

Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút (không kể thời gian phát đề)

Họ, tên thí sinh: Số báo danh:Mã đề 101

Part 1. Read the following dialogue and choose the most appropriate turn from the box to fill in each gap. There is ONE extra turn. (1.0 point)

- A. Where will we meet?
- B. That's a good idea.
- C. What time shall we meet?
- D. Yes, I'd love to.
- E. See you soon.

Dialogue:

Anna: Would you like to go shopping with me?
Lily: (1) _____
Anna: Great!
Lily: (2) _____
Anna: At 9 a.m.
Lily: (3) _____
Anna: At the supermarket.
Lily: OK. (4) _____

Part 2. Read the following passage and choose the correct answer A, B, or C for each of the blanks. (1.0 point)

Online shopping has become very popular. With a click of a mouse on your computer, you can buy anything you want. It is much easier than going into town, (5) _____ around lots of different shops. You can also see what is (6) _____ in stores all over the world when you shop online.

Another good reason for shopping on the internet is that you don't have to carry heavy bags of shopping home. Online companies just send your order to your house, usually, in a few days.

(7) _____, one big problem with online shopping is that you can't try on any clothes before you buy them. And often, when you get your clothes, they look very different from online pictures. They may be also larger or smaller than the size you wanted. For this reason, many people often have to return clothes (8) _____ they bought on the internet.

- | | | |
|-----------------|--------------|----------------|
| 5. A. looking | B. finding | C. passing |
| 6. A. favourite | B. available | C. comfortable |
| 7. A. Because | B. Therefore | C. However |
| 8. A. who | B. which | C. whom |

Part 3. Read the following passage and choose the correct answer A, B, or C for each of the questions. (1.0 point)

Planet Earth is facing many environmental problems today. One of the biggest problems is climate change. The Earth is becoming warmer because people are cutting down too many trees and using too much fossil fuel. As a result, the weather is becoming more extreme. In some places, there are stronger storms and longer droughts. Many animals are also losing their natural habitats. To help protect the planet, people should save energy, recycle waste, and use public transport more often. Students can also help by planting trees and reducing the use of plastic bags. Small actions can make a big difference in protecting our Earth for future generations.

9. What is the passage mainly about?

- A. Environmental problems on Earth
- B. Different kinds of animals
- C. Public transport in cities

10. Why is the Earth becoming warmer?

- A. Because people plant more trees.

B. Because people use too much fossil fuel.

C. Because students recycle waste.

11. The word “their” in the passage refers to _____.

A. storms

B. places

C. animals

12. Which of the following is NOT mentioned in the passage as the ways to protect the planet?

A. recycling waste

B. planting trees

C. building more factories

Part 4. Read the signs and notices, choose the correct answer A, B, or C. (1.0 point)

13. What does the sign say?

A. We should stop driving cars.

B. Cars must not be turned left.

C. Cars must be turned right.



14. What does the sign say?

A. You must keep silent in the library.

B. You need to talk loudly in the library.

C. You can use your phone in the library.



15. What does the notice say?

A. You can use as much water as you want.

B. You should save water for future generations.

C. You should turn off the tap to protect children.



16. What does the notice say?

A. Students must leave their phones outside the school building.

B. Students can use their mobile phones in the school building.

C. Students must switch off their mobile phones before entering the school building.



Part 5. Read the passage and answer the following questions. (1.0 point)

Travelling is one of the most popular forms of recreation in the USA. Most American employees receive an annual vacation with pay. Travelling within the country is popular because foreign travel generally takes more time and money. However, Americans who wish to vacation outside the USA are free to go almost anywhere. Every year about 13 million Americans travel abroad. The most popular vacation periods are during the summer and during the two-week school break on the Christmas and New Year's holidays. These periods are also the most crowded and generally the most expensive time to travel so people who can adjust their schedules sometimes choose vacation in the autumn. American vacationers often travel by car. Most families have a car, and those who do not have a car can rent one. Cars are usually an economical way to travel, especially for the families. It is also fairly fast and convenient. If tourists want to travel faster, they can fly to their destination and then rent a car to go around when they get there.

17. Why is travelling within the country in the USA popular?

→ _____

18. How many Americans travel abroad every year?

→ _____

19. Do American vacationers often travel by car?

→ _____

20. What can tourists do if they want to travel faster?

→ _____

Part 6. Read the passage and fill in each gap with ONE appropriate word. (1.0 point)

Life in the city is very different (21) _____ life in the countryside. In big cities, people can access better services such as hospitals, schools (22) _____ shopping centers. They also have more chances to get a good job and earn more money. Many young people decide to (23) _____ there after finishing school because of these opportunities. However, city life also has some problems. The streets are often crowded, and people have to deal with noise and pollution every day. Although it can be difficult, many people (24) _____ prefer living in the city.

Part 7. Rewrite the following sentences without changing their meanings, beginning with the words given. (1.0 point)

25. I don't have enough time to finish the project.

→ I wish _____

26. "I will buy an English dictionary tomorrow," John said.

→ John said that _____

27. If you don't listen to the teacher, you won't understand the lesson.

→ Unless _____

28. Because of her tiredness, she decided to take a break.

→ Because _____

Part 8. Rearrange the utterances to form a logical conversation and choose the correct answer A, B, or C for each of the questions. (1.0 point)

29. Conversation 1:

a. Lan: I'm preparing for my English test.

b. Mai: Hi, what are you doing now?

c. Mai: Good luck! I hope you do well in your test.

A. c – b – a

B. b – a – c

C. c – a – b

30. Conversation 2:

a. Hoa: I think you should see a dentist.

b. Hoa: You don't look well. What's the matter with you, Nam?

c. Nam: I have a terrible toothache.

d. Nam: Thanks. I will do that.

A. b – d – a – c

B. c – d – a – b

C. b – c – a – d

31. Conversation 3:

a. Ben: That's true, but devices can also be useful for learning.

b. Ben: Do you think students depend too much on electronic devices?

c. Tom: I agree, so we should use them in a smart and balanced way.

d. Tom: Yes, they spend a lot of time playing games or using social media.

A. b – d – a – c

B. c – a – d – b

C. b – a – c – d

32. Conversation 4:

a. David: We walked through the forest and learned how to protect wildlife.

b. David: I just came back from my first eco-tour in a national park.

c. David: Yes, it was simple but meaningful, and I learned a lot.

d. Jane: That sounds interesting! Did you enjoy the experience?

e. Jane: Really? What did you do there?

- A. a – e – b – d – c
 B. b – d – c – e – a
 C. b – e – a – d – c

Part 9. Reorder the following words to make meaningful sentences. (1.0 point)

33. could/ if/ asked/ He/ me/ I/ English/ speak/.

→ _____

34. hanging/ I/ enjoy/ out/ at/ my/ weekend/ friends/ with/ the/.

→ _____

35. went/ visit/ the/ her/ hospital/ She/ to/ grandmother/ yesterday/ to/.

→ _____

36. regularly/ sports/ healthy/ helps/ fit/ Playing/ us/ and/ stay/.

→ _____

Part 10. Linda wants to improve her English but doesn't know how to study effectively. Imagine you are Anna, write an email (at least 25 words) to give Linda some advice. (1.0 point)

In your email:

- Show your sympathy
- Give her at least two tips to study English well
- Wish her succeed

HẾT

(Thí sinh không được sử dụng tài liệu. Cán bộ coi thi không giải thích gì thêm)

ĐÁP ÁN THAM KHẢO

Câu	Đáp án	Câu	Đáp án	Câu	Đáp án	Câu	Đáp án
1	D	2	C	3	A	4	E
5	A	6	B	7	C	8	B
9	A	10	B	11	C	12	C
13	B	14	A	15	B	16	C
21	from	22	and	23	live	24	still
29	B	30	C	31	A	32	C

Part 1

1. Anna hỏi: “Would you like to go shopping with me?”

Đây là lời mời, nên đáp lại là:

D. Yes, I'd love to.

2. Anna nói “Great!” rồi Lily hỏi tiếp. Anna trả lời “At 9 a.m.” nên Lily phải hỏi về thời gian.

C. What time shall we meet?

3. Anna trả lời “At the supermarket.” nên Lily phải hỏi địa điểm gặp nhau.

A. Where will we meet?

4. Kết thúc hội thoại, Lily nói “OK.” rồi chào tạm biệt.

E. See you soon.

Part 2

5. Câu: “It is much easier than going into town, ____ around lots of different shops.”

Cụm phù hợp là **looking around**: đi xem quanh nhiều cửa hàng.

→ Chọn A. looking.

6. “You can also see what is ____ in stores...”

Ta dùng **available** nghĩa là “có sẵn, đang có bán”.

→ Chọn B. available.

7. Đoạn trước nói lợi ích của mua sắm online. Câu sau nói “one big problem” nên cần từ chỉ sự tương phản.

However = Tuy nhiên.

→ Chọn C. However.

8. “clothes ____ they bought on the internet”
 “Clothes” là vật, nên dùng đại từ quan hệ **which**.
 → Chọn B. which.

Part 3

9. What is the passage mainly about?

Cả đoạn nói về biến đổi khí hậu, bão, hạn hán, mất môi trường sống, tiết kiệm năng lượng, trồng cây... nên nội dung chính là các vấn đề môi trường trên Trái Đất.
 → Chọn A. Environmental problems on Earth.

10. Why is the Earth becoming warmer?

Trong bài có câu: “The Earth is becoming warmer because people are cutting down too many trees and using too much fossil fuel.”

Trong các đáp án, đáp án đúng là dùng quá nhiều nhiên liệu hóa thạch.

→ Chọn B. Because people use too much fossil fuel.

11. The word “their” in the passage refers to...

Câu trong bài: “Many animals are also losing their natural habitats.”

“their” chỉ **animals**.

→ Chọn C. animals.

12. Which of the following is NOT mentioned...?

Bài có nhắc đến **recycle waste** và **planting trees**. Không nhắc đến **building more factories**.

→ Chọn C. building more factories.

Part 4

13. Biển báo cấm rẽ trái.

→ Chọn B. Cars must not be turned left.

14. Biển báo “Library - Quiet Please” nghĩa là trong thư viện phải giữ yên lặng.

→ Chọn A. You must keep silent in the library.

15. Thông báo “Please Don’t Waste Water” khuyên không lãng phí nước, tức là nên tiết kiệm nước cho tương lai.

→ Chọn B. You should save water for future generations.

16. Thông báo yêu cầu học sinh tắt điện thoại trước khi vào trường.

→ Chọn C. Students must switch off their mobile phones before entering the school building.

Part 5

17. Why is travelling within the country in the USA popular?

Trong bài có câu: “Travelling within the country is popular because foreign travel generally takes more time and money.”

→ **Because foreign travel generally takes more time and money.**

18. How many Americans travel abroad every year?

Trong bài có câu: “Every year about 13 million Americans travel abroad.”

→ **About 13 million Americans travel abroad every year.**

19. Do American vacationers often travel by car?

Trong bài có câu: “American vacationers often travel by car.”

→ **Yes, they do.**

20. What can tourists do if they want to travel faster?

Trong bài có câu: “If tourists want to travel faster, they can fly to their destination and then rent a car...”

→ **They can fly to their destination and then rent a car to go around when they get there.**

Part 6

21. Cấu trúc: **different from** = khác với.

→ **from**

22. Liệt kê: hospitals, schools **and** shopping centers.

→ **and**

23. “Many young people decide to ____ there...”

Dịch: Nhiều người trẻ quyết định sống ở đó sau khi học xong.

→ **live**

24. “Although it can be difficult, many people ____ prefer living in the city.”

Dịch: Mặc dù có thể khó khăn, nhiều người vẫn thích sống ở thành phố.

→ **still**

Đoạn hoàn chỉnh:

Life in the city is very different **from** life in the countryside. In big cities, people can access better services such as hospitals, schools **and** shopping centers. They also have more chances to get a good job and earn more money. Many young people decide to **live** there after finishing school because of these opportunities. However, city life also has some problems. The streets are often crowded, and people have to deal with noise and pollution every day. Although it can be difficult, many people **still** prefer living in the city.

Part 7

25. **I don't have enough time to finish the project.**

Câu trúc ước ở hiện tại: **I wish + S + V quá khứ đơn.**

“I don't have” chuyển thành “I had”.

→ **I wish I had enough time to finish the project.**

26. **“I will buy an English dictionary tomorrow,” John said.**

Câu tường thuật:

- I → he
- will → would
- tomorrow → the following day / the next day

→ **John said that he would buy an English dictionary the following day.**

27. **If you don't listen to the teacher, you won't understand the lesson.**

Câu trúc: **If ... not = Unless.**

→ **Unless you listen to the teacher, you won't understand the lesson.**

28. **Because of her tiredness, she decided to take a break.**

Because of + danh từ/cụm danh từ đổi thành **Because + mệnh đề.**

“her tiredness” → “she was tired”.

→ **Because she was tired, she decided to take a break.**

Part 8

29. Conversation 1

Thứ tự hợp lý:

Mai hỏi Lan đang làm gì → Lan trả lời đang chuẩn bị bài kiểm tra → Mai chúc may mắn.

b. Mai: Hi, what are you doing now?

a. Lan: I'm preparing for my English test.

c. Mai: Good luck! I hope you do well in your test.

→ Chọn **B**. b – a – c.

30. Conversation 2

Thứ tự hợp lý:

Hoa thấy Nam không khỏe → Nam nói đau răng → Hoa khuyên đi nha sĩ → Nam cảm ơn.

b. Hoa: You don't look well. What's the matter with you, Nam?

c. Nam: I have a terrible toothache.

a. Hoa: I think you should see a dentist.

d. Nam: Thanks. I will do that.

→ Chọn **C**. b – c – a – d.

31. Conversation 3

Thứ tự hợp lý:

Ben hỏi về thiết bị điện tử → Tom đồng ý là học sinh dùng nhiều → Ben nói thiết bị cũng hữu ích → Tom kết luận nên dùng cân bằng.

b. Ben: Do you think students depend too much on electronic devices?

d. Tom: Yes, they spend a lot of time playing games or using social media.

a. Ben: That's true, but devices can also be useful for learning.

c. Tom: I agree, so we should use them in a smart and balanced way.

→ Chọn **A**. b – d – a – c.

32. Conversation 4

Thứ tự hợp lí:

David nói vừa đi eco-tour → Jane hỏi làm gì ở đó → David kể hoạt động → Jane hỏi có thích không → David trả lời có.

b. David: I just came back from my first eco-tour in a national park.

e. Jane: Really? What did you do there?

a. David: We walked through the forest and learned how to protect wildlife.

d. Jane: That sounds interesting! Did you enjoy the experience?

c. David: Yes, it was simple but meaningful, and I learned a lot.

→ Chọn C. b – e – a – d – c.

Part 9

33. could/ if/ asked/ He/ me/ I/ English/ speak/.

Câu đúng:

→ He asked me if I could speak English.

34. hanging/ I/ enjoy/ out/ at/ my/ weekend/ friends/ with/ the/.

Câu trúc: enjoy + V-ing.

→ I enjoy hanging out with my friends at the weekend.

35. went/ visit/ the/ her/ hospital/ She/ to/ grandmother/ yesterday/ to/.

Câu trúc: go to + place + to V.

→ She went to the hospital to visit her grandmother yesterday.

36. regularly/ sports/ healthy/ helps/ fit/ Playing/ us/ and/ stay/.

Chủ ngữ là cụm V-ing: Playing sports regularly.

→ Playing sports regularly helps us stay fit and healthy.

Part 10

Mẫu email:

Dear Linda,

I'm sorry to hear that you don't know how to study English effectively. You should learn new words every day and practise speaking English with your friends. You can also watch English videos and listen to English songs. I hope you will succeed soon.

Best wishes,

Anna