

SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO TPHCM
TRƯỜNG THPT BÀ RỊA
(Đề thi có 04 trang)

KỲ THI THỬ TỐT NGHIỆP THPT NĂM 2026
Môn thi: TIẾNG ANH

Thời gian làm bài: 50 phút, không kể thời gian phát đề

Họ và tên: Số báo danh: Mã đề 101

Read the following leaflet and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 1 to 6.

Looking for a Rewarding Part-Time Job?

Are you ready to take on a challenging work environment and gain valuable experience? Part-time jobs can equip you (1)_____ practical skills like time management, communication, and teamwork.

For those juggling multiple responsibilities, part-time work is an excellent choice (2)_____ full-time commitments. Employers frequently advertise (3)_____ tailored to students or individuals seeking flexible hours. While balancing work and life can sometimes feel (4), part-time jobs (5) opportunities for personal and professional growth. They also provide a chance to explore (6)_____ and build a solid foundation for your future.

Don't wait - start your search today and discover the part-time job that fits your schedule and goals! Visit CareerLaunchNow.com to explore opportunities near you.

- Question 1.** A. for B. at C. with D. in
Question 2. A. regardless of B. with regard to C. in place of D. on account of
Question 3. A. enquiries B. circumstances C. situations D. vacancies
Question 4. A. frustrating B. frustrate C. frustrated D. frustration
Question 5. A. go over B. take over C. open up D. bring in
Question 6. A. career different paths B. different career paths C. different paths
 career D. career paths different

Read the following announcement and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 7 to 12.

ANNOUNCEMENT: FUTURE TECH EXPO 2026

We are excited to announce the Future Tech Expo 2026, (7)_____ in Ho Chi Minh City this November. This event is a premier platform for innovators to showcase their latest breakthroughs. Visitors will have the chance to explore (8)_____ cutting-edge inventions, from AI-driven robots to sustainable energy solutions. Attending the expo is (9)_____ great way to stay ahead of the curve in the rapidly evolving digital landscape.

Participants can engage in workshops and gain practical knowledge. (10)_____ highlight of the event is the "Startup Pitch" competition, where young entrepreneurs present their ideas to global investors. Don't miss this opportunity to (11)_____ with experts and like-minded individuals from around the world. Early registration is encouraged as tickets are expected to (12)_____ out quickly. Join us to shape the future together!

- Question 7.** A. held B. holding C. which held D. hold
Question 8. A. numerous B. a little C. every D. much
Question 9. A. the B. an C. no article D. a
Question 10. A. The others B. Other C. Others D. Another
Question 11. A. attach B. network C. operate D. combine
Question 12. A. take B. sell C. run D. give

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best arrangement of utterances or sentences to make a meaningful exchange or text in each of the following questions from 13 to 17.

Question 13.

- a. Grandma: It works! Everything's so easy to read now. Thanks, dear.
 b. Grandma: Mark, can you help me increase the font size of this text on my laptop? It's too small for me to read.
 c. Mark: Let me show you ... You need to press these two keys together... See? It's easy, isn't it?

A. a – b – c

B. b – c – a

C. a – c – b

D. c – b – a

Question 14.

- a. Anna: I don't quite agree. I think knowing how to work well with others can really boost your career.
- b. Anna: What do you think about the importance of soft skills in the workplace?
- c. Ben: I think technical skills are what really matter. Communication and teamwork feel a bit overrated to me.
- d. Ben: Maybe, but I still believe being good at the actual job is more important.
- e. Anna: I feel like soft skills make a huge difference, especially when you're in a team setting.

A. b – d – a – c – e

B. e – c – a – d – b

C. b – c – e – d – a

D. e – d – a – c – b

Question 15. Dear Mike,

- a. This form of crime involves deceptive practices, such as phishing emails and fraudulent websites, to steal sensitive information.
- b. These challenges highlight the urgent need for robust cybersecurity measures and public awareness campaigns.
- c. By adopting strong passwords and verifying online sources, people can significantly reduce their vulnerability to such scams.
- d. Cyber fraud is a growing threat in the digital age, targeting individuals and organisations alike.
- e. Consequently, many victims find themselves exposed to identity theft or financial loss.

A. d – b – c – e – a

B. d – c – b – a – e

C. d – e – c – a – b

D. d – a – e – b – c

Question 16.

- a. This adaptation to Japan's way of life became easier over time, and I found joy in exploring traditional tea houses, historic temples, and cherry blossom parks.
- b. Arriving in Japan was exhilarating, but navigating Tokyo's busy train stations for the first time was overwhelming as I tried to make sense of the signs and schedules.
- c. In the end, my first experience in Japan was deeply rewarding, teaching me resilience and a genuine appreciation for stepping out of my comfort zone.
- d. Since it was my first time visiting Japan, the culture, language, and even daily routines felt completely unfamiliar and incredibly fascinating.
- e. Embracing these challenges, I focused on learning the basics, like mastering simple phrases and understanding Japanese customs to feel more connected.

A. b – a – d – e – c

B. a – b – e – d – c

C. d – b – e – a – c

D. e – b – a – d – c

Question 17.

- a. Once known for its small class sizes and close-knit community, Redmond University has expanded with new buildings dedicated to science, technology, and student services.
- b. To meet these needs, the university has established a new cultural centre and additional language programmes, creating a welcoming environment for all students.
- c. This increased diversity has led to a greater demand for multicultural events and language support services, enriching the student experience.
- d. This expansion has attracted more students and faculty from around the world, making the campus more culturally diverse and academically vibrant.
- e. Redmond University has undergone a remarkable transformation over the past decade.

A. b – c – d – a – e

B. e – a – b – c – d

C. b – e – c – a – d

D. e – a – d – c – b

Read the following passage about Black Friday and e-waste and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 18 to 22.

Black Friday, once just an American shopping phenomenon, has now spread globally, enticing millions of consumers with massive discounts and limited-time deals. Black Friday, originally associated with the day after Thanksgiving in the United States, (18) _____. In recent years, this event has expanded to last an entire week, drawing in eager shoppers worldwide. However, with this surge in consumer activity, there comes a significant downside: the rise in electronic waste, commonly known as e-waste.

Each year, Black Friday contributes to a dramatic increase in sales of electronic devices, from smartphones to laptops. Many of these items quickly become outdated or replaced, fuelling a cycle of consumption (19)

_____. This surge has created serious environmental challenges, as most electronics contain hazardous materials that require special disposal methods.

Electronic waste represents a growing environmental crisis, impacting landfills and releasing harmful chemicals into ecosystems. The materials in many electronic devices, such as metals and plastics, take years to break down. When improperly discarded, (20) _____. In response, (21) _____.

Black Friday highlights both the excitement of consumerism and the pressing need for environmental awareness. Having embraced sustainable practices, (22) _____. This urges consumers to think beyond short-term discounts and prioritise long-term environmental health.

Question 18.

- A. marks the unofficial start of the holiday shopping season
- B. which serves as the unofficial launch of the holiday shopping season
- C. signalling the informal start of the holiday shopping season
- D. of which the informal kick-off to the holiday shopping season is marked

Question 19.

- A. whose production of large amounts of e-waste
- B. led to significant amounts of e-waste
- C. resulted in large quantities of e-waste
- D. which generates vast amounts of e-waste

Question 20.

- A. leaked toxins into soil and water endangers wildlife by these materials
- B. wildlife is endangered by toxins leaked by these materials into soil and water
- C. these materials leak toxins into soil and water, endangering wildlife
- D. soil and water suffer from leaked toxins by these materials, harming wildlife

Question 21.

- A. some companies offer take-back programmes to reduce environmental impact
- B. take-back programmes require some companies to reduce environmental impact
- C. the environmental impact is reduced thanks to some companies' take-back programmes
- D. adopting take-back programmes helps reduce the environmental impact of some companies

Question 22.

- A. mindful shopping through "Green Friday" alternatives is encouraged by some retailers
- B. "Green Friday" alternatives help encourage mindful shopping among some retailers
- C. encouraging mindful shopping via "Green Friday" alternatives is done by some retailers
- D. some retailers are promoting "Green Friday" alternatives to encourage mindful shopping

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best answer to each of the following questions from 23 to 30.

K-pop, or Korean pop music, has become a global phenomenon in recent years, sweeping across continents and attracting millions of fans worldwide. This genre, known for its catchy beats, high-energy performances, and stunning visuals, has garnered a massive following far beyond South Korea. K-pop groups such as BTS, BLACKPINK, and EXO have amassed dedicated fanbases, known as "ARMY" and "Blinks", who passionately support their favorite artists both online and at live events.

The rise of K-pop is not just a passing trend; it's a cultural movement that has changed the landscape of global music. Social media platforms like Twitter, Instagram, and YouTube have played a crucial role in amplifying the reach of K-pop, allowing fans from all over the world to connect and share their love for the music. Through these platforms, K-pop groups are able to interact with their fans in real-time, creating a sense of community and engagement that transcends borders.

What sets K-pop apart from other music genres is its fusion of various musical styles, including pop, hip-hop, R&B, and EDM. This blend of genres has allowed K-pop to appeal to a wide range of listeners, regardless of their cultural background. Additionally, the emphasis on impressive choreography and visually striking music videos has set new standards for performance in the global music industry. As K-pop continues to grow in popularity, it is clear that the genre's influence on the music industry will only continue to expand. K-pop's success has also had a significant cultural impact, promoting Korean language, fashion, and even food worldwide. What began as a niche genre has now become a dominant force in global music. K-pop

artists are collaborating with international stars and performing on world stages. The genre's global influence shows no signs of slowing down, marking the rise of a new era in popular music.

Question 23. The word garnered in paragraph 1 could be best replaced by _____.
 A. neglected B. acquired C. suffered D. dispersed

Question 24. Which of the following is NOT mentioned as one of the K-pop groups?
 A. ABBA B. BTS C. BLACKPINK D. EXO

Question 25. The word their in paragraph 2 refers to _____.
 A. platforms B. borders C. K-pop groups D. fans

Question 26. The word various in paragraph 3 is OPPOSITE in meaning to _____.
 A. different B. diverse C. numerous D. similar

Question 27. Which of the following best paraphrases the underlined sentence in paragraph 4?
 A. K-pop artists, who initially had a limited following, have now expanded their influence.
 B. Despite its global success, K-pop is still considered a niche genre by many fans.
 C. K-pop was initially a niche genre that only a few people enjoyed, and now it's still unpopular.
 D. K-pop, which was once a minor genre, is now at the forefront of global music.

Question 28. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?
 A. K-pop's global influence is limited to the music industry without affecting other cultural aspects.
 B. K-pop's success can be attributed solely to its striking music videos.
 C. K-pop's success is mainly due to its influence on fashion and food globally.
 D. K-pop groups have gained a large following globally due to the influence of social media.

Question 29. In which paragraph does the writer mention a complementary relationship that helps distinguish K-pop from others?

A. Paragraph 3 B. Paragraph 4 C. Paragraph 2 D. Paragraph 1

Question 30. In which paragraph does the writer mention the cooperation between K-pop artists and musicians from other countries?

A. Paragraph 4 B. Paragraph 2 C. Paragraph 1 D. Paragraph 3

Read the following passage about artificial intelligence and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 31 to 40.

[I] Why is it that many teenagers have the energy to play computer games until late at night but can't find the energy to get out of bed in time for school? [II] According to a new report, today's generation of children are in danger of getting so little sleep that they are putting their mental and physical health at risk. [III] According to medical experts, one in five youngsters gets anything between two and five hours' sleep a night less than their parents did at their age. [IV]

The connection between sleep deprivation and lapses in memory, impaired reaction time and poor concentration is well established. Research has shown that losing as little as half an hour's sleep a night can have profound effects on how children perform the next day. A good night's sleep is also crucial for teenagers because it is while they are asleep that they release a hormone that is essential for their 'growth spurt' (the period during teenage years when the body grows at a rapid rate).

So why aren't teenagers getting enough sleep? Some experts suggest the presence of televisions, computers, and mobile phones in children's bedrooms may be to blame. As new childhood pre-sleep activities have become more widespread, so more traditional ones such as reading have declined.

Research has shown that teenagers have different sleep patterns from younger children and adults. One important change that occurs at night time is increased levels of the 'darkness hormone' melatonin, which helps us to fall asleep. Most adults start to produce melatonin at about 10 p.m. When teenagers were studied in a sleep laboratory, researchers discovered that they only began to produce the hormone at 1 a.m. It is possible that this delay in melatonin production is caused by the behaviour of teenagers. Playing with electronic gadgets late at night stimulates the brain and exposes the teenagers to bright lights which could cause the later release of melatonin.

Issues surrounding sleep - who needs how much and when - are usually given short shrift in efforts to improve student achievement. But modern brain researchers say it is time that more schools woke up to the biological facts and started lessons at a time better suited to their teenage students.

Question 31. Where in paragraph 1 does the following sentence best fit?

This raises serious questions about whether lack of sleep is affecting children's ability to concentrate at school.

A. [III]

B. [IV]

C. [II]

D. [I]

Question 32. A. temporary failures B. long-term effects C. emotional crises D. personal qualities

Question 33. According to paragraph 2, which of the following is NOT a harmful effect caused by lack of sleep?

A. a poor concentration span

B. weakened immune system

C. slower response time

D. decreased academic performance

Question 34. A. teenagers

B. effects

C. parents

D. medical experts

Question 35. Which of the following best paraphrases the underlined sentence in paragraph 3?

As new childhood pre-sleep activities have become more widespread, so more traditional ones such as reading have declined.

A. Only when new childhood bedtime habits became more common did traditional practices like reading start to disappear.

B. Were traditional activities like reading encouraged more, new childhood pre-sleep habits would not have replaced them.

C. The decline of reading among children has resulted in the rising popularity of newer pre-sleep activities.

D. With the rise of new pre-sleep activities among children, traditional habits like reading have become less common.

Question 36. Which of the following best summarises paragraph 4?

A. Studies in sleep labs show teenagers' melatonin levels rise later at night compared to adults, certainly influenced by their behaviour and exposure to bright lights.

B. The delayed release of the sleep hormone melatonin in teenagers, occurring around 1 a.m., is a key difference in their sleep patterns compared to younger children and adults.

C. Teenagers' sleep patterns differ from other age groups because their melatonin production is delayed until 1 a.m., unlike adults who start producing it at 10 p.m.

D. Research indicates teenagers produce sleep-inducing melatonin later (around 1 a.m.) than adults (10 p.m.), possibly due to evening electronic device use and light exposure.

Question 37. The phrase **given short shrift** in paragraph 5 is OPPOSITE in meaning to _____.

A. given less priority

B. made less controversial

C. criticised heavily

D. paid excessive attention

Question 38. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?

A. The availability of electronic devices at night can contribute to teenagers staying up later.

B. Today's younger generations suffer more mental health issues because of sleep deprivation.

C. Teenagers tend to fall asleep later than adults because their body is not fully developed.

D. A child's performance at school is entirely determined by how good their night's sleep is.

Question 39. Which of the following can be inferred from the passage?

A. Schools often ignore the need to align schedules with teenagers' sleep patterns.

B. Delaying school start times will guarantee improved learning in teenage students.

C. The exposure to bright lights at night stimulates teenagers to sleep better.

D. A lack of modern technological gadgets will improve teenager's sleep quality.

Question 40. Which of the following best summarises the passage?

A. A new report highlights that today's children, especially teenagers with delayed melatonin release around 1 a.m. compared to adults' 10 p.m., are sleep-deprived due to electronics, affecting their health and learning.

B. Research shows teenagers' later melatonin production, definitely from evening gadget use, leads to sleep deprivation, hindering memory, reaction time, growth hormone release, urging schools to take measures.

C. Teenagers often lack energy for school due to sleep deprivation linked to late-night screen use which delays melatonin production, impacting memory, concentration, growth, and suggesting later school start times.

D. Medical experts report teenagers get less sleep than their parents did, and this lack of sleep, potentially caused by technology in bedrooms delaying melatonin, harms their development and academic performance.

----- THE END -----

ĐÁP ÁN THAM KHẢO

Câu	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Đáp án	C	A	D	A	C	B	A	A	D	D
Câu	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Đáp án	B	B	B	C	D	C	D	A	D	C
Câu	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Đáp án	A	D	B	A	C	D	D	D	A	A
Câu	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
Đáp án	B	A	B	A	D	D	D	A	A	C

LỜI GIẢI THAM KHẢO

Câu 1. Đáp án C. with

Cụm đúng là **equip somebody with something** = trang bị cho ai cái gì.

=> *equip you with practical skills* là đúng.

Câu 2. Đáp án A. regardless of

Câu có ý: công việc bán thời gian là lựa chọn tốt **bất chấp / không phụ thuộc vào** các cam kết toàn thời gian khác.

• **regardless of** = bất kể

• **with regard to** = liên quan đến

• **in place of** = thay cho

• **on account of** = bởi vì

=> Chỉ **regardless of** hợp nghĩa.

Câu 3. Đáp án D. vacancies

Employers frequently advertise vacancies = nhà tuyển dụng thường đăng tuyển **vị trí còn trống**.

• **enquiries** = câu hỏi

• **circumstances** = hoàn cảnh

• **situations** = tình huống

• **vacancies** = vị trí tuyển dụng

=> Đúng là **vacancies**.

Câu 4. Đáp án A. frustrating

Sau động từ **feel**, ta dùng tính từ. Ở đây chủ ngữ là *balancing work and life* (việc cân bằng công việc và cuộc sống), nên dùng **frustrating** = gây khó chịu/bực bội.

- frustrated thường diễn tả **cảm xúc của người**
- => **feel frustrating** hợp hơn trong ngữ cảnh này.

Câu 5. Đáp án C. open up

open up opportunities = mở ra cơ hội.

- go over = xem lại
 - take over = tiếp quản
 - bring in = mang vào/thu hút
- => **open up** là đúng collocation.

Câu 6. Đáp án B. different career paths

Cụm danh từ đúng trật tự là **different career paths** = những con đường nghề nghiệp khác nhau.
=> B đúng ngữ pháp.

Câu 7. Đáp án A. held

Câu đầy đủ: *the Future Tech Expo 2026, held in Ho Chi Minh City this November, ...*

Đây là mệnh đề rút gọn bị động: **which is held** → **held**.

=> A đúng.

Câu 8. Đáp án A. numerous

explore numerous cutting-edge inventions = khám phá **nhều** phát minh tiên tiến.

- a little, much dùng với danh từ không đếm được
 - every đi với danh từ số ít
- => chỉ **numerous** hợp.

Câu 9. Đáp án D. a

Cụm đúng: **a great way**.

Vì *great* bắt đầu bằng phụ âm /g/, không dùng *an*.

=> D đúng.

Câu 10. Đáp án D. Another

Another highlight of the event is... = Một điểm nổi bật khác của sự kiện là...

- other/others/the others không đứng được tự nhiên ở đây
- => **Another** đúng cả ngữ pháp lẫn nghĩa.

Câu 11. Đáp án B. network

network with experts = kết nối, mở rộng quan hệ với các chuyên gia.

Đây là collocation rất quen thuộc.

=> B đúng.

Câu 12. Đáp án B. sell

Cụm cố định: **sell out** = bán hết.

tickets are expected to sell out quickly = vé được dự đoán sẽ bán hết nhanh chóng.

=> B đúng.

Câu 13. Đáp án B. b – c – a

Trình tự hợp lí:

- **b**: Bà nhờ giúp tăng cỡ chữ
- **c**: Mark hướng dẫn cách làm
- **a**: Bà xác nhận làm được rồi và cảm ơn

=> B đúng.

Câu 14. Đáp án C. b – c – e – d – a

Trình tự logic nhất:

- **b**: Anna hỏi về tầm quan trọng của soft skills
- **c**: Ben trả lời, cho rằng technical skills quan trọng hơn
- **e**: Anna nêu ý kiến ngược lại
- **d**: Ben đáp lại: *Maybe, but...*
- **a**: Anna tiếp tục khẳng định quan điểm không đồng ý hoàn toàn

=> C mạch hội thoại tự nhiên nhất.

Câu 15. Đáp án D. d – a – e – b – c

Mạch đoạn thư hợp lí:

- **d**: giới thiệu chủ đề cyber fraud
- **a**: giải thích hình thức tội phạm này là gì
- **e**: nêu hậu quả
- **b**: từ những thách thức đó dẫn đến nhu cầu cấp bách
- **c**: nêu giải pháp giảm rủi ro

=> D đúng.

Câu 16. Đáp án C. d – b – e – a – c

Trình tự kể chuyện:

- **d**: lần đầu tới Nhật, mọi thứ lạ lẫm
- **b**: đến nơi và gặp khó khăn ở ga tàu Tokyo
- **e**: chấp nhận thử thách, học những điều cơ bản

- a: dần thích nghi tốt hơn và bắt đầu tận hưởng

- c: kết luận trải nghiệm rất ý nghĩa

=> C đúng.

Câu 17. Đáp án D. e – a – d – c – b

Mạch đoạn văn:

- e: câu mở đầu chung về sự thay đổi lớn của trường
- a: nói rõ sự mở rộng cơ sở vật chất
- d: sự mở rộng này thu hút thêm sinh viên, giảng viên quốc tế
- c: sự đa dạng tăng lên dẫn tới nhu cầu mới
- b: để đáp ứng nhu cầu đó, trường mở trung tâm văn hóa và chương trình ngôn ngữ

=> D chuẩn logic.

Câu 18. Đáp án A. marks the unofficial start of the holiday shopping season

Câu gốc: *Black Friday, originally associated with..., (18) ...*

Sau chủ ngữ **Black Friday**, cần một **động từ chính** hoàn chỉnh.

- A là mệnh đề hoàn chỉnh
- B bắt đầu bằng *which* là sai vì không có mệnh đề chính
- C là V-ing, không đủ làm vị ngữ chính
- D sai cấu trúc

=> A đúng.

Câu 19. Đáp án D. which generates vast amounts of e-waste

Câu: *fuelling a cycle of consumption (19) ...*

Cần mệnh đề quan hệ bổ nghĩa cho *a cycle of consumption*.

=> **which generates vast amounts of e-waste** là tự nhiên nhất.

B và C lệch cấu trúc; A sai ngữ pháp.

Câu 20. Đáp án C. these materials leak toxins into soil and water, endangering wildlife

Sau *When improperly discarded*, cần một mệnh đề hoàn chỉnh, logic rõ ràng.

Câu C đúng ngữ pháp và nghĩa: các vật liệu này rò rỉ độc tố vào đất và nước, gây nguy hại cho động vật hoang dã.

=> C đúng.

Câu 21. Đáp án A. some companies offer take-back programmes to reduce environmental impact

In response, cần một hành động cụ thể để giảm tác động môi trường.

A là câu rõ nghĩa và đúng cấu trúc nhất.

=> A đúng.

Câu 22. Đáp án D. some retailers are promoting “Green Friday” alternatives to encourage mindful shopping

Cấu trúc đầu câu là *Having embraced sustainable practices*, nên theo sau phải là một mệnh đề chính có chủ ngữ phù hợp.

D rất tự nhiên: một số nhà bán lẻ đang thúc đẩy các lựa chọn “Green Friday” để khuyến khích mua sắm có ý thức.

=> D đúng.

Câu 23 → 30

Đoạn K-pop nói rõ K-pop trở thành hiện tượng toàn cầu, được mạng xã hội khuếch đại, nổi bật nhờ sự pha trộn nhiều thể loại nhạc, và còn có ảnh hưởng tới ngôn ngữ, thời trang, ẩm thực; đồng thời các nghệ sĩ K-pop hợp tác với ngôi sao quốc tế.

Câu 23. Đáp án B. **acquired**

garnered a massive following = thu hút / có được một lượng người hâm mộ lớn.

=> gần nghĩa nhất là **acquired**.

Câu 24. Đáp án A. **ABBA**

Trong bài chỉ nêu **BTS, BLACKPINK, EXO**.

ABBA không được nhắc tới.

=> A đúng.

Câu 25. Đáp án C. **K-pop groups**

Trong câu: *K-pop groups are able to interact with their fans...*

their = của **K-pop groups**.

=> C đúng.

Câu 26. Đáp án D. **similar**

various = đa dạng, khác nhau.

Từ trái nghĩa là **similar** = tương tự, giống nhau.

=> D đúng.

Câu 27. Đáp án D. **K-pop, which was once a minor genre, is now at the forefront of global music.**

Câu gạch chân: *What began as a niche genre has now become a dominant force in global music.*

Diễn đạt lại đúng nhất là: từ một thể loại nhỏ/lẻ → nay trở thành lực lượng nổi bật hàng đầu trong âm nhạc toàn cầu.

=> D đúng.

Câu 28. Đáp án D. **K-pop groups have gained a large following globally due to the influence of social media.**

Đoạn 2 nói rõ Twitter, Instagram, YouTube đóng vai trò quan trọng trong việc khuếch đại tầm ảnh hưởng của K-pop trên toàn cầu.

=> D là phát biểu đúng.

A, B, C đều quá hẹp hoặc sai ý.

Câu 29. Đáp án A. **Paragraph 3**

Đoạn 3 nói K-pop khác biệt nhờ **sự pha trộn nhiều phong cách âm nhạc**: pop, hip-hop, R&B, EDM.

Đó chính là “mối quan hệ kết hợp / bổ sung” giúp K-pop nổi bật.

=> A đúng.

Câu 30. Đáp án A. Paragraph 4

Đoạn 4 có câu: *K-pop artists are collaborating with international stars...*

=> nhắc tới sự hợp tác với nghệ sĩ quốc tế ở **Paragraph 4**.

Câu 31 → 40

Đoạn cuối nói về việc thanh thiếu niên thiếu ngủ, ảnh hưởng tới trí nhớ, phản xạ, tập trung, tăng trưởng; việc dùng thiết bị điện tử ban đêm có thể làm chậm tiết melatonin, và trường học nên cân nhắc giờ học phù hợp hơn với nhịp sinh học của học sinh tuổi teen.

Câu 31. Đáp án B. [IV]

Câu chèn: *This raises serious questions about whether lack of sleep is affecting children's ability to concentrate at school.*

Từ **This** nên đặt sau khi đã nêu xong các thông tin ở đoạn 1, đặc biệt là số liệu *one in five youngsters gets... less sleep...* rồi mới rút ra nhận xét.

=> đặt ở **[IV]** hợp nhất.

Câu 32. Đáp án A. temporary failures

lapses in memory = những lúc trí nhớ bị hụt, quên tạm thời.

=> gần nghĩa nhất là **temporary failures**.

Câu 33. Đáp án B. weakened immune system

Đoạn 2 nêu các tác hại:

- lapses in memory
- impaired reaction time
- poor concentration
- perform worse the next day

Không hề nhắc đến **weakened immune system**.

=> B là đáp án cần chọn.

Câu 34. Đáp án A. teenagers

Trong câu: *it is while they are asleep that they release a hormone...*

they chỉ **teenagers**.

=> A đúng.

Câu 35. Đáp án D. With the rise of new pre-sleep activities among children, traditional habits like reading have become less common.

Đây là cách diễn đạt lại sát nhất của câu gạch chân.

- Các hoạt động mới trước khi ngủ tăng lên
- Những hoạt động truyền thống như đọc sách giảm đi

=> D đúng.

Câu 36. Đáp án D.

Đoạn 4 nêu hai ý chính:

- Teenagers tạo melatonin muộn hơn người lớn: khoảng **1 a.m.** so với **10 p.m.**

• Điều này **có thể** do dùng thiết bị điện tử và tiếp xúc ánh sáng mạnh vào buổi tối
D tóm tắt đầy đủ và vừa mức nhất.
A dùng *certainly* là quá chắc chắn; B, C thiếu ý nguyên nhân.

Câu 37. Đáp án D. paid excessive attention

given short shrift = bị xem nhẹ, không được quan tâm đúng mức.

Từ/cụm trái nghĩa là **paid excessive attention** = được chú ý rất nhiều.

=> D đúng.

Câu 38. Đáp án A.

Bài nói rõ TV, máy tính, điện thoại trong phòng ngủ có thể là nguyên nhân; chơi thiết bị điện tử đêm khuya kích thích não và tiếp xúc ánh sáng mạnh, làm melatonin tiết muộn hơn.

=> A đúng.

B, C, D đều suy diễn quá mức hoặc sai.

Câu 39. Đáp án A.

Đoạn cuối nói các vấn đề về giấc ngủ thường **không được ưu tiên đúng mức** trong nỗ lực cải thiện thành tích học tập, và các nhà nghiên cứu cho rằng trường học nên bắt đầu tiết học phù hợp hơn với học sinh tuổi teen.

=> Có thể suy ra: **trường học thường phớt lờ việc điều chỉnh lịch học cho phù hợp với nhịp ngủ của tuổi teen.**

=> A đúng.

Câu 40. Đáp án C.

Đáp án C tóm tắt đủ các ý lớn nhất:

- thiếu ngủ khiến teen mệt mỏi khi đi học
- liên quan đến dùng màn hình/thiết bị ban đêm
- làm chậm tiết melatonin
- ảnh hưởng trí nhớ, tập trung, tăng trưởng
- gợi ý nên cho học muộn hơn

A và D thiếu một vài ý; B dùng *definitely* là quá khẳng định.

=> C là bản tóm tắt tốt nhất.