ĐỀ CƯƠNG ÔN TẬP GIỮA HỌC KỲ II NĂM HỌC 2025-2026

MÔN: TIẾNG ANH LỚP 9

PHONETIC

Choose the word whose main stress is pronounced differently from that of the others

1	**A.** Watched	**B.** Wanted	**C.** Stopped	**D.** Walked
2	**A.** Played	**B.** Cleaned	**C.** Needed	**D.** Called
3	**A.** Laughed	**B.** Jumped	**C.** Opened	**D.** Helped
4	**A.** Helped	**B.** Washed	**C.** Danced	**D.** Decided
5	**A.** Worked	**B.** Looked	**C.** Talked	**D.** Added
6	**A.** Fixed	**B.** Kissed	**C.** Brushed	**D.** Loved
7	**A.** Lived	**B.** Passed	**C.** Dressed	**D.** Mixed
8	**A.** Painted	**B.** Waited	**C.** Baked	**D.** Wanted
9	**A.** Cried	**B.** Typed	**C.** Replied	**D.** Started
10	**A.** Hoped	**B.** Hated	**C.** Liked	**D.** Danced
11	**A.** Watched	**B.** Needed	**C.** Laughed	**D.** Liked
12	**A.** Decided	**B.** Worked	**C.** Finished	**D.** Hoped
13	**A.** Smiled	**B.** Played	**C.** Cooked	**D.** Cried
14	**A.** Typed	**B.** Baked	**C.** Opened	**D.** Danced
15	**A.** Called	**B.** Waited	**C.** Answered	**D.** Cleared
16	**A.** Fixed	**B.** Kissed	**C.** Enjoyed	**D.** Watched
17	**A.** Lived	**B.** Pushed	**C.** Missed	**D.** Passed
18	**A.** Worked	**B.** Looked	**C.** Added	**D.** Laughed
19	**A.** Hoped	**B.** Liked	**C.** Moved	**D.** Stopped
20	**A.** Walked	**B.** Played	**C.** Laughed	**D.** Needed
21	**A.** Watched	**B.** Stopped	**C.** Started	**D.** Helped
22	**A.** Loved	**B.** Cleaned	**C.** Painted	**D.** Called
23	**A.** Wished	**B.** Helped	**C.** Studied	**D.** Watched
24	**A.** Painted	**B.** Called	**C.** Worked	**D.** Decided
25	**A.** Stopped	**B.** Waited	**C.** Passed	**D.** Talked
26	**A.** Needed	**B.** Typed	**C.** Opened	**D.** Closed
27	**A.** Played	**B.** Finished	**C.** Stopped	**D.** Cooked
28	**A.** Painted	**B.** Started	**C.** Played	**D.** Looked
29	**A.** Typed	**B.** Watched	**C.** Missed	**D.** Decided
30	**A.** Walked	**B.** Jumped	**C.** Stopped	**D.** Wanted

Choose the word that has the main stress placed differently from the others

1.	**A.** academic	**B.** fantastic	**C.** electric	**D.** heroic
2.	**A.** catholic	**B.** tragic	**C.** music	**D.** cosmetic
3.	**A.** conscious	**B.** hilarious	**C.** precious	**D.** spacious
4.	**A.** serious	**B.** glorious	**C.** delicious	**D.** anxious
5.	**A.** natural	**B.** continuous	**C.** mysterious	**D.** religious
6.	**A.** organic	**B.** delicious	**C.** serious	**D.** domestic
7.	**A.** direction	**B.** industry	**C.** encourage	**D.** effective
8.	**A.** fantastic	**B.** official	**C.** musician	**D.** physical
9.	**A.** publicity	**B.** decoration	**C.** operation	**D.** expedition
10.	**A.** electrical	**B.** academic	**C.** education	**D.** beneficial

11. **A.** solution	**B.** mission	**C.** equality	**D.** diversity
12. **A.** curiosity	**B.** position	**C.** ability	**D.** tradition
13. **A.** communication	**B.** celebration	**C.** creativity	**D.** invitation
14. **A.** quality	**B.** reality	**C.** question	**D.** charity
15. **A.** necessity	**B.** activity	**C.** connection	**D.** mention
16. **A.** flexibility	**B.** productivity	**C.** television	**D.** creativity
17. **A.** humanity	**B.** expression	**C.** community	**D.** session
18. **A.** obesity	**B.** provision	**C.** unity	**D.** direction
19. **A.** electricity	**B.** opportunity	**C.** education	**D.** direction
20. **A.** attention	**B.** clarity	**C.** identity	**D.** intention

VOCABULARY

I. Choose the correct answer A, B, C or D.

1. Mark is crazy about _____ the wonders of nature.

A. exploring **B.** covering **C.** finding **D.** developing

2. The Amazon Rainforest is known for its _____ biodiversity.

A. limited **B.** ancient **C.** rich **D.** sparse

3. Mount Everest is the highest _____ in the world.

A. plateau **B.** river **C.** peak **D.** island

4. The Great Barrier Reef is an incredible _____ system.

A. cave **B.** desert **C.** reef **D.** mountain

5. The Sahara Desert is the largest _____ in the world.

A. forest **B.** glacier **C.** desert **D.** lake

6. Victoria Falls is a spectacular _____.

A. volcano **B.** waterfall **C.** plateau **D.** cave

7. The Dead Sea is notable for its _____ salinity.

A. low **B.** average **C.** high **D.** normal

8. The Great Wall of China is one of the world's most famous _____.

A. deserts **B.** forests **C.** landmarks **D.** lakes

9. It was risky for him to climb to the peak, but we couldn't help _____ his courage.

A. admiring **B.** exploring **C.** keen on **D.** protecting

10. Yellowstone National Park is famous _____ its hot springs and geysers.

A. on **B.** for **C.** in **D.** with

11. If you want to explore a city at your own pace without a guide, you might choose a _____.

A. homestay **B.** package holiday **C.** self-guided tour **D.** ruinous site

12. A _____ is a document that outlines the activities and places you will visit during your journey.

A. entrance ticket **B.** trip itinerary **C.** travel agency **D.** smooth trip

13. When you stay in a local person's home instead of a hotel, it is called a _____.

A. package holiday **B.** homestay **C.** ruinous site **D.** self-guided tour

14. If you buy a travel deal that includes flights, accommodation, and activities altogether, you have booked a _____.

A. smooth trip **B.** package holiday **C.** travel agency **D.** trip itinerary

15. To ensure that everything goes well during your journey, you might hope for a _____.

A. homestay **B.** entrance ticket **C.** travel agency **D.** smooth trip

16. A _____ is a company that helps you plan and book your travel arrangements.

A. self-guided tour **B.** ruinous site **C.** travel agency **D.** entrance ticket

17. Before visiting an attraction, you often need to buy an _____.

A. trip itinerary **B.** entrance ticket **C.** homestay **D.** smooth trip

18. A site that has been damaged and is now in poor condition could be described as a _____.

A. ruinous site **B.** package holiday **C.** travel agency **D.** self-guided tour

19. If you want a complete travel package including all necessary arrangements, you should contact a _____.

A. ruinous site **B.** self-guided tour **C.** travel agency **D.** entrance ticket

20. The Colosseum in Rome is not in its _____condition. You can only see parts of it.

A. original **B.** origin **C.** ruinous **D.** smooth

21. When I don't know what an English word means, I often look it _____ in my English-Vietnamese dictionary.

A. after **B.** for **C.** at **D.** up

22. _____ education is very important for personal and professional development.

A. Excellent **B.** Standard **C.** Clarity **D.** Effective

23. We need to _____ a solution to the problem quickly.

A. praise **B.** decide **C.** increase **D.** improve

24. It is important to _____ new vocabulary words to use them correctly.

A. look up **B.** provide **C.** establish **D.** recommend

25. The _____ in a new city often provides a comfortable place to rest after a day of sightseeing.

A. accommodation **B.** cruise **C.** ticket **D.** safari

26. _____tourism involves activities like safaris and exploring natural environments.

A. Historical **B.** Shopping **C.** Ecotourism **D.** Food

27. _____ involves visiting places and participating in local cultural activities.

A. Sports tourism **B.** Shopping tourism **C.** Cultural tourism **D.** Ecotourism

28. The _____ of the mountain was covered in snow.

A. charm **B.** coast **C.** peak **D.** access

29. They need _____ to enter the restricted area.

A. contribution **B.** permission **C.** occurrence **D.** disaster

30. The _____ of the site helped preserve its historical value.

A. support **B.** charm **C.** conservation **D.** discovery

31. The major _____ of the Galapagos Islands is its unique and fearless animals, such as sea lions, huge tortoises, and different bird species.

A. attract **B.** attractive **C.** attraction **D.** attractively

32. Every one of us has made a positive _____ to the overall success of the project.

A. contribute **B.** contribution **C.** contributor **D.** contributing

33. My uncle is an active _____ of the local fauna and flora preservation scheme.

A. supporter **B.** support **C.** supportive **D.** supported

34. There has been a _____ increase in the number of foreign tourists to Ha Long Bay, Viet Nam.

A. signify **B.** significantly **C.** significance **D.** significant

35. The island has a very beautiful beach, but sadly it is not easily _____.

A. access **B.** accessible **C.** inaccessible **D.** inaccessibly

II. Choose the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s)

1. The Niagara Falls attract millions of tourists **annually** with its breathtaking beauty.

A. daily **B.** monthly **C.** yearly **D.** weekly

2. The tour operator agreed to **work out** a new itinerary following our requirements.

A. locate **B.** plan **C.** support **D.** hunt

3. Cultural tours offer exclusive **access** to historical landmarks and sites.

A. exit **B.** opening **C.** closure **D.** entry

4. The villagers are unhappy with the campers. Their tents seem to destroy the **landscape**.

A. scenery **B.** coral **C.** access **D.** feature

5. John likes to **explore** local places and food when he goes on holiday.

A. permit **B.** locate **C.** discover **D.** support

6. The wonderful **diversity** of wildlife in this forest is now under threat.

A. paradise **B.** location **C.** destination **D.** variety

7. **Sustainable** tourism is the kind of tourism that protects the environment and culture.

A. Awful **B.** Interesting **C.** Different **D.** Responsible

8. A **self-guided** tour allows travelers to explore destinations at their own pace.

A. independent **B.** directed **C.** guided **D.** private

9. The tour operator provided a detailed **itinerary** for the trip, including all activities.

A. schedule **B.** list **C.** program **D.** tip

10. The **breathtaking** views from the mountaintop were the highlight of our trip.

A. disgusting **B.** stunning **C.** charming **D.** relaxing

11. Learners of English often **look up** new words in dictionaries to understand their meanings.

A. set up **B.** go over **C.** search for **D.** come from

12. Because English has become a global language, many **foreign** words have been incorporated into its vocabulary.

A. excellent **B.** external **C.** concentric **D.** fluent

13. The grammar rules can be quite **complicated** for those who are not familiar with the language.

A. complex **B.** challenging **C.** common **D.** effective

14. English as a Lingua Franca (ELF) was **established** to facilitate communication between people who do not share a native language.

A. created **B.** borrowed **C.** translated **D.** eliminated

15. Many language experts **recommend** immersion as an effective method for learning English.

A. praise **B.** introduce **C.** suggest **D.** mean

GRAMMAR

Change these sentences into the reported speech.

1. “Do you enjoy listening to music?” she asked me.

_____

2. Lam said to me “Can you speak French?”

_____

3. “I don’t like this blue cap,” Tuyet said.

_____

4. Ben said to me “I haven’t finished my housework”.

_____

5. “I must go home for Dinner”, Tim said.

_____

6. “I have just received a gift from my uncle.” my girlfriend said.

_____

7. “Do your sister go to the same school with you?” Le asked Nga.

_____

8. Alice’s father asked her, “Do you want a cup of jasmine tea?”.

_____

9. “Did your brother live in San Diego?”, Tom asked me.

_____

10. “I will be surprised if Mary passes the exam.” Peter said.

11. She asked me, “Do you like Marlon Brando?”

12. I said to him, “Are you a foreigner?”

13. He asked her, “Have you met Danny yet?”

14. He asked me, “Did you borrow my dictionary?”

15. They said to me, “Does your father work here?”

16. “Which book did you take?” asked Tom.

17. “When are you coming back?” I asked her.

18. “When did you telephone your mother?” asked Mary.

19. “How long does the train take?” asked Ann.

20. “How far do I have to walk?” she asked.

Rearrange the groups of words in the correct order to make complete sentences

1. More young people / to do everything / which require them / on their own / choose self-guided tours /.
-> .....
2. In the Inner Circle / as their first language / speak English / of English / people /.
-> .....
3. destination / has / many / attractions / which / the city / you / can / visit
-> .....
4. guide / helpful / which / the / travel / you / can / find / on / our website
-> .....
5. the museum / closed / which / was / yesterday / the tourists / wanted to / visit
-> .....
6. information / is / very useful / about / the tour / which / the brochure
-> .....
7. the city / whose / weather / is / always sunny / the tourists / loved
-> .....
8. asked / his / Chris / . / was / mother / tell / me / him / to / where
-> .....
9. hours / week / know / I / wanted / many / . / how / to / worked / she / last
-> .....
10. was / I / asked / position / boss / me / new / enjoying / my / if / . / my
-> .....
11. how / I / fast / asked / she / could / . / type / if / and
-> .....
12. suspect / police / knew / he / if / the / officer / the / the / asked / . / victim

-> .....

13. to / ever / been / asked / she / States / had / United / I / . / me / the / if

-> .....

14. tried / . / party / to / find / to / I / the / come / to / wanted / out / if / Gwen

-> .....

15. train / whether / I / . / asked / had / or / by / he / bus / come

-> .....

RELATIVE CLAUSES

I. Combine each pair of sentences using a suitable relative pronoun or a relative adverb.

1. This doctor is famous. You visited him yesterday.

_____

2. These children are orphans. She is taking care of these children.

_____

3. The two young men are not good persons. You are acquainted with them.

_____

4. My father goes swimming every day. You met him this morning.

_____

5. The man is my father. I respect this man most.

_____

6. She bought the car. Her mother had recommended it.

_____

7. He lost the pencil yesterday. I bought it for him.

_____

8. Lana called the delivery company. Her friend often uses it.

_____

9. Lam met a young man. I used to work with him for a very long time.

_____

10. Sana called the lawyer. My mother knows her very well.

_____

11. He went on a date with a knowledgeable girl. His mother likes her.

_____

II. Complete the sentences with *who/whom/ whose/where* or *which.*

1. What's the name of the man _____ car you borrowed?
2. A cemetery is a place _____ people are buried.
3. A pacifist is a person _____ believes that all wars are wrong.
4. An orphan is a child _____ parents are dead.
5. The place _____ we spent our holidays was really beautiful.
6. This school is only for children _____ first language is not English.
7. I don't know the name of the woman to _____ I spoke on the phone.
8. The man _____ is wearing glasses is a pop singer.
9. The window _____ was broken by the naughty boy will have to be repaired.
10. Mrs. Jackson, _____ we met in the supermarket yesterday, is my music teacher.

III. Choose the correct answer A, B, C or D to complete the sentences.

1. That's my friend, _____ comes from Japan.

A. which **B.** who **C.** whom **D.** where.

2. The plants which _____ in the living room need a lot of water.

A. are **B.** be **C.** is **D.** was

3. She's the woman _____ sister looks after the baby for us.

A. who **B.** which **C.** that's **D.** whose

4. That's the doctor for _____ cliff works.

A. that **B.** which **C.** whom **D.** whose

5. Marie, _____ I met at the party, called me last night.

A. that **B.** whom **C.** which **D.** whose

6. I remember Alice, _____ rode the bus to school with.

A. I **B.** whom I **C.** which I **D.** who

7. I used to enjoy the summer _____ we had a big family picnic.

A. where **B.** when **C.** which **D.** that

8. Tell me about the city _____ you grew up.

A. that **B.** where **C.** which **D.** ∅

9. Anna found the book that _____ wanted at the bookshop.

A. ∅ **B.** where **C.** she **D.** which

10. Please remember to take back to the library all the books _____ are due this week.

A. ∅ **B.** that **C.** when **D.** they

IV. Choose the best answer A, B, C or D.

1. He likes the dress. Huong is wearing it.

A. He likes the dress which Huong is wearing it.

B. He likes the dress that Huong is wearing it.

C. He likes the dress which Huong is wearing.

D. He likes the dress whom Huong is wearing.

2. Most of the classmates couldn't come. He invited them to the birthday party.

A. Most of the classmates who he invited to the birthday party couldn't come.

B. Most of the classmates where he was invited to the birthday party couldn't come.

C. Most of the classmates that he invited them to the birthday party couldn't come.

D. Most of the classmates which he invited to the birthday party couldn't come.

3. What was the name of the man? You met and talked to him this morning.

A. What was the name of the man who you met and talked to him this morning?

B. What was the name of the man who you met and talked to this morning?

C. What was the name of the man you met and talked to whom this morning?

D. What was the name of the man whose you met and talked to this morning?

4. The church is over 500 years old. Our class visited it last summer.

A. The church which our class visited it last summer is over 500 years old.

B. The church that our class visited it last summer is over 500 years old.

C. The church which our class visited last summer is over 500 years old.

D. The church our class visit last summer is over 500 years old.

5. The song is about the love of two young students. She is singing the song.

A. The song which she is singing it is about the love of two young students.

B. The song which she is singing says about the love of two young students.

C. The song is about the love of two young students who she is singing.

D. The song is about the love of two young students that she is singing it.

6. The manager asked: "Will you be attending the meeting tomorrow?"

A. The manager asked if I will attend the meeting tomorrow.

B. The manager asked if I would attend the meeting the next day.
C. The manager asked if I would be attending the meeting tomorrow.
D. The manager asked if I am attending the meeting the next day.

7. He asked: "Can you explain this problem to me?"
A. He asked if I could explain this problem to him.
B. He asked whether I can explain this problem to him.
C. He asked if I could explain that problem to him.
D. He asked whether I explained that problem to him.

8. The software _____ helps with English pronunciation has received excellent reviews.
A. that **B.** who **C.** whom **D.** whose

9. People _____ are fluent in English can access a vast amount of information online.
A. which **B.** whom **C.** whose **D.** who

10. They wanted to know if the book _____ on the table.
A. is **B.** was **C.** has been **D.** will

11. Thousands of tourists _____ the ancient ruins of Machu Picchu since the beginning of the year.
A. Visit **B.** Are going to visit
C. Visited **D.** Have visited

12. For a stress-free trip, you ____ book package holiday which includes flights, accommodation, and even food.
A. should **B.** will **C.** mustn't **D.** don't have to

13. The company _____ provides the best service is located downtown.
A. that **B.** whose **C.** where **D.** who

14. He asked if the shop _____ open on Sundays.
A. is **B.** was **C.** has been **D.** would be

15. The woman said she ____ in this company for over 20 years.
A.has been working B.was working
C.had been working D.works

16. The captain asked: "When will we get to the coast, guide?"
=> The captain asked the guide when _____.
A. they would get to the coast. **B.** they will get to the coast.
C. we would get the coast. **D.** they got to the coast.

17. The gardener inquired: "Why didn't you buy a new shovel?"
=> The gardener inquired why _____.
A. I don't buy a new shovel. **B.** I hadn't bought a new shovel.
C. I didn't buy a new shovel. **D.** I wasn't buying a new shovel.

18. They wanted to know: "Who's that woman?"
=> They wanted to know who _____.
A. that woman is. **B.** was that woman.
C. that woman was. **D.** is that woman.

19. The zookeeper asked: "How much food did the lions eat last week?"
=> The zookeeper asked how much food _____.
A. the lions had eaten the previous week. **B.** the lions ate last week.
C. the lions had eaten last week. **D.** the lions eat the previous week.

20. The explorers said that they would explore the Gobi Desert _____.
A. next year **B.** the following year
C. last year **D.** the year before

21. Mary said: ”I have not seen Peter since last month .”

A. Mary said she has not seen Peter since the previous month.

B. Mary said she had not seen Peter since the previous month.

C. Mary said she was not seen Peter since the previous month.

D. Mary said she doesn’t see Peter since the previous month

22. They asked if I _____ while the traditional game was being played.

A. had been observing **B.** observed

C. have been observing D.had observed

23. She inquired _____ the test results yet.

A. if he received **B.** whether he has received

C. if he had received **D.** whether he received

24. The teacher asked: “Have you finished your project yet?”

A. The teacher asked if I finished my project.

B. The teacher asked if I have finished my project.

C. The teacher asked if I had finished my project.

D. The teacher asked whether I finish my project.

25. The police were helping the two tourists _____ were pickpocketed at the carnival.

A. who **B.** whom **C.** which **D.** whose

V. Choose the letter (A, B, C or D) to indicate the best arrangement of sentences to make a meaningful exchange in each of the following questions.

26.

a. Sam: Hi, Lisa! They are doing well, thank you. We just had a family reunion last weekend.

b. Lisa: That's great! I'd love to hear all about it!

c. Lisa: Good to see you, Sam! How's your family?

A. c – a – b **B.** a – b – c **C.** b – a – c **D.** c – b – a

27.

a. Nam: Hi, Mark! Long time no see. You look so good!

b. Nam: Yes, I have. I exercise every morning and eat more healthy food.

c. Mark: Hi, Nam! Thanks. You look so fit, too. Have you worked out a lot lately?

A. c – a – b **B.** b – c – a **C.** c – b – a **D.** a – c – b

28.

a. Peter: Hi, Jenny. Have you finished your project yet?

b. Jenny: I’m almost done. How about you?

c. Peter: Not yet. I’ve been so busy with my exams.

A. c – a – b **B.** a – b – c **C.** b – c – a **D.** a – c – b

29.

a. Anna: Oh no, it’s raining so hard. Do you have an umbrella?

b. Sarah: I know! We should wait here until it stops.

c. Anna: Good idea. I don’t want to get soaked.

A. b – c – a **B.** c – a – b **C.** a – b – c **D.** b – a – c

30.

a. Tom: I heard you went to the beach last weekend. How was it?

b. Jack: Yes, I did. It was amazing! The weather was perfect.

c. Tom: That’s great to hear. Did you go swimming?

A. c – a – b **B.** a – c – b **C.** b – a – c **D.** c – b – a

31.

a. Anna: I've heard it's amazing for shopping and sightseeing. b. Mark: Have you been to Dubai?
c. Mark: Me too. I'd love to visit the Burj Khalifa one day.
d. Anna: Not yet, but it's on my travel list.

A. b-a-d-c **B.** b-d-c-a **C.** a-c-b-d **D.** d-b-c- a

32.

a. Jack: Oh, that sounds fun! Where is it located?
b. Emma: It's one of the most famous places in Italy. c. Jack: Have you ever been to the Colosseum? d. Emma: No, but I'd love to visit someday.

A. c-b-a-d **B.** c-d-a-b **C.** a-d-c-b **D.** d-c-b-a

33.

a. Mia: The beaches there look so relaxing.
b. Mia: Have you heard about Bali?
c. Sam: Yes! It's a great destination for people who love nature and the ocean.
d. Sam: I'd love to visit someday.

A. b-c-a-d **B.** a-b-c-d **C.** b-a-c-d **D.** d-a-b-c

34.

a. Zoe: That sounds amazing. I'd love to see it someday!
b. Lucas: You can even take a boat tour to see the limestone cliffs up close.
c. Lucas: It's one of the most beautiful places in Vietnam.
d. Zoe: What do you know about Halong Bay?

A. b-c-a-d **B.** c-b-d-a **C.** a-b-c-d **D.** d-c-b-a

35.

a. Lily: No, but I've seen pictures. The water is so clear!
b. Jake: Do you know about Plitvice Lakes in Croatia?
c. Jake: I agree! It looks like something from a dream.
d. Lily: Have you ever been there?

A. b-d-a-c **B.** d-b-a-c **C.** b-a-c-d **D.** a-c-b-d

VI. Find a mistake (A, B, C, or D) in each of the following sentences and correct it

1. Cindy <u>is</u> the most beautiful girl <u>whose</u> he <u>has</u> <u>ever</u> met.

A. is **B.** whose **C.** has **D.** ever

2. She <u>can't</u> speak French, <u>whom</u> <u>is</u> not good for <u>her</u> job promotion.

A. can't **B.** whom **C.** is **D.** her

3. The policeman <u>must</u> try <u>to</u> catch those teenagers <u>whom</u> <u>drive</u> dangerously.

A. must **B.** to **C.** whom **D.** drive

4. <u>Mother's</u> Day is the day <u>where</u> we <u>show</u> love <u>to</u> our mother.

A. Mother's **B.** where **C.** show **D.** to

5. <u>Do</u> you know the reason <u>when</u> they <u>should</u> <u>learn</u> English?

A. Do **B.** when **C.** should **D.** learn

6. The woman <u>who</u> <u>she</u> told <u>me</u> the fake news <u>was</u> not a native citizen.

A. who **B.** she **C.** me **D.** was

7. New Year Day <u>is</u> the day <u>where</u> family members <u>spend</u> time <u>together</u>.

A. is **B.** where **C.** spend **D.** together

8. They work <u>with</u> <u>a</u> person <u>his</u> name <u>is</u> John.

A. with **B.** a **C.** his **D.** is

9. <u>His</u> teacher warned <u>him</u> not <u>repeating</u> <u>that</u> mistake again.

A. his **B.** him **C.** repeating **D.** that

10. My friend will fly to BangKok, that is the capital city of Thailand.

A. will **B.** that **C.** the **D.** of

11. She is the most beautiful girl whose I have ever met.

A. is **B.** the most **C.** whose **D.** ever

12. Mr Minh wanted to know if are there any package tours to Mount Fuji.

A. wanted **B.** know **C.** are there **D.** package

13. Mother's Day is the day when children show their love to their mother on.

A. is **B.** when **C.** show **D.** on

14. Do you know the reason that we should learn English?

A. Do **B.** know **C.** that **D.** learn

15. New Year Day is the day where my family members gather and enjoy it together.

A. is **B.** where **C.** gather **D.** it

Write a paragraph

Write a paragraph (100-120 words) about the benefits of learning a foreign language.

Write a paragraph (100-120 words) about a natural wonder you would like to visit.

Write a paragraph (100-120 words) introducing unforgettable holiday you've taken.

IV. Read the passage, and choose the right answer for each gap

habitats economy profit impact expensive energy flora persist

Problems with ecotourism

While ecotourism is often seen as the best way to reduce our negative (1) _____ on the environment, it may also hurt local people and wildlife in certain cases. When tourists visit nature spots and interact with wild animals and nature, they may damage or destroy their natural (2) _____ . In addition, many remote areas require some traveling by car or by plane, which again consumes (3) _____ and increases CO2, emissions in the air. Ecotourism may not benefit local (4) _____, because many local hotels may be owned by international companies and their (5) _____ may not stay in the community. Besides, tourism may increase the cost of living in a certain area, making life more (6) _____ for local people.

educationals businesses which places culture additionally

Traveling is a great way to see new (1) _____ and learn about different cultures. First, it lets you visit interesting sites, which can be fun and (2) _____. For example, you can go to famous landmarks like the Statue of Liberty, which shows the history of the United States. Also, traveling helps local (3) _____ because tourists buy food and souvenirs, (4) _____ supports people in those areas. (5) _____, travelers who care about the environment can help protect beautiful places by being careful not to leave trash. But, even though traveling is exciting, it's important to travel in a way that does not harm nature. In summary, tourism, which brings people together from all over the world, should be done in a way that respects both the local (6) _____ and the environment.

tool variety grammar secondary communicate challenge application

English is one of the most widely spoken languages in the world. However, it is not the same everywhere. People speak English differently in the United States, the United Kingdom, Australia, and other countries. These variations are called "World Englishes." Each version has its own accents, vocabulary, and (1) _____. For example, in British English, people say "lorry," while in American English, they say "truck." World Englishes also reflect cultural differences. In some countries, English is an official language used in schools and government. In others, it is a (2) _____ language used mainly for business and tourism.

Despite the differences, World Englishes help people (3) _____ with each other across borders. They show that English is not just one language but a global (4) _____ that connects the world.

make up ***go over*** ***translate*** ***look up*** ***copy*** ***bring up*** ***pick up***

While learning a new language, it's natural to (1) _____ unfamiliar words. A helpful practice is to (2) _____ their meanings in a dictionary. It's even more beneficial to (3) _____ sentences using these words. However, you shouldn't (4) _____ from your native language into the new one word-for-word. Instead, (5) _____ the sentence structures into your notes and regularly (6) _____ them to ensure correct usage and grammar. This approach will help you make progress and become more proficient in English.

ĐÁP ÁN

PHONETIC

Choose the word whose main stress is pronounced differently from that of the others

1	**A.** Watched	**B.** Wanted	**C.** Stopped	**D.** Walked
2	**A.** Played	**B.** Cleaned	**C.** Needed	**D.** Called
3	**A.** Laughed	**B.** Jumped	**C.** Opened	**D.** Helped
4	**A.** Helped	**B.** Washed	**C.** Danced	**D.** Decided
5	**A.** Worked	**B.** Looked	**C.** Talked	**D.** Added
6	**A.** Fixed	**B.** Kissed	**C.** Brushed	**D.** Loved
7	**A.** Lived	**B.** Passed	**C.** Dressed	**D.** Mixed
8	**A.** Painted	**B.** Waited	**C.** Baked	**D.** Wanted
9	**A.** Cried	**B.** Typed	**C.** Replied	**D.** Started
10	**A.** Hoped	**B.** Hated	**C.** Liked	**D.** Danced
11	**A.** Watched	**B.** Needed	**C.** Laughed	**D.** Liked
12	**A.** Decided	**B.** Worked	**C.** Finished	**D.** Hoped
13	**A.** Smiled	**B.** Played	**C.** Cooked	**D.** Cried
14	**A.** Typed	**B.** Baked	**C.** Opened	**D.** Danced
15	**A.** Called	**B.** Waited	**C.** Answered	**D.** Cleared
16	**A.** Fixed	**B.** Kissed	**C.** Enjoyed	**D.** Watched
17	**A.** Lived	**B.** Pushed	**C.** Missed	**D.** Passed
18	**A.** Worked	**B.** Looked	**C.** Added	**D.** Laughed
19	**A.** Hoped	**B.** Liked	**C.** Moved	**D.** Stopped
20	**A.** Walked	**B.** Played	**C.** Laughed	**D.** Washed
21	**A.** Watched	**B.** Stopped	**C.** Started	**D.** Helped
22	**A.** Loved	**B.** Cleaned	**C.** Painted	**D.** Called
23	**A.** Wished	**B.** Helped	**C.** Studied	**D.** Watched
24	**A.** Painted	**B.** Called	**C.** Worked	**D.** Decided
25	**A.** Stopped	**B.** Waited	**C.** Passed	**D.** Talked
26	**A.** Needed	**B.** Cleaned	**C.** Opened	**D.** Closed
27	**A.** Played	**B.** Finished	**C.** Stopped	**D.** Cooked
28	**A.** Painted	**B.** Started	**C.** Played	**D.** Copied
29	**A.** Typed	**B.** Watched	**C.** Missed	**D.** Decided
30	**A.** Walked	**B.** Jumped	**C.** Stopped	**D.** Wanted

Choose the word that has the main stress placed differently from the others

1. **A.** academic **B.** fantastic **C.** electric **D.** heroic

2. **A.** catholic	**B.** tragic	**C.** music	**D.** cosmetic
3. **A.** conscious	**B.** hilarious	**C.** precious	**D.** spacious
4. **A.** serious	**B.** glorious	**C.** delicious	**D.** anxious
5. **A.** natural	**B.** continuous	**C.** mysterious	**D.** religious
6. **A.** organic	**B.** delicious	**C.** serious	**D.** domestic
7. **A.** direction	**B.** industry	**C.** encourage	**D.** effective
8. **A.** fantastic	**B.** official	**C.** musician	**D.** physical
9. **A.** publicity	**B.** decoration	**C.** operation	**D.** expedition
10. **A.** electrical	**B.** academic	**C.** education	**D.** beneficial
11. **A.** solution	**B.** mission	**C.** equality	**D.** diversity
12. **A.** curiosity	**B.** position	**C.** ability	**D.** tradition
13. **A.** communication	**B.** celebration	**C.** creativity	**D.** invitation
14. **A.** quality	**B.** reality	**C.** question	**D.** charity
15. **A.** necessity	**B.** activity	**C.** connection	**D.** mention
16. **A.** flexibility	**B.** productivity	**C.** television	**D.** creativity
17. **A.** humanity	**B.** expression	**C.** community	**D.** session
18. **A.** obesity	**B.** provision	**C.** unity	**D.** direction
19. **A.** electricity	**B.** opportunity	**C.** education	**D.** direction
20. **A.** attention	**B.** clarity	**C.** identity	**D.** intention

VOCABULARY

I. Choose the correct answer A, B, C or D.

1. Mark is crazy about _____ the wonders of nature.

A. exploring **B.** covering **C.** finding **D.** developing

2. The Amazon Rainforest is known for its _____ biodiversity.

A. limited **B.** ancient **C.** rich **D.** sparse

3. Mount Everest is the highest _____ in the worl**D.**

A. plateau **B.** river **C.** peak **D.** island

4. The Great Barrier Reef is an incredible _____ system.

A. cave **B.** desert **C.** reef **D.** mountain

5. The Sahara Desert is the largest _____ in the worl**D.**

A. forest **B.** glacier **C.** desert **D.** lake

6. Victoria Falls is a spectacular _____.

A. volcano **B.** waterfall **C.** plateau **D.** cave

7. The Dead Sea is notable for its _____ salinity.

A. low **B.** average **C.** high **D.** normal

8. The Great Wall of China is one of the world's most famous _____.

A. deserts **B.** forests **C.** landmarks **D.** lakes

9. It was risky for him to climb to the peak, but we couldn't help _____ his courage.

A. admiring **B.** exploring **C.** keen on **D.** protecting

10. Yellowstone National Park is famous _____ its hot springs and geysers.

A. on **B.** for **C.** in **D.** with

11. If you want to explore a city at your own pace without a guide, you might choose a _____.

A. homestay **B.** package holiday **C.** self-guided tour **D.** ruinous site

12. A _____ is a document that outlines the activities and places you will visit during your journey.

A. entrance ticket **B.** trip itinerary **C.** travel agency **D.** smooth trip

13. When you stay in a local person's home instead of a hotel, it is called a _____.

A. package holiday **B.** homestay **C.** ruinous site **D.** self-guided tour

14. If you buy a travel deal that includes flights, accommodation, and activities altogether, you have booked a _____.

A. smooth trip **B.** package holiday **C.** travel agency **D.** trip itinerary

15. To ensure that everything goes well during your journey, you might hope for a _____.

A. homestay **B.** entrance ticket **C.** travel agency **D.** smooth trip

16. A _____ is a company that helps you plan and book your travel arrangements.

A. self-guided tour **B.** ruinous site **C.** travel agency **D.** entrance ticket

17. Before visiting an attraction, you often need to buy an _____.

A. trip itinerary **B.** entrance ticket **C.** homestay **D.** smooth trip

18. A site that has been damaged and is now in poor condition could be described as a _____.

A. ruinous site **B.** package holiday **C.** travel agency **D.** self-guided tour

19. If you want a complete travel package including all necessary arrangements, you should contact a _____.

A. ruinous site **B.** self-guided tour **C.** travel agency **D.** entrance ticket

20. The Colosseum in Rome is not in its _____condition. You can only see parts of it.

A. original **B.** origin **C.** ruinous **D.** smooth

21. When I don't know what an English word means, I often look it _____ in my English-Vietnamese dictionary.

A. after **B.** for **C.** at **D.** up

22. _____ education is very important for personal and professional development.

A. Excellent **B.** Standard **C.** Clarity **D.** Effective

23. We need to _____ a solution to the problem quickly.

A. praise **B.** decide **C.** increase **D.** improve

24. It is important to _____ new vocabulary words to use them correctly.

A. look up **B.** provide **C.** establish **D.** recommend

25. The _____ in a new city often provides a comfortable place to rest after a day of sightseeing.

A. accommodation **B.** cruise **C.** ticket **D.** safari

26. _____tourism involves activities like safaris and exploring natural environments.

A. Historical **B.** Shopping **C.** Ecotourism **D.** Food

27. _____ involves visiting places and participating in local cultural activities.

A. Sports tourism **B.** Shopping tourism **C.** Cultural tourism **D.** Ecotourism

28. The _____ of the mountain was covered in snow.

A. charm **B.** coast **C.** peak **D.** access

29. They need _____ to enter the restricted are**A.**

A. contribution **B.** permission **C.** occurrence **D.** disaster

30. The _____ of the site helped preserve its historical value.

A. support **B.** charm **C.** conservation **D.** discovery

31. The major _____ of the Galapagos Islands is its unique and fearless animals, such as sea lions, huge tortoises, and different bird species.

A. attract **B.** attractive **C.** attraction **D.** attractively

32. Every one of us has made a positive _____ to the overall success of the project.

A. contribute **B.** contribution **C.** contributor **D.** contributing

33. My uncle is an active _____ of the local fauna and flora preservation scheme.

A. supporter **B.** support **C.** supportive **D.** supported

34. There has been a _____ increase in the number of foreign tourists to Ha Long Bay, Viet Nam.

A. signify **B.** significantly **C.** significance **D.** significant

35. The island has a very beautiful beach, but sadly it is not easily _____.

A. access **B.** accessible **C.** inaccessible **D.** inaccessibly

II. Choose the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s)

1. The Niagara Falls attract millions of tourists **annually** with its breathtaking beauty.

A. daily **B.** monthly **C.** yearly **D.** weekly

2. The tour operator agreed to **work out** a new itinerary following our requirements.

A. locate **B.** plan **C.** support **D.** hunt

3. Cultural tours offer exclusive **access** to historical landmarks and sites.

A. exit **B.** opening **C.** closure **D.** entry

4. The villagers are unhappy with the campers. Their tents seem to destroy the **landscape**.

A. scenery **B.** coral **C.** access **D.** feature

5. John likes to **explore** local places and food when he goes on holiday.

A. permit **B.** locate **C.** discover **D.** support

6. The wonderful **diversity** of wildlife in this forest is now under threat.

A. paradise **B.** location **C.** destination **D.** variety

7. **Sustainable** tourism is the kind of tourism that protects the environment and culture.

A. Awful **B.** Interesting **C.** Different **D.** Responsible

8. A **self-guided** tour allows travelers to explore destinations at their own pace.

A. independent **B.** directed **C.** guided **D.** private

9. The tour operator provided a detailed **itinerary** for the trip, including all activities.

A. schedule **B.** list **C.** program **D.** tip

10. The **breathtaking** views from the mountaintop were the highlight of our trip.

A. disgusting **B.** stunning **C.** charming **D.** relaxing

11. Learners of English often **look up** new words in dictionaries to understand their meanings.

A. set up **B.** go over **C.** search for **D.** come from

12. Because English has become a global language, many **foreign** words have been incorporated into its vocabulary.

A. excellent **B.** external **C.** concentric **D.** fluent

13. The grammar rules can be quite **complicated** for those who are not familiar with the language.

A. complex **B.** challenging **C.** common **D.** effective

14. English as a Lingua Franca (ELF) was **established** to facilitate communication between people who do not share a native language.

A. created **B.** borrowed **C.** translated **D.** eliminated

15. Many language experts **recommend** immersion as an effective method for learning English.

A. praise **B.** introduce **C.** suggest **D.** mean

GRAMMAR

Change these sentences into the reported speech.

1. She asked me if I enjoyed listening to musi**C.**

2. Lam asked me if I could speak French.

3. Tuyet said that she didn't like that blue cap.

4. Ben told me that he hadn't finished his housework.

5. Tim said that he had to go home for dinner.

6. My girlfriend said that she had just received a gift from her uncle.

7. Le asked Nga if her sister went to the same school as her.

8. Alice's father asked her if she wanted a cup of jasmine te**A.**

9. Tom asked me if my brother had lived in San Diego.

10. Peter said that he would be surprised if Mary passed the exam.

11. She asked me if I liked Marlon Brando.

12. I asked him if he was a foreigner.

13. He asked her if she had met Danny yet.

14. He asked me if I had borrowed his dictionary.

15. They asked me if my father worked there.

16. Tom asked which book I had taken.

17. I asked her when she was coming back.

18. Mary asked when I had telephoned my mother.

19. Ann asked how long the train took.

20. She asked how far she had to walk.

Rearrange the groups of words in the correct order to make complete sentences

1. More young people choose self-guided tours, which require them to do everything on their own.

2. People in the Inner Circle of English speak English as their first language.

3. The city has many attractions which you can visit.

4. The travel guide, which you can find on our website, is helpful.

5. The museum, which the tourists wanted to visit, was closed yesterday.

6. The brochure, which has information about the tour, is very useful.

7. The tourists loved the city whose weather is always sunny.

8. Chris was asked by his mother to tell me where he was.

9. I wanted to know how many hours she worked last week.

10. My boss asked me if I was enjoying my new position.

11. She asked if and how fast I could type.

12. The police officer asked if the suspect knew the victim.

13. She asked me if I had ever been to the United States.

14. I tried to find out if Gwen wanted to come to the party.

15. He asked whether I had come by train or bus.

RELATIVE CLAUSES

I. Combine each pair of sentences using a suitable relative pronoun or a relative adverB.

1. This doctor, **whom** you visited yesterday, is famous.

2. These children, **whom** she is taking care of, are orphans.

3. The two young men **whom** you are acquainted with are not good persons.

4. My father, **whom** you met this morning, goes swimming every day.

5. The man **whom** I respect most is my father.

6. She bought the car **which** her mother had recommendeD.

7. He lost the pencil **which** I bought for him yesterday.

8. Lana called the delivery company **which** her friend often uses.

9. Lam met a young man **whom** I used to work with for a very long time.

10. Sana called the lawyer, **whom** my mother knows very well.

11. He went on a date with a knowledgeable girl, **whom** his mother likes.

II. Complete the sentences with *who/whom/ whose/where* or *which.*

1. What's the name of the man **whose** car you borrowed?

2. A cemetery is a place **where** people are burieD.

3. A pacifist is a person **who** believes that all wars are wrong.

4. An orphan is a child **whose** parents are deaD.

5. The place **where** we spent our holidays was really beautiful.

6. This school is only for children **whose** first language is not English.

7. I don't know the name of the woman to **whom** I spoke on the phone.

8. The man **who** is wearing glasses is a pop singer.

9. The window **which** was broken by the naughty boy will have to be repaire**D.**

10. Mrs. Jackson, **whom** we met in the supermarket yesterday, is my music teacher.

III. Choose the correct answer A, B, C or D to complete the sentences.

1. That's my friend, _____ comes from Japan.
A. which **B.** who **C.** whom **D.** where.
2. The plants which _____ in the living room need a lot of water.
A. are **B.** be **C.** is **D.** was
3. She's the woman _____ sister looks after the baby for us.
A. who **B.** which **C.** that's **D.** whose
4. That's the doctor for _____ cliff works.
A. that **B.** which **C.** whom **D.** whose
5. Marie, _____ I met at the party, called me last night.
A. that **B.** whom **C.** which **D.** whose
6. I remember Alice, _____ rode the bus to school with.
A. I **B.** whom I **C.** which I **D.** who
7. I used to enjoy the summer _____ we had a big family picni**C.**
A. where **B.** when **C.** which **D.** that
8. Tell me about the city _____ you grew up.
A. that **B.** where **C.** which **D.** ∅
9. Anna found the book that _____ wanted at the bookshop.
A. ∅ **B.** where **C.** she **D.** which
10. Please remember to take back to the library all the books _____ are due this week.
A. ∅ **B.** that **C.** when **D.** they

IV. Choose the best answer A, B, C or D.

1. He likes the dress. Huong is wearing it.
A. He likes the dress which Huong is wearing it.
B. He likes the dress that Huong is wearing it.
C. He likes the dress which Huong is wearing.
D. He likes the dress whom Huong is wearing.
2. Most of the classmates couldn't come. He invited them to the birthday party.
A. Most of the classmates who he invited to the birthday party couldn't come.
B. Most of the classmates where he was invited to the birthday party couldn't come.
C. Most of the classmates that he invited them to the birthday party couldn't come.
D. Most of the classmates which he invited to the birthday party couldn't come.
3. What was the name of the man? You met and talked to him this morning.
A. What was the name of the man who you met and talked to him this morning?
B. What was the name of the man who you met and talked to this morning?
C. What was the name of the man you met and talked to whom this morning?
D. What was the name of the man whose you met and talked to this morning?
4. The church is over 500 years ol**D.** Our class visited it last summer.
A. The church which our class visited it last summer is over 500 years ol**D.**
B. The church that our class visited it last summer is over 500 years ol**D.**

C. The church which our class visited last summer is over 500 years ol**D.**

D. The church our class visit last summer is over 500 years ol**D.**

5. The song is about the love of two young students. She is singing the song.

A. The song which she is singing it is about the love of two young students.

B. The song which she is singing says about the love of two young students.

C. The song is about the love of two young students who she is singing.

D. The song is about the love of two young students that she is singing it.

6. The manager asked: "Will you be attending the meeting tomorrow?"

A. The manager asked if I will attend the meeting tomorrow.

B. The manager asked if I would attend the meeting the next day.

C. The manager asked if I would be attending the meeting tomorrow.

D. The manager asked if I am attending the meeting the next day.

7. He asked: "Can you explain this problem to me?"

A. He asked if I could explain this problem to him.

B. He asked whether I can explain this problem to him.

C. He asked if I could explain that problem to him.

D. He asked whether I explained that problem to him.

8. The software _____ helps with English pronunciation has received excellent reviews.

A. that **B.** who **C.** whom **D.** whose

9. People _____ are fluent in English can access a vast amount of information online.

A. which **B.** whom **C.** whose **D.** who

10. They wanted to know if the book _____ on the table.

A. is **B.** was **C.** has been **D.** will

11. Thousands of tourists _____ the ancient ruins of Machu Picchu since the beginning of the year.

A. Visit **B.** Are going to visit

C. Visited **D.** Have visited

12. For a stress-free trip, you ____ book package holiday which includes flights, accommodation, and even foo**D.**

A. should **B.** will **C.** mustn't **D.** don't have to

13. The company _____ provides the best service is located downtown.

A. that **B.** whose **C.** where **D.** who

14. He asked if the shop _____ open on Sundays.

A. is **B.** was **C.** has been **D.** would be

15. The woman said she ____ in this company for over 20 years.

A.has been working **B.**was working

C.had been working **D.**works

16. The captain asked: "When will we get to the coast, guide?"

=> The captain asked the guide when _____.

A. they would get to the coast. **B.** they will get to the coast.

C. we would get the coast. **D.** they got to the coast.

17. The gardener inquired: "Why didn't you buy a new shovel?"

=> The gardener inquired why _____.

A. I don't buy a new shovel. **B.** I hadn't bought a new shovel.

C. I didn't buy a new shovel. **D.** I wasn't buying a new shovel.

18. They wanted to know: "Who's that woman?"

=> They wanted to know who _____.

A. that woman is. **B.** was that woman.

C. that woman was. **D.** is that woman.

19. The zookeeper asked: "How much food did the lions eat last week?"

=> The zookeeper asked how much food _____.

A. the lions had eaten the previous week. **B.** the lions ate last week.

C. the lions had eaten last week. **D.** the lions eat the previous week.

20. The explorers said that they would explore the Gobi Desert _____.

A. next year **B.** the following year

C. last year **D.** the year before

21. Mary said: "I have not seen Peter since last month ."

A. Mary said she has not seen Peter since the previous month.

B. Mary said she had not seen Peter since the previous month.

C. Mary said she was not seen Peter since the previous month.

D. Mary said she doesn't see Peter since the previous month

22. They asked if I _____ while the traditional game was being playe**D.**

A. had been observing **B.** observed

C. have been observing **D.**had observed

23. She inquired _____ the test results yet.

A. if he received **B.** whether he has received

C. if he had received **D.** whether he received

24. The teacher asked: "Have you finished your project yet?"

A. The teacher asked if I finished my project.

B. The teacher asked if I have finished my project.

C. The teacher asked if I had finished my project.

D. The teacher asked whether I finish my project.

25. The police were helping the two tourists _____ were pickpocketed at the carnival.

A. who **B.** whom **C.** which **D.** whose

V. Choose the letter (A, B, C or D) to indicate the best arrangement of sentences to make a meaningful exchange in each of the following questions.

26.

A. Sam: Hi, Lisa! They are doing well, thank you. We just had a family reunion last weeken**D.**

B. Lisa: That's great! I'd love to hear all about it!

C. Lisa: Good to see you, Sam! How's your family?

A. c – a – b **B.** a – b – c **C.** b – a – c **D.** c – b – a

27.

A. Nam: Hi, Mark! Long time no see. You look so good!

B. Nam: Yes, I have. I exercise every morning and eat more healthy foo**D.**

C. Mark: Hi, Nam! Thanks. You look so fit, too. Have you worked out a lot lately?

A. c – a – b **B.** b – c – a **C.** c – b – a **D.** a – c – b

28.

A. Peter: Hi, Jenny. Have you finished your project yet?

B. Jenny: I'm almost done. How about you?

C. Peter: Not yet. I've been so busy with my exams.

A. c – a – b **B.** a – b – c **C.** b – c – a **D.** a – c – b

29.

A. Anna: Oh no, it's raining so har**D.** Do you have an umbrella?

B. Sarah: I know! We should wait here until it stops.

C. Anna: Good ide**A.** I don't want to get soake**D.**

A. b – c – a **B.** c – a – b **C.** a – b – c **D.** b – a – c

30.

A. Tom: I heard you went to the beach last weeken**D.** How was it?

B. Jack: Yes, I di**D.** It was amazing! The weather was perfect.

C. Tom: That's great to hear. Did you go swimming?

A. c – a – b **B.** a – c – b **C.** b – a – c **D.** c – b – a

31.

A. Anna: I've heard it's amazing for shopping and sightseeing. **B.** Mark: Have you been to Dubai?

C. Mark: Me too. I'd love to visit the Burj Khalifa one day.

D. Anna: Not yet, but it's on my travel list.

A. b-a-d-c **B.** b-d-c-a **C.** a-c-b-d **D.** d-b-c- a

32.

A. Jack: Oh, that sounds fun! Where is it located?

B. Emma: It's one of the most famous places in Italy. **C.** Jack: Have you ever been to the Colosseum? **D.** Emma: No, but I'd love to visit someday.

A. c-b-a-d **B.** c-d-a-b **C.** a-d-c-b **D.** d-c-b-a

33.

A. Mia: The beaches there look so relaxing.

B. Mia: Have you heard about Bali?

C. Sam: Yes! It's a great destination for people who love nature and the ocean.

D. Sam: I'd love to visit someday.

A. b-c-a-d **B.** a-b-c-d **C.** b-a-c-d **D.** d-a-b-c

34.

A. Zoe: That sounds amazing. I'd love to see it someday!

B. Lucas: You can even take a boat tour to see the limestone cliffs up close.

C. Lucas: It's one of the most beautiful places in Vietnam.

D. Zoe: What do you know about Halong Bay?

A. b-c-a-d **B.** c-b-d-a **C.** a-b-c-d **D.** d-c-b-a

35.

A. Lily: No, but I've seen pictures. The water is so clear!

B. Jake: Do you know about Plitvice Lakes in Croatia?

C. Jake: I agree! It looks like something from a dream.

D. Lily: Have you ever been there?

A. b-d-a-c **B.** d-b-a-c **C.** b-a-c-d **D.** a-c-b-d

VI. Find a mistake (A, B, C, or D) in each of the following sentences and correct it

1. Cindy <u>is</u> the most beautiful girl <u>whose</u> he <u>has</u> <u>ever</u> met.

A. is **B.** whose **C.** has **D.** ever

2. She <u>can't</u> speak French, <u>whom</u> <u>is</u> not g ood for <u>her</u> job promotion.

A. can't **B.** whom **C.** is **D.** her

3. The policeman <u>must</u> try <u>to</u> catch those teenagers <u>whom</u> <u>drive</u> dangerously.

A. must **B.** to **C.** whom **D.** drive

4. <u>Mother's</u> Day is the day <u>where</u> we <u>show</u> love <u>to</u> our mother.

A. Mother's **B.** where **C.** show **D.** to

5. <u>Do</u> you know the reason <u>when</u> they <u>should</u> <u>learn</u> English?

A. Do **B.** when **C.** should **D.** learn

6. The woman who she told me the fake news was not a native citizen.

A. who **B.** she **C.** me **D.** was

7. New Year Day is the day where family members spend time together.

A. is **B.** where **C.** spend **D.** together

8. They work with a person his name is John.

A. with **B.** a **C.** his **D.** is

9. His teacher warned him not repeating that mistake again.

A. his **B.** him **C.** repeating **D.** that

10. My friend will fly to BangKok, that is the capital city of Thailan**D.**

A. will **B.** that **C.** the **D.** of

11. She is the most beautiful girl whose I have ever met.

A. is **B.** the most **C.** whose **D.** ever

12. Mr Minh wanted to know if are there any package tours to Mount Fuji.

A. wanted **B.** know **C.** are there **D.** package

13. Mother's Day is the day when children show their love to their mother on.

A. is **B.** when **C.** show **D.** on

14. Do you know the reason that we should learn English?

A. Do **B.** know **C.** that **D.** learn

15. New Year Day is the day where my family members gather and enjoy it together.

A. is **B.** where **C.** gather **D.** it

Write a paragraph

Write a paragraph (100-120 words) about the benefits of learning a foreign language.

Write a paragraph (100-120 words) about a natural wonder you would like to visit.

Write a paragraph (100-120 words) introducing unforgettable holiday you've taken.

The Benefits of Learning a Foreign Language

Learning a foreign language offers many benefits. First, it helps improve communication skills, allowing people to connect with others from different cultures. This is especially useful when traveling or working in international environments. Second, learning a new language enhances brain function, improving memory and problem-solving skills. It also opens up more job opportunities, as many companies prefer employees who can speak multiple languages. Additionally, it allows individuals to enjoy foreign movies, books, and music without needing translations. Lastly, studying a language helps develop cultural understanding and appreciation. Overall, learning a foreign language is an essential skill that enriches both personal and professional life.

A Natural Wonder I Would Like to Visit

One natural wonder I would love to visit is the Grand Canyon in the United States. It is famous for its breathtaking landscapes, deep valleys, and colorful rock formations. The canyon was formed by the Colorado River over millions of years, making it a fascinating place for nature lovers and geologists. I would like to hike along its scenic trails, take stunning photographs, and admire the beauty of the sunset over the cliffs. Additionally, rafting on the Colorado River would be an exciting adventure. Visiting the Grand Canyon would be an unforgettable experience, allowing me to appreciate the wonders of nature and learn more about Earth's history.

An Unforgettable Holiday

One of my most unforgettable holidays was my trip to Da Nang, Vietnam. I visited the beautiful My Khe Beach, where I swam in the crystal-clear water and enjoyed the fresh sea breeze. I also explored Ba Na Hills and walked on the famous Golden Bridge, which offers a breathtaking view of the mountains. Another highlight of my trip was tasting delicious local food, such as Mi Quang and Banh Xeo. The friendly people and peaceful atmosphere made my trip even more special. This holiday was memorable because it allowed me to relax, explore new places, and create wonderful memories with my family.

IV. Read the passage, and choose the right answer for each gap

habitats economy profit impact expensive energy flora persist

Problems with ecotourism

While ecotourism is often seen as the best way to reduce our negative (1) _____ on the environment, it may also hurt local people and wildlife in certain cases. When tourists visit nature spots and interact with wild animals and nature, they may damage or destroy their natural (2) _____ . In addition, many remote areas require some traveling by car or by plane, which again consumes (3) _____ and increases CO2, emissions in the air. Ecotourism may not benefit local (4) _____, because many local hotels may be owned by international companies and their (5) _____ may not stay in the community. Besides, tourism may increase the cost of living in a certain area, making life more (6) _____ for local people.

educationals businesses which places culture additionally

Traveling is a great way to see new (1) _____ and learn about different cultures. First, it lets you visit interesting sites, which can be fun and (2) _____. For example, you can go to famous landmarks like the Statue of Liberty, which shows the history of the United States. Also, traveling helps local (3) _____ because tourists buy food and souvenirs, (4) _____ supports people in those areas. (5) _____, travelers who care about the environment can help protect beautiful places by being careful not to leave trash. But, even though traveling is exciting, it's important to travel in a way that does not harm nature. In summary, tourism, which brings people together from all over the world, should be done in a way that respects both the local (6) _____ and the environment.

tool variety grammar secondary communicate challenge application

English is one of the most widely spoken languages in the worl**D.** However, it is not the same everywhere. People speak English differently in the United States, the United Kingdom, Australia, and other countries. These variations are called "World Englishes." Each version has its own accents, vocabulary, and (1) _____. For example, in British English, people say "lorry," while in American English, they say "truck." World Englishes also reflect cultural differences. In some countries, English is an official language used in schools and government. In others, it is a (2) _____ language used mainly for business and tourism. Despite the differences, World Englishes help people (3) _____ with each other across borders. They show that English is not just one language but a global (4) _____ that connects the worl**D.**

make up go over translate look up copy bring up pick up

While learning a new language, it's natural to (1) _____ unfamiliar words. A helpful practice is to (2) _____ their meanings in a dictionary. It's even more beneficial to (3) _____ sentences using these words. However, you shouldn't (4) _____ from your native language into the new one word-for-wor**D.** Instead, (5) _____ the sentence structures into your notes and regularly (6) _____ them to ensure

correct usage and grammar. This approach will help you make progress and become more proficient in English.

KEY

Problems with ecotourism

1. impact

2. habitats

3. energy

4. economy

5. profit

6. expensive

Traveling is a great way to see new places

1. places

2. educational

3. businesses

4. which

5. Additionally

6. culture

World Englishes

1. grammar

2. secondary

3. communicate

4. tool

Learning a new language

1. pick up

2. look up

3. make up

4. translate

5. bring up

6. go over