remote areas.

D. Those students volunteered providing meals for schoolchildren in remote areas.

VIII. Hoàn thành câu thứ hai sao cho nghĩa không thay đổi so với câu đã cho. (1,5 điểm)

35. "I will visit my grandma this Saturday." Ann said.

→ Ann said

36. John last returned to his hometown 12 years ago.

→ John has

37. My village does not have access to clean piped water.

→ I wish

38. The picture was so expensive that Mr. Brown couldn't buy it.

→ It was

39. No game show on VTV3 is as popular as "Olympia".

→ "Olympia" is the

40. The dress was so expensive that I couldn't buy it.

→ The dress was

ĐỀ SỐ 9

**ĐỀ LUYỆN THI VÀO LỚP 10
MÔN: TIẾNG ANH**

I. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại. (1,0 điểm)

1. A. company

B. camera

C. construction

D. cinema

2. A. reminded

B. contracted

C. explained

D. completed

3. A. application

B. apply

C. applicant

D. applicator

4. A. chemistry

B. chicken

C. church

D. chores

II. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ/ cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành câu. (3,0 điểm)

4. We might be able to catch _____ last train if we hurried.
A. the B. a C. an D. Ø
5. _____ 1945, the United Nations was established to promote international cooperation.
A. for B. on C. in D. at
6. I enjoy living in this small town _____ it is a bit quiet here.
A. although B. just as C. therefore D. just when
7. She's the woman _____ sister looks after the baby for us.
A. which B. who C. that D. whose
8. As per the study, handful of nuts daily can cut people's _____ of coronary heart disease and cancer by nearly 22 per cent.
A. chance B. luck C. opportunity D. risk
9. Food in Northern Vietnam is not as _____ as that in Central and Southern Vietnam, as black pepper is often used rather than chillies.
A. strong B. flavour C. spicy D. exciting
10. _____ helps manage garbage in an area to keep it clean.
A. A delivery person B. An artisan
C. A police officer D. A garbage collector
11. She gave me a new handkerchief on which she _____ some beautiful flowers.
A. embroidered B. carved C. moulded D. knitted
12. We are trying to learn the lyrics of these songs _____ before our performance.
A. in heart B. with memory C. with care D. by rote
13. The pilot announced that the flight would _____ shortly.
A. turn on B. take off C. make up D. give up
14. His parents asked him _____ to enter law school.
A. if he was planning B. he is planning
C. he was planning D. whether he is planning
15. What does the sign say?



- A. You are allowed to eat and drink here without any restrictions.
 B. Eating and drinking are not permitted in this area at all times.
 C. You can bring drinks but not food into this area.
 D. Food is permitted but drinks are not allowed in this area.

16. What does the notice say?

"Please keep your bus ticket with you at all times.

The transport officers might ask to see it during your journey."

- A. You need to keep your bus ticket with you. Officers might check it.
 B. Transport officers will give you a bus ticket.
 C. You do not need a bus ticket for the journey.
 D. You can get your bus ticket from the transport officers.

III. Viết dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành câu. (1,0 điểm)

17. After the spacecraft (**travel**) _____ into space, the crew started to observe the Earth.

18. Don't forget to remind your dad (**water**) _____ the plants while we're away.

19. Our friends all recommended (**watch**) _____ that we should watch Inside Out 2.

20. The teacher as well as his students (**arrive**) _____ at the school meeting yet.

IV. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D để điền vào chỗ trống trong văn bản sau. (1,0 điểm)

Travel is something which people do every day. It is very difficult to avoid the need to travel. It may be a trip to school, university or to work. Travelling can often take a long time, especially when great distances need to be covered. People often (21) _____ travelling abroad for holidays. But for some people, travelling is not fun at all. Some people suffer from travel sickness. This means that they will (22) _____ very unwell each time they travel.

Travelling can be either affordable or costly. It often depends on (23) _____ far you want to travel and the choice of transport. People who need to travel short distances may choose not to use any transport at all. People often rely on their legs to take them to places nearby. This is often (24) _____ as certain modes of transport have been said to produce harmful emissions and damage the environment.

21. A. enjoy B. benefit C. love D. care
 22. A. make B. develop C. become D. happen
 23. A. where B. why C. what D. how
 24. A. encouraged B. encouraging C. courageous D. courag

V. *Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn câu trả lời đúng cho các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)*

Traveling in the Future

These days, if you want to travel from New York to Beijing, the flight takes about 16 hours. You also have to wait at the airport, and sometimes you have to transfer onto a different airplane. If you add all of that extra time, the trip takes at least 20 hours. But in the future, the trip from New York to Beijing might only take two hours.

Right now, a private company is developing something called ET3. ET3 stands for “evacuated tube transport technology”. Here is how it **works**. A tube goes all the way from New York to Beijing. The tube is only a few meters wide. Capsules move through the tube. Six people can sit in one capsule. The capsules use electricity instead of gasoline. For international travel, the capsules can travel at about 6,500 kilometers per hour. That is much faster than airplane — most modern airplanes usually only fly at about 800 kilometers per hour.

So how is this possible? How can these capsules travel so fast? The answer is that there is no air inside the tube. When airplanes fly, they have to move through the air. The air slows the airplanes down. Because there is no air in the ET3 tubes, the capsules are able to move at a very high speed. Besides, the capsules are quite light. They only weigh 183 kilograms.

There are other advantages to ET3. Because it uses electricity, it is quite clean. In addition, it is much quieter than airplanes and cars. Finally, ET3 tubes and capsules don't require very much building material.

Of course, ET3 doesn't exist yet. The technology is still being developed. Developers still have to solve a lot of problems. The biggest problem is that right now, ET3 would be far too expensive. In order to make ET3 cheaper, we will need much better technology.

It is exciting to think of how ET3 will change travel in the future. Maybe someday, you will be able to have lunch in New York and dinner in Beijing.

25. Which of the following is NOT true about travelling at present?

- A. Modern planes fly at about 800 kilometers per hour.
 B. We use mostly gasoline for transportation.
 C. Flights make little noise thanks to modern technology.
 D. Traveling takes place in the air.

26. Why is ET3 clean?

- A. It is made of a clean kind of material.
 B. It uses a cleaner kind of gasoline.
 C. It doesn't use gasoline or electricity.
 D. It uses electricity.

27. The word “**works**” in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. travels B. operates C. earns money D. succeeds

28. What can be inferred from the passage?

- A. There is still a lot to do before putting ET3 into operation.
 B. All flights have to transfer at different cities.

C. ET3 will be used domestically.

D. Electricity used as a source of energy makes a capsule much quieter.

VI. Đọc văn bản sau và trả lời các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

Customs are traditions, behaviors, and social practices that vary across different cultures. These customs reflect a society's values, history, and way of life. From greetings to table manners, customs shape daily interactions and influence how people communicate and show respect. Understanding cultural customs is important for travelers, as it helps them avoid misunderstandings and show appreciation for local traditions.

One common custom that varies widely is greeting etiquette. In Japan, bowing is a sign of respect, while in France, people often greet each other with a kiss on both cheeks. In some Middle Eastern countries, a handshake accompanied by placing the right hand over the heart is a warm gesture of welcome. Meanwhile, in Thailand, the traditional wai—a slight bow with hands pressed together—is used to show politeness and respect.

Dining customs also differ significantly around the world. In China, it is customary to use chopsticks, while in India, eating with the right hand is common. In Ethiopia, people often share food from a single plate, symbolizing unity and friendship. In contrast, Western countries typically use forks and knives, and table manners emphasize keeping elbows off the table and chewing quietly. These customs reflect cultural attitudes toward food, community, and etiquette.

Gift-giving is another practice that holds special meaning in many cultures. In Japan, gifts are often wrapped beautifully, as presentation is just as important as the gift itself. In some Latin American countries, opening a gift immediately after receiving it is considered polite, while in China, people may refuse a gift multiple times before accepting it to show humility. Such traditions highlight the deep-rooted values of different societies and their approaches to hospitality and generosity.

29. What do customs reflect in a society?

→

30. Which greeting custom is mentioned for Japan?

→

31. How do people in Ethiopia typically share their food?

→

32. Why is understanding cultural customs important for travelers?

→

VII. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với câu viết đúng nhất từ những từ cho sẵn. (0,5 điểm)

33. They / very happy / share / stories / family and neighbors.

A. They are very happy sharing their stories with their family and neighbors.

B. They are very happy to share their stories with their family and neighbors.

C. They are very happy share their stories with their family and neighbors.

D. They are very happy that to share their stories with their family and neighbors.

34. I / wish / there / not / environmental / problems / city.

A. I wish there won't be environmental problems in our city.

B. I wish there hadn't environmental problems in our city.

C. I wish there aren't environmental problems in our city.

D. I wish there weren't environmental problems in our city.

VIII. Hoàn thành câu thứ hai sao cho nghĩa không thay đổi so với câu đã cho. (1,5 điểm)

35. "Let's go out for a walk now," he suggested.

→ He

36. He cannot drive because he is young.

→ He is not

37. I would prefer you to deliver the tables on Saturday.

→ I would rather the tables

38. The teacher did not allow the class to leave before 10:30.

→ The teacher made

39. I often spend 15 minutes riding to school every day.

→ It often takes

40. Although he wasn't experienced, he got the job.

→ In spite

ĐỀ SỐ 10	ĐỀ LUYỆN THI VÀO LỚP 10 MÔN: TIẾNG ANH
-----------------	---

I. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại. (1,0 điểm)

- | | | | |
|---------------|-----------|--------------|------------|
| 1. A. really | B. pretty | C. lively | D. apply |
| 2. A. planted | B. added | C. delayed | D. learned |
| 3. A. artisan | B. army | C. fattening | D. lack |
| 4. A. ocean | B. sure | C. sugar | D. sun |

II. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ/ cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành câu. (3,0 điểm)

5. _____ Sundays, I enjoy taking leisurely bike rides around the neighborhood.
A. Of B. At C. On D. In
6. I rarely go swimming _____ my house is near the beach.
A. however B. so C. although D. but
7. Learning a new language and being able to communicate fluently provides a great _____ of achievement.
A. sense B. record C. level D. emotion
8. Several important methods were invented for _____ food in the nineteenth century.
A. protecting B. preserving C. saving D. preventing
9. She asked me _____.
A. if I understand the lesson
B. if I understood the lesson
C. whether to understand the lesson
D. whether I can understand the lesson.
10. Singapore is _____ small city-state in Southeast Asia.
A. the B. an C. a D. ✕
11. It's time to say goodbye, but I'm _____ meeting you all again soon.
A. looking forward to B. getting on with
C. keep up with D. put up with
12. We _____ be here. That sign says NO TRESPASSING.
A. couldn't B. don't have to C. might not D. aren't supposed to
13. Kendrick muttered as he strolled down the narrow street "Did I just see Larry, the one _____ was announced dead just last month?"
A. who B. whose C. whom D. Ø
14. Her illness was _____ we thought at first.
A. much seriouser than B. much more serious than
C. much as serious than D. much serious than

15. What does the sign say?



Original Product will not have watermark

- A. You can park your car in any place here without rules.
 B. Do not park your car here; it is not allowed.
 C. Only customers can park in this area.
 D. You can park your car in any spot you like.
16. What does the notice say?

End-of-term school party!

Classroom 11A

All students welcome

Friday 17th

Bring food!

Mrs. Harrison

- A. To attend this party, you need to be a student from Classroom 3B.
 B. Mrs. Harrison will bring something to the party for students to eat.
 C. Everyone at the school is invited to the party on the 17th.
 D. The party will take place after Friday 17th.

III. Viết dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành câu. (1,0 điểm)

17. The Louvre Museum (**open**) _____ from 9 a.m to 6 p.m, every day except Tuesday and Wednesday.
 18. We don't allow you (**smoke**) _____ in our house.
 19. When I woke up this morning, the birds (**sing**) _____ outside.
 20. Would you mind (**sit**) _____ here, Henry?

IV. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D để điền vào chỗ trống trong văn bản sau. (1,0 điểm)

People have always wondered if there could be (21) _____ on other planets. Even though we haven't found clear proof yet, scientists are still searching. They think that because the universe is so big, there might be other living things on faraway planets. We've found some planets called exoplanets that (22) _____ stars outside our solar system. Some of them seem like they could be good for life as we know it. (23) _____ we get better at using technology to explore space, we keep looking for answers. The idea of life on other planets is a fascinating question that we're still (24) _____ to figure out.

21. A. live B. soul C. life D. animals
 22. A. go around B. go over C. go off D. go through

23. A. Although B. As C. However D. Therefore
 24. A. making B. setting C. doing D. trying

V. Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn câu trả lời đúng cho các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

World Englishes: A Global Perspective

English is a global language, but it is not spoken the same way everywhere. Different countries and regions have developed their own varieties of English, known as "World Englishes." These varieties reflect local cultures, histories, and influences, making English a dynamic and evolving language. Some well-known examples include American English, British English, Indian English, and Singaporean English. While these versions share the same foundation, they have unique vocabulary, pronunciation, and grammar rules.

One major reason for the spread of different English varieties is colonial history. When the British Empire expanded, English was introduced to many parts of the world. Over time, local communities adapted it to fit their own languages and traditions. For example, in Nigeria, English includes words and expressions influenced by indigenous languages. Similarly, in the Philippines, English has blended with Tagalog and Spanish, creating a distinct version known as Philippine English.

Despite these differences, World Englishes allow people from diverse backgrounds to communicate. In international business, education, and media, English serves as a common language. While some argue that there should be a "standard" English, many linguists believe that these varieties enrich the language and reflect its global identity. As English continues to evolve, more unique versions will likely emerge, further shaping the way the world speaks.

25. What is the passage mainly about?

- A. The history of the English language
 B. The differences between British and American English
 C. The development and spread of World Englishes
 D. The challenges of learning English as a second language

26. Which of the following is NOT true according to the passage?

- A. World Englishes have different vocabulary and grammar rules.
 B. English has remained unchanged since colonial times.
 C. English was introduced to many regions through colonization.
 D. Linguists see value in the diversity of English varieties.

27. What does the word "it" in paragraph 2 refer to?

- A. the British Empire B. English
 C. a local community D. a tradition

28. The word "**diverse**" in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. similar B. various C. limited D. confusing

VI. Đọc văn bản sau và trả lời các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

Our local environment is the world right around us - the air we breathe, the water we drink, the parks we play in, and the streets we walk on. Taking care of it is essential for our well-being and the health of the planet.

One simple way to help is by keeping our neighborhoods clean. We can do this by not throwing trash on the ground and using trash cans. Picking up litter when we see it is a small act that makes a big difference. Cleaner streets also mean cleaner air because there's less dust and pollution.

We can also save energy to help our local environment. Turning off lights when we leave a room and using less water when we take showers or brush our teeth can lower our energy use. When we use less energy, we reduce the pollution that harms our air and environment.

Our local parks and green spaces are essential for our well-being. We should enjoy these places and take care of them. Picking up after ourselves, not damaging plants, and not leaving trash behind are simple ways to keep these areas beautiful.

Preserving local wildlife is another part of taking care of our environment. We can do this by not disturbing animals' homes and being kind to the creatures we share our space with.

Lastly, getting involved in community projects like clean-up events or tree planting can bring people together to make our local environment even better. When we work together, we create a stronger, healthier, and happier place to call home.

29. What does our local environment include?

→

30. How can we help keep our neighborhoods clean?

→

31. Why is saving energy important for our local environment?

→

32. Where can people get involved to improve the local environment?

→

VII. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với câu viết đúng nhất từ những từ cho sẵn. (0,5 điểm)

33. Everyone / be / delight / that / they / passed / examination /.

A. Everyone were delighted that they passed the examination.

B. Everyone was delighted that they passed the examination.

C. Everyone are delighting that they passed the examination.

D. Everyone is delighting that they passed the examination.

34. If / I / be / you, / I / read / English papers / improve / reading skill.

A. If I were you, I should improve my reading skill.

B. If you were me, you should read English papers to improve your reading skill.

C. If I am you, I will read English papers to improve my reading skill.

D. If I were you, I would read English papers to improve my reading skill.

VIII. Hoàn thành câu thứ hai sao cho nghĩa không thay đổi so với câu đã cho. (1,5 điểm)

35. "I am sorry, Jean. I broke your laptop," said John.

→ John apologized to

36. It's pointless to have this car repaired.

→ This car is not worth

37. The boy didn't go to bed until his mother came home.

→ It was not until his mother

38. When Barbara was in Italy, she stayed with an Italian family.

→ Barbara used

39. Eight years ago, we started writing to each other.

→ We have

40. If someone doesn't put the coal in, the fire will go out.

→ Unless

ĐỀ SỐ 11	ĐỀ LUYỆN THI VÀO LỚP 10 MÔN: TIẾNG ANH
-----------------	---

I. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại. (1,0 điểm)

1. A. comes

B. plants

C. builds

D. buys

2. A. decided

B. visited

C. worried

D. crooked

3. A. thanks

B. pack

C. chart

D. cattle

4. A. weather B. therefore C. earthquake D. with

II. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ/ cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành câu.
(3,0 điểm)

5. The conference will be held _____ London next month, attracting experts from various fields.

- A. on B. in C. at D. under

6. The weather was beautiful, _____ I couldn't go outside because I was feeling unwell.

- A. however B. therefore C. so D. but

7. I met my teacher in the supermarket _____ I was shopping.

- A. when B. while C. which D. where as

8. He is _____ about participating in the marathon next month; he has been training for it for months.

- A. interested B. keen C. surprised D. excited

9. When a city has more skyscrapers, the glass walls make _____ more serious.

- A. air pollution B. global warming
C. habitat loss D. ecological balance

10. They are going to spend their holiday _____ rural France.

- A. relaxing B. exploring C. reserving D. searching

11. Students _____ use a dictionary in any examinations.

- A. can B. should C. mustn't D. needn't

12. John doesn't like skating and _____ does his brother.

- A. so B. too C. either D. neither

13. If Emily _____ sick today, she would be able to go to school.

- A. isn't B. weren't C. wasn't D. didn't

14. I decided to _____ gardening as a hobby, and now my backyard is filled with beautiful flowers and plants.

- A. put off B. take up C. look after D. stand for

15. What does the sign say?



- A. The elevator is working well and you can use it.
B. The elevator is not working and you cannot use it.
C. The elevator is being repaired and will work again soon.
D. The elevator is for special use only and not for everyone.

16. _____ What _____ does _____ the _____ notice _____ say?

Don't keep this soup in the fridge for more than two days after opening it.

- A. If you open this soup, only keep it in the fridge for two days.
- B. You must open and eat this soup in the next two days.
- C. Put this soup in the fridge as soon as you open it.
- D. If you open this soup, you shouldn't keep it in the fridge.

III. Viết dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành câu. (1,0 điểm)

17. Last week's weather (**be**) _____ exceptionally hot, with temperatures reaching over 35 degrees Celsius.
18. He decided (**learn**) _____ a new language as part of his New Year's resolution to broaden his horizons.
19. This time tomorrow I (**chat**) _____ with my cousin in London on Viber.
20. I suggest you (**visit**) _____ Ba Na Hills. It's very picturesque.

IV. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D để điền vào chỗ trống trong văn bản sau. (1,0 điểm)

The relationship between students and teachers is less formal in the USA than in many (21) _____ countries. American students do not stand up when their teachers enter the room. Students are encouraged to ask questions during class, to stop in the teacher's office for extra help, and to phone if they are absent. Most teachers (22) _____ students to enter class late or leave early if necessary. (23) _____ the lack of formality, students are still expected to be polite to their teachers and fellow classmates.

When students want to ask questions, they usually (24) _____ a hand and wait to be called on. When a test is being given, talking to a classmate is not only rude but also risky. Most American teachers consider that students who are talking to each other during a test are cheating.

21. A. others B. the other C. another D. other
22. A. let B. allow C. make D. motivate
23. A. Though B. Because C. Despite D. Because of
24. A. rise B. arise C. raise D. put

V. Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn câu trả lời đúng cho các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

In 1988, Maria Mutola - the only girl played football in an all-boys team in a local competition in Mozambique. "We won" she said. "First nobody thought **it** was a problem I was a girl. But the team we beat complained."

The story appeared in a local newspaper and José Craveirinha stimulated other African athletes, learnt about Maria. He met and found her kicking a ball around outside the football club. "He talked to me about athletics. I didn't know what he meant. The only sport I knew was football. He bought me running shoes and took me training. The work was hard, and my legs hurt." But José persuaded her parents her success could end their poverty. They allowed him to train her.

In 1991, she accepted an invitation to train in America that she had **refused** due to being afraid of missing her family. Her background was different from the girls she met there. She explains, "They were good athletes. While I worried about my parents having enough to eat, they worried about dresses, make-up. They knew little about me and my problems. I was lucky to be there to learn much from trainers."

25. Which title best represents the content of the passage?
- A. "Maria Mutola: From Football to Athletics"
 - B. "Breaking Barriers: The Journey of Maria Mutola"
 - C. "The Influence of José Craveirinha on African Sports"
 - D. "Challenges of Training Abroad"
26. Which of the following is NOT mentioned in the passage?
- A. The complaint by the team they beat
 - B. The purchase of running shoes by José Craveirinha

C. The exact details of her training program in America

D. Her concerns about missing her family

27. What does the word “it” refer to?

A. Her playing football

B. Her winning the game

C. The local competition rules

D. Her training in athletics

28. The word “refused” in the passage is closest in meaning to _____.

A. accepted

B. declined

C. ignored

D. postponed

VI. Đọc văn bản sau và trả lời các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

Life in the big city is face-paced, fun and exciting. There are countless job opportunities and activities to occupy your time. However, with the good, there also comes the bad. Although the big city has more job opportunities; there are also more people competing for a single job. This can make your job search frustrating. Oddly enough, you will see hundreds, if not thousands of jobs available each week, but you still might remain unemployed, especially when the economy is down. In addition, the cost of living is typically higher in big cities, and it can cost you an arm and a leg for a small apartment in a decent area of the city, not to mention other costs to fulfill your basic demands. Diversity is a good thing, but the amount of people can be a bit overwhelming if you are not accustomed to it. There will always be crowds and always be people around. Moreover, traffic can be a nightmare in the big city. It can get so bad that it can turn you into an evil person. If you hate driving in traffic, then the big city life is not for you. Heavy traffic also contributes to the pollution, which is one of the biggest disadvantages of living in the city. Obviously, our health is affected most with certain diseases relating to respiratory system and other body parts. A lot of premature deaths are supposed to be the result of long-term exposure to small particles. Most importantly, there is always more crime in a big city, causing you second case your decision for living in a big city. You are much more likely to be a victim of a crime living in a big city than in a small town.

29. What are some advantages of living in a big city?

→

30. Why can job searching in a big city be frustrating?

→

31. How does heavy traffic affect city life?

→

32. What is one major health issue caused by city pollution?

→

VII. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với câu viết đúng nhất từ những từ cho sẵn. (0,5 điểm)

33. It / first / time / he / stay / up / late / study / exam.

A. It is first time he stayed up late to study for the exam.

B. It is the first time for him to stay up late to study for the exam.

C. It is the first time he stays up late to study for the exam.

D. It is the first time he has stayed up late to study for the exam.

34. Respect / our ancestors / one / traditions / our people

A. To respect our ancestors is one of the traditions on our people.

B. Respect our ancestors is one tradition of our people.

C. Respecting our ancestors was one of the traditions of our people.

D. Respecting our ancestors is one of the traditions of our people.

VIII. Hoàn thành câu thứ hai sao cho nghĩa không thay đổi so với câu đã cho. (1,5 điểm)

35. Mert never smoked at all when he was at the university but now he smokes ten cigarettes a day.

→ Mert didn't use

36. "Do you want to have a trip to Ha Long Bay this summer?" Tom asked.

→ Tom asked

37. No one has sent me that letter.

→ I

38. Huy wants to choose his high school, but his parents don't let him.

→ Huy wishes

39. You are not allowed to leave the room without permission.

→ You must

40. The furniture was so expensive that I didn't buy it.

→ This was

ĐỀ SỐ 12	ĐỀ LUYỆN THI VÀO LỚP 10 MÔN: TIẾNG ANH
-----------------	---

I. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại. (1,0 điểm)

1. A. involved B. explained C. accepted D. followed
2. A. sword B. word C. afford D. absorb
3. A. sandwiches B. tomatoes C. oranges D. misses
4. A. honey B. honest C. hurry D. harmful

II. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ/ cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành câu. (3,0 điểm)

5. Our family has been excited _____ the upcoming vacation for ages.
A. about B. from C. to D. with
6. He's feeling tired today _____ he didn't get enough sleep last night.
A. although B. however C. but D. because
7. The _____ you solve the problems, the _____ problems you have to deal with.
A. faster - more B. fastest - more C. faster - most D. fastest – most
8. We had a five-day trip to some _____ places in Ninh Binh which we learned about in History class.
A. aged B. historic C. old D. historical
9. We have cut down so _____ trees that there are now vast areas of wasteland all over the world
A. much B. many C. any D. lot of
10. The local _____ display their artwork at the annual craft fair.
A. artists B. actresses C. artisans D. artifacts
11. Social media campaigns are effective tools to _____ awareness about environmental issues.
A. rise B. promote C. raise D. enhance
12. I _____ tennis a lot, but I don't play very often now.
A. get used to playing B. am used to play
C. used to play D. used to playing
13. The meditation retreat was a _____ escape from the hustle and bustle of city life.
A. peaceful B. peacefulness C. peace D. peacefully
14. If you don't use the computer, please _____.
A. switch it on B. turn it off C. put it on D. take it off
15. What does the sign say?



- A. Security cameras are not being used in this area.
- B. Security cameras are watching and recording in this area.
- C. There are no security cameras around this building.
- D. Security cameras are only active during the night.

16. What does the notice say?

A skirt has gone missing from the changing room.

If found, please hand it in to the school secretary.

- A. You should see the school secretary if you left the skirt in the changing room.
- B. Someone has lost a skirt in the changing room and is asking to have it returned.
- C. It's not possible to bring skirts into the changing room at this time.
- D. The school is providing skirts in case anyone has lost theirs in the changing room.

III. Viết dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành câu. (1,0 điểm)

- 17. It has been 10 years since we last (see) _____ the film.
- 18. He promised (help) _____ me with my math homework after school today.
- 19. I wish he (have) _____ more time now to help you with your lesson.

20. I look forward (hear) _____ from you soon.

IV. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D để điền vào chỗ trống trong văn bản sau. (1,0 điểm)

Shimizu company want to offer 3-day holidays in a space station, which will be bigger than the International Space Station. However, holidays in space will be very (21) _____! About 90,000 dollars for three days! Shimizu believe that there are enough people who will be ready to pay the price.

Other firms, in Japan and the USA, want to open hotels on the moon! Trips to the moon will be even more expensive!

The Japanese firm is quite serious; but they cannot yet start (22) _____ their orbiting hotel. First they will have to buy a commercial reusable shuttle. Today there are no shuttles. The old American shuttles, (23) _____ Atlantis and Columbia, were very expensive to launch. They had to be launched into (24) _____ with a big rocket which cannot be reused. Tomorrow's shuttles will take off and land on their own, probably like aeroplanes.

21. A. unpleasant B. horrible C. luxurious D. expensive
 22. A. building B. making C. creating D. producing
 23. A. instead of B. such as C. so as D. as such
 24. A. plane B. orbit C. sky D. atmosphere

V. Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn câu trả lời đúng cho các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

The Impact of Electronic Devices on Modern Life

Electronic devices have become an integral part of modern life. From smartphones and laptops to smart home appliances, **these** have transformed the way people communicate, work, and entertain themselves. The rapid advancement in technology has led to a surge in demand for these devices, as they provide convenience and connectivity in everyday tasks.

One of the major advantages of electronic devices is their ability to improve efficiency. With features such as instant messaging, video calls, and online learning platforms, communication and education have been revolutionized. However, these benefits are accompanied by challenges such as electronic waste, environmental pollution, and cybersecurity threats, all of which require careful management.

Looking ahead, innovations in technology, including developments in artificial intelligence, 5G connectivity, and smart automation, promise to make electronic devices even more powerful and **indispensable**. Despite the challenges, the ongoing integration of advanced technology into daily life continues to shape our lifestyles, making it essential to balance progress with sustainability.

25. Which title best represents the content of the passage?

- A. "Managing Electronic Waste and Cybersecurity"
 B. "Advancements in Smart Home Appliances"
 C. "The Impact of Electronic Devices on Modern Life"
 D. "The Role of Artificial Intelligence in Technology"

26. Which of the following is NOT mentioned as an issue or challenge related to electronic devices in the passage?

- A. Electronic waste B. Environmental pollution
 C. Cybersecurity threats D. Increased physical activity

27. What does the word "**these**" refer to?

- A. Electronic waste B. Modern lifestyles
 C. Electronic devices D. Technological challenges

28. The word "**indispensable**" in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to _____

- A. optional B. unnecessary C. essential D. replaceable

VI. Đọc văn bản sau và trả lời các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

Some experts worry that teens are more anxious and have lower self-esteem because of social media and texting. There are key differences to socializing online. Teens miss out on things like body language and facial expressions. This can lead to misunderstandings and hurt feelings. It can also make talking in person feel more intimidating.

It is also common for teens to feel bad about themselves when they see everyone online looking perfect. Teens often try to compensate by sharing pictures that make them look perfect, too. Then, when their social media identity doesn't match how they actually feel, they can end up feeling worse.

Parents can help by setting a good example of how to use tech. Try to give kids your full attention when you are with them, and establish tech-free zones in the house and tech-free hours when no one is on their phones. To help build self-esteem, get kids involved in something they're interested in. When kids learn to feel good about what they can do instead of how they look and what they own, they're happier.

29. What do some experts worry about regarding teens and social media?

→

30. Why can online socializing lead to misunderstandings?

→

31. How might teens feel when their social media image does not match their real feelings?

→

32. What can parents do to help improve their kids' self-esteem according to the passage?

→

VII. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với câu viết đúng nhất từ những từ cho sẵn. (0,5 điểm)

33. John / is / old / understand / the problem.

A. John isn't old enough understand the problem.

B. John isn't old enough to understand the problem.

C. John is so old to understand the problem.

D. John isn't too old understand the problem.

34. They / decide / learn English / go / study / Australia

A. They decided learning English before going to study in Australia.

B. They decided and learned English before going to study in Australia.

C. They decided to learn English before go to study in Australia.

D. They decided to learn English before going to study in Australia.

VIII. Hoàn thành câu thứ hai sao cho nghĩa không thay đổi so với câu đã cho. (1,5 điểm)

35. You feel unhealthy because you don't take any exercise.

→ If you took

36. "If I were you, I would marry him", she said to me.

→ She

37. They couldn't climb up the mountain because of the storm.

→ The storm made

38. This is the first time I have gone out for a picnic.

→ I have

39. I can't see anything without my glasses.

→ If I

40. As people use a lot of wood-pulp, many trees are cut down.

→ The more

I. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại. (1,0 điểm)

1. A. creature B. feature C. disease D. creation
2. A. appointed B. relaxed C. upgraded D. crowded
3. A. urgent B. permit C. western D. affect
4. A. comb B. gamble C. plumber D. climb

II. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ/ cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành câu. (3,0 điểm)

5. _____ everyone was discussing students' mental health, the speaker raised a question about teachers' wellbeing.

- A. When B. While C. So D. Though

6. Since Paul arrived, he has been learning a lot about life _____ a farm.

- A. on B. with C. from D. to

147. The doctor, to _____ I owe my recovery, provided exceptional care during my illness.

- A. which B. who C. whom D. whose

8. She felt _____ when she didn't receive the job offer.

- A. pleased B. relaxed C. fascinated D. disappointed

9. In order to achieve your dream, you must know your _____ and abilities first.

- A. career B. passions C. knowledge D. skill

10. The October 1989 Loma Pieta earthquake _____ severe damage to the buildings in the San Francisco Bay area.

- A. generated B. made C. caused D. created

11. _____ Sun, which is one of millions of stars in the universe, provides us with heat and light.

- A. The B. A C. An D. ✕

12. It's important to use _____ cleaning products to reduce the use of harmful chemicals in your home.

- A. natural B. natures C. naturally D. nature

13. He often likes to _____ in a suit and tie for important meetings.

- A. turn down B. dress up C. deal with D. get on

14. She said she _____ her room the following month.

- A. have to decorate B. would have to decorate
C. had to decorate D. would had to decorate

15. What does the sign say?



shutterstock.com · 431987038

- A. You are allowed to take photos in this area.
- B. Photography is not allowed in this area at any time.
- C. You can take photos if you have permission.
- D. Taking photos is encouraged and permitted here.

16. What does the notice say?

**“The local swimming pool is having a water safety course
for children on Saturday morning. Sign up now!”**

- A. The water safety course for children will be held on Saturday morning.
- B. Sign up now for the children’s course.
- C. The course is held in the afternoon for teenagers.
- D. Registration begins next month for the children’s course.

III. Viết dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành câu. (1,0 điểm)

- 17. I (**forget**) _____ my keys at home yesterday, and I had to call a locksmith.
- 18. My daughter would like (**buy**) _____ a prom dress for her graduation party.
- 19. We (**phone**) _____ you if we have time.
- 20. The assistant suggested that he (**clean**) _____ the touchscreen frequently to assure effective use.

IV. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D để điền vào chỗ trống trong văn bản sau. (1,0 điểm)

As I remember, back in the 50s and 60s, Ha Noi was not as crowded as it is today. Bicycles and cyclos were the main means of transport and the few motorbikes that were around were owned by rich people. It was rare to see cars or jeeps.

Meanwhile, the tram was the only method of public transport. An old tram station is now home to several retail outlets that look out over the lake in Dinh Tien Hoang Street.

At that time, Hanoians always travelled by tram, not only for its (21) _____ but also the price. For just five cents you could travel one-way to its terminus in the former Ha Dong Province, which is now part of the expanded Ha Noi.

I still remember on (22) _____ from school, my friends and I would go to the lake to catch the tram to Botanical Garden. The sound, clang-clang, clang-clang could be regularly heard from early in the morning until late in the evening, come rain or (23) _____. Time,... decades have passed, but there is still a clang (24) _____ in my mind from my childhood.

21. A. convenience B. importance C. comfort D. condition

22. A. days out B. out days C. off days D. days off
 23. A. light B. rise C. shine D. brighten
 24. A. somewhat B. somewhere C. somehow D. someway

V. Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn câu trả lời đúng cho các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

Local festivals are a time for celebration, cultural expression, and community bonding. During these events, residents gather to enjoy traditional music, dance, and food. Colorful parades, art exhibitions, and performances showcase the rich heritage of the area and create an atmosphere of excitement.

In addition, local festivals provide an opportunity for vendors to display their crafts and culinary specialties. Many families look forward to these annual events as a chance to reconnect with their roots and celebrate local traditions. Organizers work hard to create a festive, lively environment that welcomes everyone.

Despite occasional challenges such as unpredictable weather or budget constraints, local festivals remain a cherished part of community life. **They** provide a platform for cultural exchange and help strengthen community identity. Overall, these celebrations not only entertain but also remind people of the history and traditions that define their community.

25. Which title best represents the content of the passage?

- A. "Challenges in Organizing Local Festivals"
 B. "Local Vendors and Art Exhibitions"
 C. "Celebrating Community at the Local Festival"
 D. "Traditional Music and Dance Performances"

26. Which of the following is NOT true according to the passage?

- A. Local festivals feature colorful parades and art exhibitions.
 B. They offer opportunities for vendors to showcase crafts and culinary specialties.
 C. Local festivals always occur without any challenges.
 D. The events help strengthen community identity.

27. What does the word "**They**" refer to?

- A. The local vendors B. The organizers
 C. The local festivals D. The art exhibitions

28. The word "**lively**" in the passage is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. dull B. energetic C. quiet D. somber

VI. Đọc văn bản sau và trả lời các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

Spending your free time on the Internet can be fun. You can chat, share photos with friends, and play online games. But some people are addicted to the Internet. They just can't turn it off.

Being online for many hours at a time does not mean you have a problem. The Internet is very useful. Online, you can pay your bills, buy clothes, and read the news. There are many good reasons to spend time online. However, people with an Internet addiction are online too much. They don't spend time with their friends and family. Instead, they spend their time chatting with their Internet friends, people they have never met in real life. Some also play online games all day or night. Some people with Internet addictions even leave their jobs so they can spend even more time online! People with Internet addictions don't just go online to shop, have fun, or do work. People who have this problem often go online because they want to escape the stress and problems in their lives. Many internet addicts stop caring about their real lives, and focus only on their online lives.

One way Internet addicts can get help is by using special software. This software controls how much time someone can spend online. It tells the computer to turn off the internet after a certain amount time. This helps people focus on real life. The software's goal is to teach people to use the Internet for good reasons and not just as an escape.

29. What can people do on the Internet in their free time?

→

30. Why do some people become addicted to the Internet?

→

31. Who do Internet addicts spend most of their time chatting with?

→

32. How can Internet addicts get help?

→

VII. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với câu viết đúng nhất từ những từ cho sẵn. (0,5 điểm)

33. weather / cold / they / go finishing.

A. The weather was too cold that they couldn't go fishing.

B. The weather was too cold for them to go fishing.

C. The weather was such cold that they couldn't go fishing.

D. The weather was so cold that they could go fishing.

34. Past / children / not have / many / form / entertainment

A. From the past, children not have many forms of entertainment.

B. In the past, children didn't have many forms of entertainment.

C. In the past, children don't have many forms of entertainment.

D. For the past, children didn't have many forms of entertainment.

VIII. Hoàn thành câu thứ hai sao cho nghĩa không thay đổi so với câu đã cho. (1,5 điểm)

35. "I have forgotten to buy groceries on my way home", said he.

→ He said that

36. Don't walk outside without a sun hat or you will get sunburn.

→ If you

37. Nam is the tallest in my class.

→ No one

38. It was such a good show that they decided to go and see it again.

→ The show was

39. Is anyone checking your essay about the environmental pollution?

→ Are you having

40. My mother started cooking for the party two hours ago.

→ My mother has

ĐỀ SỐ 14

ĐỀ LUYỆN THI VÀO LỚP 10

MÔN: TIẾNG ANH

I. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại. (1,0 điểm)

1. A. opened

B. seemed

C. closed

D. rested

2. A. wealthy

B. without

C. something

D. thoughtful

3. A. healthy

B. hygiene

C. honest

D. household

4. A. concert

B. culture

C. circle

D. comfort

II. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ/ cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành câu. (3,0 điểm)

5. She was tired, _____ she stayed up late to finish the book.

A. so

B. although

C. but

D. since

6. I am proud _____ the progress I've made in learning a new language.

A. on

B. about

C. in

D. of

7. John is not at home. He _____ go somewhere with Daisy. I am not sure.
A. should B. must C. must D. may
8. Not everyone realizes that _____ organ of the body is the skin.
A. the most large B. the largest C. the larger D. most largest
9. It's _____ that you should follow a regular training programme.
A. pleasant B. confident C. conscious D. essential
10. The company is _____ into departments, each responsible for specific tasks.
A. consisted B. included C. directed D. divided
11. The scientist _____ conducted the groundbreaking research will be giving a lecture next week.
A. why B. who C. where D. which
12. The tour guide offered an informative _____ of the historical landmarks we visited.
A. descriptive B. describe C. description D. descriptively
13. I wish that he _____ to me about his living conditions.
A. will never lie B. would lie never
C. would never lie D. could never lie
14. In the 17th century, the Viet people _____ the temple tower, calling it ThienY Thanh Mau- Tower.
A. got into B. took over C. looked after D. put up
15. What does the sign say?



- A. Dogs are always allowed to be in the pool area.
B. Dogs are sometimes allowed in the pool area.
C. Dogs can swim in the pool whenever they like.
D. Dogs cannot be in the pool area at any time.
16. What does the notice say?

BOOKSHOP-CLOSED AFTERNOONS

- A. The bookshop is closed all day.
B. The bookshop is open in the morning.
C. The bookshop is open in the afternoon.

D. The bookshop is closed in the morning.

III. Viết dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành câu. (1,0 điểm)

17. I've been a vegetarian since I (watch) _____ a documentary about animals.

18. He doesn't let anyone (talk) _____ in the working time.

19. If we recycle bottles and cans, we (save) _____ a lot of natural resources.

20. He shows me where (buy) _____ tickets.

IV. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D để điền vào chỗ trống trong văn bản sau. (1,0 điểm)

Rice is eaten by Vietnamese people every day. It often (21) _____ in tropical countries such as Vietnam, Thailand or Malaysia. The Chinese have also been growing rice for (22) _____ years. The seeds are planted in special beds to grow into young rice plants. Then they are taken to fields covered with muddy water called paddies. The fields of rice look very (23) _____. After 3 or 5 months, the rice is ready to be picked. People often drain away water before collecting rice. Eating rice is a special action in the world. They don't use spoons or forks to enjoy bowls of rice. (24) _____, they use two short sticks known as chopsticks to put rice into their mouths. China and Vietnam are the two countries where people use chopsticks very well.

21. A. grows

B. keeps

C. plants

D. stays

22. A. thousands

B. thousands of

C. thousand of

D. thousand

23. A. beauty

B. beautiful

C. beautifully

D. the beauty

24. A. However

B. Moreover

C. Besides

D. Instead

V. Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn câu trả lời đúng cho các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

THE IMPORTANCE OF PRESERVING OUR PAST

The United States is home to countless monuments and sites that are of great historical and cultural significance, and their preservation is the utmost importance. These serve as tangible reminders of the country's history and help us understand and appreciate the heritage left by their ancestors.

One such site that embodies the importance of preserving our past is the Statue of Liberty. This iconic statue, gifted to the United States by France, is not only a symbol of freedom and democracy but also a testament to the relationship between the two countries. The preservation of the Statue of Liberty is crucial to maintaining this relationship and honoring the sacrifices made by those who came before us.

Another iconic symbol of the USA's history is Mount Rushmore, which is the host to millions of visitors worldwide and is surrounded by the Black Hills. Over the decades, Mount Rushmore has grown in fame in America as a symbol of freedom and hope for people from all cultures and backgrounds. The memorial brings to life the statues of Washington, Jefferson, Lincoln, and Theodore Roosevelt, which honors their life and impact on the USA's history. Therefore, its preservation makes the States' roots long-lasting and appreciated.

As a result, preserving our past also includes protecting historic buildings and landmarks. These structures serve as a physical representation of our country's history, and their preservation is essential to understanding and appreciating our past.

25. Which title best represents the content of the passage?

A. "Modern Challenges in Urban Development"

B. "The Importance of Preserving Our Past"

C. "Cultural Innovations in the United States"

D. "Economic Growth and Historical Monuments"

26. Which of the following statements is NOT true according to the passage?

A. The Statue of Liberty symbolizes freedom and democracy.

B. Mount Rushmore honors American presidents and symbolizes hope.

- C. Preserving historic landmarks is optional for understanding history.
 D. Historic buildings serve as physical representations of the country's past.
 27. What does the pronoun "these" refer to?

- A. Historic buildings
 B. Monuments and sites
 C. The sacrifices made by ancestors
 D. Relationships between countries

28. The word "utmost" in the first paragraph is closest in meaning to _____.
 A. minimal B. optional C. greatest D. secondary

VI. Đọc văn bản sau và trả lời các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

I've had my fair share of travel mishaps throughout the years, but my worst travel experience happened during my first solo trip outside of the European Union. My trip to Turkey was amazing, but then things went wrong hours before I was supposed to fly back home.

After packing my suitcase during the night and just before heading down to the lobby to catch the airport shuttle, I decided to lie on the soft bed one last time. And, of course, I fell asleep. I woke up three hours later and instantly panicked. There was no way I would make it to the airport on time to catch my flight, and I felt helpless. I was terrified of being stuck in Turkey and had no idea what to do.

After calling my family back home, tears running, I eventually headed down to the lobby. And while the staff could not help me, a local approached me to ask what was wrong.

The local proceeded to help me by calling the Turkish hotline of the airline for me. To my dismay, there was nothing they could do. But then the wonderful stranger looked up new flights back home for me.

Thanks to the kindness of this stranger, I managed to make it home that very day. And it made me realize that you are never truly alone, even if you are solo traveling. After all, there are amazing people everywhere that are happy to help when you find yourself in a bad situation while traveling.

29. What was the writer's trip to Turkey?

→

30. What happened when the writer woke up from her sleep?

→

31. What did the hotel staff do to help the writer?

→

32. How did the story end?

→

VII. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với câu viết đúng nhất từ những từ cho sẵn. (0,5 điểm)

33. He / not / have / eyes / tested / a year.

- A. He last had his eyes tested for a year.
 B. He didn't have any tests on his eyes since a year.
 C. He hasn't had his eyes tested for a year.
 D. The last time he has tested his eyes was a year ago.

34. If / you / speak / English / we / offer / you / job.

- A. If you can speak English, we could offer you the job
 B. If you could speak English, we would offer you the job.
 C. If you could speak English, we will offer you the job.
 D. If you spoke English, we will offer you the job.

VIII. Hoàn thành câu thứ hai sao cho nghĩa không thay đổi so với câu đã cho. (1,5 điểm)

35. In spite of the bad weather, they had a wonderful holiday.

→ Although

36. He'd rather that you paid him immediately.

→ He'd prefer

37. The furniture was so expensive that I didn't buy it.

→ The furniture was too

38. I'm sorry that I didn't finish my homework last night.

→ I wish

39. Tom plays tennis better than John.

→ John doesn't

40. "You broke my chair, Bob," said Anna.

→ Anna accused

ĐỀ SỐ 15

**ĐỀ LUYỆN THI VÀO LỚP 10
MÔN: TIẾNG ANH**

I. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại. (1,0 điểm)

- | | | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| 1. A. <u>hand</u> s | B. <u>answ</u> ers | C. <u>begi</u> ns | D. <u>last</u> s |
| 2. A. <u>cough</u> ed | B. <u>stop</u> ped | C. <u>influ</u> enced | D. <u>hate</u> d |
| 3. A. <u>breath</u> | B. <u>smooth</u> | C. <u>wealth</u> | D. <u>grow</u> th |
| 4. A. <u>char</u> ity | B. <u>head</u> ache | C. <u>watch</u> ing | D. <u>cham</u> pion |

II. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ/ cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành câu. (3,0 điểm)

5. They decided to buy the house _____ they didn't really have enough money.
A. in spite of B. however C. even though D. despite
6. Nikola Tesla is renowned _____ his pioneering contributions to alternating current (AC) electricity and wireless communication.
A. in B. for C. to D. of
7. The Grand Suite Hotel is by far _____ hotel in Los Angeles.
A. the most expensive B. the expensive
C. the more expensive D. most expensive
8. Yoga and meditation are often recommended for improving _____ health and reducing stress.
A. cooperative B. dependent C. mental D. doubtful
9. I was invited by the professor _____ I met at the conference.
A. whose B. where C. which D. whom
10. Mike wishes that he _____ a career as a surgeon when he was 18.
A. would pursue B. had pursued C. pursued D. could pursue
11. He was sentenced to ten years in prison on charges of drug _____.
A. charging B. stealing C. trafficking D. trading
12. Van is _____ exchange student in the USA.
A. a B. an C. the D. Ø
13. The new student in my class is _____ good at both English and French.
A. reason B. reasoned C. reasonable D. reasonably
14. We heard the news as soon as we _____ the car radio.
A. went over B. switched on C. grew up D. turned down
15. What does the sign say?



shutterstock.com · 2208280767

- A. Return your cart anywhere in the parking lot.
- B. Return the cart to the designated cart area.
- C. Keep the cart in your car until you get home.
- D. Return the cart at the store entrance.

16. What does the notice say?

- A. The library is open every day of the week.
- B. The library closes at 6 PM on weekdays.
- C. The library opens at 9 AM on Saturdays.
- D. The library is open on Sundays.

III. Viết dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành câu. (1,0 điểm)

17. He (**win**) _____ the championship trophy for his outstanding performance in the last tournament.

18. I strongly advised him (**drink**) _____ and drive to ensure his safety and the safety of others.

19. By the time Jane arrived at the cinema yesterday, the film (**start**) _____.

20. We (have) _____ four quizzes and five tests so far this semester.

IV. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D để điền vào chỗ trống trong văn bản sau. (1,0 điểm)

When dining in a typical Korean restaurant with locals, get ready to share your food! Doing it in the Korean way means eating from the (21) _____ bowl, since sharing and common dining are a big part of their culture. Sitting around the big round table, with (22) _____ small, different dishes called "banchan" on top of it and usually one big grill in the middle of the table to grill your own meat, is not a sign of a lazy chef but an opportunity to enjoy the ritual.

Since the (23) _____ is to eat straight from the bowl without having your own plate, seeing other people's spoons dipped in the same pot shouldn't surprise you. So, feel free to stick your chopsticks in that kimchi shouting: my germs!

Compared with the western customs of consuming the food, the biggest difference is that you have your personal plate (24) _____ you place the food, which is not shared with the rest once it is on your plate. Also, the habit is to usually eat only one big, main dish, with possibly one or two side dishes, while Koreans have a variety of small bites.

21. A. similar B. different C. separate D. same
22. A. much B. lots of C. a D. any

23. A. traditionally B. traditionalist C. tradition D. traditional
 24. A. who B. which C. that D. where

V. Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn câu trả lời đúng cho các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

Digital devices are used in every aspect of life and provide a mobile, interactive tool for learning. Educators are finding ways to use them effectively, including the nuances and process of social channels.

Digital devices also allow students to be more mobile instead of being chained to a desk. Interactive communication such as Skype can also be used for new learning experiences that are shared with other classrooms. **This** allows for collaboration for projects between classes and even school-to-school introducing experiential learning in many communities.

Technology and digital devices have also made teachers more accessible to students using educational platforms, social media and other means to communicate, upload lessons and assignments, and for assignment submissions. At the same time, many fear that artificial intelligence is the **sleeping giant** that can replace a teacher with many adaptive software developments opening up various possibilities.

Schools are using the internet as a learning tool with many focusing on IT skills. While many have smart boards in every classroom and students carry around laptops to their lectures.

25. Which title best represents the content of the passage?

- A. "Social Media in Modern Society"
 B. "The Role of Digital Devices in Education"
 C. "Artificial Intelligence and the Future of Work"
 D. "Mobile Technology in Daily Life"

26. Which of the following statements is NOT true according to the passage?

- A. Digital devices allow students to be mobile and collaborate with other classrooms.
 B. Teachers use digital devices to upload lessons and assignments.
 C. Artificial intelligence has already replaced teachers in most schools.
 D. Many schools are focusing on IT skills and using smart boards in classrooms.

27. The phrase "**sleeping giant**" in paragraph 3 means _____.

- A. one that has great but unrealized power
 B. one that is too weak to fight
 C. one that is lazy and has no ambition
 D. one that is sometimes strong

28. What does the word "**This**" refer to?

- A. The overall use of digital devices in education.
 B. The interactive communication, such as Skype, used for sharing new learning experiences.
 C. The process of using social channels by educators.
 D. The mobile, interactive tool for learning provided by digital devices.

VI. Đọc văn bản sau và trả lời các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

I have been on an unforgettable field trip to Ba Vi with my class. The trip was designed to show students the authentic life of Vietnamese villages and to support the local community. During this trip, we paid a visit to some local families who introduced us to the daily life and traditional activities of the local villages.

The first stop was at the Ri village, where we met Mr. Duoc, who owns the tea plantation. We had a walk around his farm and took part in the tea harvesting. Later he taught us how to roll and dry the tea leaves.

Then we visited another village and the other host Mrs. Chin, who taught US how to cook traditional meals. After cooking we could try the meals we made for lunch at the tropical garden. After a short break, we could have a cycling trip along the lake, rice fields, and banana

plantations. On the way, we could enjoy the surrounding scenery and talk to local people. We also saw what people did for a living and how the local products were made. After the cycling trip, we moved to the third host Mrs. Chinh, who is a representative of Muong people. She took us on a boat trip along the Da river, which was the last part of the field trip. That was the first time I travelled without my parents, and it was absolutely a memorable experience.

29. Where did the speaker go on the field trip?

→

30. Who did the students meet at Ri village, and what did he show them?

→

31. What did Mrs. Chin teach the students in the other village?

→

32. What activities did the students do during the cycling trip?

→

VII. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với câu viết đúng nhất từ những từ cho sẵn. (0,5 điểm)

33. All flights / Noi Bai / International Airport / cancel / fog.

A. All flights from Noi Bai International Airport were cancelled because fog.

B. All flights from Noi Bai International Airport were cancelled because of fog.

C. All flights from Noi Bai International Airport were cancelled despite of fog.

D. All flights from Noi Bai International Airport were cancelled in spite of fog.

34. It/ be/ such/ good movie/ that/ she/ watch/ twice/

A. It is such good movie that she has watched it twice.

B. It is such a good movie that she has watched it twice.

C. It is such good movie that she watched it twice.

D. It is such a good movie that she had watched it twice.

VIII. Hoàn thành câu thứ hai sao cho nghĩa không thay đổi so với câu đã cho. (1,5 điểm)

35. His legs were broken, but he managed to get out of the car.

→ Despite

36. “Why don’t you wear sunglasses, Anna?” said Bob.

→ Bob

37. He didn't eat anything but small pieces of bread and butter.

→ He only

38. Nobody in the hospital works more carefully than Mr. Johnson.

→ Mr. Johnson

39. I used to live in Ho Chi Minh City.

→ I no longer

40. She usually drinks a glass of milk before going to bed every night.

→ She is used

ĐÁP ÁN

ĐỀ SỐ 1	ĐỀ LUYỆN THI VÀO LỚP 10 MÔN: TIẾNG ANH
----------------	---

I. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại. (1,0 điểm)

1. **A. process** B. economic C. optimistic D. priority
2. A. castle B. lack **C. army** D. demanding
3. A. virtual B. question C. nature **D. habitat**
4. A. fixed B. picked **C. exchanged** D. replaced

II. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ/ cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành câu. (3,0 điểm)

5. The performance we saw last night was very _____. All of us enjoyed it.
A. impressive B. impress C. impressed D. impressively
6. According to our school's regulations, students _____ use mobile phones in class.
A. mustn't B. shouldn't C. needn't D. won't
7. _____ the traffic was terrible, they managed to arrive at the airport on time.
A. Despite **B. Although** C. Because D. Because of
8. Climate change is a pressing global issue that requires immediate environmental _____.
A. action B. active C. actively D. act
9. Helmets are essential to protect bikers _____ head injuries in case of accidents.
A. with B. by **C. from** D. about
10. Tomorrow we are going to meet Maryam, _____ comes from Malaysia.
A. who B. whom C. whose D. that
11. Modern technology is widening the _____ gap between parents and their children.
A. age B. gender **C. generation** D. tradition
12. My aunt is a _____ teacher.
A. history **B. historic** C. historical D. historian
13. You are _____ only two pieces of luggage on the plane.
A. allowed B. made C. agreed D. received
14. I was late for school this morning because my alarm clock didn't _____.
A. come on **B. go off** C. put away D. take up
15. What does the note say?



- A. You can't buy any shoes in this place.
- B. Please take off your shoes when entering this place.**
- C. You don't have to wear shoes in this place.
- D. Please put on your shoes when entering this place.

16. What does the notice say?

Lift service starts at ground floor today. For basement, please use the stairs.

- A. It is not possible to use the lift above the ground floor today.
 B. The lift will not be going to the upper floors today.
C. The lift will only operate between the ground floor and upper floors today.
 D. The stairs between the basement and the ground floor are closed today.

III. Viết dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành câu. (1,0 điểm)

17. If she had some more money, she (buy) **would bought** a better car.
 18. I would love (visit) **to visit** Japan someday and experience its rich culture.
 19. While she (read) **was reading** a book, the phone suddenly rang.
 20. Our smart TV might help us (order) **order** food from the supermarket.

IV. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D để điền vào chỗ trống trong văn bản sau. (1,0 điểm)

Bill Gates is the co-founder of Microsoft, the world's largest PC software company. He is among the richest people in the world. Bill Gates' interest in computers started when he was a teenager. After high school, he (21) _____ to several top colleges in the USA: Harvard, Yale, and Princeton. He chose to go to Harvard to study law. At Harvard, he focused more on his interest in computers than on coursework. He often (22) _____ by playing video games in Harvard's computer lab. He left Harvard before graduating because he wanted to open a software company with his friend Paul Allen. (23) _____ he later said 'I don't think dropping out is a good idea.' In 2007, he received an honorary degree from Harvard. He began his speech by saying this to his father in the audience. 'I've been waiting more than 30 years to say this: Dad, I always told you I'd come back and get my degree.' Bill Gates is no longer working full time for Microsoft. He is now, with his wife, running The Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation which aims to (24) _____ healthcare, reduce poverty, and promote education around the world.

21. **A. was accepted** B. is accepted C. accepted D. accepts
 22. **A. relaxed** B. worked C. developed D. punished
 23. A. Moreover **B. However** C. In addition D. Therefore
 24. A. help B. provide C. decrease **D. improve**

V. Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn câu trả lời đúng cho các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

The local environment affects our health, quality of life, and the sustainability of the planet. Clean air and water are essential for our health and the health of ecosystems. A well-maintained environment contributes to beautiful landscapes and thriving wildlife, making our communities more enjoyable places to live. Additionally, by caring for our local environment, we help combat climate change and protect the planet's natural resources.

Despite **its** importance, our local environment faces various challenges. Pollution from factories, vehicles, and improper waste disposal can harm the air, soil, and water. Deforestation and urbanization can lead to loss of biodiversity and disruption of ecosystems. As communities grow, the demand for resources can put a strain on the environment. However, there are steps we can take to address these challenges and create a healthier local environment such as reducing, reusing and recycling, using eco-friendly transportation, or simply planting trees and gardens.

Preserving our local environment is a shared responsibility. Every small action we take can have a positive impact on our surroundings. By making conscious choices and adopting sustainable practices, we can create a cleaner, healthier, and more **vibrant** local environment for ourselves

and future generations. Let's work together to protect the natural beauty and resources that make our communities special.

25. Which title best represents the content of the passage?

A. "Challenges Facing Urban Development"

B. "The Importance of a Healthy Local Environment"

C. "How to Reduce Industrial Pollution"

D. "The Future of Renewable Energy"

26. Which of the following is NOT mentioned in the passage as a challenge or solution related to the local environment?

A. Pollution from factories and vehicles

B. Deforestation and urbanization

C. The use of eco-friendly transportation

D. Increasing industrial production of goods

27. What does the word "its" in paragraph 2 refer to?

A. The sustainability of the planet

B. Our local environment

C. The quality of life

D. Natural resources

28. The word "vibrant" in the last paragraph is closest in meaning to _____.

A. dull

B. lively

C. unchanging

D. problematic

VI. Đọc văn bản sau và trả lời các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

Thomas Edison was born on February 11, 1847 in Milan, Ohio. He struggled at school, but learned to love reading and conducting experiments from his mother at home. At age 15, Edison became a "tramp telegrapher." Edison began working on the telegraph, and invented a version that could send four messages at once, lie smiled his famous laboratory al Menlo Park, New Jersey. In 1877, Edison invented the phonograph. The phonograph was a machine that recorded and played back sounds. In 1878, Edison invented the light bulb as well as the power grid system, which could Generate electricity and deliver it to homes through a network of wires. He subsequently started the Edison Electric Light Company in October of 1878. Edison continued to invent and make significant contributions to x-ray technology, storage batteries and motion pictures. Edison worked until his death on October 18, 1931.

29. Where was Thomas Edison born?

→ **Thomas Edison was born in Milan, Ohio**

30. Did Thomas Edison hate reading and conducting experiments?

→ **No, he didn't.**

31. When did Edison invent the phonograph?

→ **Edison invented the phonograph in 1877**

32. What could generate electricity and deliver it to homes through a network of wires?

→ **The power grid system**

VII. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với câu viết đúng nhất từ những từ cho sẵn. (0,5 điểm)

33. What / he / do / 6 o'clock yesterday morning?

A. What is he doing at 6 o'clock yesterday morning?

B. What does he do at 6 o'clock yesterday morning?

C. What was he doing at 6 o'clock yesterday morning?

D. What did he do at 6 o'clock yesterday morning?

34. By 2030, the way I teenagers / communicate / each other / different I now.

A. By 2030, the way teenagers communicate with each other will be different from now.

B. By 2030, the way teenagers communicate with each other is different from now.

C. By 2030, the way teenagers communicate to each others will be different from now.

D. By 2030, the way teenagers communicate to each other will be different than now.

VIII. Hoàn thành câu thứ hai sao cho nghĩa không thay đổi so với câu đã cho. (1,5 điểm)

35. People believe that the Chinese invented paper in 105 A.D.

→ Paper is **believed to have been invented by the Chinese in 105 AD**

36. “Why don’t you put your luggage under the seat?”, he asked.

→ He suggested **that I should put my luggage under the seat**

37. I have little time so I don’t surf the Internet much.

→ If I **had more time, I would surf the Internet much**

38. I last saw my sister when I was in New York.

→ I **haven’t seen my sister since I was in New York**

39. Although they worked very hard, they earned little money.

→ In spite **of working very hard, they earned little money**

40. It takes Lan 15 minutes to travel to work by bike every day.

→ Lan **spends 15 minutes travelling to work by bike every day**

ĐỀ SỐ 2

ĐỀ LUYỆN THI VÀO LỚP 10
MÔN: TIẾNG ANH

I. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại. (1,0 điểm)

1. A. dials B. calls **C. talks** D. plays
2. A. arranged **B. wanted** C. climbed D. stayed
3. **A. garbage** B. standard C. solar D. lunar
4. **A. school** B. child C. cheese D. church

II. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ/ cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành câu. (3,0 điểm)

5. Children are very _____. They are good at acting out stories.
A. create B. creation **C. creative** D. creatively
6. He is keen _____ playing the guitar and spends hours practicing every day.
A. for B. in C. of **D. on**
7. My father never lets _____ borrow money from my friends.
A. me B. mine C. I D. my
8. The doctor treated my mother _____ was very kind and knowledgeable.
A. who B. whose C. whom D. which
9. She's _____ to get the job. The interview went really well.
A. certain B. unsure C. relieved D. astonished
10. Children are very _____. They are good at acting out stories.
A. create B. creation **C. creative** D. creatively
11. It was impossible for her to tell the truth, so she had to _____ a story.
A. invent B. combine C. manage D. lie
12. _____ I was really tired, I couldn't sleep.
A. Even though B. So C. Therefore D. Because of
13. After graduation, Lan works as an _____ assistant in an organization.
A. administration B. administering **C. administrative** D. administrator
14. She asked her friends to _____ the radio as she wanted to focus on her lesson.
A. go on **B. turn off** C. put on D. get over
15. What does the sign say?



- A. You must look after your cameras in this area.
- B. Cameras can only be used for security purposes.
- C. Cameras can be used in this area.
- D. This area is supervised by camera.**

16. What is true according to the sign?



- A. The conference room is accessible through the escalator.
- B. The ball room is on same floor as the conference room.**
- C. You can take the elevator to get to the ball room.
- D. The stairs lead to the conference room, not the ball room.

III. Viét dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành câu. (1,0 điểm)

17. While the kids (play) **were playing** in the garden, their mother came.
18. We are too late. The plane (take) **took** off ten minutes ago.
19. She promised (come) **to come** to my birthday party, but she didn't.

20. They are interested in (save) **saving** money for poor children in our village.

IV. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D để điền vào chỗ trống trong văn bản sau. (1,0 điểm)

Lunar New Year, more commonly known by its shortened name Tet, (21) _____ is the most important and (22) _____ holiday and festival in Viet Nam. Tet takes place from the first day of the first month of the Lunar calendar (around late January or early February) until at least the third day. Many Vietnamese (23) _____ for Tet by cooking special foods and cleaning the house. There are lots of customs practicing during Tet, like visiting a person's house on the first day of the New Year, wishing New Year's greetings (24) _____ giving lucky money to children and elderly people. During Tet, Vietnamese visit their relatives and temples, forgetting about the trouble of the past year and hoping for a better upcoming year.

21. A. who **B. which** C. that D. whom
 22. **A. popular** B. dangerous C. difficult D. boring
 23. **A. prepare** B. preparation C. preparative D. preparing
 24. A. or B. so C. but **D. and**

V. Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn câu trả lời đúng cho các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

The environment is the natural world dial surrounds us, consisting of the air we breathe, the water we drink, the land we live on, and the ecosystems dial support life. **It** is essential for the well-being of all living beings on Earth.

One of the issues concerning the environment is climate change. Human activities, such as burning fossil fuels and deforestation, contribute to the release of greenhouse gases, leading to global warming and the change of ecosystems. Climate change has serious consequences, including extreme weather events, sea-level rise, and the loss of biodiversity. Another important aspect of die environment is pollution. Industrial activities, and the use of harmful chemicals **contaminate** die air, waler, and soil. Pollution has negative effects on human health, wildlife, and the overall balance of ecosystems.

Preserving and protecting the environment requires collective actions. Conservation efforts, such as sustainable resource management and afforestation, play a crucial role in reducing environmental damage. Besides, individual actions, such as reducing waste, and adopting eco-friendly practices, contribute to a more sustainable future. It is essential to raise awareness and educate the public about environmental issues. By this way. individuals can make informed choices and lake steps to minimize their ecological footprint.

25. Which of the following can be the best title for the passage?

- A. The Importance of Environmental Preservation
B. Pollution and Its Impact on the Environment
 C. Climate Change: A Global Crisis
 D. Raising Awareness for a Sustainable Future

26. The word "**It**" in the first paragraph refers to _____.

- A. the air **B. the environment** C. life D. the land

27. The word "**contaminate**" is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. protect **B. pollute** C. destroy D. improve

28. According to the passage, pollution _____.

- A. contaminates the environment** B. does not affect the air
 C. has no effect on human health D. does not change ecosystems

VI. Đọc văn bản sau và trả lời các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

Vietnamse peasants used to have a lot of free after the busy crop time past, and prepare some nosh to eat is a certain result of the circumstance. Sweet potato is an prime example for the case. It is considered the most popular nosh in the countryside. Ever experience Vietnam home-

staying? You must realize boiled sweet potato, cassava and peanuts are the most typically Vietnamese snacks - of course without salt or sugar added. And if you dare venture beyond the standard ones, there are surely bizarre things to try. The best place to taste purely Vietnamese snacks is to have them right in a family or on the sidewalks along every street. Tasting a fertilized egg at 4pm in a breezy afternoon may scare you, yet it is one of the most popular snacks out here and is considered

Besides varieties of wonderful noodle, made-of-rice cakes, bean sweet soups you may be too shy to eat a bowl of pig raw blood soups. Does it originate from Totem belief? Not many Vietnamese questions that when eating the dish. All they want to do is to choose a right restaurant and wait to be served the raw blood soups with Vietnamese spirit.

29. When do Vietnamese farmers used to have lots of free time?

→ **They used to have a lot of free after the busy crop time past**

30. What is considered the most popular nosh in the countryside?

→ **It is sweet potato.**

31. What are the most typically Vietnamese snacks?

→ **They are boiled sweet potato, cassava and peanuts.**

32. Are blood soups can be served in restaurants?

→ **Yes, they can**

VII. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với câu viết đúng nhất từ những từ cho sẵn. (0,5 điểm)

33. This dish/ remind/ time/ our family/ lived/ Taipei.

A. This dish reminds me of the time our family lived in Taipei.

B. This dish remind me about the time our family lived in Taipei.

C. This dish reminds me of the time which our family lived in Taipei.

D. This dish reminds me about the time our family live in Taipei.

34. I/ know/ boy/ work/ tour guide/ China.

A. I know a boy who works as a tour guide in China.

B. I know a boy works as a tour guide in China.

C. I know a boy that is working as tour guide in China.

D. I know a boy who works as a tour guide China

VIII. Hoàn thành câu thứ hai sao cho nghĩa không thay đổi so với câu đã cho. (1,5 điểm)

35. I can't answer all the questions.

→ I wish **I could answer all the questions**

36. You must tell me the whole truth or I won't help you.

→ Unless **you tell me the whole truth, I won't help you**

37. The last time I saw my uncle was in 1990.

→ I haven't **seen my uncle since 1990**

38. My brother isn't old enough to ride a motorbike.

→ My brother **is too young to ride a motorbike**

39. "Why don't you watch more English films?"

→ He suggested **that I (should) watch more English films**

40. Although he has a very important job, he isn't particularly well-paid.

→ In spite **of having a very important job, he isn't particularly well-paid**

ĐỀ SỐ 3

ĐỀ LUYỆN THI VÀO LỚP 10
MÔN: TIẾNG ANH

I. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại. (1,0 điểm)

1. A. campaigns **B. wastes** C. dangers D. vacations
2. A. garbage B. gorgeous C. fragrance **D. energy**
3. A. decorative **B. homage** C. consistent D. technology
4. A. delivered B. delayed **C. dismissed** D. returned

II. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ/ cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành câu. (3,0 điểm)

5. Now that she has done well in the exam she is feeling much more _____.
A. confide B. confidence C. confidently **D. confident**
6. _____ his busy schedule, he always finds time to help others in need.
A. Although B. Because **C. Despite** D. Because of
7. They had to _____ the music because it was disturbing the neighbors.
A. go on **B. turn down** C. give up D. deal with

8. The local government is introducing together _____ to preserve historical sites.
A. steps B. actions C. plans **D. measures**
9. After a hard-working study, John can relax in his bed _____.
A. comfortably B. comfortable C. comfort D. uncomfortable
10. Today we have the Internet, _____ is something past writers did not imagine.
A. that **B. which** C. what D. this
11. The lack of rainfall this year has _____ affected crops in the south.
A. helpfully B. necessarily **C. negatively** D. newly
12. We cannot clean up our _____ rivers and seas overnight.
A. pollute B. polluting C. pollution **D. polluted**
13. I find it hard to write _____ time pressure.
A. on **B. under** C. down D. with
14. My family really loves Japanese food, _____ we order it twice a week.
A. but B. because **C. so** D. or
15. What does the notice say?

<p>NOTICE: The library is closed because of problems in the building. It will stay closed until March next year.</p>	<p>A. There were problems building the library, so it is not open until next March. B. The library won't open until next March due to problems in the building. C. The library will close next March because of problems in the building. D. The library is open until next March due to problems in the building</p>
---	--

16. What does the sign say?

	<p>A. Dogs are not safe for children in this play area. B. Dogs can't be taken into this place as it is a children's play area. C. Don't let your children play here because of the dogs. D. Dogs are not allowed to play with children in this area.</p>
---	--

III. Viết dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành câu. (1,0 điểm)

17. Tom (cross) **was crossing** the road when I called out to him
18. Williams used (live) **to live** in a small village in the north of Canada.
19. Up to now, we (hear) **haven't heard** about any information from the murder yet.
20. By (eat) **eating** 1,500,000 tons of insects a year, birds greatly help American farming.

IV. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D để điền vào chỗ trống trong văn bản sau. (1,0 điểm)

The Great Pyramid of Giza, one of the world's wonders, has captivated humanity for ages. Rising proudly from Egypt's sands, it showcases the (21) _____ of ancient architecture. Created as Pharaoh Khufu's tomb, its construction puzzles experts. Precisely aligned and built from (22) _____ massive limestone blocks, its secrets remain debated, from ramps to math techniques.

The grandeur of the pyramid (23) _____ everyone's breath away. Once nearly 480 feet tall, it comprises 2.3 million limestone blocks. Beyond size, the pyramid holds cultural value. It's not just a tomb; it symbolizes the pharaoh's might and divine link. Its precision highlights ancient Egypt's grasp of astronomy and geometry. (24) _____, The Great Pyramid of Giza stands as a mesmerizing puzzle and a testament to human skill, echoing the achievements of our past

21. A. brilliant **B. brilliance** C. brilliantine D. brilliantly
 22. **A. many** B. much C. few D. little
 23. A. makes B. gains **C. takes** D. gets
 24. A. But B. Still **C. Thus** D. And

V. Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn câu trả lời đúng cho các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

The traditions of Viet Nam are affected by Chinese culture for a long time. In my family, women had to do all the housework, take care of their children, fathers and husbands. They had to obey and respect their fathers and husbands in solving family problems. Women had no choice in controlling the number of babies they needed, partly they had little knowledge about contraception and as a result of religious and economic requirements.

Concerning work and education, in the past, women almost stayed at home and did housework, looked after children and did agriculture jobs like cultivation, livestock breeding, agricultural process and selling agricultural produce. People thought that women should not study high, what women should learn was how to cook well, how to become a good wife, mother. As a consequence, few women finished secondary school and some studied primary school. In making decisions, women in the past had no right to decide any social and family problems. Their fathers and husbands would decide all problems related to family and society.

25. What is the passage mainly about?

- A. Traditional roles of Vietnamese women in the past.**
 B. Traditional roles of Chinese women in the past.
 C. Vietnamese women's roles in work and education.
 D. Vietnamese women's roles in the family.

26. The word obey is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. argue B. discuss **C. follow** D. support

27. What does the word they in the first paragraph refer to?

- A. women** B. husbands C. babies D. fathers

28. What were the women's roles in the past EXCEPT for _____?

- A. looked after children B. sold agricultural produce
C. decide social and family problems D. did housework

VI. Đọc văn bản sau và trả lời các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

HEARTY BREAKFAST

Americans, in general, are big eaters and one of the greatest pleasures of the day is sitting down to the hearty breakfast. Most neighborhood diners and cafeterias offer breakfast specials. Some can be as simple as buttered toast with coffee. Others can almost be equivalent to a full course meal which can provide enough calories for the entire day. The breakfast special is offered daily and run usually from seven until eleven in the morning after which the prices change and everything is ordered a la carte.

Some fast-food restaurants offer an "all-you-can-eat" buffet breakfast which may include more than thirty choices of every breakfast item imaginable. For a set price one can get as many refills as one wants. A complete breakfast will cost less than five dollars with tips included.

Some regional favorites also add variety to the American breakfast. In the south grits with butter may replace hash browns, and hot spicy biscuits and gravy seasoned with bits of meat

make up a meal in themselves. Fortified with a hearty breakfast, Americans find it easier to face the challenges of another day.

29. At what time during the day are “breakfast specials” usually offered?

→ **Usually from 7 a.m. to 11 a.m.**

30. What is meant by an “all-you-can-eat” breakfast?

→ **It means that there is an open buffet and one can have as many servings as one pleases**

31. About how much will a complete breakfast cost with tips included?

→ **Less than five dollars**

32. What is popular for breakfast in the southern states of America?

→ **Grits with butter**

VII. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với câu viết đúng nhất từ những từ cho sẵn. (0,5 điểm)

33. There/ some/ difference/ vocabulary/ American English/ British English.

A. There are some differences in vocabulary of American English and British English.

B. There are some differences in vocabulary between American English and British English.

C. There are some differences from vocabulary in American English and British English.

D. There are some differences from vocabulary of American English and British English.

34. You/ should/ sleep early,/ eat/ healthy diet/ do/ physical exercise/ regularly.

A. You should sleeps early, eats a healthy diet and does physical exercise regularly.

B. You should sleep early, eat a healthy diet, do physical exercise regularly.

C. You should sleep early, eat a healthy diet and do physical exercise regularly.

D. You should sleep early, eat healthy diet, and do physical exercise regularly.

VIII. Hoàn thành câu thứ hai sao cho nghĩa không thay đổi so với câu đã cho. (1,5 điểm)

35. I advise you to enroll in that school.

→ If I **were you, I would enroll in that school**

36. It isn't necessary for you to talk so loudly.

→ You don't **need to talk so loudly**

37. During the film on TV, the phone rang.

→ While I **was watching the film on TV, the phone rang.**

38. I go out less than I used to.

→ I don't **go out as much as I used to**

39. It takes Nam two hours to play basketball with his friends every day.

→ Nam **spends two hours playing basketball with his friends every day**

40. I bought a new bike last week.

→ A **new bike was bought last week**

ĐỀ SỐ 4

**ĐỀ LUYỆN THI VÀO LỚP 10
MÔN: TIẾNG ANH**

I. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại. (1,0 điểm)

1. A. match

B. graze

C. habit

D. carol

2. **A. ploughs**

B. contacts

C. stops

D. talks

3. A. escaped

B. faced

C. sunbathed

D. fetched

4. A. pollution

B. suggestion

C. edition

D. limitation

II. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ/ cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành câu. (3,0 điểm)

5. The recent economic policies have _____ impacted the country's GDP growth.

- A. significantly** B. naturally C. differently D. intellectually
6. No one told lies to the police, _____?
- A. didn't they **B. did they** C. weren't they D. were they
7. This _____ is a place of great holiness for the religion's followers.
- A. resort B. religion **C. temple** D. language
8. _____ the restaurant was fully booked, we had to find an alternative place to have dinner.
- A. Because** B. Despite C. Although D. Because of
9. They had to _____ the invitation to the party as they already had plans.
- A. turn down** B. turn in C. turn off D. turn up
10. The restaurant, _____ specializes in seafood dishes, is always crowded during weekends.
- A. where **B. which** C. whose D. that
11. Hydroelectric dams in Viet Nam have provided power _____ millions of homes and businesses.
- A. for** B. to C. with D. of
12. Thanks to the satellites, football games come to us _____ on TV.
- A. living B. lively C. alive **D. live**
13. The first _____ of the farm was my great-grandfather, who built the house.
- A. inhabit B. inhabitable C. inhabitation **D. inhabitant**
14. Of all the shoes that I have tried on, these ones are _____.
- A. comfortable B. less comfortable
- C. more comfortable **D. the most comfortable**
15. What does the sign say?



- A. You don't have to run in this area.
 B. You don't need to run in this area.
 C. Running is not good for you to do.
D. You are not allowed to run in this area.

16. What does the notice say?

**NO BICYCLES
 AGAINST
 GLASS PLEASE**

- A. Do not leave your bicycle touching the window.**
 B. Broken glass may damage your bicycle tyres.
 C. Your bicycle may not be safe here.
 D. Do not break the glass using your bicycle.

III. Viết dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành câu. (1,0 điểm)

16. They (move) **moved** here last month when their daughter was born.
17. The management board decided (choose) **to choose** him from the list of potential interviewees.
18. You sometimes help your mother (do) **do** the housework.
20. I promise I (go) **will go** to school on time.

IV. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D để điền vào chỗ trống trong văn bản sau. (1,0 điểm)

A job interview is a chance for you to prove that you can satisfy all the requirements of the job you are (21) _____ for. That is why it is essential to be well-prepared for the job interview. Preparing means knowing about the industry, the employer, and yourself. It also means paying attention to details like personal appearance, punctuality and behaviour. Before the interview, you should gather (22) _____ information about the company and the employer as possible. Not only will you appear informed and intelligent but you will also (23) _____ a decision if a job offer is eventually made. You might also want to prepare for answering questions by listing some of your attributes. Remember that appearance is very important. (24) _____ we like it or not, it is the first thing people notice about us. You should match your dress to employees in the workplace where you are applying. You should come on time for the interview.

21. A. requiring **B. applying** C. begging D. asking
 22. A. too many **B. as much** C. as many D. too much
 23. A. gain B. do **C. make** D. get
 24. **A. Whether** B. What C. Which D. However

V. Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn câu trả lời đúng cho các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

A good deal of fascinating research has been done into reading patterns of young people, and it is surprising to discover at what an early age children start expressing preferences for particular kinds of book. A recent report which examined in detail the reading habit of primary school children, showed that even seven-year-old boys and girls have clear views about what they want to read. Girls, in general, read more and far more girls than boys preferred reading stories. Boys were showing a taste for the more instant appeal of picture stories, or else books about their hobbies. These tastes continue unchanged until the children are teenagers. Apparently, girls read more in general, but more fiction in particular. You could say that there are more opportunities for girls to read fiction: magazines encourage the fiction habit in girls in **their** early teens, and by their late teens they have probably moved on to the adult women's magazines. Teenage boys tend to buy magazines about their hobbies: motorcycles, heavy transport and so on.

25. What is the best title for the passage?
 A. What books children should read
 B. Children's favorite type of books
C. The difference between the reading habits of girls and boys
 D. How young children change their reading habits
 26. According to the research, when do children show their taste in reading?
A. at an early age B. in their late teens
 C. in teenager years D. when they are seven
 27. Which type of book attracts more girls than boys?
 A. picture stories B. sports C. transport **D. fiction**
 28. The word "**their**" in the passage refers to _____.
 A. magazines **B. girls** C. teenagers D. boys

VI. Đọc văn bản sau và trả lời các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

Three Things to Do in New York

There are so many things to see and do in New York, sometimes it is difficult to know where to start. In this week's guide, we look at three things you can't miss when you visit the city.

Start by spending some time in Central Park. With over 25,000 trees and lots of different types of birds, it's easy to forget you're in a big city. Relax and enjoy the fresh air or go for a tour in a horse and carriage. In summer you can go out on the lake in a boat or kayak, and in

winter you can go ice-skating. After all those activities you'll be hungry, so have lunch at the famous Tavern on the Green. Great concerts take place in Central Park, too. Every year the New York Philharmonic Orchestra gives a free open-air concert and there's also the New York Shakespeare Festival at the theatre in the park.

They say that Paris has the Eiffel Tower, London has the London Eye and New York has the Empire State Building. But many people think the best views of the city are from the 'Top of the Rock' - the top floor of the GE (General Electric) building, a skyscraper in the middle of the city. At 260 metres high, it's the fourteenth tallest building in New York, and from the top you can have a fantastic view of the city.

Many people visit the famous Statue of Liberty by ferry, but also on the way is the Immigration Museum on Ellis island. This was the place where people first arrived from 1892 to 1954, many after a long and difficult journey from other countries. Most of the island is closed to the general public, but you can visit the museum and find out about the many people who arrived here. You can also go on a tour with a guide to visit some of the old, unused buildings on the island. A very interesting day out for everyone.

29. Why is it 'easy to forget you're in a big city' when you visit Central Park?

→ **Because there are over 25,000 trees and lots of different types of birds in Central Park**

30. What can you do in Central Park in winter?

→ **We can go ice-skating**

31. What is the GE building?

→ **It's the fourteenth tallest building in New York**

32. How do you get to Ellis Island and the Statue of Liberty?

→ **We can get to Ellis Island and the Statue of Liberty by ferry**

VII. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với câu viết đúng nhất từ những từ cho sẵn. (0,5 điểm)

33. You/know/who/live/ house/when/we/move?

A. Did you know who lived in the house when we move in?

B. Do you know who did live in the house when we moved to?

C. Did you know who lives in the house when we moved in?

D. Do you know who were living in the house when we moved in?

34. think/ meet/ requirements/ write/ apply/ the position/ English-speaking guide/.

A. I think I can meet your requirements so I am writing to apply for the position of an English-speaking guide.

B. I think I can meet your requirements because I am writing to apply for the position of an English-speaking guide.

C. I think I can meet your requirements so that I am writing to apply to the position of an English-speaking guide.

D. I think I can meet your requirements although I am writing to apply for the position of an English-speaking guide.

VIII. Hoàn thành câu thứ hai sao cho nghĩa không thay đổi so với câu đã cho. (1,5 điểm)

35. If you don't put the food into the fridge, it will go off quickly.

→ Unless **you put the food into the fridge, it will go off quickly**

36. It is very hot at noon, but the workers still continue their work.

→ Although **it is very hot at noon, the workers still continue their work**

37. Daisy bought a new bike last Sunday.

→ A new bike **was bought by Daisy last Sunday**

38. "I will be on vacation in Sa Pa.", she said.

→ She said that **she would be on vacation in Sa Pa**

39. Minh doesn't know how to play the guitar, so he can't enter this contest.

→ If Minh **knew how to play the guitar, he could enter this contest**

40. He can find the solutions to Maths problems faster than me.

→ I can't find **the solutions to Maths problems as fast as him.**

ĐỀ SỐ 5	ĐỀ LUYỆN THI VÀO LỚP 10 MÔN: TIẾNG ANH
----------------	---

I. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại. (1,0 điểm)

1. **A. heart** B. research C. earthquake D. earn
2. A. preserved B. delayed C. pursued **D. processed**
3. A. growth B. throw C. narrow **D. knowledge**
4. A. belongs B. disturbs **C. jumps** D. screams

II. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ/ cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành câu. (3,0 điểm)

5. I am the boy _____ is wearing a white T-shirt.
A. whom B. which C. whose **D. who**
6. It all depends _____ my parents. Anyway, we'll keep in touch.
A. in B. at C. of **D. on**
7. The telephone _____ by Alexander Graham Bell.
A. invented B. invent **C. was invented** D. is invented
8. If you work hard, you _____ in the final examination.
A. will succeed B. succeed C. would succeed D. had succeeded
9. I am _____ that people have spoiled this area.
A. disappointed B. disappointment C. disappointing D. disappoint
10. Hoa failed her math test. _____, she has to do the test again.
A. However B. Because C. Moreover **D. Therefore**
11. His doctor _____ him to eat less and do more exercise.
A. said B. suggested **C. advised** D. insisted
12. The curriculum at the public school is as good _____ of any private school.
A. or better than B. as or better than **C. as or better than that** D. as or better than those
13. We'll let you buy a motorbike _____ you ride it carefully.
A. as if B. whenever C. although **D. as long as**
14. They are _____ of watching documentaries to expand their knowledge.
A. keen B. excited **C. fond** D. interested
15. What does the sign say?

	<p>A. Smoking is useful here. B. Smoking is not permitted here. C. Smoking is compulsory here. D. Smoking is optional here.</p>
---	---

16. Students who do not sign up before Friday lunchtime ...

<p>Sign up for next week's afternoon activities before Friday lunchtime. If not, we will select activities for you</p>	<p>A. won't be able to choose their afternoon activities next week. B. will not be able to do afternoon activities next week. C. will have to work in the afternoons next week. D. will be selected for certain activities next week.</p>
--	---

III. Viết dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành câu. (1,0 điểm)

17. Mr. Brown (work) **has worked** as a doctor since 2016.

18. The doctor suggested that his patients (stop) **stop** smoking.

19. She asked her husband (pick) **to pick** up some groceries on his way home.

20. He went back to work in his country after he (finish) **had finished** his course on Advanced Engineering in London.

IV. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D để điền vào chỗ trống trong văn bản sau. (1,0 điểm)

KEEPING FIT

Bodies are made to move! They are not (21) _____ for sitting around in front of the television or reading magazines. Keeping fit doesn't mean have to be a super-athlete, and even a little exercise can give you a lot of fun. When you are fit and healthy, you will find you look better and feel better. You will develop more energy and self-confidence.

Every time you move, you are exercising. The human body is designed to bend, stretch, run, jump and climb. More it does, the stronger and fitter it will become. Best of all, exercise is fun. It's what your body likes doing most-keeping on the move.

Physical exercise is (22) _____ good for your body. People who take regular exercise are usually happier, more relaxed and more alert than people who sit around all day. Try an experiment next time when you are in a bad mood, go for a walk or play a ball game in the park. See how much better you feel after an hour.

A good (23) _____ of achievement is yet another benefit of exercise. People feel good about themselves when they know they have improved their fitness. People (24) _____ exercise regularly will tell you that they have more energy to enjoy life. So have a go, you'll soon see and feel the benefits!

21. A. planned **B. designed** C. programmed D. caused

22. **A. not only** B. if C. either D. both

23. A. piece B. feel C. lot **D. sense**

24. A. whom B. which **C. who** D. whose

V. Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn câu trả lời đúng cho các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

Leonardo da Vinci began painting the Mona Lisa, one of the most famous paintings of all time, in 1503. He was working on a special painting for a church at the time, but it was not going well. The woman who can be seen in the Mona Lisa is said to be Madonna Lisa del Giocondo. She was the wife of an Italian businessman who asked da Vinci to paint a portrait of her.

After Leonardo da Vinci finished the painting in 1506, he was invited by the French King, Francois I, to visit France, and he took the painting with him. Today, the Mona Lisa is kept in the Louvre, an art museum in Paris, and **it** is seen by about six million visitors a year.

The painting measures only 77 centimeters by 53 centimeters and is painted with oil on wood. In 1911, it was stolen by a worker at the Louvre, Vincenzo Peruggia, who took it out of the museum by **hiding** it under his coat. Two years later, police found the painting under Peruggia's bed after he tried to sell it.

In 1962, the Mona Lisa was taken to Washington and New York for an exhibition. For the journey, it was insured for 100 million dollars, making it the most valuable painting ever!

25. What is the best title for this passage?

- A. Leonardo da Vinci - A Famous Painter
B. The Louvre - An Art Museum
C. Vincenzo Peruggia - the Man Who Stole the Mona Lisa

D. The Mona Lisa - the Valuable Painting of All Time

26. The word "**it**" in paragraph 2 refers to _____.

- A. the Louvre B. an art museum **C. the Mona Lisa** D. France

27. The word "**hiding**" in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. covering** B. revealing C. showing D. taking

28.; According to the passage, Leonardo da Vinci _____.

A. spent 3 years completing the Mona Lisa

- B. painted the portrait of his wife
C. sold the Mona Lisa to the French King.
D. painted the Mona Lisa for a church

VI. Đọc văn bản sau và trả lời các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

In the 1970s, skateboarding suddenly became very popular. At first, skateboarders moved slowly on flat, smooth areas. Then they began to ride quickly. This is called 'freestyle' skateboarding. Soon they were skateboarding skillfully up ramps and doing tricks in the air. This is called 'ramp' skateboarding. Then they started skateboarding and doing tricks on the street. This was 'street-style' skateboarding - a combination of freestyle and ramp. For this, the skateboarders needed protective clothing such as knee and elbow pads and helmets. This allowed them to skateboard safely.

Today skateboarding is still a very popular sport, and there are lots of competitions.

Note: *skateboarding* (n) = môn trượt ván

29. When did skateboarding become very popular?

→ **Skateboarding became very popular in the 1970s**

30. What are the three styles of skateboarding?

→ **They are 'freestyle' skateboarding, 'ramp' skateboarding, and 'street-style' skateboarding**

31. What was 'street-style' skateboarding?

→ **It is a combination of freestyle and ramp skateboarding**

32. Why do 'street-style' skateboarders need protective clothing?

→ **Because this allowed them to skateboard safely**

VII. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với câu viết đúng nhất từ những từ cho sẵn. (0,5 điểm)

33. He/ advise/ his friend/ apologize/ her mistake.

A. He advised his friend apologizing for her mistake.

B. He advised his friend to apologize for her mistake.

C. He advised his friend that she will apologize for her mistake.

D. He advised his friend to have apologized for her mistake.

34. We/ hope/ ourcountry/ switch to/ sustainable fossil fuel alternatives/ future.

A. We hope our country would have switched to sustainable fossil fuel alternatives in the future.

B. We hope our country would switched to sustainable fossil fuel alternatives in the future.

C. We hope our country had switched to sustainable fossil fuel alternatives in the future.

D. We hope our country will switch to sustainable fossil fuel alternatives in the future.

VIII. Hoàn thành câu thứ hai sao cho nghĩa không thay đổi so với câu đã cho. (1,5 điểm)

35. They have just finished the project.

→ The project **hasjust been finished**

36. If Jack doesn't change his working style, he will get the sack sooner or later.

→ Unless **Jack changes his working style, he will get the sack sooner or later**

37. Please don't play your music so loudly.

→ Would you mind **not playing your music so loudly**

38. Let's go camping tomorrow.

→ Why don't **we go camping tomorrow?**

39. Children shouldn't swim in this pool because it is too deep.

→ This pool is not **shallow enough for children toswim in**

40. They often went to school by bike when they were young.

→ They used **to go to school by bike when they were young.**

ĐỀ SỐ 6

**ĐỀ LUYỆN THI VÀO LỚP 10
MÔN: TIẾNG ANH**

I. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại. (1,0 điểm)

1. **A. anxiety**

B. additional

C. relative

D. itinerary

2. **A. expects**

B. involves

C. enjoys

D. hurries

3. A. generate

B. benefit

C. congested

D. explore

4. A. cooked

B. watched

C. stopped

D. lasted

II. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ/ cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành câu. (3,0 điểm)

5. Our lives _____ since the invention of the Internet.

A. have been improved

B. be improved

C. will be improved

D. was improving

6. One of the attractions in my hometown is the traditional market _____ is open every Sunday.

A. whom

B. whose

C. who

D. which

7. We will live a happier and healthier life _____ we keep our environment clean.

A. although

B. unless

C. if

D. however

8. _____ energy can be easily used in tropical countries where there is a lot of sunlight.

A. Nuclear

B. Fossil fuel

C. Wind

D. Solar

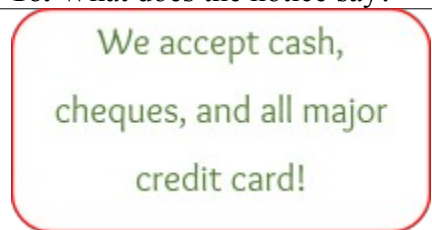
9. Television can _____ people with the latest information in an inexpensive and convenient way.

- A. apply B. interact
C. provide D. communicate
10. The university has an international _____ for academic excellence.
 A. knowledge B. edition C. tuition **D. reputation**
11. The journalist posted this article on the website yesterday, _____?
 A. don't they B. didn't they **C. didn't he** D. doesn't he
12. A fire in the _____ building could be a problem for firefighters.
A. ninety-story-tall B. ninety-tall-story
 C. ninety-stories-tall D. ninety stories
13. Despite his efforts, he made _____ progress in solving the complex mathematical problem.
 A. many B. a few **C. little** D. several
14. _____ studying diligently, she didn't perform as well as she had hoped on the exam.
A. Despite B. Because C. Even though D. Because of
15. What does the sign say?



- A. You are allowed to wear shoes in this area.
 B. You should wear shoes in this area because of safety.
C. You have to wear shoes that can provide protection in this area.
 D. You have to keep your shoes safe in this area.

16. What does the notice say?



- A. We prefer you to pay with a credit card or in cash.
 B. You must have a credit card and a cheque as well as cash.
C. You may pay with a credit card, cheque or cash.
 D. You can only use a credit card to pay.

III. Viết dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành câu. (1,0 điểm)

17. Our team leader suggested that we (organize) **organize** a show to raise money for poor people in the village.
 18. I wish my sister (work) **worked** harder for her examination.
 19. After the storm (pass) **had passed**, the sky cleared up and the sun came out.
 20. Mark (complete) **has completed** half of his new project so far.

IV. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D để điền vào chỗ trống trong văn bản sau. (1,0 điểm)

Not long ago, open-air markets played an important (21) _____ in the lives of the Vietnamese. Wherever there was open space, the local people could start their own market. There, you could find almost everything from local (22) _____ and home-grown products to those that the sellers bought wholesale from somewhere and resold them for a profit. (23) _____ the locals went there nearly every day, they knew one another, and the sellers even remembered the customers' (24) _____.

21. A. game B. place **C. part** D. act
 22. A home-bought B. home-collected **C. home-made** D. home-removed
 23. **A. Since** B. However C. Although D. Therefore
 24. A. friends **B. preferences** C. hobbies D. address

V. Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn câu trả lời đúng cho các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

The most fascinating change in societies in developing countries is undoubtedly the significant rise in women's participation in work and education. In these nations, an increasing number of women are attending college, earning advanced degrees, and finding employment. **They** are no longer content to be housewives who only stay at home. The socioeconomic situation in these countries will be significantly impacted by this abrupt change.

The financial burden placed on the male 'breadwinners' in the family will decrease as more women enter the workforce. However, they will also learn to share household duties and stop acting as the household's dominant figures and decision-makers. Children will undoubtedly benefit from this change. Their fathers will show them more love and attention. Because both parents will be working, they will also become more independent.

As a result, the service industry will face challenges first. There will be an increase in demand for after-school programs, tutoring, convenience foods, and housekeeping services. People who are more educated and have more money to spend will demand better products and higher living standards. Consequently, this will aid in the economic growth of the nations.

25. What can be the title of the passage?

A. The Changing Role of Women in Developing Countries

B. The Impact of Women's Work on the Family

C. Women's Education and Economic Growth

D. The Future of Women in Developed Countries

26. According to the passage, which of the following is the main effect of the rise of women's participation in work and education in developing countries?

A. The financial burden on male breadwinners will decrease.

B. Women will learn to share household duties.

C. Children will receive more attention and become less independent.

D. The service industry will face countless challenges.

27. The economic growth of the developing nations will be _____.

A. decelerated by the changing roles of women

B. the same irrespective of the changing roles of women

C. aided by the changing roles of women

D. perplexed by the changing roles of women

28. What does the word "**they**" in paragraph I refer to?

A. nations

B. women

C. work and education

D. housewives

VI. Đọc văn bản sau và trả lời các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

Some doctors think that you should drink a glass of water each morning. You should drink this water first, before doing anything else, the temperature of the water should be similar to body temperature; neither too hot nor too cold.

Why should you drink this water? Water helps your body in many ways. It helps clean out your kidneys. It prepares your stomach for digestion. Water can also help your intestines work better. After drinking water, the intestines can more easily take out nutrients from our food. Water also helps us go to the bathroom more easily.

Scientists suggest that people take in 1,600 milliliters of water each day. But don't drink all of that water in one sitting. If you do, your kidneys will have to work much harder to eliminate it. It's better to drink some in the morning and some in the afternoon. Some people think it's better to drink between meals and not during meals. They think water dilutes the juices produced in our stomachs. This can interfere with normal digestion.

Are you drinking enough water every day? Check the color of your urine. If it is light yellow, you are probably drinking enough. If your urine is very dark yellow, you probably need to drink more water. A little more water each day could make you much healthier.

29. What do the doctors advise us to do every morning?

→ **We should drink a glass of water**

30. According to the passage, what can the intestines do after we drink water?

→ **They can take out nutrients from food more easily**

31. How much water do the scientists suggest that people should drink a day?

→ **1,600 milliliters** //

32. What organ will have to work much harder to eliminate water if we drink it too much?

→ **kidneys**

VII. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với câu viết đúng nhất từ những từ cho sẵn. (0,5 điểm)

33. If/ Lan/ want/ focus/ her homework/ should/ turn off/ TV.

A. If Lan wants to focus on her homework, she should turn off the TV.

B. If Lan wanted to focus on her homework, she should be turning off the TV.

C. If Lan wants to focus on her homework, she should turn off the TV.

D. If Lan would want to focus on her homework, she should turn off the TV.

34. My dad/ meet/ my mum/ when/ he/ visit/ Hoi An Ancient Town.

A. My dad was meeting my mum when he was visiting Hoi An Ancient Town.

B. My dad meets my mum when he visited Hoi An Ancient Town.

C. My dad would have met my mum when he had visited Hoi An Ancient Town.

D. My dad met my mum when he was visiting Hoi An Ancient Town.

VIII. Hoàn thành câu thứ hai sao cho nghĩa không thay đổi so với câu đã cho. (1,5 điểm)

35. Her living conditions were not good, but she studied very well.

→ She **studied very well although her living conditions were not easy**

36. They say that he invented the digital camera.

→ It **is said that he invented the digital camera**

37. The game was called off because of heavy rain.

→ It rained **so heavily that the game was called off**

38. I don't have a boat. I won't sail around the world.

→ If **I had a boat, I would sail around the world**

39. They couldn't do anything to stop people polluting the river.

→ Nothing **could be done to stop people polluting the river**

40. When did your friends eat that chocolate cake?

→ When was **that chocolate cake eaten by your friends?**

ĐỀ SỐ 7	ĐỀ LUYỆN THI VÀO LỚP 10 MÔN: TIẾNG ANH
----------------	---

I. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại. (1,0 điểm)

- | | | | |
|-------------------------|---------------|----------------|-------------------|
| 1. A. garbage | B. passenger | C. handicraft | D. language |
| 2. A. collection | B. suggestion | C. natural | D. furniture |
| 3. A. destruction | B. sensation | C. institution | D. visible |
| 4. A. hoped | B. kicked | C. missed | D. decided |

II. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ/ cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành câu. (3,0 điểm)

5. Peter _____ come with us tonight, but he isn't quite sure yet.
A. can **B. may** C. will D. must
6. _____ the Internet is very popular, many older people do not know how to use it.
A. Despite B. Because **C. Although** D. However
7. If people shared household chores, the family life _____ happier.
A. had been B. would have been C. will be **D. would be**
8. All of my friends have got smartphones. I wish I _____ one too!
A. have B. had had C. have had **D. had**
9. The man son is my classmate _____ is a very famous scientist.
A. which B. whom C. that **D. whose**
10. Our class _____ into four groups when we have English lessons
A. is divided B. be divided C. divides D. is dividing
11. We should educate the public about wildlife, _____?
A. shouldn't we B. should we C. don't we D. do we
12. Is your son _____ in French and English?
A. master **B. bilingual** C. keen D. fond
13. My grandparents don't _____ of people who have bad manners.
A. respect B. admire **C. approve** D. appreciate
14. If you decide you don't like it, bring it back and we'll give you a _____.
A. receipt **B. refund** C. guarantee D. reward
15. What does the sign say?

SILENCE!
exams in
progress

- A. Do not walk into the exam area.
B. Do not tell questions to the examiner.
C. Please remain quiet during the examination.
D. Do not talk to the other students.

16. What does the notice say?

PARKING °
2 hours maximum
£4 per hour
Parking penalty charge
notice: £50

- A. It costs at least £50 to park here for two hours.
B. There are no parking charges after 2.00 p.m.
C. You have to pay a fine if you park here for three hours.
D. If you park for an hour, you have to pay £54.

III. Viết dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành câu. (1,0 điểm)

17. At 5 o'clock yesterday evening, my elder sister (iron) **was ironing** her clothes.
18. The environmental club suggested (collect) **collecting** plastic waste from the beach to clean it up.
19. The city that they visited on vacation (be) **was** full of historical landmarks.
20. The local community decided (restore) **to restore** the ancient pagoda to its original state.

IV. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D để điền vào chỗ trống trong văn bản sau. (1,0 điểm)

Tropical rain forests (21) _____ found in the Amazon region of South America, central America, Africa, South and Southeast Asia. Rain forests are very important to the world's (22) _____. The Amazon rain forests alone receive about 30 to 40 percent of the total rainfall on the Earth and produce about the same (23) _____ the world's oxygen. Some scientists believe that

the decreased size of rainforests will affect the climate on the Earth, making it uncomfortable or even dangerous for life. Saving our rain forests is an international problem. One country, or even a few countries, cannot solve the problem alone. The nations of the world must work together to (24) _____ a solution before it is too late.

21. A. were B. have been **C. are** D. is
 22. A. home **B. climate** C. habitat D. environment
 23. A. percent in B. percentage at C. percent on **D. percentage of**
 24. **A. come up with** B. get away with C. figure it out D. make do with

V. Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn câu trả lời đúng cho các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

Clothing is more than just a practical necessity; it's a form of self-expression and cultural identity. From the vibrant saris of India to the sleek business suits of Western countries, clothing carries stories and traditions.

In my own life, I've found that what I wear can reflect my mood and personality. On confident days, I might choose bold colors and statement pieces, while on quieter days, I opt for cozy sweaters and muted tones. Each garment holds memories too - the concert tee that reminds me of an unforgettable night, or the **worn-out** sneakers that have traveled the world with me. Beyond personal expression, clothing plays a crucial role in society. It can signify occupation, like a doctor's white coat or a chef's apron. It can also convey social norms and expectations, such as the formal attire worn to weddings or the uniforms students don at school. Moreover, clothing trends evolve with time, reflecting changes in culture, technology, and values.

However, the fashion industry's environmental impact has raised concerns. The fast-paced cycle of trends contributes to waste and pollution. As a response, sustainable fashion movements are gaining momentum, encouraging mindful consumption and eco-friendly production.

25. The passage mainly discusses _____.
A. Clothing: More Than Just a Practical Necessity
 B. The environmental impact of the fashion industry
 C. Different types of traditional clothing from around the world
 D. The evolution of clothing trends over time
 26. According to the text, movements for sustainable fashion are _____.
 A. dwindling B. disappearing **C. picking up steam** D. unchanged
 27. What does the word "**worn-out**" used in the second paragraph mean?
 A. dirty and need to be washed.
 B. comfortable, well-worn or in good condition.
 C. too small and needs to be replaced.
D. shabby, no longer new or in good condition.
 28. All the following sentences are the purposes of clothing except _____.
 A. To protect the body from the elements.
 B. To express personal style and identity.
 C. To signify occupation or social status.
D. To live greener or protect the environment.

VI. Đọc văn bản sau và trả lời các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

Ten-day Chinese Traffic Jam (24th August, 2010)

Motorists in China are experiencing a traffic jam from hell. Thousands of drivers have been stuck in their cars for ten days on the Beijing-Tibet Expressway just outside the Chinese capital. The gridlock started on August 14th when roadworks began. The bad news is that the chaos will continue for another month. The tailbacks stretch back for 100km. The situation has been made worse by dozens of cars breaking down or overheating. Around 400 traffic police have been

assigned to patrol the jam to make sure tensions don't rise too far. The horrendous snarl-up is the result of the explosion in the number of cars on Chinese roads. As China becomes wealthier, more people are buying cars, thus causing more traffic problems.

Drivers trapped in the traffic jam know they have to be patient and sit for long hours in their cars. There are no showers for them to use and if they need to use a toilet, they have to lock their car and wander off to the nearest café. There are many complaints of local people taking advantage of the stranded motorists by charging them more than double prices for drinks and snacks. People are keeping themselves busy by playing cards or board games. Some have reported feeling homesick. One truck driver, Juang Shao expressed his frustration over the situation: "I've missed my daughter's birthday and the food in my truck has probably turned into soup," he said. He said he was worried his truck could be stuck in the traffic forever.

29. When did the traffic jam in China begin?

→ **It began on August 14th, 2010**

30. What caused traffic congestion on those days?

→ **Roadworks**

31. How many traffic police patrol the gridlock?

→ **400**

32. What do drivers have to do when they are stuck in a traffic jam?

→ **They have to be patient**

VII. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với câu viết đúng nhất từ những từ cho sẵn. (0,5 điểm)

33. Please/ not go out / until / rain / stop.

A. Please was not going out until the rain had stopped.

B. Please did not go out until the rain stops.

C. Please do not go out until the rain stops.

D. Please do not go out until the rain is stopping.

34. The noise / the traffic/ prevented /me/ go to sleep/

A. The noise from the traffic prevented me from going to sleep.

B. The noise from the traffic is preventing me from go to sleep.

C. The noise from the traffic will preventing me from going to sleep.

D. The noise of the traffic prevents me from going to sleep.

VIII. Hoàn thành câu thứ hai sao cho nghĩa không thay đổi so với câu đã cho. (1,5 điểm)

35. My brother can not speak French.

→ I wish **my brother could speak French**

36. John said: "How about collecting these waste things for recycling?"

→ John suggested **collecting these waste things for recycling**

37. Although he was experienced, he could not get the job.

→ In spite of **being experienced, he could not get the job**

38. We last saw our cousin three months ago.

→ We haven't **seen our cousin for three months**

39. I met a famous singer yesterday.

→ The singer **whom I met yesterday was famous**

40. The performance was so impressive that we all stood up to clap our hands.

→ It was such **an impressive performance that we all stood up to clap our hands.**

ĐỀ SỐ 8

**ĐỀ LUYỆN THI VÀO LỚP 10
MÔN: TIẾNG ANH**

I. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại. (1,0 điểm)

1. A. **area** B. arrange C. arrive D. allow
2. A. floor B. door C. **noodle**s D. board
3. A. eight B. weight C. **hei**ght D. straight
4. A. walks B. cups C. students D. **pen**s

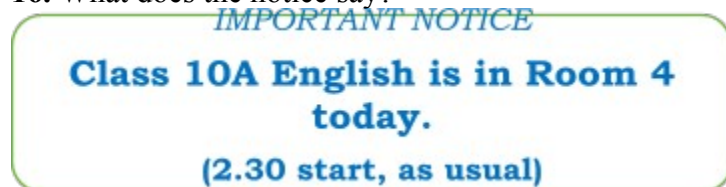
II. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ/ cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành câu. (3,0 điểm)

5. I wish I _____ trilingual in Vietnamese, English and Japanese ten years from now.
A. **were** B. am C. will be D. would be
6. Based on what I've read, the Industrial Revolution began _____ the late 18th century.
A. at B. **in** C. for D. on
7. If plastic waste is not properly managed, oceans _____ more polluted.
A. becomes B. are becoming C. became D. **will become**
8. Food in Northern Vietnam is not as _____ as that in Central and Southern Vietnam, as black pepper is often used rather than chillies.
A. strong B. flavour C. **spicy** D. exciting
9. Such _____ as sugar, sugarcane, and coconut water are mostly used in Southern Vietnamese food than in Northern and Central Vietnam.
A. dishes B. courses C. **ingredients** D. menus
10. He is very stubborn, so it is very difficult to _____ him to go.
A. **persuade** B. suggest C. make D. prevent
11. Instead of admitting his mistake, he always tries to put the _____ on others.
A. charge B. guilt C. fault D. **blame**
12. In 1950, Alan Turing published his work, _____ eventually became The Turing Test, a tool to measure computer intelligence.
A. what B. who C. when D. **which**
13. Women's contribution to our society has been _____ better these days.
A. naturally B. intellectually C. **significantly** D. differently
14. Maria and her sister are always quarreling. They've never _____ each other.
A. **got along with** B. went along with
C. went down with D. came up with
15. What does the sign say?



- A. Dogs are welcome everywhere and can go anywhere.
- B. **Dogs are not allowed to enter or be in this area.**
- C. You may bring dogs here if they are on a leash.
- D. Only small dogs are allowed in this area.

16. What does the notice say?



A. This lesson is in a different place today.

B. This lesson is not happening today.

C. This lesson begins a bit later today.

D. This lesson is only for class 10A.

III. *Viết dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành câu. (1,0 điểm)*

17. Environmentalists all over the world (**protect**) **have protected** the rich and diverse wildlife of national parks for decades.

17. My father loves (**go**) **going** sightseeing in new places in the central part of Vietnam.

18. She suggested that he (raise) **raise** money for the poor in the neighbourhood.

19. I wish I (**be**) **were** able to speak more than a language.

IV. *Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D để điền vào chỗ trống trong văn bản sau. (1,0 điểm)*

Traditionally, rural villages in Vietnam (21) _____ handicrafts when they were not busy with planting or harvesting crops. Over time, (22) _____ villages developed the expertise to make specialized products and so particular villages became famous for such things as weaving, woodwork, lacquer work and metal products. With industrialization, many villagers moved to the cities but maintained their craft skills and networks to produce products for the city market, for example, craft villages make furniture, grow flowers or make utensils for the urban population. Other villages changed from (23) _____ traditional crafts to producing different products desired by an industrialized (24) _____.

21. A. **produced** B. produce C. have produced D. will produce

22. A. much B. lot of C. **many** D. a

23. A. make B. to making C. to make D. **making**

24. A. **society** B. social C. sociable D. socially

V. *Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn câu trả lời đúng cho các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)*

Obesity increases a person's risk of cancer, heart disease and other diseases. About 2.6 billion people globally - 38% of the world population - are already overweight or obese. But on current trends that is expected to rise to more than 4 billion people (51%) in 12 years' time, according to research by the World Obesity Federation.

Obesity among children and young people is likely to increase faster than **that** among adults. By 2035 it is expected to be at least double the rate seen in 2020 - it will rise by 100% among boys under 18, but go up even more sharply, by 125%, among girls the same age.

Switzerland, Norway, Finland, Iceland and Sweden are among the best prepared countries to deal with obesity while Niger, Nigeria, Somalia and Central African Republic are examples of the world's poorest countries that are the least prepared. Professor Louise Baur, the federation's president, says that the sharpest increases in obesity will be seen in low- and middle-income countries where lack of preparedness and resources will create a perfect storm that will negatively impact obese people the most.

The rising obesity globally is caused by factors such as climate change. Covid restrictions and chemical pollutants, as well as the promotion of unhealthy foods. It is suggested that governments should **restrict** the marketing of foods that are high in fat, salt or sugar, and provide healthy food in schools.

25. Which of the following is the best title for the passage?

- A. **The great future of overweight young children**
- B. More than half of humans to be overweight by 2035
- C. How the world's poorest countries fight against obesity
- D. The World Obesity Federation's world-class researchers

26. The word "that" in paragraph 2 refers to _____.

- A. **obesity**
- B. boy
- C. girl
- D. child

27. According to paragraph 3, which countries have more chances to win the fight against obesity?

- A. **High-income countries**
- B. Low-income countries
- C. Middle-income countries
- D. African countries

28. The word "restrict" in paragraph 4 is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. support
- B. prohibit
- C. **limit**
- D. increase

VI. Đọc văn bản sau và trả lời các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

An ecodistrict is an urban area designed to promote sustainability and environmental responsibility. These districts incorporate green infrastructure, energy-efficient buildings, and waste reduction systems to minimize their ecological footprint. By using renewable energy sources such as solar and wind power, ecodistricts aim to reduce greenhouse gas emissions and support a healthier urban environment.

One of the key features of an ecodistrict is its focus on efficient resource use. Many ecodistricts implement water conservation strategies, such as rainwater harvesting and wastewater recycling, to reduce water consumption. Additionally, sustainable transportation options, including bike lanes, electric public transit, and pedestrian-friendly pathways, help decrease air pollution and traffic congestion. These efforts contribute to creating more livable and resilient urban communities.

Despite their benefits, ecodistricts face challenges such as high initial costs and the need for public participation. Developing an ecodistrict requires careful planning and collaboration between governments, businesses, and residents. However, as more cities recognize the long-term advantages of sustainable urban planning, ecodistricts are becoming an essential model for future urban development.

29. What is an ecodistrict?

→ **An ecodistrict is an urban area designed to promote sustainability and environmental responsibility**

30. Which renewable energy sources are mentioned in the passage?

→ **Solar and wind power**

31. Why do ecodistricts implement water conservation strategies?

→ **To reduce water consumption**

32. How do sustainable transportation options in ecodistricts help the environment?

→ **They decrease air pollution and traffic congestion**

VII. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với câu viết đúng nhất từ những từ cho sẵn. (0,5 điểm)

33. The woman / live / next door / donate / thousands of dollars / local charities / every year.

A. **The woman who lives next door donates thousands of dollars to local charities every year.**

B. The woman lives next door donates thousands of dollars to local charities every year.

C. The woman who lives next door donating thousands of dollars to local charities every year.

D. The woman which lives next door donates thousands of dollars to local charities every year.

34. Those students / volunteer / provide meals / schoolchildren / remote areas.

- A. Those students volunteered to provide meals with schoolchildren in remote areas.
B. Those students volunteered to provide meals for schoolchildren in remote areas.
 C. Those students volunteered provide meals for schoolchildren in remote areas.
 D. Those students volunteered providing meals for schoolchildren in remote areas.
- VIII. Hoàn thành câu thứ hai sao cho nghĩa không thay đổi so với câu đã cho. (1,5 điểm)**
25. "I will visit my grandma this Saturday." Ann said.
 -> Ann said **that she would visit her grandma that Saturday.**
26. John last returned to his hometown 12 years ago.
 -> John has **not returned to his hometown for 12 years.**
27. My village does not have access to clean piped water.
 -> I wish **my village had access to clean piped water.**
28. The picture was so expensive that Mr. Brown couldn't buy it.
 -> It was **such an expensive picture that Mr. Brown couldn't buy it.**
29. No game show on VTV3 is as popular as "Olympia".
 -> "Olympia" is the **most popular game show on VTV3.**
30. The dress was so expensive that I couldn't buy it.
 -> The dress was **too expensive for me to buy it.**

ĐỀ SỐ 9	ĐỀ LUYỆN THI VÀO LỚP 10 MÔN: TIẾNG ANH
----------------	---

I. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại. (1,0 điểm)

1. A. company B. camera C. construction **D. cinema**
 2. A. reminded B. contracted **C. explained** D. completed
 3. A. application **B. apply** C. applicant D. applicator
 4. A. chemistry B. chicken C. church **D. chores**

II. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ/ cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành câu. (3,0 điểm)

4. We might be able to catch _____ last train if we hurried.
A. the B. a C. an D. Ø
5. _____ 1945, the United Nations was established to promote international cooperation.
 A. for B. on **C. in** D. at
6. I enjoy living in this small town _____ it is a bit quiet here.
A. although B. just as C. therefore D. just when
7. She's the woman _____ sister looks after the baby for us.
 A. which B. who C. that **D. whose**
8. As per the study, handful of nuts daily can cut people's _____ of coronary heart disease and cancer by nearly 22 per cent.
 A. chance B. luck C. opportunity **D. risk**
9. Food in Northern Vietnam is not as _____ as that in Central and Southern Vietnam, as black pepper is often used rather than chillies.
 A. strong B. flavour **C. spicy** D. exciting
10. _____ helps manage garbage in an area to keep it clean.
 A. A delivery person B. An artisan
 C. A police officer **D. A garbage collector**
11. She gave me a new handkerchief on which she _____ some beautiful flowers.
A. embroidered B. carved C. moulded D. knitted
12. We are trying to learn the lyrics of these songs _____ before our performance.

- A. in heart B. with memory C. with care **D. by rote**
13. The pilot announced that the flight would _____ shortly.
A. turn on **B. take off** C. make up D. give up
14. His parents asked him _____ to enter law school.
A. if he was planning B. he is planning
C. he was planning D. whether he is planning
15. What does the sign say?



- A. You are allowed to eat and drink here without any restrictions.
B. Eating and drinking are not permitted in this area at all times.
C. You can bring drinks but not food into this area.
D. Food is permitted but drinks are not allowed in this area.
16. What does the notice say?

*"Please keep your bus ticket with you at all times.
The transport officers might ask to see it during your journey."*

- A. You need to keep your bus ticket with you. Officers might check it.**
B. Transport officers will give you a bus ticket.
C. You do not need a bus ticket for the journey.
D. You can get your bus ticket from the transport officers.

III. Viết dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành câu. (1,0 điểm)

14. After the spacecraft (**travel**) **had travelled** into space, the crew started to observe the Earth.
15. Don't forget to remind your dad (**water**) **to water** the plants while we're away.
16. Our friends all recommended (**watch**) **watching** that we should watch Inside Out 2.

17. The teacher as well as his students (**arrive**) **has arrived** at the school meeting yet.

IV. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D để điền vào chỗ trống trong văn bản sau. (1,0 điểm)

Travel is something which people do every day. It is very difficult to avoid the need to travel. It may be a trip to school, university or to work. Travelling can often take a long time, especially when great distances need to be covered. People often (21) _____ travelling abroad for holidays. But for some people, travelling is not fun at all. Some people suffer from travel sickness. This means that they will (22) _____ very unwell each time they travel. Travelling can be either affordable or costly. It often depends on (23) _____ far you want to travel and the choice of transport. People who need to travel short distances may choose not to use any transport at all. People often rely on their legs to take them to places nearby. This is often (24) _____ as certain modes of transport have been said to produce harmful emissions and damage the environment.

21. **A. enjoy** B. benefit C. love D. care

22. A. make B. develop **C. become** D. happen
 23. A. where B. why C. what **D. how**
 24. **A. encouraged** B. encouraging C. courageous D. courag
 V. *Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn câu trả lời đúng cho các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)*

Traveling in the Future

These days, if you want to travel from New York to Beijing, the flight takes about 16 hours. You also have to wait at the airport, and sometimes you have to transfer onto a different airplane. If you add all of that extra time, the trip takes at least 20 hours. But in the future, the trip from New York to Beijing might only take two hours.

Right now, a private company is developing something called ET3. ET3 stands for “evacuated tube transport technology”. Here is how it **works**. A tube goes all the way from New York to Beijing. The tube is only a few meters wide. Capsules move through the tube. Six people can sit in one capsule. The capsules use electricity instead of gasoline. For international travel, the capsules can travel at about 6,500 kilometers per hour. That is much faster than airplane — most modern airplanes usually only fly at about 800 kilometers per hour.

So how is this possible? How can these capsules travel so fast? The answer is that there is no air inside the tube. When airplanes fly, they have to move through the air. The air slows the airplanes down. Because there is no air in the ET3 tubes, the capsules are able to move at a very high speed. Besides, the capsules are quite light. They only weigh 183 kilograms.

There are other advantages to ET3. Because it uses electricity, it is quite clean. In addition, it is much quieter than airplanes and cars. Finally, ET3 tubes and capsules don't require very much building material.

Of course, ET3 doesn't exist yet. The technology is still being developed. Developers still have to solve a lot of problems. The biggest problem is that right now, ET3 would be far too expensive. In order to make ET3 cheaper, we will need much better technology.

It is exciting to think of how ET3 will change travel in the future. Maybe someday, you will be able to have lunch in New York and dinner in Beijing.

25. Which of the following is NOT true about travelling at present?

- A. Modern planes fly at about 800 kilometers per hour.
 B. We use mostly gasoline for transportation.
C. Flights make little noise thanks to modern technology.
 D. Traveling takes place in the air.

26. Why is ET3 clean?

- A. It is made of a clean kind of material.
 B. It uses a cleaner kind of gasoline.
 C. It doesn't use gasoline or electricity.
D. It uses electricity.

27. The word “**works**” in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. travels **B. operates** C. earns money D. succeeds

28. What can be inferred from the passage?

- A. There is still a lot to do before putting ET3 into operation.**
 B. All flights have to transfer at different cities.
 C. ET3 will be used domestically.
 D. Electricity used as a source of energy makes a capsule much quieter.

VI. *Đọc văn bản sau và trả lời các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)*

Customs are traditions, behaviors, and social practices that vary across different cultures. These customs reflect a society's values, history, and way of life. From greetings to table manners, customs shape daily interactions and influence how people communicate and show respect.

Understanding cultural customs is important for travelers, as it helps them avoid misunderstandings and show appreciation for local traditions.

One common custom that varies widely is greeting etiquette. In Japan, bowing is a sign of respect, while in France, people often greet each other with a kiss on both cheeks. In some Middle Eastern countries, a handshake accompanied by placing the right hand over the heart is a warm gesture of welcome. Meanwhile, in Thailand, the traditional wai—a slight bow with hands pressed together—is used to show politeness and respect.

Dining customs also differ significantly around the world. In China, it is customary to use chopsticks, while in India, eating with the right hand is common. In Ethiopia, people often share food from a single plate, symbolizing unity and friendship. In contrast, Western countries typically use forks and knives, and table manners emphasize keeping elbows off the table and chewing quietly. These customs reflect cultural attitudes toward food, community, and etiquette.

Gift-giving is another practice that holds special meaning in many cultures. In Japan, gifts are often wrapped beautifully, as presentation is just as important as the gift itself. In some Latin American countries, opening a gift immediately after receiving it is considered polite, while in China, people may refuse a gift multiple times before accepting it to show humility. Such traditions highlight the deep-rooted values of different societies and their approaches to hospitality and generosity.

29. What do customs reflect in a society?

→ **They reflect a society's values, history, and way of life**

30. Which greeting custom is mentioned for Japan?

→ **Bowing**

31. How do people in Ethiopia typically share their food?

→ **They share food from a single plate**

32. Why is understanding cultural customs important for travelers?

→ **It helps them avoid misunderstandings and appreciate local traditions.**

VII. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với câu viết đúng nhất từ những từ cho sẵn. (0,5 điểm)

33. They / very happy / share / stories / family and neighbors.

A. They are very happy sharing their stories with their family and neighbors.

B. They are very happy to share their stories with their family and neighbors.

C. They are very happy share their stories with their family and neighbors.

D. They are very happy that to share their stories with their family and neighbors.

34. I / wish / there / not / environmental / problems / city.

A. I wish there won't be environmental problems in our city.

B. I wish there hadn't environmental problems in our city.

C. I wish there aren't environmental problems in our city.

D. I wish there weren't environmental problems in our city.

VIII. Hoàn thành câu thứ hai sao cho nghĩa không thay đổi so với câu đã cho. (1,5 điểm)

25. "Let's go out for a walk now," he suggested.

•^ He **suggested going out for a walk then.**

26. He cannot drive because he is young.

-> He is not **old enough to drive.**

27. I would prefer you to deliver the tables on Saturday.

-> I would rather the tables **were delivered on Saturday.**

28. The teacher did not allow the class to leave before 10:30.

-> The teacher made **the class leave until after 10:30.**

29. I often spend 15 minutes riding to school every day.

-> It often takes **me 15 minutes to ride to school every day.**

40. Although he wasn't experienced, he got the job.

→ In spite of **his inexperience, he got the job**

ĐỀ SỐ 10	ĐỀ LUYỆN THI VÀO LỚP 10 MÔN: TIẾNG ANH
-----------------	---

I. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại. (1,0 điểm)

1. A. really B. pretty C. lively **D. apply**
2. A. planted B. added **C. delayed** D. learned
3. **A. artisan** B. army C. fattening D. lack
4. A. ocean B. sure C. sugar **D. sun**

II. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ/ cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành câu. (3,0 điểm)

5. _____ Sundays, I enjoy taking leisurely bike rides around the neighborhood.
A. Of B. At **C. On** D. In
6. I rarely go swimming _____ my house is near the beach.
A. however B. so **C. although** D. but
7. Learning a new language and being able to communicate fluently provides a great _____ of achievement.
A. sense B. record C. level D. emotion
8. Several important methods were invented for _____ food in the nineteenth century.
A. protecting **B. preserving** C. saving D. preventing
9. She asked me _____.
A. if I understand the lesson
B. if I understood the lesson
C. whether to understand the lesson
D. whether I can understand the lesson.
10. Singapore is _____ small city-state in Southeast Asia.
A. the B. an **C. a** D. **x**
11. It's time to say goodbye, but I'm _____ meeting you all again soon.
A. looking forward to B. getting on with
C. keep up with D. put up with
12. We _____ be here. That sign says NO TRESPASSING.
A. couldn't B. don't have to C. might not D. aren't supposed to
13. Kendrick muttered as he strolled down the narrow street "Did I just see Larry, the one _____ was announced dead just last month?"
A. who B. whose C. whom D. $\emptyset$
14. Her illness was _____ we thought at first.
A. much seriouser than **B. much more serious than**
C. much as serious than D. much serious than
15. What does the sign say?



A. You can park your car in any place here without rules.

B. Do not park your car here; it is not allowed.

C. Only customers can park in this area.

D. You can park your car in any spot you like.

16. What does the notice say?

End-of-term school party!

Classroom 11A

All students welcome

Friday 17th

Bring food!

Mrs. Harrison

A. To attend this party, you need to be a student from Classroom 3B.

B. Mrs. Harrison will bring something to the party for students to eat.

C. Everyone at the school is invited to the party on the 17th.

D. The party will take place after Friday 17th.

III. Viết dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành câu. (1,0 điểm)

17. The Louvre Museum (**open**) **opens** from 9 a.m to 6 p.m, every day except Tuesday and Wednesday.

18. We don't allow you (**smoke**) **to smoke** in our house.

19. When I woke up this morning, the birds (**sing**) **were singing** outside.

20. Would you mind (**sit**) **not sitting** here, Henry?

IV. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D để điền vào chỗ trống trong văn bản sau. (1,0 điểm)

People have always wondered if there could be (21) _____ on other planets. Even though we haven't found clear proof yet, scientists are still searching. They think that because the universe is so big, there might be other living things on faraway planets. We've found some planets called exoplanets that (22) _____ stars outside our solar system. Some of them seem like they could be good for life as we know it. (23) _____ we get better at using technology to explore space, we keep looking for answers. The idea of life on other planets is a fascinating question that we're still (24) _____ to figure out.

21. A. live B. soul **C. life** D. animals

22. **A. go around** B. go over C. go off D. go through

23. A. Although **B. As** C. However D. Therefore

24. A. making B. setting C. doing **D. trying**

V. Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn câu trả lời đúng cho các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

World Englishes: A Global Perspective

English is a global language, but it is not spoken the same way everywhere. Different countries and regions have developed their own varieties of English, known as "World Englishes." These varieties reflect local cultures, histories, and influences, making English a dynamic and evolving language. Some well-known examples include American English, British English, Indian English, and Singaporean English. While these versions share the same foundation, they have unique vocabulary, pronunciation, and grammar rules.

One major reason for the spread of different English varieties is colonial history. When the British Empire expanded, English was introduced to many parts of the world. Over time, local communities adapted it to fit their own languages and traditions. For example, in Nigeria, English includes words and expressions influenced by indigenous languages. Similarly, in the Philippines, English has blended with Tagalog and Spanish, creating a distinct version known as Philippine English.

Despite these differences, World Englishes allow people from diverse backgrounds to communicate. In international business, education, and media, English serves as a common language. While some argue that there should be a "standard" English, many linguists believe that these varieties enrich the language and reflect its global identity. As English continues to evolve, more unique versions will likely emerge, further shaping the way the world speaks.

25. What is the passage mainly about?

- A. The history of the English language
- B. The differences between British and American English

C. The development and spread of World Englishes

- D. The challenges of learning English as a second language

26. Which of the following is NOT true according to the passage?

- A. World Englishes have different vocabulary and grammar rules.

B. English has remained unchanged since colonial times.

- C. English was introduced to many regions through colonization.
- D. Linguists see value in the diversity of English varieties.

27. What does the word "it" in paragraph 2 refer to?

- A. the British Empire
- C. a local community

B. English

D. a tradition

28. The word "diverse" in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to ____.

- A. similar
- B. various**
- C. limited
- D. confusing

VI. Đọc văn bản sau và trả lời các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

Our local environment is the world right around us - the air we breathe, the water we drink, the parks we play in, and the streets we walk on. Taking care of it is essential for our well-being and the health of the planet.

One simple way to help is by keeping our neighborhoods clean. We can do this by not throwing trash on the ground and using trash cans. Picking up litter when we see it is a small act that makes a big difference. Cleaner streets also mean cleaner air because there's less dust and pollution.

We can also save energy to help our local environment. Turning off lights when we leave a room and using less water when we take showers or brush our teeth can lower our energy use. When we use less energy, we reduce the pollution that harms our air and environment.

Our local parks and green spaces are essential for our well-being. We should enjoy these places and take care of them. Picking up after ourselves, not damaging plants, and not leaving trash behind are simple ways to keep these areas beautiful.

Preserving local wildlife is another part of taking care of our environment. We can do this by not disturbing animals' homes and being kind to the creatures we share our space with.

Lastly, getting involved in community projects like clean-up events or tree planting can bring people together to make our local environment even better. When we work together, we create a stronger, healthier, and happier place to call home.

29. What does our local environment include?

→ It includes the air we breathe, the water we drink, the parks we play in, and the streets we walk ^{on}.

30. How can we help keep our neighborhoods clean?

-> **We can help by not throwing trash on the ground, using trash cans, and picking up litter.**

31. Why is saving energy important for our local environment?

-> **Because saving energy reduces pollution that harms our air and environment.**

32. Where can people get involved to improve the local environment?

^ **People can participate in community projects like clean-up events or tree planting.**

VII. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với câu viết đúng nhất từ những từ cho sẵn. (0,5 điểm)

33. Everyone / be / delight / that / they / passed / examination /.

A. Everyone were delighted that they passed the examination.

B. Everyone was delighted that they passed the examination.

C. Everyone are delighting that they passed the examination.

D. Everyone is delighting that they passed the examination.

34. If / I / be / you, / I / read / English papers / improve / reading skill.

A. If I were you, I should improve my reading skill.

B. If you were me, you should read English papers to improve your reading skill.

C. If I am you, I will read English papers to improve my reading skill.

D. If I were you, I would read English papers to improve my reading skill.

VIII. Hoàn thành câu thứ hai sao cho nghĩa không thay đổi so với câu đã cho. (1,5 điểm)

35. "I am sorry, Jean. I broke your laptop," said John.

→ John apologized to **Jean for having broken her laptop**

36. It's pointless to have this car repaired.

→ This car is not worth **being repaired**

37. The boy didn't go to bed until his mother came home.

→ It was not until his mother **came home that the boy went bed**

38. When Barbara was in Italy, she stayed with an Italian family.

→ Barbara used **to stay with an Italian family in Italy**

39. Eight years ago, we started writing to each other.

→ We have **written to each other for eight years**

40. If someone doesn't put the coal in, the fire will go out.

→ Unless **someone puts the coal in, the fire will go out.**

ĐỀ SỐ 11	ĐỀ LUYỆN THI VÀO LỚP 10 MÔN: TIẾNG ANH
-----------------	---

I. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại. (1,0 điểm)

- | | | | |
|----------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| 1. A. comes | B. plants | C. builds | D. buys |
| 2. A. <u>decided</u> | B. <u>visited</u> | C. worried | D. <u>crooked</u> |
| 3. A. <u>thanks</u> | B. <u>pack</u> | C. chart | D. <u>cattle</u> |
| 4. A. <u>weather</u> | B. <u>therefore</u> | C. earthquake | D. <u>with</u> |

II. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ/ cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành câu. (3,0 điểm)

5. The conference will be held _____ London next month, attracting experts from various fields.

A. on **B. in** C. at D. under

6. The weather was beautiful, _____ I couldn't go outside because I was feeling unwell.

- A. however **B. therefore** C. so D. but
7. I met my teacher in the supermarket _____ I was shopping.
A. when B. while C. which D. where as
8. He is _____ about participating in the marathon next month; he has been training for it for months.
 A. interested B. keen C. surprised **D. excited**
9. When a city has more skyscrapers, the glass walls make _____ more serious.
 A. air pollution **B. global warming**
 C. habitat loss D. ecological balance
10. They are going to spend their holiday _____ rural France.
 A. relaxing **B. exploring** C. reserving D. searching
11. Students _____ use a dictionary in any examinations.
 A. can B. should **C. mustn't** D. needn't
12. John doesn't like skating and _____ does his brother.
 A. so B. too C. either **D. neither**
13. If Emily _____ sick today, she would be able to go to school.
 A. isn't **B. weren't** C. wasn't D. didn't
14. I decided to _____ gardening as a hobby, and now my backyard is filled with beautiful flowers and plants.
 A. put off **B. take up** C. look after D. stand for
15. What does the sign say?



- A. The elevator is working well and you can use it.
B. The elevator is not working and you cannot use it.
 C. The elevator is being repaired and will work again soon.
 D. The elevator is for special use only and not for everyone.
16. _____ What _____ does _____ the _____ notice _____ say?

Don't keep this soup in the fridge for more than two days after opening it.

- A. If you open this soup, only keep it in the fridge for two days.**
 B. You must open and eat this soup in the next two days.
 C. Put this soup in the fridge as soon as you open it.
 D. If you open this soup, you shouldn't keep it in the fridge.

III. Viết dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành câu. (1,0 điểm)

17. Last week's weather (**be**) **was** exceptionally hot, with temperatures reaching over 35 degrees Celsius.
18. He decided (**learn**) **to learn** a new language as part of his New Year's resolution to broaden his horizons.
19. This time tomorrow I (**chat**) **will be chatting** with my cousin in London on Viber.
20. I suggest you (**visit**) **visit** Ba Na Hills. It's very picturesque.

IV. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D để điền vào chỗ trống trong văn bản sau. (1,0 điểm)

The relationship between students and teachers is less formal in the USA than in many (21) _____ countries. American students do not stand up when their teachers enter the room. Students are encouraged to ask questions during class, to stop in the teacher's office for extra help, and to phone if they are absent. Most teachers (22) _____ students to enter class late or leave early if necessary. (23) _____ the lack of formality, students are still expected to be polite to their teachers and fellow classmates.

When students want to ask questions, they usually (24) _____ a hand and wait to be called on. When a test is being given, talking to a classmate is not only rude but also risky. Most American teachers consider that students who are talking to each other during a test are cheating.

21. A. others B. the other C. another **D. other**
 22. A. let **B. allow** C. make D. motivate
 23. A. Though B. Because **C. Despite** D. Because of
 24. A. rise B. arise **C. raise** D. put

V. Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn câu trả lời đúng cho các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

In 1988, Maria Mutola - the only girl played football in an all-boys team in a local competition in Mozambique. "We won" she said. "First nobody thought it was a problem I was a girl. But the team we beat complained."

The story appeared in a local newspaper and José Craveirinha stimulated other African athletes, learnt about Maria. He met and found her kicking a ball around outside the football club. "He talked to me about athletics. I didn't know what he meant. The only sport I knew was football. He bought me running shoes and took me training. The work was hard, and my legs hurt." But José persuaded her parents her success could end their poverty. They allowed him to train her.

In 1991, she accepted an invitation to train in America that she had refused due to being afraid of missing her family. Her background was different from the girls she met there. She explains, "They were good athletes. While I worried about my parents having enough to eat, they worried about dresses, make-up. They knew little about me and my problems. I was lucky to be there to learn much from trainers."

25. Which title best represents the content of the passage?

- A. "Maria Mutola: From Football to Athletics"
B. "Breaking Barriers: The Journey of Maria Mutola"
 C. "The Influence of José Craveirinha on African Sports"
 D. "Challenges of Training Abroad"

26. Which of the following is NOT mentioned in the passage?

- A. The complaint by the team they beat
 B. The purchase of running shoes by José Craveirinha
C. The exact details of her training program in America
 D. Her concerns about missing her family

27. What does the word "it" refer to?

- A. Her playing football** B. Her winning the game
 C. The local competition rules D. Her training in athletics

28. The word "refused" in the passage is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. accepted **B. declined** C. ignored D. postponed

VI. Đọc văn bản sau và trả lời các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

Life in the big city is face-paced, fun and exciting. There are countless job opportunities and activities to occupy your time. However, with the good, there also comes the bad. Although the big city has more job opportunities; there are also more people competing for a single job. This can make your job search frustrating. Oddly enough, you will see hundreds, if not thousands of

jobs available each week, but you still might remain unemployed, especially when the economy is down. In addition, the cost of living is typically higher in big cities, and it can cost you an arm and a leg for a small apartment in a decent area of the city, not to mention other costs to fulfill your basic demands. Diversity is a good thing, but the amount of people can be a bit overwhelming if you are not accustomed to it. There will always be crowds and always be people around. Moreover, traffic can be a nightmare in the big city. It can get so bad that it can turn you into an evil person. If you hate driving in traffic, then the big city life is not for you. Heavy traffic also contributes to the pollution, which is one of the biggest disadvantages of living in the city. Obviously, our health is affected most with certain diseases relating to respiratory system and other body parts. A lot of premature deaths are supposed to be the result of long-term exposure to small particles. Most importantly, there is always more crime in a big city, causing you second case your decision for living in a big city. You are much more likely to be a victim of a crime living in a big city than in a small town.

29. What are some advantages of living in a big city?

→ **There are many job opportunities and various activities to enjoy**

30. Why can job searching in a big city be frustrating?

→ **Because there are many people competing for the same job.**

31. How does heavy traffic affect city life?

→ **It causes stress, increases pollution, and makes driving difficult**

32. What is one major health issue caused by city pollution?

→ **Respiratory diseases due to long-term exposure to small particles**

VII. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với câu viết đúng nhất từ những từ cho sẵn. (0,5 điểm)

33. It / first / time / he / stay / up / late / study / exam.

A. It is first time he stayed up late to study for the exam.

B. It is the first time for him to stay up late to study for the exam.

C. It is the first time he stays up late to study for the exam.

D. It is the first time he has stayed up late to study for the exam.

34. Respect / our ancestors / one / traditions / our people

A. To respect our ancestors is one of the traditions on our people.

B. Respect our ancestors is one tradition of our people.

C. Respecting our ancestors was one of the traditions of our people.

D. Respecting our ancestors is one of the traditions of our people.

VIII. Hoàn thành câu thứ hai sao cho nghĩa không thay đổi so với câu đã cho. (1,5 điểm)

35. Mert never smoked at all when he was at the university but now he smokes ten cigarettes a day.

→ Mert didn't use **to smoke when he was at the university**

36. "Do you want to have a trip to Ha Long Bay this summer?" Tom asked.

→ Tom asked **me if I wanted to have a trip to Ha Long Bay that summer**

37. No one has sent me that letter.

→ **I haven't been sent that letter**

38. Huy wants to choose his high school, but his parents don't let him.

→ Huy wishes **his parents let him choose his high school**

39. You are not allowed to leave the room without permission.

→ You must **not leave the room without permission**

40. The furniture was so expensive that I didn't buy it.

→ This was **such expensive furniture that I didn't buy it.**

I. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại. (1,0 điểm)

1. A. involved B. explained **C. accepted** D. followed
2. A. sword **B. word** C. afford D. absorb
3. A. sandwiches **B. tomatoes** C. oranges D. misses
4. A. honey **B. honest** C. hurry D. harmful

II. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ/ cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành câu. (3,0 điểm)

5. Our family has been excited _____ the upcoming vacation for ages.
A. about B. from C. to D. with
6. He's feeling tired today _____ he didn't get enough sleep last night.
A. although B. however C. but **D. because**
7. The _____ you solve the problems, the _____ problems you have to deal with.
A. faster - more B. fastest - more C. faster - most D. fastest – most
8. We had a five-day trip to some _____ places in Ninh Binh which we learned about in History class.
A. aged **B. historic** C. old D. historical
9. We have cut down so _____ trees that there are now vast areas of wasteland all over the world
A. much **B. many** C. any D. lot of
10. The local _____ display their artwork at the annual craft fair.
A. artists B. actresses **C. artisans** D. artifacts
11. Social media campaigns are effective tools to _____ awareness about environmental issues.
A. rise B. promote **C. raise** D. enhance
12. I _____ tennis a lot, but I don't play very often now.
A. get used to playing B. am used to play
C. used to play D. used to playing
13. The meditation retreat was a _____ escape from the hustle and bustle of city life.
A. peaceful B. peacefulness C. peace D. peacefully
14. If you don't use the computer, please _____.
A. switch it on **B. turn it off** C. put it on D. take it off
15. What does the sign say?



- A. Security cameras are not being used in this area.
- B. Security cameras are watching and recording in this area.**

C. There are no security cameras around this building.

D. Security cameras are only active during the night.

16. What does the notice say?

A skirt has gone missing from the changing room.

If found, please hand it in to the school secretary.

A. You should see the school secretary if you left the skirt in the changing room.

B. Someone has lost a skirt in the changing room and is asking to have it returned.

C. It's not possible to bring skirts into the changing room at this time.

D. The school is providing skirts in case anyone has lost theirs in the changing room.

III. Viết dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành câu. (1,0 điểm)

17. It has been 10 years since we last (see) **saw** the film.

18. He promised (help) **to help** me with my math homework after school today.

19. I wish he (have) **had** more time now to help you with your lesson.

20. I look forward (hear) **to hearing** from you soon.

IV. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D để điền vào chỗ trống trong văn bản sau. (1,0 điểm)

Shimizu company want to offer 3-day holidays in a space station, which will be bigger than the International Space Station. However, holidays in space will be very (21) _____! About 90,000 dollars for three days! Shimizu believe that there are enough people who will be ready to pay the price.

Other firms, in Japan and the USA, want to open hotels on the moon! Trips to the moon will be even more expensive!

The Japanese firm is quite serious; but they cannot yet start (22) _____ their orbiting hotel. First they will have to buy a commercial reusable shuttle. Today there are no shuttles. The old American shuttles, (23) _____ Atlantis and Columbia, were very expensive to launch. They had to be launched into (24) _____ with a big rocket which cannot be reused. Tomorrow's shuttles will take off and land on their own, probably like aeroplanes.

21. A. unpleasant B. horrible C. luxurious **D. expensive**

22. **A. building** B. making C. creating D. producing

23. A. instead of **B. such as** C. so as D. as such

24. A. plane **B. orbit** C. sky D. atmosphere

V. Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn câu trả lời đúng cho các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

The Impact of Electronic Devices on Modern Life

Electronic devices have become an integral part of modern life. From smartphones and laptops to smart home appliances, **these** have transformed the way people communicate, work, and entertain themselves. The rapid advancement in technology has led to a surge in demand for these devices, as they provide convenience and connectivity in everyday tasks.

One of the major advantages of electronic devices is their ability to improve efficiency. With features such as instant messaging, video calls, and online learning platforms, communication and education have been revolutionized. However, these benefits are accompanied by challenges such as electronic waste, environmental pollution, and cybersecurity threats, all of which require careful management.

Looking ahead, innovations in technology, including developments in artificial intelligence, 5G connectivity, and smart automation, promise to make electronic devices even more powerful and **indispensable**. Despite the challenges, the ongoing integration of advanced technology into daily life continues to shape our lifestyles, making it essential to balance progress with sustainability.

25. Which title best represents the content of the passage?

- A. "Managing Electronic Waste and Cybersecurity"
- B. "Advancements in Smart Home Appliances"

C. "The Impact of Electronic Devices on Modern Life"

- D. "The Role of Artificial Intelligence in Technology"

26. Which of the following is NOT mentioned as an issue or challenge related to electronic devices in the passage?

- A. Electronic waste
- B. Environmental pollution
- C. Cybersecurity threats
- D. Increased physical activity**

27. What does the word "these" refer to?

- A. Electronic waste
- B. Modern lifestyles
- C. Electronic devices**
- D. Technological challenges

28. The word "indispensable" in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to _____

- A. optional
- B. unnecessary
- C. essential**
- D. replaceable

VI. Đọc văn bản sau và trả lời các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

Some experts worry that teens are more anxious and have lower self-esteem because of social media and texting. There are key differences to socializing online. Teens miss out on things like body language and facial expressions. This can lead to misunderstandings and hurt feelings. It can also make talking in person feel more intimidating.

It is also common for teens to feel bad about themselves when they see everyone online looking perfect. Teens often try to compensate by sharing pictures that make them look perfect, too. Then, when their social media identity doesn't match how they actually feel, they can end up feeling worse.

Parents can help by setting a good example of how to use tech. Try to give kids your full attention when you are with them, and establish tech-free zones in the house and tech-free hours when no one is on their phones. To help build self-esteem, get kids involved in something they're interested in. When kids learn to feel good about what they can do instead of how they look and what they own, they're happier.

29. What do some experts worry about regarding teens and social media?

→ **They worry that teens are more anxious and have lower self-esteem**

30. Why can online socializing lead to misunderstandings?

→ **Because teens miss out on body language and facial expressions**

31. How might teens feel when their social media image does not match their real feelings?

→ **They may end up feeling even worse**

32. What can parents do to help improve their kids' self-esteem according to the passage?

→ **Parents can set a good example with tech use, give their full attention, establish tech-free zones/hours, and involve kids in activities they enjoy.**

VII. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với câu viết đúng nhất từ những từ cho sẵn. (0,5 điểm)

33. John / is / old / understand / the problem.

- A. John isn't old enough understand the problem.
- B. John isn't old enough to understand the problem.**
- C. John is so old to understand the problem.
- D. John isn't too old understand the problem.

34. They / decide / learn English / go / study / Australia

- A. They decided learning English before going to study in Australia.
- B. They decided and learned English before going to study in Australia.
- C. They decided to learn English before go to study in Australia.

D. They decided to learn English before going to study in Australia.

VIII. Hoàn thành câu thứ hai sao cho nghĩa không thay đổi so với câu đã cho. (1,5 điểm)

35. You feel unhealthy because you don't take any exercise.

→ If you took **more exercise, you would feel healthier**

36. "If I were you, I would marry him", she said to me.

→ She **advised me to marry him**

37. They couldn't climb up the mountain because of the storm.

→ The storm made **them impossible to climb up the mountain**

38. This is the first time I have gone out for a picnic.

→ I have **never gone out for a picnic before**

39. I can't see anything without my glasses.

→ If I **had my glasses, I could see anything**

40. As people use a lot of wood-pulp, many trees are cut down.

→ The more **people use wood-pulp, the more trees are cut down**

ĐỀ SỐ 13	ĐỀ LUYỆN THI VÀO LỚP 10 MÔN: TIẾNG ANH
-----------------	---

I. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại. (1,0 điểm)

- | | | | |
|-----------------|-------------------|-------------|--------------------|
| 1. A. creature | B. feature | C. disease | D. creation |
| 2. A. appointed | B. relaxed | C. upgraded | D. crowded |
| 3. A. urgent | B. permit | C. western | D. affect |
| 4. A. comb | B. gamble | C. plumber | D. climb |

II. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ/ cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành câu. (3,0 điểm)

5. _____ everyone was discussing students' mental health, the speaker raised a question about teachers' wellbeing.

- A. When** B. While C. So D. Though

6. Since Paul arrived, he has been learning a lot about life _____ a farm.

- A. on** B. with C. from D. to

147. The doctor, to _____ I owe my recovery, provided exceptional care during my illness.

- A. which B. who **C. whom** D. whose

8. She felt _____ when she didn't receive the job offer.

- A. pleased B. relaxed C. fascinated **D. disappointed**

9. In order to achieve your dream, you must know your _____ and abilities first.

- A. career **B. passions** C. knowledge D. skill

10. The October 1989 Loma Pieta earthquake _____ severe damage to the buildings in the San Francisco Bay area.

- A. generated B. made **C. caused** D. created

11. _____ Sun, which is one of millions of stars in the universe, provides us with heat and light.

- A. The** B. A C. An D. X

12. It's important to use _____ cleaning products to reduce the use of harmful chemicals in your home.

- A. natural** B. natures C. naturally D. nature

13. He often likes to _____ in a suit and tie for important meetings.

- A. turn down **B. dress up** C. deal with D. get on

14. She said she _____ her room the following month.

- A. have to decorate
C. had to decorate

- B. would have to decorate**
D. would had to decorate

15. What does the sign say?



- A. You are allowed to take photos in this area.**
B. Photography is not allowed in this area at any time.
C. You can take photos if you have permission.
D. Taking photos is encouraged and permitted here.

16. What does the notice say?

"The local swimming pool is having a water safety course for children on Saturday morning. Sign up now!"

- A. The water safety course for children will be held on Saturday morning.**
B. Sign up now for the children's course.
C. The course is held in the afternoon for teenagers.
D. Registration begins next month for the children's course.

III. *Viết dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành câu. (1,0 điểm)*

17. I (**forget**) **forgot** my keys at home yesterday, and I had to call a locksmith.
18. My daughter would like (**buy**) **to buy** a prom dress for her graduation party.
19. We (**phone**) **will phone** you if we have time.
20. The assistant suggested that he (**clean**) **clean** the touchscreen frequently to assure effective use.

IV. *Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D để điền vào chỗ trống trong văn bản sau. (1,0 điểm)*

As I remember, back in the 50s and 60s, Ha Noi was not as crowded as it is today. Bicycles and cyclos were the main means of transport and the few motorbikes that were around were owned by rich people. It was rare to see cars or jeeps.

Meanwhile, the tram was the only method of public transport. An old tram station is now home to several retail outlets that look out over the lake in Dinh Tien Hoang Street.

At that time, Hanoians always travelled by tram, not only for its (21) _____ but also the price. For just five cents you could travel one-way to its terminus in the former Ha Dong Province, which is now part of the expanded Ha Noi.

I still remember on (22) _____ from school, my friends and I would go to the lake to catch the tram to Botanical Garden. The sound, clang-clang, clang-clang could be regularly heard from early in the morning until late in the evening, come rain or (23) _____. Time,... decades have passed, but there is still a clang (24) _____ in my mind from my childhood.

21. **A. convenience** B. importance C. comfort D. condition

22. A. days out B. out days C. off days **D. days off**

23. A. light B. rise **C. shine** D. brighten

24. A. somewhat **B. somewhere** C. somehow D. someway

V. Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn câu trả lời đúng cho các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

Local festivals are a time for celebration, cultural expression, and community bonding. During these events, residents gather to enjoy traditional music, dance, and food. Colorful parades, art exhibitions, and performances showcase the rich heritage of the area and create an atmosphere of excitement.

In addition, local festivals provide an opportunity for vendors to display their crafts and culinary specialties. Many families look forward to these annual events as a chance to reconnect with their roots and celebrate local traditions. Organizers work hard to create a festive, lively environment that welcomes everyone.

Despite occasional challenges such as unpredictable weather or budget constraints, local festivals remain a cherished part of community life. **They** provide a platform for cultural exchange and help strengthen community identity. Overall, these celebrations not only entertain but also remind people of the history and traditions that define their community.

25. Which title best represents the content of the passage?

A. "Challenges in Organizing Local Festivals"

B. "Local Vendors and Art Exhibitions"

C. "Celebrating Community at the Local Festival"

D. "Traditional Music and Dance Performances"

26. Which of the following is NOT true according to the passage?

A. Local festivals feature colorful parades and art exhibitions.

B. They offer opportunities for vendors to showcase crafts and culinary specialties.

C. Local festivals always occur without any challenges.

D. The events help strengthen community identity.

27. What does the word "**They**" refer to?

A. The local vendors

B. The organizers

C. The local festivals

D. The art exhibitions

28. The word "**lively**" in the passage is closest in meaning to ____.

A. dull

B. energetic

C. quiet

D. somber

VI. Đọc văn bản sau và trả lời các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

Spending your free time on the Internet can be fun. You can chat, share photos with friends, and play online games. But some people are addicted to the Internet. They just can't turn it off.

Being online for many hours at a time does not mean you have a problem. The Internet is very useful. Online, you can pay your bills, buy clothes, and read the news. There are many good reasons to spend time online. However, people with an Internet addiction are online too much. They don't spend time with their friends and family. Instead, they spend their time chatting with their Internet friends, people they have never met in real life. Some also play online games all day or night. Some people with Internet addictions even leave their jobs so they can spend even more time online! People with Internet addictions don't just go online to shop, have fun, or do work. People who have this problem often go online because they want to escape the stress and problems in their lives. Many internet addicts stop caring about their real lives, and focus only on their online lives.

One way Internet addicts can get help is by using special software. This software controls how much time someone can spend online. It tells the computer to turn off the internet after a certain amount time. This helps people focus on real life. The software's goal is to teach people to use the Internet for good reasons and not just as an escape.

29. What can people do on the Internet in their free time?

→ They can chat, share photos, and play online games

30. Why do some people become addicted to the Internet?

→ They use it to escape stress and problems in their lives

31. Who do Internet addicts spend most of their time chatting with?

→ **They chat with their Internet friends, people they have never met in real life**

32. How can Internet addicts get help?

→ **They can use special software that limits their time online.**

VII. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với câu viết đúng nhất từ những từ cho sẵn. (0,5 điểm)

33. weather / cold / they / go finishing.

A. The weather was too cold that they couldn't go fishing.

B. The weather was too cold for them to go fishing.

C. The weather was such cold that they couldn't go fishing.

D. The weather was so cold that they could go fishing.

34. Past / children / not have / many / form / entertainment

A. From the past, children not have many forms of entertainment.

B. In the past, children didn't have many forms of entertainment.

C. In the past, children don't have many forms of entertainment.

D. For the past, children didn't have many forms of entertainment.

VIII. Hoàn thành câu thứ hai sao cho nghĩa không thay đổi so với câu đã cho. (1,5 điểm)

35. "I have forgotten to buy groceries on my way home", said he.

→ He said that **he had forgotten to buy groceries on his way home**

36. Don't walk outside without a sun hat or you will get sunburn.

→ If you **on't wear a sun hat outside, you will get sunburn**

37. Nam is the tallest in my class.

→ No one **in my class is as tall as Nam**

38. It was such a good show that they decided to go and see it again.

→ The show was **so good that they decided to go and see it again.**

39. Is anyone checking your essay about the environmental pollution?

→ Are you having **your essay about the environmental pollution checked?**

40. My mother started cooking for the party two hours ago.

→ My mother has **been cooking for the party for two hours**

ĐỀ SỐ 14	ĐỀ LUYỆN THI VÀO LỚP 10 MÔN: TIẾNG ANH
-----------------	---

I. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại. (1,0 điểm)

1. A. opened

B. seemed

C. closed

D. rested

2. A. wealthy

B. without

C. something

D. thoughtful

3. A. healthy

B. hygiene

C. honest

D. household

4. A. concert

B. culture

C. circle

D. comfort

II. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ/ cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành câu. (3,0 điểm)

5. She was tired, _____ she stayed up late to finish the book.

A. so

B. although

C. but

D. since

6. I am proud _____ the progress I've made in learning a new language.

A. on

B. about

C. in

D. of

7. John is not at home. He _____ go somewhere with Daisy. I am not sure.

A. should

B. must

C. must

D. may

8. Not everyone realizes that _____ organ of the body is the skin.

- A. the most large **B. the largest** C. the larger D. most largest
9. It's _____ that you should follow a regular training programme.
A. pleasant B. confident C. conscious **D. essential**
10. The company is _____ into departments, each responsible for specific tasks.
A. consisted B. included C. directed **D. divided**
11. The scientist _____ conducted the groundbreaking research will be giving a lecture next week.
A. why **B. who** C. where D. which
12. The tour guide offered an informative _____ of the historical landmarks we visited.
A. descriptive B. describe **C. description** D. descriptively
13. I wish that he _____ to me about his living conditions.
A. will never lie B. would lie never
C. would never lie D. could never lie
14. In the 17th century, the Viet people _____ the temple tower, *calling it ThienY Thanh Mau- Tower*.
A. got into **B. took over** C. looked after D. put up
15. What does the sign say?



- A. Dogs are always allowed to be in the pool area.
B. Dogs are sometimes allowed in the pool area.
C. Dogs can swim in the pool whenever they like.
D. Dogs cannot be in the pool area at any time.
16. What does the notice say?

BOOKSHOP-CLOSED AFTERNOONS

- A. The bookshop is closed all day.
B. The bookshop is open in the morning.
C. The bookshop is open in the afternoon.
D. The bookshop is closed in the morning.

III. Viết dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành câu. (1,0 điểm)

17. I've been a vegetarian since I (**watch**) **watched** a documentary about animals.
18. He doesn't let anyone (**talk**) **talk** in the working time.
19. If we recycle bottles and cans, we (**save**) **will save** a lot of natural resources.
20. He shows me where (**buy**) **to buy** tickets.

IV. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D để điền vào chỗ trống trong văn bản sau. (1,0 điểm)

Rice is eaten by Vietnamese people every day. It often (21) _____ in tropical countries such as Vietnam, Thailand or Malaysia. The Chinese have also been growing rice for (22) _____ years. The seeds are planted in special beds to grow into young rice plants. Then they are taken to fields covered with muddy water called paddies. The fields of rice look very (23) _____. After 3 or 5 months, the rice is ready to be picked. People often drain away water before

collecting rice. Eating rice is a special action in the world. They don't use spoons or forks to enjoy bowls of rice. (24) _____, they use two short sticks known as chopsticks to put rice into their mouths. China and Vietnam are the two countries where people use chopsticks very well.

21. **A. grows** B. keeps C. plants D. stays
 22. A. thousands **B. thousands of** C. thousand of D. thousand
 23. A. beauty **B. beautiful** C. beautifully D. the beauty
 24. A. However B. Moreover C. Besides **D. Instead**

V. *Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn câu trả lời đúng cho các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)*

THE IMPORTANCE OF PRESERVING OUR PAST

The United States is home to countless monuments and sites that are of great historical and cultural significance, and their preservation is the **utmost** importance. **These** serve as tangible reminders of the country's history and help us understand and appreciate the heritage left by their ancestors.

One such site that embodies the importance of preserving our past is the Statue of Liberty. This iconic statue, gifted to the United States by France, is not only a symbol of freedom and democracy but also a testament to the relationship between the two countries. The preservation of the Statue of Liberty is crucial to maintaining this relationship and honoring the sacrifices made by those who came before us.

Another iconic symbol of the USA's history is Mount Rushmore, which is the host to millions of visitors worldwide and is surrounded by the Black Hills. Over the decades, Mount Rushmore has grown in fame in America as a symbol of freedom and hope for people from all cultures and backgrounds. The memorial brings to life the statues of Washington, Jefferson, Lincoln, and Theodore Roosevelt, which honors their life and impact on the USA's history. Therefore, its preservation makes the States' roots long-lasting and appreciated.

As a result, preserving our past also includes protecting historic buildings and landmarks. These structures serve as a physical representation of our country's history, and their preservation is essential to understanding and appreciating our past.

25. Which title best represents the content of the passage?

- A. "Modern Challenges in Urban Development"
B. "The Importance of Preserving Our Past"
 C. "Cultural Innovations in the United States"
 D. "Economic Growth and Historical Monuments"

26. Which of the following statements is NOT true according to the passage?

- A. The Statue of Liberty symbolizes freedom and democracy.
 B. Mount Rushmore honors American presidents and symbolizes hope.
C. Preserving historic landmarks is optional for understanding history.
 D. Historic buildings serve as physical representations of the country's past.

27. What does the pronoun "these" refer to?

- A. Historic buildings
B. Monuments and sites
 C. The sacrifices made by ancestors
 D. Relationships between countries

28. The word "**utmost**" in the first paragraph is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. minimal B. optional **C. greatest** D. secondary

VI. *Đọc văn bản sau và trả lời các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)*

I've had my fair share of travel mishaps throughout the years, but my worst travel experience happened during my first solo trip outside of the European Union. My trip to Turkey was amazing, but then things went wrong hours before I was supposed to fly back home.

After packing my suitcase during the night and just before heading down to the lobby to catch the airport shuttle, I decided to lie on the soft bed one last time. And, of course, I fell asleep. I woke up three hours later and instantly panicked. There was no way I would make it to the airport on time to catch my flight, and I felt helpless. I was terrified of being stuck in Turkey and had no idea what to do.

After calling my family back home, tears running, I eventually headed down to the lobby. And while the staff could not help me, a local approached me to ask what was wrong.

The local proceeded to help me by calling the Turkish hotline of the airline for me. To my dismay, there was nothing they could do. But then the wonderful stranger looked up new flights back home for me.

Thanks to the kindness of this stranger, I managed to make it home that very day. And it made me realize that you are never truly alone, even if you are solo traveling. After all, there are amazing people everywhere that are happy to help when you find yourself in a bad situation while traveling.

29. What was the writer's trip to Turkey?

→ **The only bad travel experience she had**

30. What happened when the writer woke up from her sleep?

→ **She realised it was impossible to catch her flight on time**

31. What did the hotel staff do to help the writer?

→ **They couldn't do anything to help her**

32. How did the story end?

→ **A local helped her get another flight back home on the same day**

VII. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với câu viết đúng nhất từ những từ cho sẵn. (0,5 điểm)

33. He / not / have / eyes / tested / a year.

A. He last had his eyes tested for a year.

B. He didn't have any tests on his eyes since a year.

C. He hasn't had his eyes tested for a year.

D. The last time he has tested his eyes was a year ago.

34. If / you / speak / English / we / offer / you / job.

A. If you can speak English, we could offer you the job

B. If you could speak English, we would offer you the job.

C. If you could speak English, we will offer you the job.

D. If you spoke English, we will offer you the job.

VIII. Hoàn thành câu thứ hai sao cho nghĩa không thay đổi so với câu đã cho. (1,5 điểm)

35. In spite of the bad weather, they had a wonderful holiday.

→ Although **the weather was bad, they had a wonderful holiday**

36. He'd rather that you paid him immediately.

→ He'd prefer **to pay him immediately**

37. The furniture was so expensive that I didn't buy it.

→ The furniture was too **expensive for me to buy**

38. I'm sorry that I didn't finish my homework last night.

→ I wish **I had finished my homework last night**

39. Tom plays tennis better than John.

→ John doesn't **play tennis as well as Tom (does).**

40. "You broke my chair, Bob," said Anna.
→ Anna accused **Bob of breaking her chair.**

ĐỀ SỐ 15	ĐỀ LUYỆN THI VÀO LỚP 10 MÔN: TIẾNG ANH
-----------------	---

I. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại. (1,0 điểm)

- A. hands B. answers C. begins **D. lasts**
- A. coughed B. stopped C. influenced **D. hated**
- A. breath **B. smooth** C. wealth D. growth
- A. charity **B. headache** C. watching D. champion

II. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ/ cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành câu. (3,0 điểm)

- They decided to buy the house _____ they didn't really have enough money.
A. in spite of B. however **C. even though** D. despite
- Nikola Tesla is renowned _____ his pioneering contributions to alternating current (AC) electricity and wireless communication.
A. in **B. for** C. to D. of
- The Grand Suite Hotel is by far _____ hotel in Los Angeles.
A. the most expensive B. the expensive
C. the more expensive D. most expensive
- Yoga and meditation are often recommended for improving _____ health and reducing stress.
A. cooperative B. dependent **C. mental** D. doubtful
- I was invited by the professor _____ I met at the conference.
A. whose B. where C. which **D. whom**
- Mike wishes that he _____ a career as a surgeon when he was 18.
A. would pursue B. had pursued C. pursued **D. could pursue**
- He was sentenced to ten years in prison on charges of drug _____.
A. charging B. stealing **C. trafficking** D. trading
- Van is _____ exchange student in the USA.
A. a **B. an** C. the D. Ø
- The new student in my class is _____ good at both English and French.
A. reason B. reasoned C. reasonable **D. reasonably**
- We heard the news as soon as we _____ the car radio.
A. went over **B. switched on** C. grew up D. turned down
- What does the sign say?



- A. Return your cart anywhere in the parking lot.
B. Return the cart to the designated cart area.

- C. Keep the cart in your car until you get home.
D. Return the cart at the store entrance.

16. What does the notice say?



A. The library is open every day of the week.

B. The library closes at 6 PM on weekdays.

C. The library opens at 9 AM on Saturdays.

D. The library is open on Sundays.

III. Viết dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành câu. (1,0 điểm)

17. He (**win**) **won** the championship trophy for his outstanding performance in the last tournament.

18. I strongly advised him (**drink**) **not to drink** and drive to ensure his safety and the safety of others.

19. By the time Jane arrived at the cinema yesterday, the film (**start**) **had started**.

20. We (have) **have had** four quizzes and five tests so far this semester.

IV. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D để điền vào chỗ trống trong văn bản sau. (1,0 điểm)

When dining in a typical Korean restaurant with locals, get ready to share your food! Doing it in the Korean way means eating from the (21) _____ bowl, since sharing and common dining are a big part of their culture. Sitting around the big round table, with (22) _____ small, different dishes called "banchan" on top of it and usually one big grill in the middle of the table to grill your own meat, is not a sign of a lazy chef but an opportunity to enjoy the ritual.

Since the (23) _____ is to eat straight from the bowl without having your own plate, seeing other people's spoons dipped in the same pot shouldn't surprise you. So, feel free to stick your chopsticks in that kimchi shouting: my germs!

Compared with the western customs of consuming the food, the biggest difference is that you have your personal plate (24) _____ you place the food, which is not shared with the rest once it is on your plate. Also, the habit is to usually eat only one big, main dish, with possibly one or two side dishes, while Koreans have a variety of small bites.

21. A. similar B. different C. separate **D. same**

22. A. much **B. lots of** C. a D. any

23. A. traditionally B. traditionalist **C. tradition** D. traditional

24. A. who B. which C. that **D. where**

V. Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn câu trả lời đúng cho các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

Digital devices are used in every aspect of life and provide a mobile, interactive tool for learning. Educators are finding ways to use them effectively, including the nuances and process of social channels.

Digital devices also allow students to be more mobile instead of being chained to a desk. Interactive communication such as Skype can also be used for new learning experiences that are shared with other classrooms. **This** allows for collaboration for projects between classes and even school-to-school introducing experiential learning in many communities.

Technology and digital devices have also made teachers more accessible to students using educational platforms, social media and other means to communicate, upload lessons and assignments, and for assignment submissions. At the same time, many fear that artificial

intelligence is the **sleeping giant** that can replace a teacher with many adaptive software developments opening up various possibilities.

Schools are using the internet as a learning tool with many focusing on IT skills. While many have smart boards in every classroom and students carry around laptops to their lectures.

25. Which title best represents the content of the passage?

A. "Social Media in Modern Society"

B. "The Role of Digital Devices in Education"

C. "Artificial Intelligence and the Future of Work"

D. "Mobile Technology in Daily Life"

26. Which of the following statements is NOT true according to the passage?

A. Digital devices allow students to be mobile and collaborate with other classrooms.

B. Teachers use digital devices to upload lessons and assignments.

C. Artificial intelligence has already replaced teachers in most schools.

D. Many schools are focusing on IT skills and using smart boards in classrooms.

27. The phrase "sleeping giant" in paragraph 3 means _____.

A. one that has great but unrealized power

B. one that is too weak to fight

C. one that is lazy and has no ambition

D. one that is sometimes strong

28. What does the word "This" refer to?

A. The overall use of digital devices in education.

B. The interactive communication, such as Skype, used for sharing new learning experiences.

C. The process of using social channels by educators.

D. The mobile, interactive tool for learning provided by digital devices.

VI. Đọc văn bản sau và trả lời các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

I have been on an unforgettable field trip to Ba Vi with my class. The trip was designed to show students the authentic life of Vietnamese villages and to support the local community. During this trip, we paid a visit to some local families who introduced us to the daily life and traditional activities of the local villages.

The first stop was at the Ri village, where we met Mr. Duoc, who owns the tea plantation. We had a walk around his farm and took part in the tea harvesting. Later he taught us how to roll and dry the tea leaves.

Then we visited another village and the other host Mrs. Chin, who taught US how to cook traditional meals. After cooking we could try the meals we made for lunch at the tropical garden. After a short break, we could have a cycling trip along the lake, rice fields, and banana plantations. On the way, we could enjoy the surrounding scenery and talk to local people. We also saw what people did for a living and how the local products were made.

After the cycling trip, we moved to the third host Mrs. Chinh, who is a representative of Muong people. She took us on a boat trip along the Da river, which was the last part of the field trip.

That was the first time I travelled without my parents, and it was absolutely a memorable experience.

The speaker went to Ba Vi.

30. Who did the students meet at Ri village, and what did he show them?

-> **They met Mr. Duoc, who owns a tea plantation and taught them tea harvesting and how to roll and dry tea leaves.**

31. What did Mrs. Chin teach the students in the other village?

^ **She taught them how to cook traditional meals.**

32. What activities did the students do during the cycling trip?

-> **They cycled along the lake, rice fields, and banana plantations while enjoying the scenery.**

VII. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với câu viết đúng nhất từ những từ cho sẵn. (0,5 điểm)

33. All flights / Noi Bai / International Airport / cancel / fog.

A. All flights from Noi Bai International Airport were cancelled because fog.

B. All flights from Noi Bai International Airport were cancelled because of fog.

C. All flights from Noi Bai International Airport were cancelled despite of fog.

D. All flights from Noi Bai International Airport were cancelled in spite of fog.

34. It/ be/ such/ good movie/ that/ she/ watch/ twice/

A. It is such good movie that she has watched it twice.

B. It is such a good movie that she has watched it twice.

C. It is such good movie that she watched it twice.

D. It is such a good movie that she had watched it twice.

VIII. Hoàn thành câu thứ hai sao cho nghĩa không thay đổi so với câu đã cho. (1,5 điểm)

35. His legs were broken, but he managed to get out of the car.

→ Despite **his broken legs, he managed to get out of the car**

36. "Why don't you wear sunglasses, Anna?" said Bob.

→ Bob **suggested Anna should wear sunglasses.**

33. He didn't eat anything but small pieces of bread and butter.

-> He only **ate some small pieces of bread and butter./**

34. Nobody in the hospital works more carefully than Mr. Johnson.

-> Mr. Johnson **is the most careful worker in the factory.**

35. I used to live in Ho Chi Minh City.

-> I no longer **live in Ho Chi Minh City.** ✓

36. She usually drinks a glass of milk before going to bed every night.

-> She is used **to drinking a glass of milk before going to bed every night.**