

(Thí sinh làm bài trực tiếp vào tờ thi, khoanh tròn một đáp án đúng A, B, C hoặc D cho mỗi câu hỏi trắc nghiệm từ câu 1 đến câu 30 và viết câu trả lời tự luận cho các câu hỏi từ câu 31 đến câu 37)

PART A: LANGUAGE (3.0 points)

Circle the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the best answer to each of the following questions.

Question 1. If John _____ enough sleep, he won't be tired at school tomorrow.

- A. gets B. got C. will get D. won't get

Question 2. While they _____ on the lake, it started to rain.

- A. fished B. fish C. were fishing D. are fishing

Question 3. The _____ you study for the exam, the better your result will be.

- A. harder B. hard C. hardest D. more hard

Question 4. Could you tell me how _____ this computer?

- A. to use B. use C. using D. used

Question 5. _____ Nam was sick, he still joined the "Green Saturday" campaign.

- A. Because B. Although C. Because of D. In spite of

Question 6. I wish I _____ more time to visit Tam Chuc Pagoda.

- A. have B. can have C. am having D. had

Question 7. Trang An Landscape Complex is an _____ destination, attracting many visitors every year.

- A. amazingly B. amazing C. amaze D. amazement

Question 8. In the evenings, I _____ my homework and prepare my new lessons.

- A. get B. make C. take D. do

Question 9. It's important for people to eat a _____ diet every day.

- A. harmful B. boring C. healthy D. stressful

Question 10. The trip to Tran Temple helped us learn about the _____ of protecting our country.

- A. nation B. tradition C. lifestyle D. habit

Question 11. How often do you _____ to your hometown?

- A. go off B. turn on C. carry out D. come back

Question 12. Many people want to apply for a _____ in the Artificial Intelligence (AI) field.

- A. chore B. goal C. job D. skill

PART B: READING (4.0 points)

Read the following advertisement and circle the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

CITY SIGHTSEEING ADVENTURE

◆ Looking for an exciting way to spend your weekend? Join our City Sightseeing adventure for teenagers!

◆ We will visit famous historical (13) _____, enjoy street food and take photos at the museum. This trip is ideal for students (14) _____ want to experience the fast-paced urban lifestyle. The journey begins (15) _____ 7.30 a.m this Sunday at the main square. If you would like to come, please contact our club before Thursday.

◆ Note that there are not (16) _____ tickets remaining. Grab yours now!

Question 13. A. landmarks B. suburbs C. mountains D. villages

Question 14. A. which B. who C. whom D. where

Question 15. A. on B. in C. at D. of

Question 16. A. much B. each C. little D. many

Read the following sign and notice, then circle the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Question 17. What does the sign say?

NO SMOKING

- A. People can smoke freely in this area. B. Smoking is permitted in some areas.
C. People mustn't smoke in this area. D. Smoking is allowed in this area.

Question 18. What does this notice say?

Remember to bring your ID card when you enter the building.

- A. Leave your ID card at home. B. No ID card required.
C. Show your ID card online. D. Bring your ID card.

Read the following passage and circle the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the best answer to each of the following questions.

English is often considered to be the international language of science. **It** proves to become an effective tool through time in communication, documentation and sharing of discoveries and inventions.

In communication, the use of English helps to promote international cooperation and aims to encourage significant scientific advancements. English enables scientists, engineers, explorers and inventors worldwide to think of new ideas and share their findings.

For information storage and sharing, scientists like using English to document and share the knowledge of inventions and discoveries, creating easy access to the development of various fields. As a result, original or translated scientific publications have reached the masses easily. Isaac Newton's law of gravitation, Thomas Edison's key inventions including the light bulb and recorded sound are typical examples. Besides, we also need to refer to Christopher Columbus's and James Cook's explorations of new lands.

We cannot deny the importance of English in developing and spreading the knowledge of various aspects.

(Adapted from Friends Plus 9)

Question 19. According to the passage, English is the international language of _____.

- A. science B. business C. research D. education

Question 20. What does the word **It** in paragraph 1 refer to _____?

- A. documentation B. English C. science D. communication

Question 21. In paragraph 2, the following people use English to share their findings EXCEPT _____.

- A. scientists B. engineers C. explorers D. architects

Question 22. In paragraph 3, who is the inventor of the light bulb?

- A. Isaac Newton B. Christopher Columbus C. Thomas Edison D. James Cook

Question 23. What can be the best title for the passage?

- A. The roles of English in science and discoveries.
B. The discovery of English language in the world.
C. Main functions of English in information storage.
D. English as a good communication tool in our life.

Read the following passage and circle the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the best answer to each of the following questions.

The North American Odyssey was Dave's and Amy's longest trip. They wanted to use this journey to encourage people to protect North America's waterways and wild places. Also, they wanted to teach schoolchildren about these wild areas. Therefore, they ran the Wilderness Classroom, an online platform where schoolchildren could follow their trips and learn from their experience.

They made the Wilderness Classroom interactive and fun by posting videos every week and online updates every Monday. Students could help them make decisions about the trip by doing surveys and suggesting routes they should take.

On April 22nd, 2010, they started their journey on their kayaks north out of Seattle. They spent the next three years kayaking, canoeing and dogsledding across the Northwest Territories, through the Great Lakes, and down the East Coast.

On April 4th, 2013, they continued their journey to Key West of Florida, completing their North American Odyssey. Since then, they have been going on other adventures and sharing their experience with schoolchildren. For Dave, raising kids' awareness of the wild is "a first stepping stone" to make people understand how important to **conserve** wild areas. As a result, people will join hands to make our planet more sustainable.

(Adapted from Explore English 9)

- Question 24.** In paragraph 1, the North American Odyssey was Dave's and Amy's _____.
A. longest trip **B.** shortest trip **C.** hardest trip **D.** easiest trip
- Question 25.** According to the passage, which of the following is TRUE about Dave and Amy?
A. They ran the Wilderness Classroom. **B.** They taught children right at school.
C. They posted their videos every month. **D.** They updated their journey every day.
- Question 26.** Which of the following can be inferred about the Wilderness Classroom?
A. It allowed schoolchildren to interact with wildlife directly.
B. It made the experience of wilderness accessible to students.
C. It protected children from potential dangers in the wild areas.
D. It helped children make decisions about when to take a trip.
- Question 27.** The word **conserve** in paragraph 4 is CLOSEST in meaning to _____.
A. destroy **B.** damage **C.** protect **D.** reduce
- Question 28.** What is the main idea of the passage?
A. Wilderness classroom, an online platform for booking trips.
B. Wild areas and their features in the North American Odyssey.
C. Means of transport to explore wild places in the North America.
D. Teaching people about wild areas while exploring the world.

PART C: WRITING (3.0 points)

Circle the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct arrangement of the sentences to make a meaningful paragraph / email in each of the following questions.

Question 29.

Dear Nick,

- a. After school, I usually revise my lesson.
- b. How are you? I want to tell you about my daily life.
- c. I hope you can visit me soon.
- d. Every morning, I go to school by bus.
- e. In the evenings, I walk around the park and enjoy the fresh air.

Best wishes,

Mi

- A.** a – d – e – b – c **B.** e – a – d – b – c **C.** b – d – a – e – c **D.** d – b – e – a – c

Question 30.

- a. Secondly, a lot of vehicles and industrial activities contribute to severe air pollution.
- b. Living in a city, despite many conveniences, has some disadvantages that affect its residents' quality of life.
- c. Finally, the cost of living in large urban centers is very high.
- d. Firstly, one of the daily challenges is the traffic jams, which often happen during rush hours.
- e. In conclusion, while cities are centers of opportunities, city life is not always comfortable.

- A.** b – d – a – c – e **B.** b – d – c – e – a **C.** d – a – c – b – e **D.** e – b – d – a – c

Put the words in the correct order to make meaningful sentences.

Question 31. likes / this traditional conic hat. / My friend / wearing /

→ _____

Question 32. better at English / is / than / Nam / his sister. /

→ _____

Question 33. cause many problems. / scientists suggest / Because / be stricter laws / to a new place, / there / from / taking plants and animals / to stop people / invasive species /

→ _____

Complete the following sentences with NO MORE THAN FIVE WORDS.

Question 34. I last watched a cartoon a long time ago.

→ I _____ for a long time.

Question 35. “Is the weather good in London today?” He asked his friend.

→ He asked his friend _____ in London that day.

Question 36. She is speaking to a foreign man. He is fluent in Vietnamese.

→ She is speaking to a foreign man _____ in Vietnamese.

Question 37. Ninh Binh is becoming a more popular destination for tourists. Write a paragraph (100-120 words) about the benefits of tourism to Ninh Binh.

You can use the following suggestions or your own ideas.

- Improving living standards for local people (creating more job opportunities, ...).
- Preserving the heritages for future generations (maintaining traditional craft villages, ...).
- Promoting cultural exchanges (gaining knowledge about other cultures, ...).

-----THE END-----

ĐÁP ÁN THAM KHẢO

Câu	Đáp án	Câu	Đáp án	Câu	Đáp án
1	A	11	D	21	D
2	C	12	C	22	C
3	A	13	A	23	A
4	A	14	B	24	A
5	B	15	C	25	A
6	D	16	D	26	B
7	B	17	C	27	C
8	D	18	D	28	D
9	C	19	A	29	C
10	B	20	B	30	A

LỜI GIẢI THAM KHẢO

PART A: LANGUAGE

Question 1. A. gets

Câu điều kiện loại 1:

If + S + V hiện tại đơn, S + will/won't + V.

→ If John **gets** enough sleep, he won't be tired at school tomorrow.

Dịch: Nếu John ngủ đủ, ngày mai cậu ấy sẽ không mệt ở trường.

Question 2. C. were fishing

Câu trúc: While + S + was/were + V-ing, S + V quá khứ đơn.

Diễn tả một hành động đang xảy ra thì hành động khác xen vào.

→ While they **were fishing** on the lake, it started to rain.

Question 3. A. harder

Cấu trúc so sánh kép:

The + so sánh hơn + S + V, the + so sánh hơn + S + V.

→ The **harder** you study, the better your result will be.

Dịch: Bạn học càng chăm thì kết quả càng tốt.

Question 4. A. to use

Cấu trúc: how + to V = cách làm gì.

→ Could you tell me how **to use** this computer?

Dịch: Bạn có thể chỉ cho tôi cách sử dụng máy tính này không?

Question 5. B. Although

Sau chỗ trống là một mệnh đề đầy đủ: “Nam was sick”.

Although + S + V: mặc dù.

→ **Although** Nam was sick, he still joined the campaign.

“Because of” và “In spite of” phải đi với danh từ/cụm danh từ, không đi trực tiếp với mệnh đề.

Question 6. D. had

Cấu trúc câu ước ở hiện tại:

S + wish + S + V quá khứ đơn.

→ I wish I **had** more time to visit Tam Chuc Pagoda.

Dịch: Tôi ước tôi có nhiều thời gian hơn để thăm chùa Tam Chúc.

Question 7. B. amazing

Cần một tính từ bổ nghĩa cho danh từ “destination”.

“amazing destination” = điểm đến tuyệt vời.

→ Trang An Landscape Complex is an **amazing** destination.

Question 8. D. do

Cụm cố định: do homework = làm bài tập về nhà.

→ I **do** my homework and prepare my new lessons.

Question 9. C. healthy

“eat a healthy diet” = ăn một chế độ ăn lành mạnh.

→ It’s important for people to eat a **healthy** diet every day.

Question 10. B. tradition

Cụm phù hợp nghĩa: the tradition of protecting our country = truyền thống bảo vệ đất nước.

→ The trip to Tran Temple helped us learn about the **tradition** of protecting our country.

Question 11. D. come back

come back to one’s hometown = trở về quê hương.

→ How often do you **come back** to your hometown?

Question 12. C. job

apply for a job = ứng tuyển một công việc.

→ Many people want to apply for a **job** in the AI field.

PART B: READING**Advertisement: CITY SIGHTSEEING ADVENTURE**

Question 13. A. landmarks

Cụm đúng: historical landmarks = địa danh lịch sử.

Các đáp án khác không hợp nghĩa: suburbs = ngoại ô, mountains = núi, villages = làng.

Question 14. B. who

“students” là người, cần đại từ quan hệ làm chủ ngữ.

→ students **who** want to experience...

Đáp án: **who**.

Question 15. C. at

Dùng giới từ **at** với giờ cụ thể.

→ The journey begins **at** 7.30 a.m.

Question 16. D. many

“tickets” là danh từ đếm được số nhiều.

Cấu trúc phủ định: not many tickets = không còn nhiều vé.

→ There are not **many** tickets remaining.

Sign and notice

Question 17. C. People mustn't smoke in this area.

Biển báo “NO SMOKING” nghĩa là không được hút thuốc.

→ People mustn't smoke in this area.

Question 18. D. Bring your ID card.

Thông báo: “Remember to bring your ID card when you enter the building.”

Nghĩa là: Nhớ mang thẻ căn cước/thẻ ID khi vào tòa nhà.

→ Đáp án đúng: **Bring your ID card**.

Passage 1: English and science

Question 19. A. science

Ngay câu đầu đoạn văn:

“English is often considered to be the international language of science.”

→ English là ngôn ngữ quốc tế của **science**.

Question 20. B. English

Từ “It” trong câu:

“It proves to become an effective tool...”

“It” thay thế cho “English” ở câu trước.

→ Đáp án: **English**.

Question 21. D. architects

Đoạn 2 nêu: scientists, engineers, explorers and inventors.

Không nhắc đến “architects”.

→ Đáp án: **architects**.

Question 22. C. Thomas Edison

Đoạn 3 có: “Thomas Edison’s key inventions including the light bulb...”

→ Người phát minh bóng đèn là **Thomas Edison**.

Question 23. A. The roles of English in science and discoveries.

Toàn bài nói về vai trò của tiếng Anh trong khoa học, giao tiếp, lưu trữ và chia sẻ phát minh, khám phá.

→ Tiêu đề phù hợp nhất: **The roles of English in science and discoveries.**

Passage 2: North American Odyssey**Question 24. A. longest trip**

Câu đầu đoạn 1:

“The North American Odyssey was Dave’s and Amy’s longest trip.”

→ Đáp án: **longest trip.**

Question 25. A. They ran the Wilderness Classroom.

Đoạn 1 có câu:

“Therefore, they ran the Wilderness Classroom...”

→ Đáp án đúng: **They ran the Wilderness Classroom.**

Question 26. B. It made the experience of wilderness accessible to students.

Wilderness Classroom là nền tảng online giúp học sinh theo dõi chuyến đi và học từ trải nghiệm của Dave và Amy.

Nghĩa là nó giúp học sinh tiếp cận trải nghiệm về thiên nhiên hoang dã.

→ Đáp án: **B.**

Question 27. C. protect

“conserve” = bảo tồn, bảo vệ.

Gần nghĩa nhất với **protect.**

→ Đáp án: **C.**

Question 28. D. Teaching people about wild areas while exploring the world.

Bài đọc nói về việc Dave và Amy vừa khám phá các vùng hoang dã, vừa giáo dục học sinh và nâng cao ý thức bảo vệ thiên nhiên.

→ Ý chính phù hợp nhất là **D.**

PART C: WRITING**Sắp xếp câu****Question 29. C. b – d – a – e – c**

Thứ tự hợp lý của email:

Dear Nick,

b. How are you? I want to tell you about my daily life.

d. Every morning, I go to school by bus.

a. After school, I usually revise my lesson.

e. In the evenings, I walk around the park and enjoy the fresh air.

c. I hope you can visit me soon.

Best wishes,

Mi

Giải thích:

Câu **b** mở đầu email và giới thiệu chủ đề. Sau đó kể theo trình tự thời gian: buổi sáng → sau giờ học → buổi tối → lời kết.

Question 30. A. b – d – a – c – e

Thứ tự hợp lí:

- b.** Living in a city, despite many conveniences, has some disadvantages that affect its residents' quality of life.
d. Firstly, one of the daily challenges is the traffic jams, which often happen during rush hours.
a. Secondly, a lot of vehicles and industrial activities contribute to severe air pollution.
c. Finally, the cost of living in large urban centers is very high.
e. In conclusion, while cities are centers of opportunities, city life is not always comfortable.

Giải thích:

Câu **b** là câu chủ đề. Sau đó lần lượt dùng các tín hiệu: Firstly → Secondly → Finally → In conclusion.

Sắp xếp từ thành câu hoàn chỉnh**Question 31.**

likes / this traditional conic hat. / My friend / wearing /

→ **My friend likes wearing this traditional conic hat.**

Giải thích:

Cấu trúc: like + V-ing = thích làm gì.

“My friend” là chủ ngữ, “likes wearing” là động từ, “this traditional conic hat” là tân ngữ.

Question 32.

better at English / is / than / Nam / his sister. /

→ **Nam is better at English than his sister.**

Giải thích:

Cấu trúc so sánh hơn:

S + be + better at + môn/kĩ năng + than + người/vật được so sánh.

Question 33.

cause many problems. / scientists suggest / Because / be stricter laws / to a new place, / there / from / taking plants and animals / to stop people / invasive species /

→ **Because invasive species cause many problems, scientists suggest there be stricter laws to stop people from taking plants and animals to a new place.**

Giải thích:

- Because + S + V: bởi vì.
- invasive species = các loài xâm lấn.
- suggest + that + S + V nguyên thể: đề xuất rằng ai/cái gì nên làm gì.
Ở đây có thể viết rút gọn: **scientists suggest there be stricter laws.**
- stop somebody from doing something = ngăn ai làm gì.

Viết lại câu, không quá 5 từ

Question 34.

I last watched a cartoon a long time ago.

→ I _____ for a long time.

Đáp án:

→ **I haven't watched a cartoon for a long time.**

Giải thích:

Cấu trúc chuyển đổi:

S + last + V quá khứ đơn + time + ago

= S + haven't/hasn't + V3/ed + for + time.

“watched” là động từ có quy tắc nên V3 vẫn là “watched”.

Question 35.

“Is the weather good in London today?” He asked his friend.

→ He asked his friend _____ in London that day.

Đáp án:

→ **He asked his friend if the weather was good in London that day.**

Phần cần điền: **if the weather was good**

Giải thích:

Câu hỏi Yes/No khi chuyển sang gián tiếp dùng **if/whether**.

- is → was
- today → that day
- Trật tự câu hỏi đổi về trật tự câu kể: the weather was good.

Question 36.

She is speaking to a foreign man. He is fluent in Vietnamese.

→ She is speaking to a foreign man _____ in Vietnamese.

Đáp án:

→ **She is speaking to a foreign man who is fluent in Vietnamese.**

Phần cần điền: **who is fluent**

Giải thích:

Dùng mệnh đề quan hệ với **who** để thay cho “He” vì “a foreign man” là người.

“who is fluent in Vietnamese” = người thông thạo tiếng Việt.

Question 37. Viết đoạn văn 100-120 từ**Đề bài:**

Ninh Binh is becoming a more popular destination for tourists. Write a paragraph (100-120 words) about the benefits of tourism to Ninh Binh.

Bài tham khảo 109 từ:

Ninh Binh is becoming a more popular destination for tourists, and tourism brings many benefits to the province. First, it improves local people's living standards because hotels, restaurants, transport services and tour companies create more job opportunities. Many families can sell food, souvenirs or traditional products

to earn extra income. Second, tourism helps preserve local heritages for future generations. When more visitors come to Trang An, Tam Coc or traditional craft villages, people have more reasons and resources to protect these places. Finally, tourism promotes cultural exchanges. Local people can meet tourists from different countries, learn about other cultures and introduce the beauty of Ninh Binh to the world.