

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the best arrangement of utterances or sentences to make a meaningful exchange or text in each of the following questions from 1 to 5.

Question 1.

- a. One major reason is the dominance of modern entertainment platforms, which promote global hits rather than local heritage.
- b. This loss is not only musical but also historical, since folk songs often preserve values, stories, and wisdom from earlier generations.
- c. The decline of folk music is a worrying cultural trend, as fewer young people are familiar with traditional songs.
- d. Moreover, the fast pace of urban life leaves little time for communities to gather and pass down melodies that once shaped collective identity.
- e. Therefore, protecting folk music requires both education and community effort, ensuring that this priceless tradition continues to inspire future listeners.

A. c – b – d – a – e B. c – a – d – b – e C. c – d – b – e – a D. c – e – b – a – d

Question 2.

- a. Although the chores can be tiring, the shared responsibility makes the work lighter and the atmosphere warmer.
- b. Doing housework with my family has always been a meaningful experience because it strengthens our sense of unity.
- c. Moreover, we sometimes do the laundry together, which turns a simple task into an enjoyable moment of conversation and laughter.
- d. In the end, I have learned that these ordinary activities carry extraordinary value, as they teach cooperation and appreciation.
- e. While my father usually takes care of repairing small items, my mother often manages the cooking, and I assist by cleaning and organising the rooms.

A. b – e – c – a – d B. e – c – a – b – d C. a – b – e – c – d D. c – b – a – e – d

Question 3.

Dear Lan,

- a. I thought of you during the show, because it was exactly the kind of event you would have enjoyed.
- b. The energy of the crowd, together with the stunning performances from both young artists and famous singers, created an incredible atmosphere.
- c. Last weekend I went to the V Fest – Vietnam Today Concert, and it was absolutely unforgettable.
- d. Moreover, the stage design and lighting were breathtaking, making every song feel even more powerful.
- e. One of the highlights was a traditional–modern fusion act, which reminded everyone of how music can bridge generations.

Best wishes,

Uyen

A. c – e – a – d – b B. a – d – e – c – b C. a – b – d – e – c D. c – b – d – e – a

Question 4.

- a. Minh: That sounds amazing! It'll make the house greener and fresher.
- b. Hoa: Exactly, and we can save money on groceries too.
- c. Hoa: I'm thinking of setting up a rooftop garden to grow vegetables.

A. a – c – b B. c – a – b C. b – c – a D. b – a – c

Question 5.

- a. Linh: Lucky you! I always feel tired when I do everything alone.
- b. Mai: Have you finished your chores yet, Linh?
- c. Mai: Oh, I already helped my mom with the laundry this morning.
- d. Mai: From my perspective, chores are easier when everyone shares the work fairly.
- e. Linh: Not really, I still need to wash the dishes and sweep the floor.

A. b – e – c – a – d

B. d – e – b – a – c

C. b – a – d – e – c

D. d – a – c – e – b

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 6 to 13.

Singapore is known as a "City in a Garden" because of its many parks, trees, and green spaces. Despite being a busy modern city, Singapore has made nature a priority. Tall buildings are surrounded by gardens, and streets are lined with trees. The government has strict rules to protect the environment, making sure that development does not destroy greenery. This balance between urban life and nature makes Singapore **unique**.

One of the most famous green spots in Singapore is Gardens by the Bay. This huge park has giant tree-like structures covered in plants, called Supertrees. At night, **they** light up in beautiful colours. The park also has large greenhouses that grow plants from all over the world. Another popular place is the Singapore Botanic Gardens, a UNESCO World Heritage Site with rare flowers and peaceful walking trails. These places show how much Singapore **values** nature.

Singapore also works hard to be eco-friendly. The city uses solar power, recycles water, and has an efficient public transport system to reduce pollution. Many buildings are designed to save energy, with green roofs and walls covered in plants. Even the airport has a stunning indoor waterfall and a forest inside! These efforts help keep the air clean and make the city more sustainable.

Thanks to smart planning, Singapore proves that a big city can still be green. It shows how nature and modern life can work together. Other cities around the world can learn from Singapore's example. By caring for the environment, Singapore remains a beautiful and healthy place to live.

Question 6. According to paragraph 1, Singapore is known as a "City in a Garden" because of all of the following EXCEPT _____.

A. green spaces

B. parks

C. tall buildings

D. trees

Question 7. The word "unique" in paragraph 1 can be best replaced by _____.

A. popular

B. special

C. polluted

D. crowded

Question 8. The word "they" in paragraph 2 refers to _____.

A. green spots

B. greenhouses

C. plants

D. Supertrees

Question 9. The word "values" in paragraph 2 is OPPOSITE in meaning to _____.

A. maintains

B. challenges

C. neglects

D. requires

Question 10. Which of the following best paraphrases the underlined sentence in paragraph 4?

"Thanks to smart planning, Singapore proves that a big city can still be green."

A. Because of good thinking ahead, Singapore shows that a large city is always able to stay green.

B. From its wise preparation, Singapore makes clear that a huge city certainly keeps its green spaces.

C. With smart planning, Singapore ensures that a big city constantly finds a way to be green.

D. With clever plans, Singapore shows that even a large city can still have green areas.

Question 11. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?

A. To achieve sustainability, other cities must learn from Singapore's green initiatives.

B. Singapore puts an emphasis on public transport to become a pollution-free city.

C. The Singapore Botanic Gardens features only rare plants, creating a peaceful atmosphere.

D. Many buildings in Singapore are designed with green elements in mind.

Question 12. Which paragraph mentions a surprising fact about a structure in Singapore?

A. Paragraph 1

B. Paragraph 2

C. Paragraph 3

D. Paragraph 4

Question 13. Which paragraph mentions a recognised green place in Singapore?

A. Paragraph 1

B. Paragraph 2

C. Paragraph 3

D. Paragraph 4

Read the following announcement and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 14 to 19.

New Music Class in Thu Duc District

We are delighted to inform you about the opening of a new music class in Thu Duc District. The course, designed for young learners passionate about creativity, offers a (14) _____ chance to explore the beauty of rhythm and melody. The programme, taught by experienced teachers, will focus (15) _____ developing

essential skills in listening, singing, and performing. Students will also have the opportunity to take part in group activities, giving them (16) _____ and teamwork abilities. If you have ever wished (17) _____ an instrument or improve your voice, this class is the perfect place to begin.

The lessons will start next month at the Thu Duc Community Centre. Students (18) _____ join will not only gain musical knowledge but also build friendships lasting for years. Please (19) _____ early, as places are limited. Do not miss this chance to join in and try something truly inspiring.

Question 14. A. fascinate B. fascination C. fascinatingly D. fascinating

Question 15. A. with B. on C. to D. of

Question 16. A. admiration B. influence C. confidence D. respect

Question 17. A. to playing B. playing C. play D. to play

Question 18. A. which B. whose C. whom D. who

Question 19. A. make up B. pull up C. sign up D. take up

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 20 to 29.

Everybody feels irritated by their siblings from time to time. Maybe your younger brother shows off and behaves in an **immature** way when you invite your friends to your house. Or perhaps your hardworking older sister gets a lot of praise from your parents, making you feel like you are not trying hard enough. It could also be that your sibling never respects your personal space, constantly borrowing your things without asking. At times, your brother or sister can feel like your worst enemy. [I]

Sibling relationships can be especially difficult for teenagers, who are experiencing many changes in their preferences and personality. For example, you may now find some of the activities that you used to enjoy doing with your younger brother childish or a waste of time. At times, the age difference can feel bigger than **it** really is, and this can have a negative effect on your relationship. One way to solve this problem is to make sure you continue to include your brother or sister in your day-to-day life. This can take some time, so it is important to be patient and enthusiastic.

Of course, it is perfectly normal for brothers and sisters to fall out with one another over small things. But you should not try to let incidents like these have too big an effect on your relationship. [II] It is important to learn to forgive your siblings for this kind of behaviour, just as you would forgive your close friends. In situations like these, it is really important to let your sibling know how you feel. Rather than insulting your sister when she takes your things, tell her that it makes you feel angry, and that you would feel much happier if she asked you first. It's also crucial that you are **sensitive to** the feelings of your siblings, too. [III]

Finally, it is important to learn how to compromise. It is understandable that you may not want to lend your favourite jumper to your unreliable sister, but maybe you could offer her a less valuable alternative item of clothing. [IV] Or if your brother likes to spend all his free time watching football and you find it boring, you could suggest a different sport that you follow regularly together. And if you make the effort to make your sibling happy, he or she will do the same for you.

(Adapted from Complete First for Schools)

Question 20. The word "immature" in paragraph 1 is CLOSEST in meaning to _____.

A. disloyal B. uninterested C. childish D. irresponsible

Question 21. Which of the following is NOT mentioned in paragraph 1 as a cause of tension between siblings?

- A. A sibling behaves in a silly way when your friends are over.
- B. A sibling is praised more often, making you feel less successful.
- C. A sibling invades your privacy and takes your belongings.
- D. A sibling seems like an opponent or rival in daily life.

Question 22. Which of the following best summarises paragraph 2?

- A. Teenagers struggle with siblings due to personality changes, but patience and inclusion can help.
- B. Sibling relationships become difficult due to teenage personality and preference changes.
- C. The age difference between siblings often feels much bigger than it actually is, so conflicts arise.
- D. Teenagers feel older than siblings, which ruins relationships even if they include them daily.

Question 23. The word “it” in paragraph 2 refers to _____.

- A. relationship B. effect C. problem D. age difference

Question 24. Which of the following best paraphrases the underlined sentence in paragraph 3?

“Of course, it is perfectly normal for brothers and sisters to fall out with one another over small things.”

- A. Were siblings to fall out frequently, it would never be considered acceptable, even over trivial matters.
B. For brothers and sisters to experience disagreements about matters is a completely unimportant occurrence.
C. Rare though it may be, when brothers and sisters fall out, it usually happens because of minor issues.
D. Falling out over minor issues is a common part of sibling relationships and nothing unusual.

Question 25. The phrase “sensitive to” in paragraph 3 is OPPOSITE in meaning to _____.

- A. addicted to B. indifferent to C. curious about D. engaged in

Question 26. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?

- A. Sibling conflicts can only be resolved if a person is willing to understand the other’s feelings.
B. It is unreasonable to give in to your irresponsible sibling’s demand to borrow your items.
C. Bridging the gap between siblings requires time, understanding, and a positive approach.
D. Confiding in your sibling about your true feelings is not advisable in some situations.

Question 27. Where in the passage does the following sentence best fit?

“But your relationship can improve greatly with a bit of effort and understanding.”

- A. [II] B. [IV] C. [III] D. [I]

Question 28. Which of the following can be inferred from the passage?

- A. Learning to compromise is the most crucial element in navigating sibling dynamics.
B. Mutual effort is necessary to maintain a positive and harmonious sibling relationship.
C. To bridge the gap between siblings, patience and maturity are of paramount importance.
D. To cope with sibling rivalry, parents have to adopt a different mindset to each child.

Question 29. Which of the following best summarises the passage?

- A. Teenagers often struggle with their siblings due to changing interests and age gaps, so they must be patient and include them in their lives to solve relationship problems.
B. Siblings frequently annoy each other by showing off, getting too much praise, or borrowing things without asking, making it seem like they are worst enemies.
C. To improve your difficult sibling relationship, you should learn to forgive your brother or sister quickly and be sensitive to their feelings, similar to how you treat friends.
D. Sibling irritation is normal, but teenagers should stay patient, include siblings in daily life, express feelings calmly, forgive small conflicts, and learn to compromise.

Read the following leaflet and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 30 to 35.

Go Green at Home

Living sustainably starts with small, daily actions. By making a few thoughtful changes, you can protect the planet and create a healthier home.

- Use energy-saving (30) _____, which reduce both electricity bills and your carbon footprint.
- Don’t forget to turn off the lights when leaving a room, (31) _____ you will return soon.
- Reuse glass jars, old containers, and (32) _____ household items to cut down on waste.
- Carry (33) _____ whenever you shop, since they are more durable than plastic ones.
- Place indoor plants in your living space; they improve air quality and (34) _____ your mood.
- Try to separate recyclable materials, keeping paper, plastic, and metal in different bins for easy collection.
- Choose local produce whenever possible, which supports farmers nearby and lowers transport (35) _____.

Together, these small steps create meaningful change. Start today, and make your home truly green.

Question 30. A. instruments B. appliances C. items D. objects

Question 31. A. even if B. because C. however D. therefore

Question 32. A. each B. another C. others D. other

- Question 33.** A. cloth sturdy bags B. sturdy cloth bags C. sturdy bags cloth D. bags sturdy cloth
Question 34. A. fix B. shape C. gain D. lift
Question 35. A. B. C. emissions D. suggestions

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 36 to 40.

Music, often described as a universal language, holds an important place in education because it develops skills beyond simple performance. When students learn to play an instrument or sing in a choir, they not only practise discipline but also improve concentration, patience, and memory. Moreover, music has a unique ability to connect emotions with knowledge, (36) _____. For example, history lessons can feel more vivid when linked to the songs of a particular period.

In addition, music education strengthens social bonds. Performing in an orchestra, a group where every part matters equally, (37) _____. Furthermore, students often gain confidence by expressing themselves in front of an audience, an experience that prepares them for public speaking and future leadership. (38) _____; however, research shows that musical training enhances problem-solving and even mathematical reasoning. Thus, music should not be seen as an optional extra but (39) _____.

Finally, schools that prioritise music often discover a more balanced atmosphere. The rhythm of practice, the creativity of composition, and the joy of performance encourage students to manage stress in healthy ways. In short, music is more than entertainment; it is education of the mind and the heart, helping students grow into well-rounded individuals (40) _____.

Question 36.

- A. but learning in other subjects can become more engaging
- B. so it can make learning in other subjects more engaging
- C. if other subjects can be learned in a more engaging way
- D. while other engaging subjects can also be learned

Question 37.

- A. teaches young people teamwork and respect for others' contributions
- B. young people learn about teamwork and respect for others' contributions
- C. young people who learn about teamwork respect others' contributions
- D. teaching young people teamwork and respect for others' contributions

Question 38.

- A. Some may admit that music is arguably more practical than mathematics or science
- B. Arguably, some may admit that music is more practical than mathematics or science
- C. Some may argue that admitting music is less practical than mathematics or science
- D. Admittedly, some may argue that music is less practical than mathematics or science

Question 39.

- A. which is a subject with far-reaching benefits
- B. as a subject with far-reaching benefits
- C. because it is a subject with far-reaching benefits
- D. being a subject with far-reaching benefits

Question 40.

- A. are able to think critically, feel deeply, and work harmoniously with others
- B. though they can think critically, feel deeply, and work harmoniously with others
- C. they can think critically, feel deeply, and work harmoniously with others
- D. who can think critically, feel deeply, and work harmoniously with others

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